



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Experiment No. 07

Aim: To Setup and Run Selenium Tests in Jenkins Using Maven

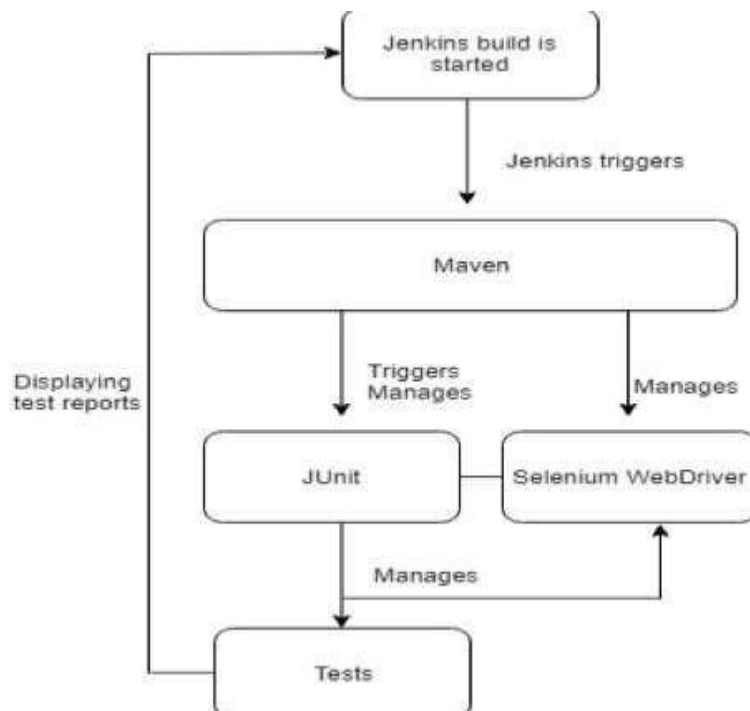
Objective: Objective is to setup enables seamless integration of automated testing into the CI/CD pipeline, facilitating faster feedback loops and promoting a culture of continuous improvement in software development.

Theory:

Jenkins is the leading open-source continuous integration tool developed by Hudson lab. It is cross-platform and can be used on Windows, Linux, Mac OS and Solaris environments. Jenkins is written in Java. It has taken the place as one of the best open-source tools that allow continuous integration and build management.

Running Selenium tests in Jenkins allows you to run your tests every time your software changes and deploy the software to a new environment when the tests pass. Jenkins can schedule your tests to run at specific time. You can save the execution history and Test Reports. Jenkins supports Maven for building and Testing a project in continuous integration

Maven is a powerful project / build management tool, based on the concept of a POM (Project Object Model) that includes project information and configuration information for Maven such as construction directory, source directory, dependency, test source directory, Goals, plugins, etc.



Steps:

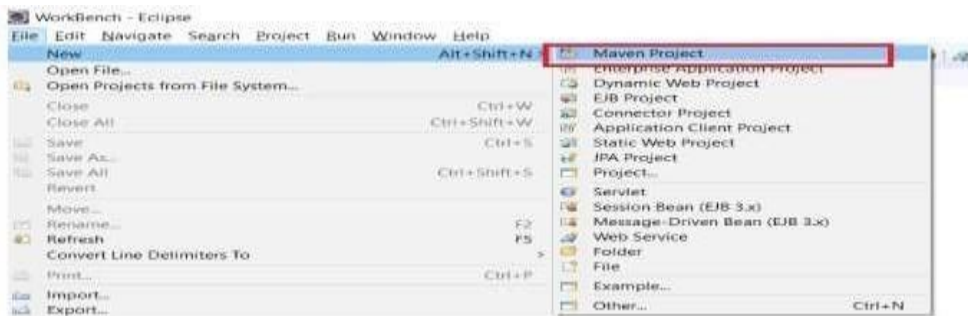


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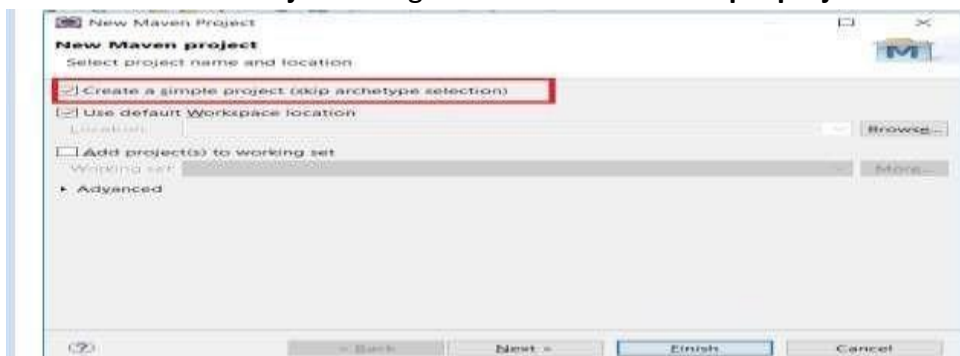
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---Create a Maven Selenium script---

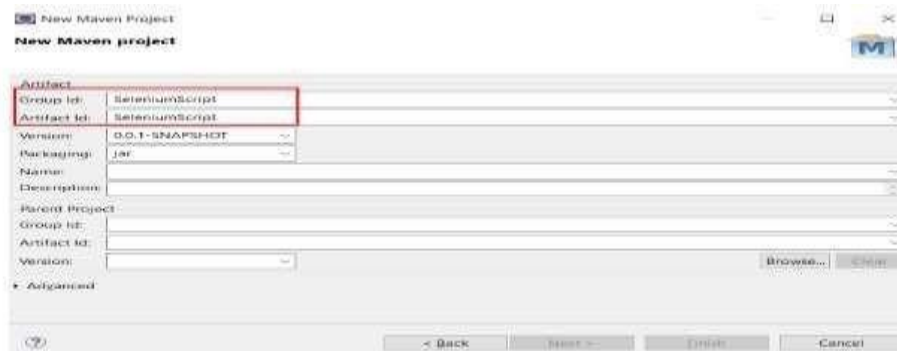
1. In Eclipse IDE, create a new project by selecting **File | New | Maven Project** from Eclipse menu.



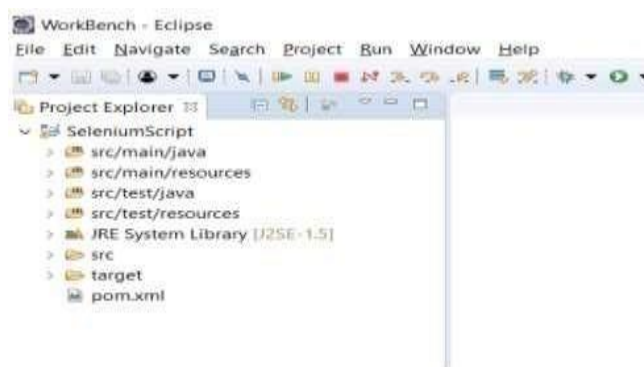
2. On the **New Maven Project** dialog select the **Create a simple project** and click **Next**



3. Enter **SeleniumScript** in **Group Id:** and **Artifact Id:** and click finish



4. Eclipse will create webdriverTest.

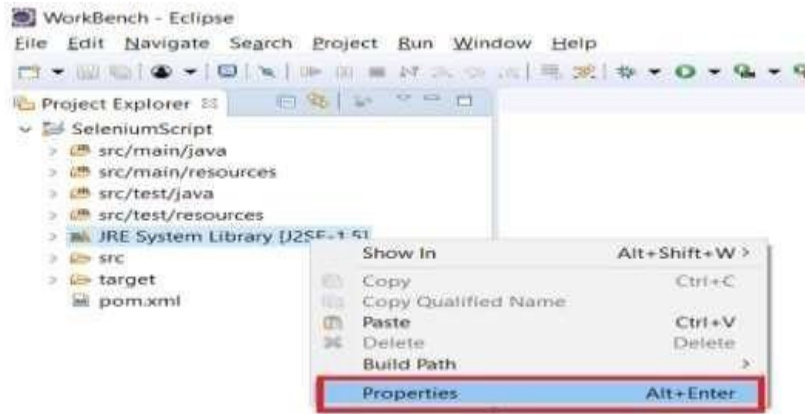


5. Right click on JRE System Library and select the Properties option from the menu.

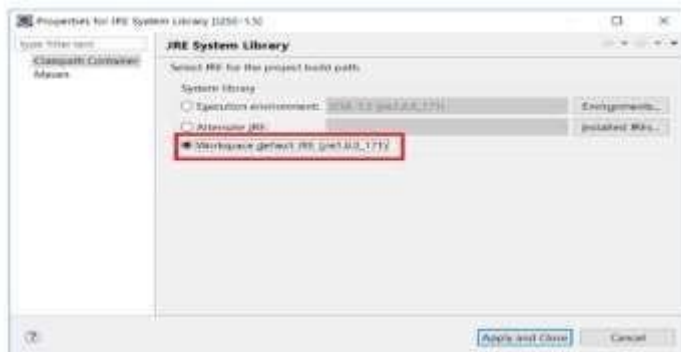


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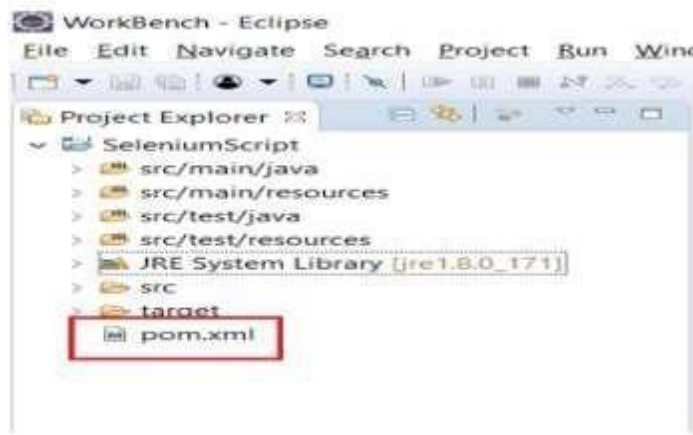
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6. On the Properties for JRE System Library dialog box, make sure Workspace default JRE is selected and click ok.



7. Select pom.xml from project explorer.



8. Add selenium, Maven, TestNG, Junit dependencies to pom.xml in the code.



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```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>junit</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
    <version>3.8.1</version>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.seleniumhq.selenium</groupId>
    <artifactId>selenium-java</artifactId>
    <version>2.45.0</version>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.testng</groupId>
    <artifactId>testng</artifactId>
    <version>6.8</version>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

9. Create a new file TestNG class File|New|Others|TestNG|TestNG Class. Enter Package name as "Qautomation" and "TestScript" in the Name:textbox and click on the Finish button.

New TestNG class

Specify additional information about the test class.

Source folder: /SeleniumScript/src/test/java Browse...

Package name: qautomation Browse...

Class name: TestScript

Annotations

☐ @BeforeMethod ☐ @AfterMethod ☐ @DataProvider

☐ @BeforeClass ☐ @AfterClass

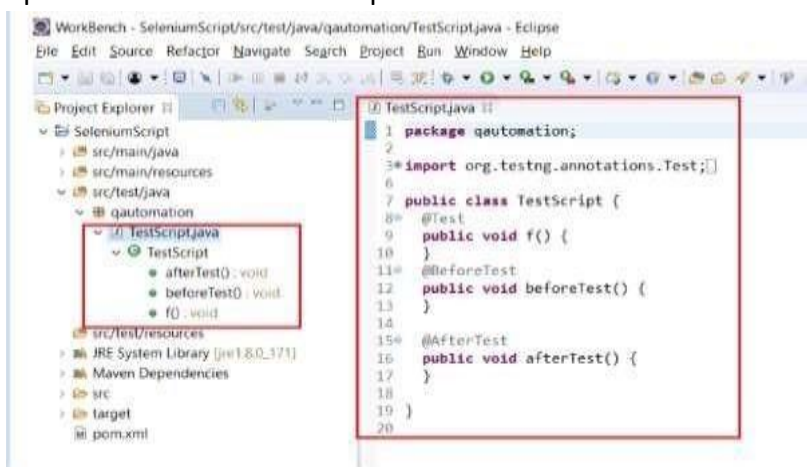
☒ @BeforeTest ☒ @AfterTest

☐ @BeforeSuite ☐ @AfterSuite

XML suite file:

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

10. Eclipse will create the TestScript class



11. Add following code to the TestScript class and respective browser drivers for chrome,firefox and IE.



```
package qautomation;
import org.testng.annotations.Test; import
org.testng.annotations.BeforeTest; import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map; import
java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit; import
org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeOptions;
import org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver; import
org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxOptions; import
org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxProfile; import
org.openqa.selenium.ie.InternetExplorerDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.remote.DesiredCapabilities;
import org.testng.Assert;
import org.testng.annotations.AfterTest;
public class TestScript { public static
WebDriver driver=null;
    public String browser = System.getProperty("browser");
    public String url = System.getProperty("URL");

    @BeforeTest
    public void beforeTest() {

        if(browser.equalsIgnoreCase("Chrome"))
        {
            System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
            System.getProperty("user.dir")+"\\chromedriver.exe");
            Map<String, Object> prefs = new HashMap<String, Object>();
            ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();
            options.setExperimentalOption("prefs", prefs);
            options.addArguments("--disable-arguments");
            options.addArguments("--test-type");
            options.addArguments("test");
            options.addArguments("disable-infobars");
            driver = new ChromeDriver(options);
        }
        else if(browser.equalsIgnoreCase("FireFox"))
        {
            System.setProperty(FirefoxDriver.SystemProperty.DRIVER_USE_MARIONETTE
            ,"true");
```




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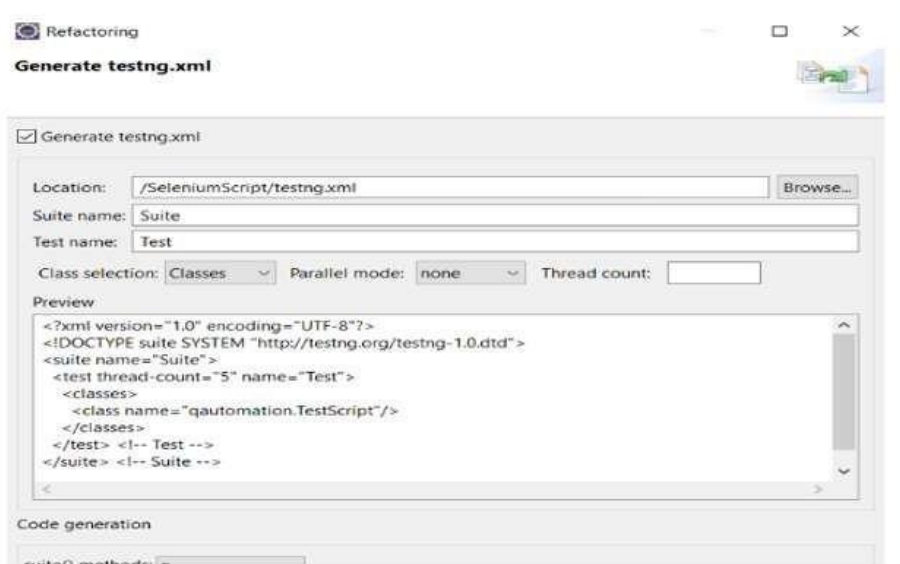
```
System.setProperty(FirefoxDriver.SystemProperty.BROWSER_LOGFILE, System.getProperty("user.dir")+"\\FireFoxLogs.txt");
System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver", System.getProperty("user.dir")+"\\geckodriver_v23.exe");
FirefoxProfile profile = new FirefoxProfile(); profile.setAcceptUntrustedCertificates(false);
FirefoxOptions options = new FirefoxOptions().setProfile(profile); driver
= new FirefoxDriver(options);
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(20,
TimeUnit.SECONDS); driver.manage().window().maximize();
}
else if (browser.equalsIgnoreCase("IE"))
{
System.setProperty("webdriver.ie.driver",
System.getProperty("user.dir")+"\\IEDriverServer351.exe");
DesiredCapabilities caps = DesiredCapabilities.internetExplorer();
caps.setCapability(InternetExplorerDriver.INTRODUCE_FLAKINESS_BY_IGNORING_SECURITY_DOMAINS,true);
caps.setCapability(InternetExplorerDriver.IGNORE_ZOOM_SETTING,true);
caps.setCapability(InternetExplorerDriver.UNEXPECTED_ALERT_BEHAVIOR," accept");
caps.setCapability(InternetExplorerDriver.REQUIRE_WINDOW_FOCUS,true);
caps.setCapability(InternetExplorerDriver.INITIAL_BROWSER_URL,"http://www.google.com/");
driver = new InternetExplorerDriver(caps);
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(20, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
driver.manage().window().maximize();
}
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(20,
TimeUnit.SECONDS); driver.manage().window().maximize();
@Test
public void TestApplication() { driver.get(url);
String title = driver.getTitle();
System.out.println("Title="+title);
Assert.assertTrue(title.contains("QAutomation"));
}
@AfterTest
public void afterTest() {
driver.quit();
}
}
```



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12. Right click on the WebDriverTest and select TestNG | Convert to TestNG. Eclipse will create testing.xml which says that you need to run only one test with the name TestApplication.



13. Adding dependencies and plugins

Additionally we need to add

1. Maven-compiler-plugin
2. Maven-surefire-plugin
3. Testng.xml

-----Integrating your test to Jenkins-----

1. Launch and login into jenkins URL – <http://localhost:8080/>

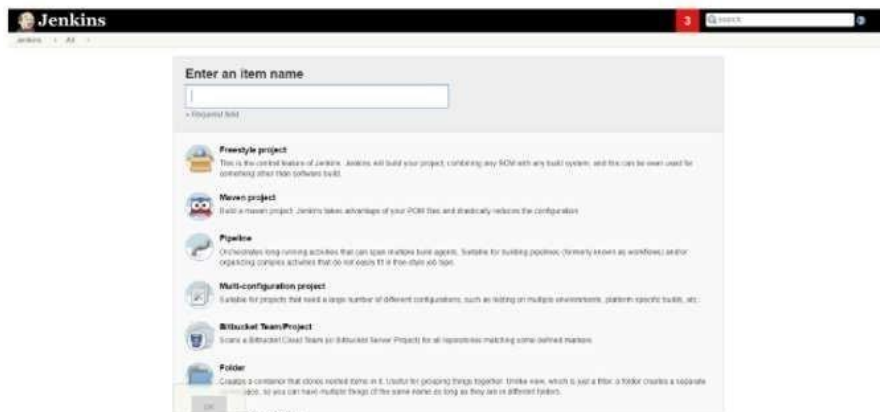


2. Click on new item and enter an appropriate name for the new job , select Maven Project and click on save.

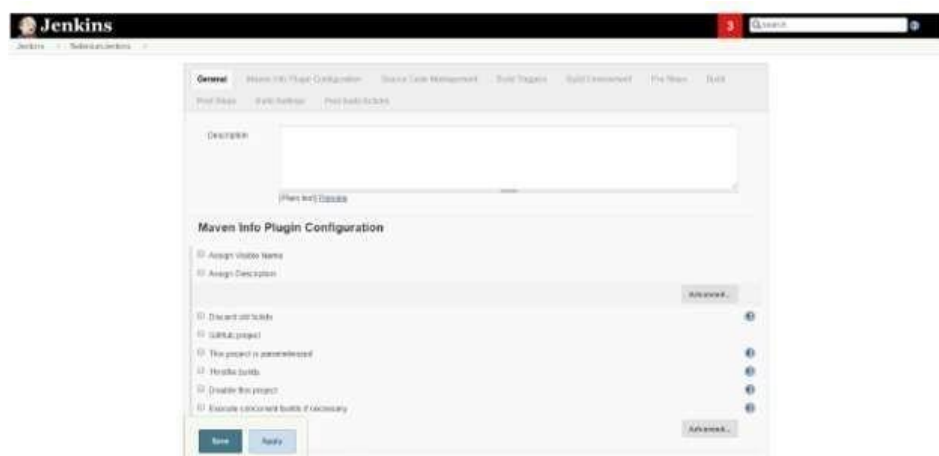


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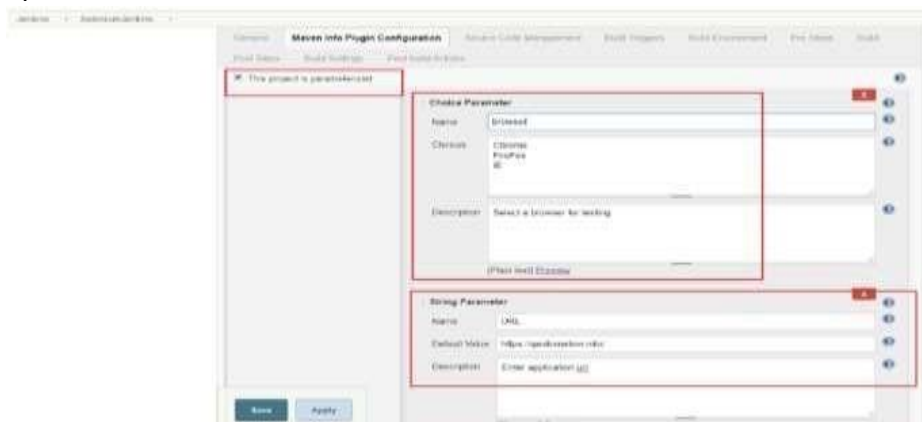
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3. A new empty job has been created at this point.



4. Jenkins Parameterized Build in Jenkins just check the checkbox **This project is parameterized** and add the parameter by **Add Parameter** as per your project requirement.



5. If code is located on Git Under **Source Management**, select the appropriate repository for the location of project and pass the URL and credentials.



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Source Code Management

☐ None
☐ CVS
☐ CVS Projectset
☒ Git

Repositories

Repository URL:

Credentials: [Add](#)

[Save](#) [Apply](#)

6. In the “pre-steps” build section another set of parameters can be passed to the Jenkins build. Specify the Maven targets that need to be executed in order to run test.

if your source code is located on Git the do below setting under **Build** section:

Build

Root POM:

Goals and options:

[Advanced...](#)

If you have selenium code on your local just pass the pom.xml path in **Root POM**.

Build

Root POM:

Goals and options:

[Advanced...](#)

Run the test in Jenkins by clicking on Building with Parameters.

8. Run the test in Jenkins by clicking on **Build with Parameters**.

Jenkins

Jenkins + SeleniumJenkins

Back to Dashboard
Status
Changes
Workspace
Build with Parameters
Delete Maven project
Configure
Modules
Open Blue Ocean
Rename
Test Results Analyzer

Maven project SeleniumJenkins

Workspace
Recent Changes

Permalinks

Build History [trend](#)

find:

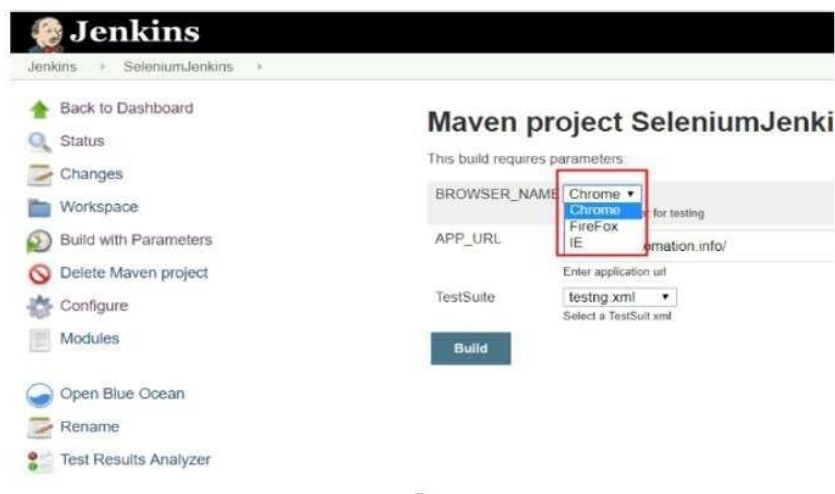
[RSS for all](#) [RSS for failures](#)

- 7.
8. Select the browser you want to run from dropdown.

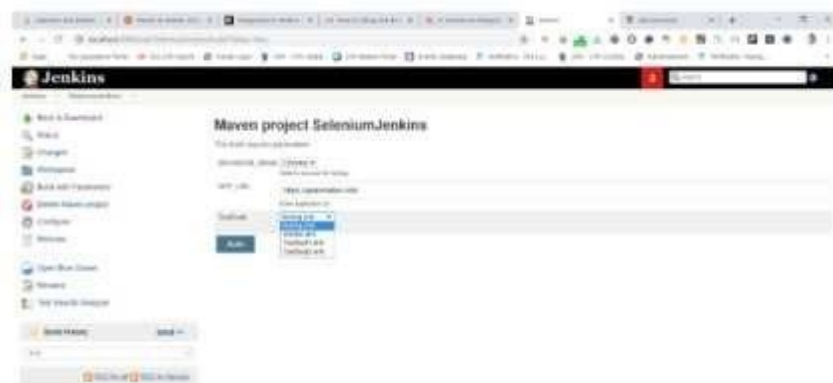


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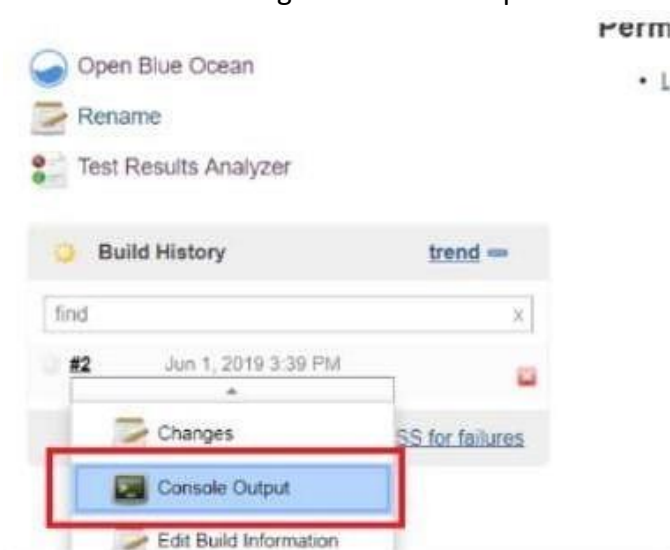
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9. Select the TestSuit file.



10. Click the build button and go to console output .

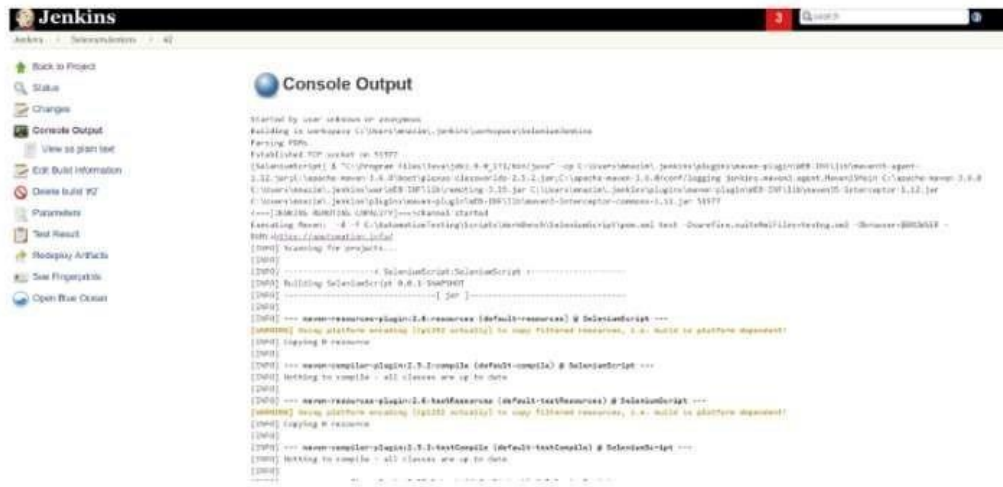


11. See the logs from **Console Output** window.



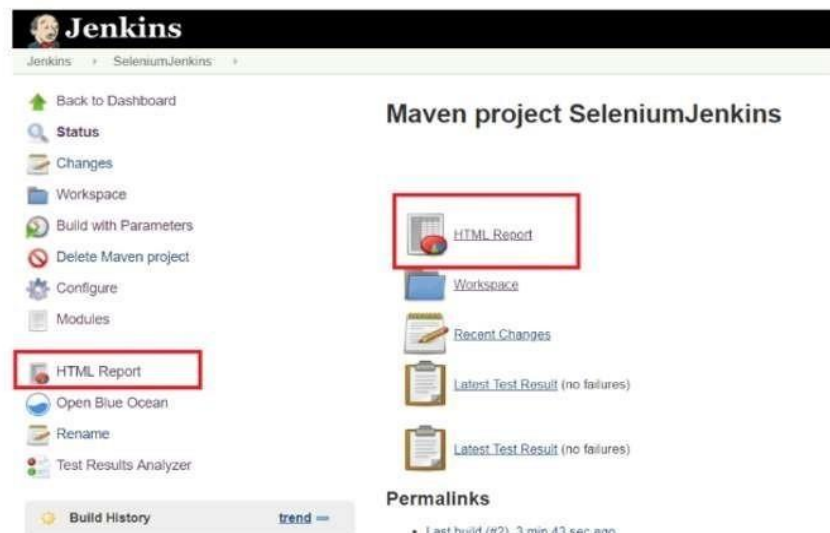
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Note: Blue color of bar of console output is that build is successful

12. View the html report just click on the link.

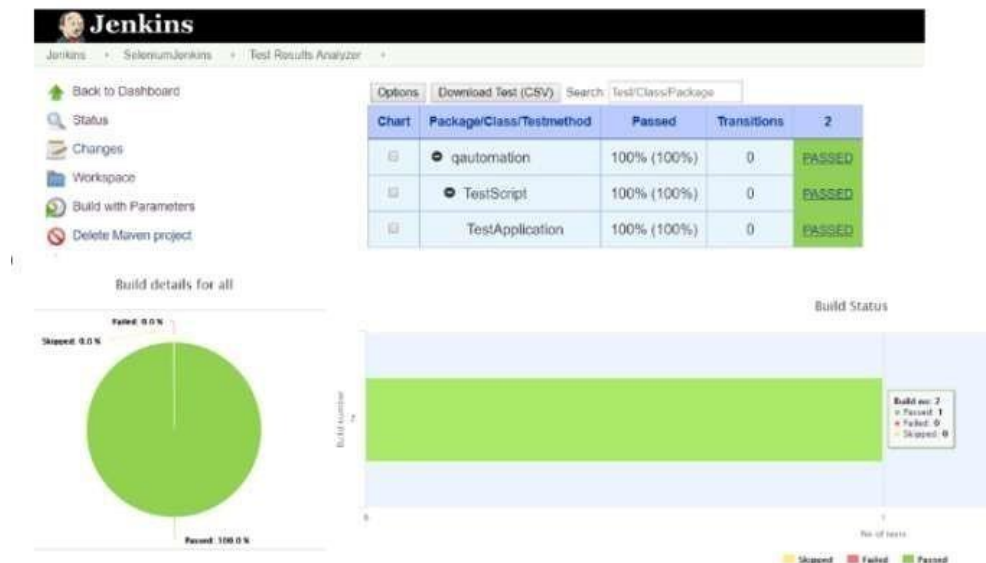


13. Click Test Analyzer to analyse the result.



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Conclusion:

Q1. Which browsers are supported by selenium webdriver?

Selenium WebDriver supports various popular web browsers such as Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge, and Internet Explorer. Additionally, WebDriver also supports headless browser testing for Chrome and Firefox.

Q2. What are some features of selenium 4?

- Selenium 4 introduces several new features and improvements, including:
- Relative locators for more flexible element locating strategies.
- Selenium Grid improvements for easier parallel testing and cross-browser testing.
- Support for Chrome DevTools Protocol (CDP) for advanced debugging and testing capabilities.
- Enhanced W3C WebDriver support for improved browser compatibility and stability.
- Improved error messages and stack traces for easier debugging.
- Support for modern web technologies and frameworks such as Shadow DOM and Web Components.