

Q 1) Fill in the blanks below?

10 Points

	Before shift	After shift	
Instruction	AL / AX(last two lines)	AL /AX	CF
shl AL,1	1010 1110		
shr AL,1	1010 1110		
mov CL,3 shl AL,CL	0110 1101		
mov CL,5 shr AX,CL	1011 1101 0101 1001		
ror AX,CL			

Q 2) Do you need to know the initial contents of the AX register in order to determine the contents of the AX register after executing the following code? If so, explain why. Otherwise, find the AX contents. (5 points)

(a)

```

mov    DX,AX
not     AX
or      AX,DX|

```

(b)

```

mov     DX,AX
not     AX
and     AX,DX

```

Q 3) In the following code fragment, state whether mov AX,10 or mov BX,1 is executed:(5 points)

(a)

```

mov     CX,5
sub     DX,DX
cmp     DX,CX
jge     jump1
mov     BX,1
jmp     skip1
jump1:
mov     AX,10
skip1:
. . .

```

Q 4) Write a program such that it accepts a string from the keyboard consisting of digit and non-digit characters. The program should display the sum of the digits present in the input string. All non-digit characters should be ignored. (10 Points)

For example, if the input string is
ABC1?5wy76:~2

the output of the program should be
sum of individual digits is: 21

ASCII assigns a special set of contiguous values to the digit characters, it is straightforward to get their numerical value. All we have to do is to mask off the upper half of the byte using and AL,0FH as has ascii value.

You can use Irvine library to obtain a string, if you are unable to do that store the string in a variable and write the program. You will lose 2 points.