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## **WORKING WITH TRIGGER**

## **Initial:**

```
CREATE TABLE orders (
  order_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  item_id NUMBER,
  quantity NUMBER,
  order_date DATE,
  running_total NUMBER,
  user_id NUMBER,
 FOREIGN KEY (item_id) REFERENCES items(item_id)
);
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_date, running_total, user_id)
VALUES (1, 1, 20, SYSDATE, 20, 101);
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_date, running_total, user_id)
VALUES (2, 2, 30, SYSDATE, 50, 102);
CREATE TABLE items (
  item_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  item_name VARCHAR2(50),
  stock_level NUMBER,
  pending_orders NUMBER DEFAULT 0
);
INSERT INTO items (item_id, item_name, stock_level, pending_orders)
VALUES (1, 'Item A', 100, 0);
INSERT INTO items (item_id, item_name, stock_level, pending_orders)
VALUES (2, 'Item B', 50, 0);
INSERT INTO items (item_id, item_name, stock_level, pending_orders)
VALUES (3, 'Item C', 150, 0);
```

```
CREATE TABLE audit_log (
log_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
table_name VARCHAR2(50),
operation VARCHAR2(10),
change_time TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
user_id NUMBER,
details VARCHAR2(200)
);

CREATE SEQUENCE audit_log_seq
START WITH 1
INCREMENT BY 1;
```

## 1. Program 1

Write a code in PL/SQL to develop a trigger that enforces referential integrity by preventing the deletion of a parent record if child records exist.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_parent_delete

BEFORE DELETE ON items

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

    child_count NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO child_count FROM orders

WHERE item_id = :OLD.item_id;

IF child_count > 0 THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot delete item; dependent orders exist.');

END IF;

END; /
```

**2.** Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific column and raises an exception if found.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER check_for_duplicates

BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON orders

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

duplicate_count NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO duplicate_count FROM orders

WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id AND order_id != :NEW.order_id;

IF duplicate_count > 0 THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20002, 'Duplicate item entry found in orders.');

END IF;

END; /
```

**3.** Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that restricts the insertion of new rows if the total of a column's values exceeds a certain threshold.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER restrict_insertion

BEFORE INSERT ON orders

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

total_quantity NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT SUM(quantity) INTO total_quantity FROM orders;

IF (total_quantity + :NEW.quantity) > 500 THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20003, 'Cannot insert order; total END IF;

END; /
```

quantity exceeds threshold.');

END IF;

END; /

**4.** Write a code in PL/SQL to design a trigger that captures changes made to specific columns and logs them in an audit table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER log_changes

AFTER UPDATE ON orders

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

INSERT INTO audit_log (log_id, table_name, operation, user_id, details) VALUES (audit_log_seq.NEXTVAL, 'orders', 'UPDATE', :NEW.user_id, 'Order' || :NEW.order_id || ' changed from ' || :OLD.quantity || ' to ' || :NEW.quantity );

END; /
```

**5.** Write a code in PL/SQL to implement a trigger that records user activity (inserts, updates, deletes) in an audit log for a given set of tables.

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER log\_user\_activity

AFTER INSERT OR DELETE OR UPDATE ON orders

FOR EACH ROW

**BEGIN** 

INSERT INTO audit\_log (log\_id, table\_name, operation, user\_id, details) VALUES (audit\_log\_seq.NEXTVAL, 'orders',

CASE

WHEN INSERTING THEN 'INSERT' WHEN UPDATING THEN 'UPDATE'

WHEN DELETING THEN 'DELETE'

END,

NVL(:NEW.user\_id,:OLD.user\_id), 'User action recorded on order ' || NVL(:NEW.order\_id,:OLD.order\_id));

END; /

**7.** Write a code in PL/SQL to implement a trigger that automatically calculates and updates a running total column for a table whenever new rows are inserted.

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update\_running\_total

AFTER INSERT ON orders

FOR EACH ROW

**BEGIN** 

UPDATE orders SET running\_total = (SELECT SUM(quantity) FROM orders)
WHERE order\_id = :NEW.order\_id;

END; /

**8.** Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that validates the availability of items before allowing an order to be placed, considering stock levels and pending orders

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER validate\_item\_availability

BEFORE INSERT ON orders

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

available\_stock NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT stock\_level - pending\_orders INTO available\_stock FROM items

WHERE item\_id = :NEW.item\_id;

IF :NEW.quantity > available\_stock THEN

RAISE\_APPLICATION\_ERROR(-20004, 'Insufficient stock available for the order.');

END IF;

UPDATE items SET pending\_orders = pending\_orders + :NEW.quantity

WHERE item\_id = :NEW.item\_id;

Result:

END; /

The given programs are performed successfully.