

### PRE-PREP HOUSE /VERBS 1 /VERBS 2 WEEK 5/6

#### 1. HOUSE RECAP AND PRACTICE

PRACTICE WITH SENTENCES

**MUHJE (XX OBJECT) CHAHIYE** I WOULD LIKE XX

**SHISHA = MIRROR** 

DABBA = BOX

**KANGHI = COMB** 

**CHAMACH = SPOON** 

DARVAZA = DOOR

**UNDHAR = INSIDE** 

**BAHAR = OUTSIDE** 

I WANT TO PLAY BAHAR - MEIN BAHAR /UNDHAR KHELHNA CHAHATA/I HOON!!!

THEN PLAY THESE GAMES WITH A FAMILY MEMBER!

**GAME 1** BEAT THE CLOCK

WHO CAN NAME MOST IN 10 SECONDS

**GAME 2 GUESS WHO?** THEY ANSWER IN HINDI

YOU CAN OPEN AND CLOSE ME /THERE ARE LOTS OF ME IN A HOUSE (DOOR)



I HELP YOU TO EAT FOOD /METAL (SPOON)

YOU CAN KEEP THINGS IN ME/I HAVE A LID (BOX)

I HELP YOU TO SEE YOURSELF (MIRROR)

2. VERBS 1 RECAP AND PRACTICE THESE SENTENCES DAILY

**SAAF KARLO /DHO LO – SE (**WITH)

PANI SE MOOH DHO LO WASH FACE WITH WATER

SABUN SE HAHTH DHO LO WASH HANDS WITH SOAP

**BRUSH SE DAANT SAAF KAR LO CLEAN YOUR TEETH WITH A BRUSH** 

KANGHI SE BAAL BANA LO BRUSH YOUR HAIR WITH A COMB

## **THEN**

MEIN KAPPDE PAHEN/UTAAR RAHA/I HOON I WANT TO PUT ON/TAKE OFF MY CLOTHES

MUHJE PANEE PEENA HAI I WANT TO DRINK WATER

MUHJE BREAKFAST KHANNI HAI I WANT TO EAT BREAKFAST

**3. VERBS 2** 

**RECAP VERBS 2** 

**BOLNA** = TALK

**CHALNA** = WALK



**BEHT-NA** = SIT

**NAHANA** = BATH

KHELNA = PLAY

**SOH- NA = SLEEP** 

AND PRACTICE THESE SENTENCES WITH UNDHAR/BAHAR

MEIN (UNDHAR /BAHAR) BEHT NA HAI

I WANT TO SIT INSIDE /OUTSIDE

**CHALNA** 

MEH BAHAR CHALNA CHAHATA/I HOON

I WANT TO WALK / RUN OUTSIDE

**AANA JHANNA** 

MEIN BAHAR JHANNA / UNDHAR AANA CHAHATA/I HOON

I WANT GO OUT /COME INSIDE

**THEN** 

PRACTICE THESE SENTENCES

MEIN XX CHAHATA/I HOON (MAKE SENTENCES WITH VERBS BELOW)

<mark>BOLNA</mark> = TALK



**CHALNA** = WALK

**BEHTNA** = SIT

**NAHANA** = BATH

KHELNA = PLAY

**SOH- NA** = SLEEP

## **PRACTICE SENTENCES** THESE WILL BE TESTED NEXT WEEK

- MUJHE (XX OBJECT) CHAHIYE
   I WOULD LIKE XX (WEEK 1)
- MEIN BAHAR JHANNA /UNDHAR AANA CHAHATA/I HOON
   I WANT TO GO OUTSIDE/COME INSIDE (WEEK 2)

## **CULTURE TOPICS**

**INDIA (SOUTH ASIA)** 

# WHERE DOES THE NAME COME FROM?

The name 'India' comes from the historic local name for the Indus River.

# WHAT RANKING IS INDIA IN WORLD ACCORDING TO ITS SIZE/AREA?

India is the 8th largest country in the world.

Just Smaller than Australia but just larger than Argentina



UK is at 81st!

## WHAT IS THE SIZE /RANKING IN WORLD OF POPULATION IN INDIA?

- About 1.2 billion people live in India.
- 2<sup>ND</sup> LARGEST POPULATION IN WORLD!

#### WHAT IS THE CAPITAL OF INDIA?

The capital of India is New Delhi

#### WHAT IS THE LARGEST CITY?

• The largest city is Mumbai.

## WHAT IS THE NATIONAL LANGUAGE OF INDIA?

 Hindi is the main language in India, and most people speak English as well.

## WHAT IS THE CURRENCY OF INDIA

• The currency in India is the RUPEE.

## WHAT IS THE LONGEST RIVER IN INDIA AND WHERE IS IT?

Ganges is Northern India from Uttrakand to Bengal

## **LANGUAGES OF INDIA**

## **HOW MANY LANGUAGES IN INDIA?**

India has 22 official languages, namely Assamese, Bengali, Bodo, Dogri, Gujarati, Hindi, Kannada, Kashmiri, Konkani, Maithili, Malayalam, Manipuri, Marathi, Nepali, Oriya, Punjabi, Sanskrit, Santhali, Sindhi, Tamil, Telugu and Urdu



#### WHAT'S MOST COMMON AND HOW MANY SPEAK IT IN INDIA?

• Hindi is the most commonly spoken language in India with 551 million Speakers.

## WHAT'S SECOND MOST COMMON?

 Bengali is the second most widely spoken language after Hindi with around 83 million speakers.

#### WHAT'S THE OLDEST LANGUAGE IN INDIA?

• Sanskrit is the oldest language of India and the basis of many modern Indian languages, including Hindi.

#### **MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS**

## WHAT ARE THE MAIN MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN INDIA?

SITAR, TABLA, HARMONIUM, BANSURI, DAMRU, DHOL(AK)

## **SITAR**

It's a stringed instrument with a pear-shaped body with a long, hollow wooden neck and bridge. It produces a rich sound when the strings are plucked, which resonates due to its design.

## Tabla

The tabla consists of two single headed (Daya and Baya) drums that are different from each other in shape and size.



## **Bansuri**



Bansuri is a side blown flute and is a single hollow shaft of bamboo consisting of two ends, one closed and another one open. It also consists of six to seven finger holes

## **Damru**

The damaru is a two headed drum made of wood. The instrument consists of beads and knots in the leather cord which produces sound as it strikes the surfaces



# Dhol(ak)

The Dhol(ak) is a two-headed drum that produces sound when struck by hand and is mainly used as an Indian Folk Instrument to produce sound during weddings and prayer rituals.

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# **HARMONIUM**

Imported from west in late 19<sup>th</sup> century

Most widely used instruments in India

Keyboard with bellows