Project Documentation

Hospital Appointment & Health Tracker System on Salesforce

Phase 7: Integration & External Access

1. Introduction

This phase is all about making the Hospital Appointment & Health Tracker System on Salesforce able to interact with outside applications and devices. The main goal is to create a seamless, secure, and real-time data flow.

2. Preparation

Before building integrations, we must:

Enable API access in Salesforce.

Set up Named Credentials to store external system details.

Configure Remote Site Settings for external API callouts.

Check Salesforce API limits to ensure performance.

3. Integration Components

A. Named Credentials

Purpose: Store authentication and endpoint details for external systems.

Examples:

B. External Services

Purpose: Import service definitions and use them declaratively.

Examples:

Import REST API for external pharmacy services to check **drug availability**.

Import SOAP API for insurance providers to verify patient insurance coverage.

C. Web Services (REST/SOAP)

Purpose: Allow Salesforce to call external APIs or expose Salesforce data as APIs.

Examples:

REST Callout to Lab System: Fetch patient test results from an external lab.

SOAP Web Service Exposure: Allow external clinics to fetch appointment details from Salesforce.

D. Callouts

Purpose: Exchange data with external systems.

Examples:

Outbound callout to lab when new test is requested from an Appointment record.

Inbound call from patient mobile app to retrieve appointment availability.

E. Platform Events

Purpose: Enable real-time, event-driven communication.

Examples:

When Appointment is booked \rightarrow Platform Event triggers notification to external patient app.

When lab results are uploaded externally → Platform Event updates HealthRecord c.

F. Change Data Capture (CDC)

Purpose: Stream changes from Salesforce to external systems.

Examples:

Capture changes in Appointment_c (e.g., rescheduled, cancelled) and push to patient mobile app.

Capture HealthRecord updates and sync with external hospital EHR system.

G. Salesforce Connect

Purpose: Allow read-only access to external data without importing it into Salesforce.

Examples:

View **real-time insurance claims** from external insurance system.

View **lab reports** stored in external databases.

H. API Limits

Purpose: Monitor API usage and optimize performance.

Examples:

Set batch callouts for wearable data sync to avoid exceeding limits.

Use **Bulk API** for large health data uploads (e.g., 10,000+ records from hospital systems).

I. OAuth & Authentication

Purpose: Provide secure external access for patient and doctor portals.

Examples:

Patients log in via **OAuth-based authentication** to view appointments.

Doctors access mobile app securely using **OAuth tokens** linked with Salesforce users.

J. Remote Site Settings

Purpose: Authorize Salesforce to connect with specific external domains.

Examples:

Add api.hospital-lab.com for lab report integration.

Add api.fitness-device.com for wearable device data sync.

4. Benefits of Integration & External Access

Seamless hospital operations by connecting lab, pharmacy, insurance, and wearable systems.

Improved patient experience with real-time updates on appointments, prescriptions, and health records.

Scalability to support multiple hospitals and clinics.

Secure access through OAuth and controlled API exposure.

Phase 7 Deliverable:

Configured Named Credentials and Remote Site Settings.

Integrated external APIs (Lab, Pharmacy, Wearable Devices).

Implemented Platform Events and CDC for real-time sync.

Secured external access via OAuth authentication.

Enabled Salesforce Connect for viewing external data.

This sets the stage for Phase 8: Data Management & Deployment.