

MY SQL QUERIES

COFFEE SHOP SALES PROJECT

CONVERT DATE (transaction_date) COLUMN TO PROPER DATE FORMAT

```
UPDATE coffee_shop_sales
```

```
SET transaction_date = STR_TO_DATE(transaction_date, '%d-%m-%Y');
```

ALTER DATE (transaction_date) COLUMN TO DATE DATA TYPE

```
ALTER TABLE coffee_shop_sales
```

```
MODIFY COLUMN transaction_date DATE;
```

CONVERT TIME (transaction_time) COLUMN TO PROPER DATE FORMAT

```
UPDATE coffee_shop_sales
```

```
SET transaction_time = STR_TO_DATE(transaction_time, '%H:%i:%s');
```

ALTER TIME (transaction_time) COLUMN TO DATE DATA TYPE

```
ALTER TABLE coffee_shop_sales
```

```
MODIFY COLUMN transaction_time TIME;
```

DATA TYPES OF DIFFERENT COLUMNS

```
DESCRIBE coffee_shop_sales;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
transaction_id	int	YES		NULL	
transaction_date	date	YES		NULL	
transaction_time	time	YES		NULL	
transaction_qty	int	YES		NULL	
store_id	int	YES		NULL	
store_location	text	YES		NULL	
product_id	int	YES		NULL	
unit_price	double	YES		NULL	
product_category	text	YES		NULL	
product_type	text	YES		NULL	
product_detail	text	YES		NULL	

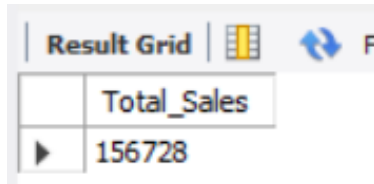
CHANGE COLUMN NAME `transaction_id` to transaction_id

```
ALTER TABLE coffee_shop_sales
```

```
CHANGE COLUMN `transaction_id` transaction_id INT;
```

TOTAL SALES

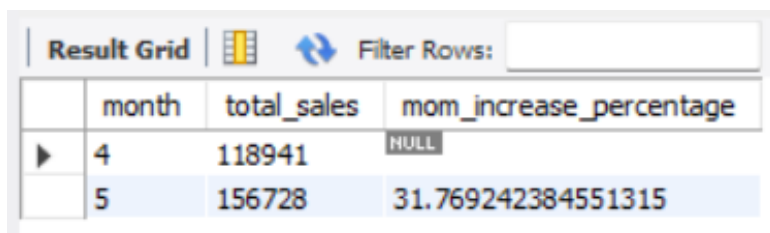
```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty)) as Total_Sales
FROM coffee_shop_sales
WHERE MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- for month of (CM-May)
```



Total_Sales
156728

TOTAL SALES KPI - MOM DIFFERENCE AND MOM GROWTH

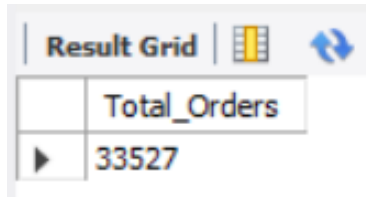
```
SELECT
    MONTH(transaction_date) AS month,
    ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty)) AS total_sales,
    (SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) - LAG(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty), 1)
    OVER (ORDER BY MONTH(transaction_date))) / LAG(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty), 1)
    OVER (ORDER BY MONTH(transaction_date)) * 100 AS mom_increase_percentage
FROM
    coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    MONTH(transaction_date) IN (4, 5) -- for months of April and May
GROUP BY
    MONTH(transaction_date)
ORDER BY
    MONTH(transaction_date);
```



month	total_sales	mom_increase_percentage
4	118941	NULL
5	156728	31.769242384551315

TOTAL ORDERS

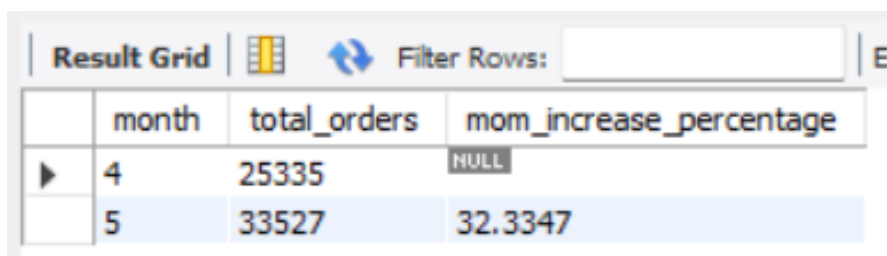
```
SELECT COUNT(transaction_id) as Total_Orders
FROM coffee_shop_sales
WHERE MONTH (transaction_date)= 5 -- for month of (CM-May)
```



Total_Orders
33527

TOTAL ORDERS KPI - MOM DIFFERENCE AND MOM GROWTH

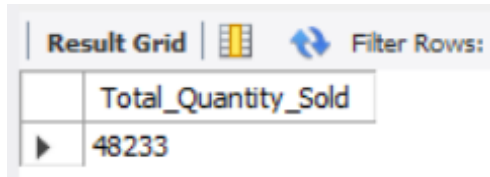
```
SELECT
    MONTH(transaction_date) AS month,
    ROUND(COUNT(transaction_id)) AS total_orders,
    (COUNT(transaction_id) - LAG(COUNT(transaction_id), 1)
    OVER (ORDER BY MONTH(transaction_date))) / LAG(COUNT(transaction_id), 1)
    OVER (ORDER BY MONTH(transaction_date)) * 100 AS mom_increase_percentage
FROM
    coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    MONTH(transaction_date) IN (4, 5) -- for April and May
GROUP BY
    MONTH(transaction_date)
ORDER BY
    MONTH(transaction_date);
```



month	total_orders	mom_increase_percentage
4	25335	NULL
5	33527	32.3347

TOTAL QUANTITY SOLD

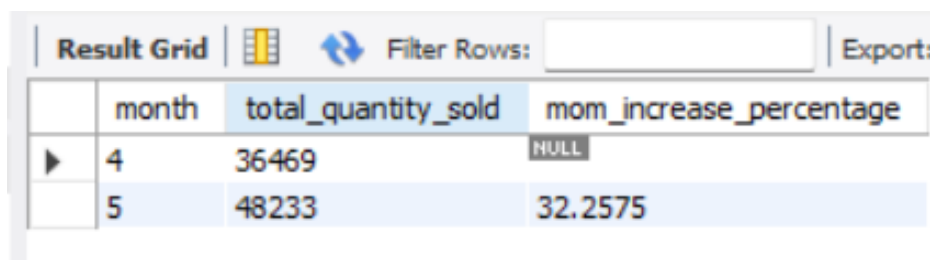
```
SELECT SUM(transaction_qty) as Total_Quantity_Sold  
FROM coffee_shop_sales  
WHERE MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- for month of (CM-May)
```



Total_Quantity_Sold
48233

TOTAL QUANTITY SOLD KPI - MOM DIFFERENCE AND MOM GROWTH

```
SELECT  
    MONTH(transaction_date) AS month,  
    ROUND(SUM(transaction_qty)) AS total_quantity_sold,  
    (SUM(transaction_qty) - LAG(SUM(transaction_qty), 1)  
    OVER (ORDER BY MONTH(transaction_date))) / LAG(SUM(transaction_qty), 1)  
    OVER (ORDER BY MONTH(transaction_date)) * 100 AS mom_increase_percentage  
FROM  
    coffee_shop_sales  
WHERE  
    MONTH(transaction_date) IN (4, 5) -- for April and May  
GROUP BY  
    MONTH(transaction_date)  
ORDER BY  
    MONTH(transaction_date);
```



month	total_quantity_sold	mom_increase_percentage
4	36469	NULL
5	48233	32.2575

CALENDAR TABLE – DAILY SALES, QUANTITY and TOTAL ORDERS

SELECT

SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) AS total_sales,

SUM(transaction_qty) AS total_quantity_sold,

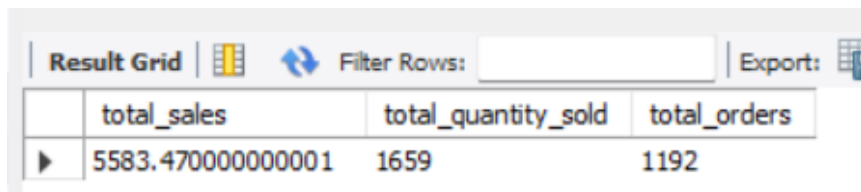
COUNT(transaction_id) AS total_orders

FROM

coffee_shop_sales

WHERE

transaction_date = '2023-05-18'; --For 18 May 2023



	total_sales	total_quantity_sold	total_orders
▶	5583.470000000001	1659	1192

If you want to get exact Rounded off values then use below query to get the result:

SELECT

CONCAT(ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) / 1000, 1), 'K') AS total_sales,

CONCAT(ROUND(COUNT(transaction_id) / 1000, 1), 'K') AS total_orders,

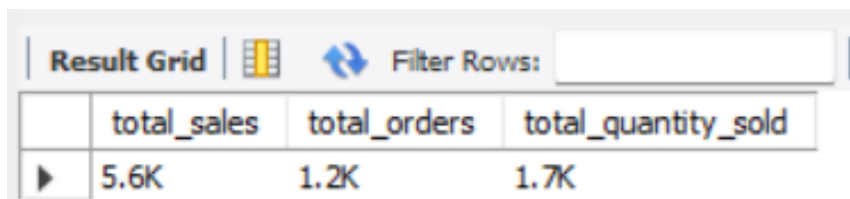
CONCAT(ROUND(SUM(transaction_qty) / 1000, 1), 'K') AS total_quantity_sold

FROM

coffee_shop_sales

WHERE

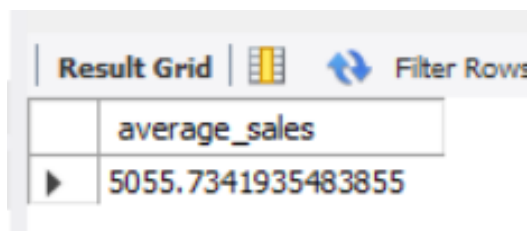
transaction_date = '2023-05-18'; --For 18 May 2023



	total_sales	total_orders	total_quantity_sold
▶	5.6K	1.2K	1.7K

SALES TREND OVER PERIOD

```
SELECT AVG(total_sales) AS average_sales  
  
FROM (  
  
    SELECT  
  
        SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) AS total_sales  
  
    FROM  
  
        coffee_shop_sales  
  
        WHERE  
  
        MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- Filter for May  
  
    GROUP BY  
  
        transaction_date  
  
) AS internal_query;
```



The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. The grid has two columns: 'average_sales' and a value column. The value '5055.7341935483855' is displayed in the first row. There are also icons for 'Filter Rows' and a refresh button.

	average_sales
▶	5055.7341935483855

DAILY SALES FOR MONTH SELECTED

```
SELECT  
  
    DAY(transaction_date) AS day_of_month,  
  
    ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty),1) AS total_sales  
  
FROM  
  
    coffee_shop_sales  
  
WHERE  
  
    MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- Filter for May  
  
GROUP BY  
  
    DAY(transaction_date)  
  
ORDER BY  
  
    DAY(transaction_date);
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	day_of_month	total_sales	
▶	1	4731.4	
	2	4625.5	
	3	4714.6	
	4	4589.7	
	5	4701	
	6	4205.1	
	7	4542.7	
	8	5604.2	
	9	5101	
	10	5256.3	
	11	4850.1	
	12	4681.1	
	13	5511.5	
	14	5052.6	
	15	5385	
	16	5542.1	

17	5418
18	5583.5
19	5657.9
20	5519.3
21	5370.8
22	5541.2
23	5242.9
24	5391.4
25	5230.8
26	5300.9
27	5559.2
28	4338.6
29	3959.5
30	4835.5
31	4684.1

COMPARING DAILY SALES WITH AVERAGE SALES – IF GREATER THAN “ABOVE AVERAGE” and LESSER THAN “BELOW AVERAGE”

SELECT

day_of_month,

CASE

WHEN total_sales > avg_sales THEN 'Above Average'

WHEN total_sales < avg_sales THEN 'Below Average'

ELSE 'Average'

END AS sales_status,

total_sales

FROM (

SELECT

DAY(transaction_date) AS day_of_month,

SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) AS total_sales,

AVG(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty)) OVER () AS avg_sales

FROM

coffee_shop_sales

WHERE

MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- Filter for May

GROUP BY

DAY(transaction_date)

) AS sales_data

ORDER BY

day_of_month;

day_of_month	sales_status	total_sales
1	Below Average	4731.4499999999999
2	Below Average	4625.4999999999997
3	Below Average	4714.5999999999994
4	Below Average	4589.6999999999995
5	Below Average	4700.9999999999997
6	Below Average	4205.1499999999998
7	Below Average	4542.6999999999998
8	Above Average	5604.2099999999995
9	Above Average	5100.9699999999997
10	Above Average	5256.3299999999999
11	Below Average	4850.0599999999996
12	Below Average	4681.1299999999995
13	Above Average	5511.5299999999999
14	Below Average	5052.6499999999999
15	Above Average	5384.9800000000005
16	Above Average	5542.1299999999997

17	Above Average	5418.0000000000001
18	Above Average	5583.4700000000001
19	Above Average	5657.8800000000005
20	Above Average	5519.2800000000003
21	Above Average	5370.8100000000003
22	Above Average	5541.16
23	Above Average	5242.9100000000001
24	Above Average	5391.45
25	Above Average	5230.8499999999985
26	Above Average	5300.9499999999998
27	Above Average	5559.1500000000015
28	Below Average	4338.6499999999998
29	Below Average	3959.4999999999998
30	Below Average	4835.4799999999997
31	Below Average	4684.1299999999993

SALES BY WEEKDAY / WEEKEND:

SELECT

CASE

WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) IN (1, 7) THEN 'Weekends'

ELSE 'Weekdays'

END AS day_type,

ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty),2) AS total_sales

FROM

coffee_shop_sales

WHERE

MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- Filter for May

GROUP BY

CASE

WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) IN (1, 7) THEN 'Weekends'

ELSE 'Weekdays'

END;

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	day_type	total_sales	
▶	Weekdays	116627.84	
	Weekends	40099.92	

SALES BY STORE LOCATION

```

SELECT
    store_location,
    SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) as Total_Sales
FROM coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    MONTH(transaction_date) =5
GROUP BY store_location
ORDER BY SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) DESC

```



Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Exports
	store_location	Total_Sales		
▶	Hell's Kitchen	52598.929999999375		
	Astoria	52428.75999999932		
	Lower Manhattan	51700.06999999959		

SALES BY PRODUCT CATEGORY

```

SELECT
    product_category,
    ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty),1) as Total_Sales
FROM coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    MONTH(transaction_date) = 5
GROUP BY product_category
ORDER BY SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) DESC

```



Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	product_category	Total_Sales
▶	Coffee	60362.8
	Tea	44539.8
	Bakery	18565.5
	Drinking Chocolate	16319.8
	Coffee beans	8768.9
	Branded	2889
	Loose Tea	2395.2
	Flavours	1905.6
	Packaged Chocolate	981.1

SALES BY PRODUCTS (TOP 10)

```

SELECT
    product_type,
    ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty),1) as Total_Sales
FROM coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    MONTH(transaction_date) = 5
GROUP BY product_type
ORDER BY SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty) DESC
LIMIT 10

```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	product_type	Total_Sales
▶	Barista Espresso	20423.7
	Brewed Chai tea	17427.4
	Hot chocolate	16319.8
	Gourmet brewed coffee	15559.2
	Brewed herbal tea	10930
	Brewed Black tea	10778
	Premium brewed coffee	8739.2
	Organic brewed coffee	8350.2
	Scone	8305.3
	Drip coffee	7290.5

SALES BY DAY | HOUR

```

SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty)) AS Total_Sales,

```

```

SUM(transaction_qty) AS Total_Quantity,
COUNT(*) AS Total_Orders
FROM
    coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 3 -- Filter for Tuesday (1 is Sunday, 2 is Monday, ..., 7 is Saturday)
    AND HOUR(transaction_time) = 8 -- Filter for hour number 8
    AND MONTH(transaction_date) = 5; -- Filter for May (month number 5)

```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	Total_Sales	Total_Quantity	Total_Orders
▶	2969	874	612

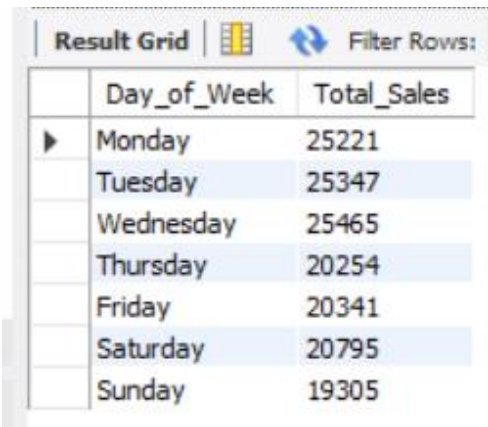
TO GET SALES FROM MONDAY TO SUNDAY FOR MONTH OF MAY

```

SELECT
CASE
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 2 THEN 'Monday'
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 3 THEN 'Tuesday'
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 4 THEN 'Wednesday'
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 5 THEN 'Thursday'
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 6 THEN 'Friday'
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 7 THEN 'Saturday'
    ELSE 'Sunday'
END AS Day_of_Week,
ROUND(SUM(unit_price * transaction_qty)) AS Total_Sales
FROM
    coffee_shop_sales
WHERE
    MONTH(transaction_date) = 5 -- Filter for May (month number 5)
GROUP BY
CASE
    WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 2 THEN 'Monday'

```

```
WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 3 THEN 'Tuesday'  
WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 4 THEN 'Wednesday'  
WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 5 THEN 'Thursday'  
WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 6 THEN 'Friday'  
WHEN DAYOFWEEK(transaction_date) = 7 THEN 'Saturday'  
ELSE 'Sunday'  
END;
```



The image shows a screenshot of a SQL query result grid. The grid has two columns: 'Day_of_Week' and 'Total_Sales'. The rows are ordered by day of the week from Monday to Sunday. The total sales values are: Monday (25221), Tuesday (25347), Wednesday (25465), Thursday (20254), Friday (20341), Saturday (20795), and Sunday (19305). The grid is titled 'Result Grid' and has a 'Filter Rows' button.

	Day_of_Week	Total_Sales
▶	Monday	25221
	Tuesday	25347
	Wednesday	25465
	Thursday	20254
	Friday	20341
	Saturday	20795
	Sunday	19305