

SPARK MACHINE LEARNING

Background

## WHY SPARK?

- Open Source distributed cluster computing framework with in memory data processing engine
- Spark can perform ETL, Streaming, Machine Learning, Graph processing on data at rest or in motion
- Support for Python, Scala, Java, R, SQL
- In memory computing compared to MR two staged disk based computing engine
- Created for Big Data workload
- Unified Engine

# **ADVANTAGES**

 Enterprise has made huge investment in Big data and Spark today has become primary data processing framework

Spark helps you create unified data pipeline from engineering till model training

Easy to migrate to cloud and hybrid cloud



AlEngineering 3 weeks ago

What is your primary data environment to host model training data?

Data Warehouse 25%

On Premise Data Lake (Hadoop) 40%

Cloud Storage (S3, GCS, Blob Storage) 23%

Regular Unix/Windows File System 9%

Others 4%



AlEngineering • Oct 19, 2019

How do you use Apache Spark Today in your work?

Spark for Data Engineeering	41%
Spark for Machine Learning	13%
Spark for Data Engineering and Machine	22%
Evaluating Spark currently for future use	16%
Do not intend to use Spark	8%



AlEngineering • Nov 4, 2019

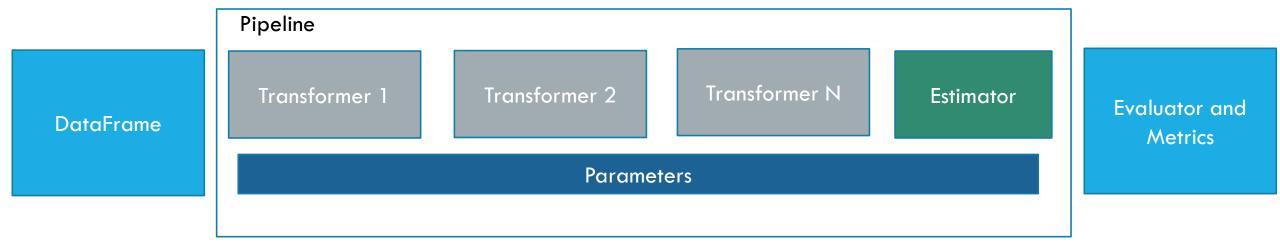
Which distributed computing framework do you use for machine learning model development?

Spark ML (Including Spark on Tensorflo	71%
Tensorflow	16%
XGBoost	13%
Dask	0%
Others	0%

# SPARK ML

Provides a set of Unified API for Machine Learning

# SPARK ML PIPELINE



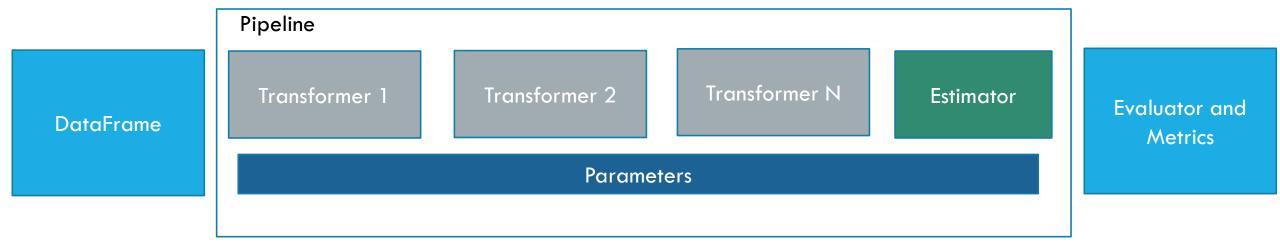
### TRANSFORMER

- Feature Transformers
  - Tokenizer
  - StopWordsRemover
  - *n*-gram
  - Binarizer
  - PCA
  - PolynomialExpansion
  - Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT)
  - StringIndexer
  - IndexToString
  - OneHotEncoder (Deprecated since 2.3.0)
  - OneHotEncoderEstimator
  - VectorIndexer
  - Interaction
  - Normalizer
  - StandardScaler
  - MinMaxScaler
  - MaxAbsScaler
  - Bucketizer
  - ElementwiseProduct
  - SQLTransformer
  - VectorAssembler
  - VectorSizeHint
  - QuantileDiscretizer
  - Imputer

#### **ESTIMATOR**

- Classification
  - Logistic regression
    - Binomial logistic regression
    - Multinomial logistic regression
  - Decision tree classifier
  - Random forest classifier
  - Gradient-boosted tree classifier
  - Multilayer perceptron classifier
  - Linear Support Vector Machine
  - One-vs-Rest classifier (a.k.a. One-vs-All)
  - Naive Bayes
- Regression
  - Linear regression
  - Generalized linear regression
    - Available families
  - · Decision tree regression
  - Random forest regression
  - Gradient-boosted tree regression
  - Survival regression
  - Isotonic regression
- Linear methods

# SPARK ML PIPELINE



#### from pyspark.ml import Pipeline

```
#data preparation (e.g., VectorAssembler, VectorIndexer, etc.)
transformer1 = ...
transformer2 = ...
transformer3 = ...

#Model algorithm (e.g. DecisionTreeClassifier)
model_algorithm = ...
```

#Pipeline which applys transformation and model building algorithm on dataset pipeline = Pipeline(stages=[transformer1, transformer2, transformer3, model\_algorithm]) model = pipeline.fit(training)