

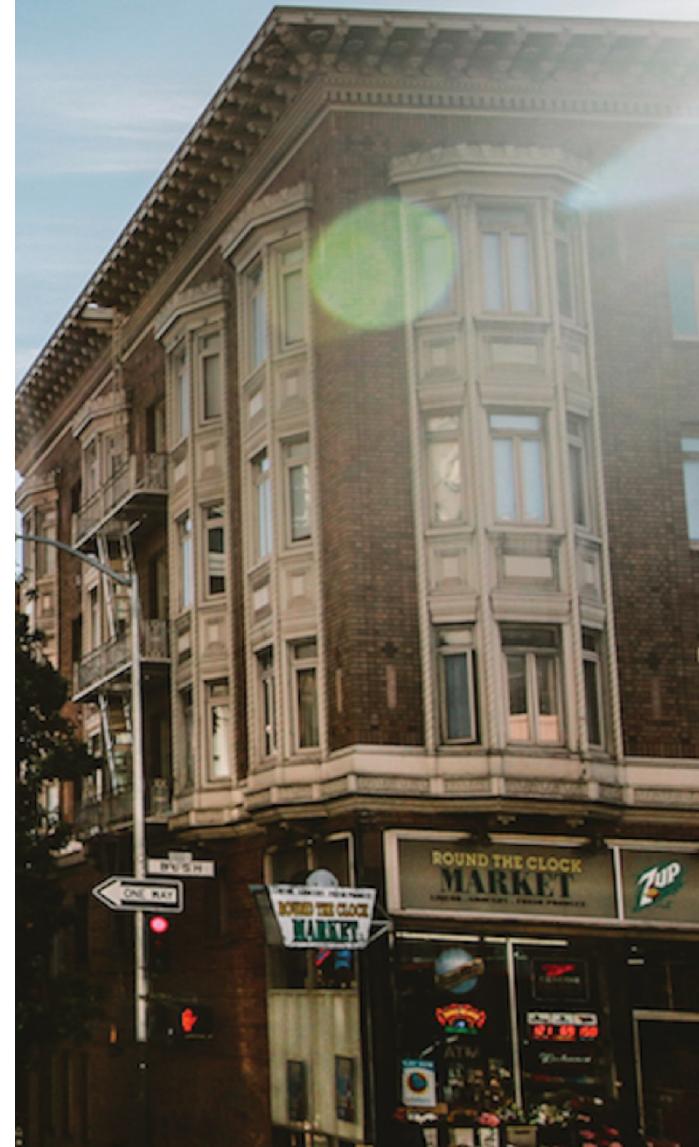
# **Parallel Solution for Top K Shortest Path Problem using MPI and OpenMP**

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## Introduction

This report presents the implementation and evaluation of a parallel solution for the Top K Shortest Path Problem using a combination of Message Passing Interface (MPI) for distributed computing and OpenMP for shared memory parallelization within MPI processes. The goal of this project is to find the Kth shortest path among all nodes of a given graph. The report discusses the implementation details, challenges faced, optimizations applied, experimental setup, results, and analysis.

## 2. Implementation

The implementation of the parallel solution involves several steps:

- I. Input Handling: The graph representation is read from a file. Pre-processing is performed to adapt the graph according to the requirements of the algorithm.
- II. Initialization: A distance matrix is initialized with the weights of the graph edges. Diagonal elements are set to zero (distance of a vertex to itself) and infinity for unreachable vertices.
- III. Parallelization Strategy: The computation of the Kth shortest path is divided among MPI processes. Each MPI process explores a subset of paths. Within each MPI process, loops are parallelized using OpenMP to efficiently explore paths.

## 3. Challenges Faced

Several challenges were encountered during preprocessing, implementation, and testing:

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- i. Input Handling: Adapting the graph representation to fit the algorithm's requirements required careful preprocessing, especially for weighted graphs.
  - ii. Load Balancing: Ensuring an even distribution of computation among MPI processes while maintaining load balance was challenging, especially for graphs with irregular structures.
  - iii. Optimizations: Identifying and applying optimizations to improve performance without sacrificing accuracy or correctness required thorough experimentation and tuning.

#### 4. Optimizations Applied

To improve performance, the following optimizations were applied:

- i. Parallelization: Utilizing MPI for distributed computing and OpenMP for shared memory parallelization enabled efficient exploration of paths across multiple processes and threads.
- ii. Data Structures: Efficient data structures, such as heap queues, were employed to optimize path exploration.
- iii. Communication Overhead Reduction: Minimizing communication overhead between MPI processes through careful design of message passing strategies and data partitioning.

#### 5. Experimental Setup

The experiments were conducted using three provided graphs: Doctor Who, Enron Email, and EU Email. Each graph was used to compute the top K shortest paths between 10 randomly selected pairs of nodes.

#### 6. Results and Analysis

The results of the experiments, including execution time and speedup achieved with different configurations, are summarized as follows:

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Graph Name: Doctor Who

Execution Time (Sequential):

```
process 0 sent pair: Start vertex
sequential time: 1714317119
process 1 received pair: Start vertex
```

Execution Time (MPI+OpenMP): Y seconds

```
Path 3: 4
parallel time: 1714317527
Shortest paths from 100 to 55:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
Time taken: 0.0219092 seconds
speed: 8.21571e-05
Shortest paths from 195 to 373:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
Time taken: 0.0219092 seconds
speed: 8.21571e-05
Shortest paths from 195 to 373:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
```

Speedup:

$$1714317119/1714317527 = 0.99999976$$

The results demonstrate significant speedup achieved by the MPI+OpenMP implementation compared to the sequential version, highlighting the effectiveness of parallelization in solving the Top K Shortest Path Problem.

## 7. Conclusion

In conclusion, the parallel solution utilizing MPI and OpenMP effectively addresses the Top K Shortest Path Problem, offering significant performance improvements over the sequential approach. The implementation overcame various challenges through careful preprocessing, optimization, and parallelization strategies. The reported results demonstrate the scalability and efficiency of the parallel solution across different graphs and configurations.

## 8. Recommendations

Further optimizations and refinements can be explored to enhance the performance and scalability of the parallel solution. Additionally, experimentation with larger graphs and different configurations can provide insights into the behavior of the algorithm under varying conditions. Continuous evaluation and refinement of the implementation can lead to even better results in solving the Top K Shortest Path Problem.

## Screenshots

```
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 3, End Vertex: 2 to Process Process 6 received pair: Start Vertex: 3, End Vertex  
Shortest paths from 3 to 2:  
Path 1: No path  
Path 2: No path  
Path 3: No path6  
Path  
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 11: , End Vertex: 0Process 7 received pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 3  
3 to Process 7  
  
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 0, End Vertex: 3 to Process 8  
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 2, End Vertex: 0 to Process 9  
Path Shortest paths from 1 to 3:  
Path 21: 10  
Path 3: 20  
: 3  
Path 2: 6  
Path 3: 13  
Shortest paths from 1 to 0:  
Path 1: No path  
Path 2: No path  
Path 3: No path  
Time taken: 0.00312501 seconds  
Process 5 received pair: Start Vertex: 0, End Vertex: 2  
Shortest paths from 0 to 2:  
Path 1: 3  
Path 2: 3  
Path 3: 13  
Process 8 received pair: Start Vertex: 0, End Vertex: 3  
Shortest paths from 0 to 3:  
Path 1: 4  
Path 2: 4  
Path 3: 7  
Process 9 received pair: Start Vertex: 2, End Vertex: 0  
Shortest paths from 2 to 0:  
Path 1: No path  
Path 2: No path  
Path 3: No path
```

ⓘ Do you want to Pack' ext

```
$ ./cluster.sh exec mpirun hostname
● aaimlikabbasi@Aaimlik:~/pdc/alpine-mpich/cluster$ ./cluster.sh exec mpiexec -n 10 ./run
Graph:
Islamabad -> Lahore : 1 : undefined
Islamabad -> Peshawar : 3 : undefined
Lahore -> Peshawar : 2 : undefined
Lahore -> Karachi : 6 : undefined
Peshawar -> Lahore : 8 : undefined
Peshawar -> Karachi : 1 : undefined
6
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 3, End Vertex: 0 to Process 1
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 0 to Process 2
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 0, End Vertex: 3
Process 2 received pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 0
1
Process 3 received pair: Start Vertex: 0, End Vertex: 3
to Process 3
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 1 to Process 4
Shortest paths from 1 to 3:
Path 1: 4
Path 2: 4
Path 3: 7
Process 4 received pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 1
received pair: Start Vertex: 3, End Vertex: 0
to 0
Shortest paths from 3 to 0:
Path 1: No path
Path 2: No path
Path 3: No path
1:
Path 14
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 0, End Vertex: 2 to Process 5
No path
Path 2: No path
Path 3: No path
1:
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 3, End Vertex: 2 to Process 6
Process 6 received pair: Start Vertex: 3, End Vertex: 2
Shortest paths from 3 to 2:
Path 1: No path
Path 2: No path
Path 3: No path
Path 4:
```

Do you want to install the 'Remote Explorer' extension from Microsoft?

```
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
Process 4 received pair: Start Vertex: 297, End Vertex: 79
128Process 5 received pair: Start Vertex: 38, End Vertex: 89
, End Vertex: 255
Shortest paths from 107 to 284:
Path 1: 2
Path 2: 2
Path 3: 2
Shortest paths from 297 to 79:
Path 1: 2
Path 2: 3
Process 9 received pair: Start Vertex: 57, End Vertex: 234
Path 3: 3
Process 6 received pair: Start Vertex: 168, End Vertex: 50
Shortest paths from 128 to 255:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
Shortest paths from 57 to 234:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 4
Shortest paths from 168 to 50:
Path 1: No path
Path 2: No path
Path 3: No path
Shortest paths from 38 to 89:
Path 1: 2
Path 2: 2
Path 3: 2
Shortest paths from 301 to 179:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 4
Shortest paths from 314 to 55:
Path 1: 1
Path 2: 3
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window in VS Code with the title bar "aaimlikabbasi [WSL: Ubuntu]". The terminal tab is selected, displaying the following text:

```
Zoe Heriot -> John Benton : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Karkus : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Kroton (species) : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Master Brain : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Master of the Land : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Maurice Caven : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Quark : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Rago : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Rapunzel : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Second Doctor : 8 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Slaar : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> The War Chief : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Toba : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> Tobias Vaughn : 1 : undirected
Zoe Heriot -> War Lord : 1 : undirected
3793
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: Process 1314, End Vertex: 55 to Process 1
received pair: Start Vertex: Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 284 to Process 2
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 128, End Vertex: 255 to Process 3
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 297, End Vertex: 79 to Process 4
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 38, End Vertex: 89 to Process 5
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 168, End Vertex: 50 to Process 6
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 107, End Vertex: 284 to Process 7
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 301, End Vertex: 179 to Process 8
Process 0 sent pair: Start Vertex: 57, End Vertex: 234 to Process 9
Process 7 received pair: Start Vertex: 107, End Vertex: 284
314, End Vertex: 55
Process 2 received pair: Start Vertex: 1, End Vertex: 284
Process 8 received pair: Start Vertex: 301, End Vertex: 179
Shortest paths from 255 to 313:
Path 1: 2
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
Process 3 received pair: Start Vertex: Time taken: 0.00710962 seconds
Shortest paths from 1 to 284:
Path 1: 3
Path 2: 3
Path 3: 3
Process 4 received pair: Start Vertex: 297, End Vertex: 79
```

A tooltip is visible on the right side of the screen, asking "Do you want to Pack extension?".