



JUNIOR MATERIALS AND OPPOSITES 10

1. OPPOSITES RECAP AND PRACTICE

OONCHA HIGH

NEECHE LOW

AAVO COME

JAAVO GO

SHARUVAAT START

BHUS FINISH

SAAME FRONT

PACHAL BACK

AVAJ NOISE

SHAANT QUIET/CALM

VANKA BENT

SEEDHU STRAIGHT

UNDHU CHAATHU UPSIDE DOWN, INSIDE OUT

VECHVU SELL

KHARIDVU BUY

SACHU TRUTH

KHOTU LIE

MONGHU COSTLY

SASTU CHEAP

APPHSHO GIVE

RAKHO KEEP

ANDHAARU DARK

AJVADU CHHE LIGHT

GAME 1 PLAY MATCH THE OPPOSITE! WITH A FAMILY MEMBER

ONE MUST SAY ONE WORD AND OTHER MUST SAY OPPOSITE

WHOEVER GETS MORE ANSWERS WINS!

2. MATERIALS RECAP AND PRACTICE

LAKADU IS WOOD

CLAY IS MAHTI

SOIL IS RHETI

STONE IS PATHAR

IRON IS LOHKHAN

SOYEH IS NEEDLE

THREAD IS DHORO

SILVER IS CHANDHI

GOLD IS SONU

PEARL IS MAU-THEE,

DIAMOND IS HEERO

GLASS IS KACH

PAPER IS KAGAR(D)

BRICK IS CALLED EIT

LEATHER CHAAMDU

HALF IS ARD-DHU

WHOLE IS AKHU

QUARTER IS SAVA

WEIGHT IS VAJAN

HEIGHT IS UNCHAYI

WIDTH IS PORHU

GAME 2 WHAT AM I MADE OF? (PLAY WITH A FAMILY MEMBER)

TABLE/CHAIR

HOUSE

SHOES

HAMMER

BOOK

CLOTHES ARE MADE BY?

JEWELLERY

WINDOW

BRIDGES /TUNNEL



WHAT IS HEIGHT /WEIGHT WIDTH /HALF/QUARTER/WHOLE? IN GUJARATI

*WINNER IS ONE WITH MOST CORRECT ANSWERS

PRACTICE SENTENCES THESE WILL BE TESTED NEXT WEEK

- **MAARU CHOPADHI KAGARD NU BANELU CHHE** = MY BOOK IS MADE OF PAPER
- **MAARI KHURSHI LAKARD NU BANELI CHHE** = MY CHAIR IS MADE OF WOOD

CULTURE TOPICS

GOLDEN TEMPLE

WHERE IS IT?

- In Amritsar, Punjab. NW OF INDIA

WHAT IS IT?

- Holiest most religious Gurdwara for Sikhs

ANOTHER NAME FOR IT?

- Also known as DARBAR SAHIB (SACRED AUDIENCE)/HARMANDER SAHIB

WHEN WAS IT BUILT?

- Was initiated by Guru Arjan (5th Sikh Guru) Built around man made river in 1581 - 1589
- It was destroyed many times by Afghan invaders and finally rebuilt during the reign of Maharaja Ranjit Singh (1801-39)

WHAT IS IT MADE OF?

- Made of Marble and Copper and overlaid with Gold Foil

WHAT IS SO SPECIAL ABOUT THE WATER AROUND IT?

- The water is believed to have healing powers, for those who bathe in it

INTERESTING FACTS

- It's the largest FREE kitchen in the world!
More than 50,000 vegetarian meals are served and cooked by volunteers in one day
- Long before it was built, Guru Nanak Dev Ji (1st Guru used to meditate at this site
- **LANGAR** means a communal meal /kitchen
- **SEWA** means selfless service (to perform an act without expecting reward)

LOHRI

WHEN IS IT CELEBRATED?

- A Punjabi festival celebrated on January 13th each year.
- Lohri is celebrated to mark the end of peak winter.

WHAT IS ITS SIGNIFICANCE?

- The traditional time to harvest sugarcane crops is January, therefore, Lohri is seen by some to be a **HARVEST FESTIVAL**. And thus, Punjabi farmers see the day after Lohri (Maghi) as the financial New Year.
- Traditionally to mark the arrival of a new baby boy but times have changed.
- Punjabi families have started celebrating Lohri, for any new baby born into the family

WHAT HAPPENS?

- Families **DANCE** around the bonfire and eat **GUR, REWRI, PEANUTS AND POPCORN**.
- Besides these, in Punjab's villages, it is a tradition to eat **GAJJAK, SARSON DA SAAG AND MAKKI DHI ROTI**, on the day of Lohri.