(/) Sprints

Simple ATM Machine

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Contents

INTROI	DUCTION	1
High Le	vel Design	1
01)	Layered Architecture	1
02)	Modules Description	2
03)	Drivers' Documentation	3
MCAL Layer		
•	DIO	3
•	Timer 0	4
•	EXTINT:	5
•	12C:	6
•	UART:	8
•	SPI:	9
HA	L Layer:	10
•	Keypad	10
	HTimer:	11
	HLCD	12
	Buzzer	13
	Button	13
	HEXT_INT	14
•	HSPI	14
•	EEPROM:	15
Ca	rd_Database Layer (CARD MCU)	17
AT	M_MODULE Layer (ATM MCU)	18
	ATM:	18
	Database_check:	19
Ap	plication Layer:	20
	Card MCU	20
•	ATM MCU	20
Low Lev	vel Design	21
MO	CAL Layer:	21
•	DIO	21



•	Timer:	24
•	EXTINT:	26
•	UART:	29
•	SPI:	33
•	I2C:	34
HA]	L Layer	38
•	HTimer0	38
•	HSPI	39
•	LCD	40
•	Keypad	47
•	Buzzer	50
•	HEXTINT:	51
•	Button:	52
•	EEPROM	53
Car	rd_Database Layer (CARD MCU)	58
•	Database_check:	63
•	ATM Module	68
App	plication Layer:	73
•	Card App	73
•	ATM Ann	73



Figure 1: Project Layered Architecture	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 2 DIO_s8SETPinDir Flow Chart	21
Figure 3 DIO_s8SETPinVal Flow chart	22
Figure 4 DIO_s8GETPinVal Flow Chart	23
Figure 5 TIM0_Init Flow Chart	24
Figure 6 TIMO_Start Flow Chart	24
Figure 7 TIMO_Stop Flow Chart	24
Figure 8 TIM0 remaining Flow Charts	25
Figure 15 HTIMO_SyncDelay Flow Chart	38
Figure 16 HTIMO_AsyncDelay and EndDelay	38
Figure 17 HLCD_vidInit Flow Chart	40
Figure 18 HLCD_vidWritecmd Flow Chart	41
Figure 19 HLCD_vidWriteChar Flow Chart	41
Figure 20 HLCD_ClrDisplay Flow Chart	42
Figure 21 HLCD_gotoXY Flow Chart	43
Figure 22 HLCD_WriteString Flow Chart	44
Figure 23 HLCD_WriteInt Flow Chart	45
Figure 24 HLCD_vidCreatCustomChar Flow Chart	46
Figure 25 KEYPAD_Init Flow Chart	47
Figure 26 KEYPAD_CheckRx Flow Chart	48
Figure 27 GetButton Flow Chart	49
Figure 28 Buzzer Init & SetState Flow Charts	50
Figure 30 App. APIs Flow Charts	73
Figure 31 APP_Start & App States Flow Charts	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 32 Cont. Ann States Flow Charts	Frrort Bookmark not defined

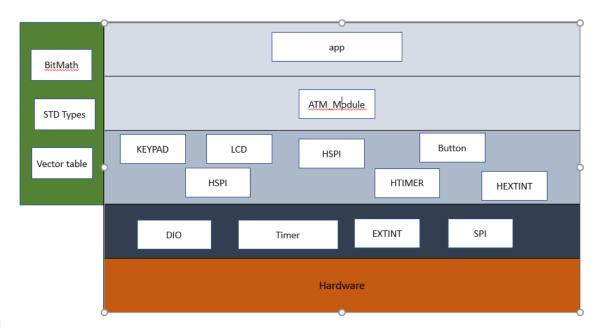


INTRODUCTION

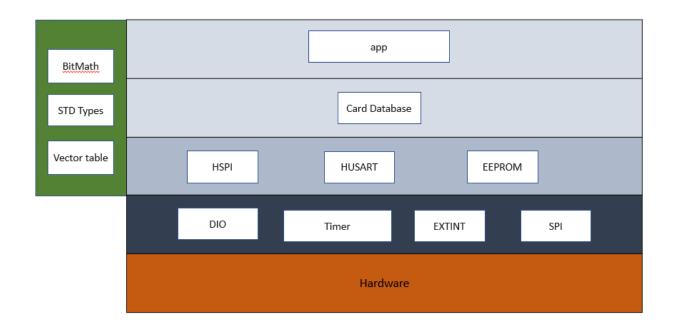
High Level Design

01) Layered Architecture





CARD MCU



02) Modules Description

MCAL Layer:

- **DIO:** For controlling GPIO pins
- **Timer:** Provides an interface with timer 0 low-level capabilities.
- **EXTINT:** it controls three external hardware interrupts on pins PD2, PD3, and PB2 which are referred to as INT0, INT1, and INT2 respectively
- **USART:** Enables MCU to communicate using serial protocols.
- **SPI:** Provides interface with SPI's low-level functionalities.
- **I2C:** Handles the i2c address oriented, multi-master, multi-slave communication.

HAL Layer:

- **Keypad:** Deal with a set of buttons arranged in a block. The 3 x 3 matrix keypad usually is used as input in a project
- LCD: Use for display data
- **Buzzer:** Simple module to control a buzzer.
- **HTimer:** Provides high-level functions using the lower-level timer 0 module capabilities.
- **H_EXT_INT:** Provides middle ware layer between app and external interrupt in MCAL.
- **HUSART:** Provides middle ware layer between app and UART in MCAL.
- **HSPI:** Provides high-level functionalities for using SPI communication.
- **EEPROM:** Enables MCU to interface with external EEPROM using i2c.
- **Button:** Interface with button to get its state (Enter/Zero).
- **Buzzer:** Enables MCU to control any given buzzer.

Service Layer:

- **STD_Types:** Contains all the standard types used by all the layers.
- **BIT_Math:** Provides bit-wise operations.
- **Vect_table:** Contains all interrupt vectors and provides macros for dealing with general interrupt.

Application Layer:

Contains the main logic of the project.

03) Drivers' Documentation

MCAL Layer

• DIO * AUTHOR : <u>Bassel Yasser</u> * Function : DIO_s8SETPinDir * Description : Set Pin Direction * Arguments : - enPinCopy {DIO_PINA_0..., DIO_PIND_7} - enPortDir {INPUT , OUTPUT} * Return : Sint8_t Sint8_t DIO_s8SETPinDir (enu_pin enPinCopy, enu_dir enPortDir) * AUTHOR * Function : Bassel Yasser : DIO_s8SETPinVal * Description : Set Pin Value * Arguments : - enPinCopy {DIO_PINA_0...., DIO_PIND_7} - enPortDir {HIGH , LOW} * Return : Sint8 t Sint8_t DIO_s8SETPinVal (enu_pin enPinCopy, enu_val enPortVal) * AUTHOR : Bassel Yasser

* Function : DIO_s8GETPinVal

* Description : Set Pin Value * Arguments : - enPinCopy {DIO_PINA_0..., DIO_PIND_7} - pu8Val address of variable that u want to save value on it * Return : Sint8 t Sint8_t DIO_s8GETPinVal (enu_pin enPinCopy, Uint8_t* pu8Val)



• Timer 0

```
/**
* \brief Initialize the timer with given mode
* \param u8_a_Mode
* \return en_TIMErrorState_t
en TIMErrorState t TIMO voidInit(en TIMMode t u8 a Mode);
/**
* \brief Start the timer clock after prescaling it with given value
* \param u8_a_prescaler
* \return en_TIMErrorState_t
en TIMErrorState t TIMO Start(en TIM CLK SELECT t u8 a prescaler);
/**
* \brief Function to stop timer 0
* \return void
*/
void TIM0 Stop();
* \brief Set the timer to start from a certain value
* \param u8 a FlagValue The value to start the timer from
* \return void
void TIM0_SetValue(Uchar8_t u8_a_startValue);
* \brief Function to get the value of the overflow flag of timer 0
* \param u8_a_FlagValue reference to a variable to store flag value *
* \return en_TIMErrorState_t
en_TIMErrorState_t TIMO_GetOVF(Uchar8_t* u8_a_FlagValue);
/**
* \brief Function to clear timer 0 overflow flag
* \return void
*/
void TIMO_ClearOVF(void);
/**
* \brief Function to get the timer state (running/stopped)
* \param u8 a State reference to a variable to store timer state
* \return en_TIMErrorState_t
en_TIMErrorState_t TIMO_GetState(en_TIMState_t* u8_a_State);
/**
^{*} \brief Function to set a function to call when the timer0
         Overflow Interrupt is triggered
* \param pv_a_CallbackFn reference to the function to call
 * \return en_TIMErrorState_t
```



• EXTINT:

```
// EXT_INT TYPEDEFS
typedef enum EN EXTINT ERROR {
      EXTINT OK=0,
      EXTINT NOT OK
}EN_EXTINT_ERROR;
typedef enum EN_Sence_Control {
      LOW LEVEL=0,
      FALLING EDGE,
      RISING EDGE,
      ANY_LOGICAL_CHANGE
}EN_Sence_Control;
typedef enum EN EXINT NUMBER{
      EXTINT0=0,
       EXTINT1,
      EXTINT2,
}EN_EXINT_NUMBER;
typedef enum EN_GLOBAL_INT{
      DISABLE=0,
      ENABLE
}EN_GLOBAL_INT;
// EXT_INT prototypes
Description : This function initializes the GLOBAL_INTERRUPT
ARGS : takes the state ( ENABLE OR DISABLE )
          : return EXTINT_OK if the PIN initializes correctly, EXTINT_NOT_OK otherwise
EN EXTINT ERROR SET GLOBAL INTERRUPT(EN GLOBAL INT state);
Description: This function initializes the external interrupt number and it's detecting
            : takes the EXINT_NUMBER( INT0,INT1 OR INT2) and sense control.
ARGS
            : return EXTINT OK if the EXINT NUMBER initializes correctly, EXTINT NOT OK
return
otherwise
*/
EN_EXTINT_ERROR EXTINT_init(EN_EXINT_NUMBER INTx ,EN_Sence_Control INTxSense);
Description : This function takes the external interrupt number and initialize call back
function.
            : takes the EXINT NUMBER( INTO, INT1 OR INT2) and pointer to the function we
ARGS
want to execute.
          : return EXTINT_OK if the EXINT_NUMBER initializes correctly, EXTINT_NOT_OK
return
otherwise
EN EXTINT ERROR EXTINT CallBack(EN EXINT NUMBER INTx,void(*ptrfunc)(void));
```



• I2C:

```
01- i2c_init_master()
/* -----
* @<u>func</u> : I2C master Initialization
* @in
   : void
* @out : void
void i2c_init_master(void);
/*
      02- i2c init slaver()
/* -----
* @<u>func</u> : I2C slave Initialization
   : void
* @in
* @out : void
void i2c_init_slave (void);
03- i2c_start()
/*
* @func : Send start condition
   : void
* @in
* @out
   : void
void i2c_start(void);
/*
       04- i2c_repeated_start()
/* -----
* @func : Send repeated start condition
* @in
   : void
* @out
   : void
*************************************
void i2c_repeated_start(void);
```



```
05- i2c_send_slave_address_with_write_req()
* @func
         : send write request from master to slave
* @in[1]
         : slave address
                - Slave address that you want to write on it
* @out
          : void
void i2c_send_slave_address_with_write_req(Uint8_t slave_address);
06- i2c send slave address with read req()
* @func
         : send read request from master to slave
* @in[1]
         : slave address
                - Slave address that you want to read from it
* @out : void
            **********************
void i2c_send_slave_address_with_read_req(Uint8_t slave_address);
07- i2c_write_byte()
/* -----
         : Write data to slave
* @in[1]
         : byte
                - write data that u need to send
* @out
          : void
void i2c_write_byte(Uint8_t byte);
08- i2c_read_byte()
* @func : read data from slave
      : void
* @out : returned data
              ***********************
Uint8_t i2c_read_byte(void);
09- i2c stop()
  */
* @func
      : Send Stop condition
* @in
      : void
* @out
       : void
void i2c_stop(void);
```



• UART:

```
typedef enum EN USART ERROR{
   USART OK=0,
   USART NOT OK
}EN USART ERROR;
/*
       : USART init
Description: This function initializes USART Module with selected options in
USART.cfg file.
Args : Void (all options defined as macros).
return : Std ReturnType (E OK) if Module initializes Correctly, (E NOT OK) otherwise.
EN_USART_ERROR USART_init(void);
/*
Name : USART sendData
Description: This function Send Data To Receiver (we can change size of data from
USART.cfg file) we select 8 bits data size.
Args : take one argument (data to be sent) must be same size as the size we select
in Initialization function.
return : Std ReturnType (E OK) if module sent data Correctly, (E NOT OK) otherwise.
*/
EN_USART_ERROR USART_sendData(Uchar8_t data);
/*
Name
       : USART receiveData
Description : This function Receive Data from sender (we can change size of data from
USART.cfg file) we select 8 bits data size.
Args : void
return : data received. must be same size as the size we select in Initialization
function.
Uchar8_t USART_receiveData(void);
/*
     : USART_sendSTRING
Description : This function send array of data To Receiver. (we can change size of
data from USART.cfg file) we select 8 bits data size.
Args : pointer to the array of data to be sent
return : void
*/
void USART_sendSTRING(Uchar8_t * str);
/*
Name : USART receiveSTRING
Description: This function receive data from sender and store it in array.
Args : pointer to the array to store data received in it and size of data.
return : void
void USART receiveSTRING(Uchar8 t * str,Uchar8 t size);
```



• SPI:

```
/**
 * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Initialize the MCU as the Master
       in SPI communication
 * \return void
*/
void SPI_MasterInit(void);
 * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Initialize the MCU as a slave
         in SPI communication
 * \return void
void SPI SlaveInit(void);
/**
 * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Sets the value of the SPI data register
* \param u8_a_data: Desired value
 * \return void
 */
void SPI_SetValue(Uchar8_t u8_a_data);
 * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Exchange a letter with selected slave
 * \param u8_a_character: Character to send
 * \param pu8_a_receivedChar: Pointer to character to store received value
 * \return en_SPI_ErrorState_t
en_SPI_ErrorState_t SPI_TranscieveChar(Uchar8_t u8_a_character, Uchar8_t*
pu8_a_receivedChar);
/**
 * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Exchange a letter with selected slave
* \param u8_a_character: Character to send
 * \param pu8_a_receivedChar: Pointer to character to store received value
 * \return en SPI ErrorState t
en_SPI_ErrorState_t SPI_SlaveTranscieve(Uchar8_t u8_a_character, Uchar8_t*
pu8 a receivedChar);
/**
* (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Set a notification function for the SPI Interrupt
 * \param pv a CallbackFn: reference to the function to callback
                           when the SPI Interrupt is triggered
 * \return en_SPI_ErrorState_t
en_SPI_ErrorState_t SPI_SetCallback(void (*pv_a_CallbackFn)(void));
```



HAL Layer:

Keypad

```
// Macros
#define R1 DIO_PINC_2
#define R2 DIO_PINC_3
#define R3 DIO_PINC_4
#define C1
         DIO PINC 5
#define C2
           DIO PINC 6
#define C3
          DIO_PINC_7
// user defined datatypes
typedef enum EN_KEYPAD_BTNS
  KEY_1=0,
  KEY_2,
  KEY 3,
  KEY 4T,
  KEY_5,
  KEY_6,
  KEY_7,
  KEY_8,
  KEY_9,
  KEY_NOTHING
}EN_KEYPAD_BTNS;
// functions prototypes
/**********************************
Name : KEYPAD init()
Description : This Function Initializes keypad pins (Rows are outputs & Columns are
inputs).
ARGS : void
return : void
************************************
********************
void KEYPAD_init(void);
***************
Name : KEYPAD GetButton
Description: This Function loops over other three functions (Checks (R1,R2,R3)).
ARGS : void
return: the pressed key or Nothing pressed
*************************************
*******************
EN KEYPAD BTNS KEYPAD GetButton(void);
*********
```



```
Name : KEYPAD_checkR1 , KEYPAD_checkR2, KEYPAD_checkR3
Description : functions are checking the entire row if it pressed or
not.
ARGS : void
return : the pressed key or Nothing pressed

*************************

EN_KEYPAD_BINS KEYPAD_checkR1(void);
EN_KEYPAD_BINS KEYPAD_checkR2(void);
EN_KEYPAD_BINS KEYPAD_checkR3(void);
```

HTimer:

```
/**
* \brief Generate Synchronous delay (busy waiting)*
 * \param Copy_delayTime Desired delay
 * \param Copy timeUnit Time units (Seconds, mSeconds, uSeconds)
 * \return en HTIMErrorState t
en_HTIMErrorState_t TIMO_SyncDelay(Uint32_t u32_a_delay, en_timeUnits_t
u8 a timeUnit);
* \brief Generates delay asynchronously
* \param u32_a_delay desired delay
* \param u8 a timeUnit delay time units
 * \param Copy_pvCallbackFn function to call when delay is complete
 * \return en_TIMErrorState_t
en_HTIMErrorState_t TIMO_AsyncDelay(Uint32_t u32_a_delay, en_timeUnits_t
u8_a_timeUnit, void (*Copy_pvCallbackFn)(void));
 * \brief Function to end a delay asynchronously
* To Stop Async Delay: No Restrictions
 * To Stop Sync Delay: should only be called in an ISR/Callback function
 * \return void
 */
void TIMO_AsyncEndDelay();
```



HLCD

```
* function : HLCD vidInit
    * description : <u>func</u> to set LCD initialization
    * input param : void
    * return
                   : void
    * */
   void HLCD_vidInit(void)
* function
                   : HLCD vidWritecmd
* description
                   : func to configure some commands on lcd
 * input param
                                 u8commandCopy --> take lcd cmd instructions from
instruction table
<https://components101.com/sites/default/files/component datasheet/16x2%20LCD%20Datas</pre>
heet.pdf>
* return
                    : void
* */
   void HLCD_vidWritecmd(Uint8_t u8commandCopy)
/*
* function
                   : HLCD_vidWriteChar
* description : <u>func</u> to write char on <u>lcd</u>

* input <u>param</u> : u8CharCopy -> take <u>ascii</u> code of char or char address on
CGROM
 * return
               : void
* */
   void HLCD_vidWriteChar(Uint8_t u8CharCopy)
/*
                  : HLCD ClrDisplay
 * function
* description
                  : <u>func</u> to clear anything on <u>lcd</u>
                  : void
 * input param
 * return
                    : void
 * */
   void HLCD ClrDisplay(void)
 * function
                    : HLCD_gotoXY
* description : func to determine position which char print at this position on
<u>lcd</u> ### NOTE : (2rows x 16coloms)
 * input param
                :
                             row -> take row number 0 or 1
                             pos -> take colom number from 0 ~ 16
 * return
                    : void
   void HLCD_gotoXY(Uint8_t row, Uint8_t pos)
* function
                    : HLCD_WriteString
                  : func to write string on lcd
 * description
                  : str --> which take string as argument
 * input param
* return
                  : void
   void HLCD_WriteString(Uint8_t* str)
```



```
* function
                   : HLCD WriteInt
 * description
                  : <u>func</u> to write integer number on <u>lcd</u>
 * input param
                  : number --> which take number as argument
 * return
                    : void
   void HLCD_WriteInt(Uint32_t number)
* function
                   : HLCD vidCreatCustomChar
* description
                   : func to store new patterm on CGRAM
 * input param
                            pu8custom -> take pointer to array which having LCD
Custom Character Generated data ### take only 8 characters
                            u8Location -> determine location on CGRAM [0 ~ 8]
* return
                    : void
   void HLCD_vidCreatCustomChar(Uint8_t* pu8custom, Uint8_t u8Location)
* (Author: Alaa Hisham)
* \brief Display floating point number on LCD
* \param f32 a number: number to display
* \return void
void HLCD_DisplayFloat(float32_t f32_a_number);

    Buzzer

   /**
    * \brief Initialize buzzer pin as output
    * \param pst_a_buzzer reference to buzzer
    * \return void
    */
   void BUZ_Init(st_Buzzer_t* pst_a_buzzer);
   /**
    * \brief Turn the buzzer on/off
    * \param pst_a_buzzer reference to buzzer
    * \param u16_a_state BUZ_ON (or) BUZ_OFF
    * \return en_BuzzerErrorState_t
   en BuzzerErrorState_t BUZ_SetState(st_Buzzer_t* pst_a_buzzer, en_BuzzerState_t
   en_a_state);
 Button
   /*
   * AUTHOR
                          : Bassel Yasser Mahmoud
   * FUNCTION
                            : HButton_Init
   * DESCRIPTION
                          : Initialize specified pin as input and pull up
   * RETURN
                          : enu buttonError t {BUTTON NOK, BUTTON OK}
   */
   enu buttonError t HButton_Init(enu pin en pinx);
```

```
/*
* AUTHOR
                          : Bassel Yasser Mahmoud
* FUNCTION
                          : HButton ExtIntInit
* DESCRIPTION : Initialize specified as pull up for external interrupt
* RETURN
                           : enu buttonError t {BUTTON NOK, BUTTON OK}
   enu buttonError t HButton_ExtIntInit(enu pin en pinx);
/*
* AUTHOR
                           : Bassel Yasser Mahmoud
* FUNCTION
                          : HButton getPinVal
                    : Get pin status if it is high or low
* DESCRIPTION
* RETURN
                          : enu buttonError t {BUTTON NOK, BUTTON OK}
   enu buttonError t HButton getPinVal(enu pin en pinx, Uint8 t* pu8 refVal );
Description: This function initializes the external interrupt number and it's detecting
type and initialize call back function.
ARGS : takes the EXINT_NUMBER( INT0,INT1 OR INT2) and sense control and and
pointer to the function we want to execute when interrupt occurs.
          : return EXTINT_OK if the EXINT_NUMBER initializes correctly, EXTINT_NOT_OK
otherwise
*/
EN EXTINT ERROR H EXTINT create(EN EXINT NUMBER INTx ,EN Sence Control
INTxSense,void(*ptrfunc)(void));

    HEXT INT

   Description : This function initializes the external interrupt number and it's
   detecting type and initialize call back function.
              : takes the EXINT_NUMBER( INT0,INT1 OR INT2) and sense control and and
   pointer to the function we want to execute when interrupt occurs.
   return : return EXTINT_OK if the EXINT_NUMBER initializes correctly,
   EXTINT_NOT_OK otherwise
   EN_EXTINT_ERROR H_EXTINT_create(EN_EXINT_NUMBER INTx ,EN_Sence_Control
   INTxSense, void(*ptrfunc)(void));

    HSPI

   /**
    * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
    * \brief Initialize the MCU as the Master in SPI communication
    * \return void
    */
   void HSPI_MasterInit(void);
    * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
    * \brief Initialize the MCU as a slave in SPI communication
    * \return void
   void HSPI SlaveInit(void);
```



```
/**
    * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
    * \brief Function to send a single character
    * \param u8_a_character character to send
    * \return void
    */
   void HSPI_SendChar(Uchar8_t u8_a_character);
    * \brief Receive data in the given buffer
    * \param pu8_a_data: reference to buffer to store received data
    * \param u8 a DataSize: Size (length) of data to receive
    * \return void
    */
   void HSPI ReceiveData(Uchar8 t *pu8 a data, Uchar8 t u8 a DataSize);
   /**
    * \brief Send given data byte by byte to selected slave
               and receive data in exchange into given array
    * \param pu8_a_TxDataArr: Reference to array of data to be transmitted
    * \param pu8_a_RxDataArr: Reference to array to store received data
    * \param u8 a DataLen: Length of data to exchange (in bytes)
                                          (Must be less than or equal SPI BUFFER SIZE)
    * \return en_HSPI_ErrorState_t
   en HSPI ErrorState t HSPI ExchangeData(Uchar8 t* pu8 a TxDataArr, Uchar8 t*
   pu8 a RxDataArr, Uchar8 t u8 a DataLen);
   /**
    * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
    * \brief Request to send data to the master
    * \param u8_a_data: data to send
    * \return void
   void HSPI_SlaveRequest(Uchar8_t* pu8_a_dataPtr, Uchar8_t u8_a_DataSize);
   EEPROM:
/** AUTHOR : Sherif Ashraf Khadr
* \brief: This Function Just Call To Initialize I2C as Master
* \param : Void
* \return void
void eeprom_init(void)
```



```
/** AUTHOR : Sherif Ashraf Khadr
* \brief: This Function Call To Make The Sequence Of I2C Frame To Write Byte On A Device
* \param : Uint16_t address : This Is Device Address
                : Uchar8_t data : This Is Data That Will Be Write
* \return void
void eeprom_write_byte(Uint16_t address, Uchar8_t data)
/** AUTHOR : Sherif Ashraf Khadr
* \brief: This Function Call To Make The Sequence Of I2C Frame To Read Byte On A Device
* \param : Uint16_t address : This Is Device Address
* \return Uchar8_t : Function Will Return Uchar8_t Contain The Data
Uchar8_t eeprom_read_byte(Uint16_t address)
/** AUTHOR : Sherif Ashraf Khadr
* \brief: This Function Call When You Need To Write A String In The EEPROM
* \param : Uint16_t address : This Is Device Address
                 : Uchar8_t *str : This Pointer Will Store The Address Of The Array Of The Chars
* \return Void
void eeprom_write_string(Uint16_t Copy_u8Address, const Uchar8_t* str)
/** AUTHOR : Sherif Ashraf Khadr
* \brief: This Function Call When You Need To Read A String From The EEPROM
* \param : Uint16_t address : This Is Device Address
                 : Uchar8_t *str : This Pointer Will Store The Address Of The Array Of The Chars That Will
Return String In It
* \return Void
void eeprom_read_string(Uint16_t Copy_u8Address, Uchar8_t* str)
```



Card_Database Layer (CARD MCU)

```
/*
* AUTHOR
                       : Bassel Yasser Mahmoud
* FUNCTION
                       : APP_terminalPinGet
* DESCRIPTION
                        : Get pin from User within terminal and doing some
validation
* RETURN
                        : en terminalPinGetStatus t {PINGET NOK or PINGET OK}
en terminalPinGetStatus t APP_terminalPinGet(Uchar8 t* arr);
* AUTHOR
                       : Sharpel
* FUNCTION
                       : APP_terminalPanGet
* DESCRIPTION
                        : Get pan from User within terminal and doing some
validation
* RETURN
                       : en terminalPanGetStatus t {PANGET NOK or PANGET OK}
en terminalPanGetStatus t APP terminalPanGet(Uchar8 t* arr);
                    : SaveCardData: Saving PAN and PIN in EEPROM
* FUNCTION
* DESCRIPTION
* RETURN
                       : EN_TerminalDataState {DATA_SAVED, DATA_NSAVED,
DATA_READ, DATA_NREAD}
EN TerminalDataState SaveCardData(Uchar8 t *CardPan, Uchar8 t *CardPin);
                     : ReadCardData: Reading PAN and PIN from EEPROM
* FUNCTION
* DESCRIPTION
* RETURN
                        : EN_TerminalDataState {DATA_SAVED, DATA_NSAVED,
DATA READ, DATA NREAD}
EN TerminalDataState ReadCardData(Uchar8 t *CardPan, Uchar8 t *CardPin);
* FUNCTION
                       : CARD MatchPINs
* DESCRIPTION : Validate if PIN no and Confirmed PIN no is Matched or
not
              : en_CardPinMatchError_t {PIN_Match_NOK, PIN_Match_OK}
 * RETURN
en CardPinMatchError t CARD_MatchPINs();
```



ATM_MODULE Layer (ATM MCU)

• **ATM**:

```
/**
 * \brief Displays welcome routine
 * \return void
void Welcome(void);
/**
* (Author: Sherif Ashraf)
* \brief Check if the pin user enters is the same as the cardholder's pin
* \param pinFromAtm : reference to pin entered by user
 * \param pinFromServer: reference to pin received from card
 * \return EN_PinState
EN PinState PIN checkPinMatching(Uchar8 t *pinFromAtm, Uchar8 t *pinFromServer);
/*
* AUTHOR
                      : Sharpel
* FUNCTION
                       : Get_pin
* DESCRIPTION
                       : get pin from user (on the atm )
                        : pointer to array (the size of array must be 5 or more) to
* ARGS
store entered pin by user
* RETURN
                      : PIN_OK if user enters 4 numbers , PIN_NOT_OK otherwise
EN_PinState Get_pin(Uchar8_t *enteredpin);
/**
* (Author: Sherif Ashraf)
* \brief Locks the system and sound the buzzer
 * \param pst a buzzer: reference to the buzzer
 * \return en_BuzzerErrorState_t
en_BuzzerErrorState_t deinitAtm(st_Buzzer_t* pst_a_buzzer);
 * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
 * \brief Get the card pan and pin
* \param pu8_a_pan: reference to buffer to receive pan from card
* \param pu8_a_pin: reference to buffer to receive pin from card
 * \return EN PinState
EN_PinState ATM_GetCardData(Uchar8_t *pu8_a_pan, Uchar8_t *pu8_a_pin);
/*
* AUTHOR
                      : Sharpel
* FUNCTION
                      : get amount left
                   : get amount from user ( on the atm )
* DESCRIPTION
* ARGS
                        : pointer to array (the size of array must be 8 or more and
equal "0000.00" initial value) to store entered pin by user
* RETURN
                       : void
*/
void get amount left (Uchar8 t * amount);
```

```
/*
   * AUTHOR
                       : Bassel Yasser
   * FUNCTION
                        : EXTINT FUNC
                        : when timer 2 ISR is fire it changes the state of (Enter or
   * DESCRIPTION
   Zero)
                         : void
   * ARGS
                        : void
   * RETURN
   void EXTINT_FUNC(void);
   /**
    * (Author: Alaa Hisham)
    * \brief Carries out the routine for approved card
    * \param f32_a_NewBalance: the balance to display after transaction
    * \return void
    */
   void ATM ApprovedCard(float32 t f32 a NewBalance);
• Database check:
* FUNCTION
                        : isValidPanAccount
* DESCRIPTION
                        : Check If PAN No. Valid or not
* RETURN
                         : EN dataError t {APPROVED
,FRAUD CARD,CARD STOLEN,EXCEED MAX DAILY AMOUNT,INSUFFICIENT FUND, DATA ERROR}
EN_dataError_t isValidPanAccount(Uchar8_t * pan);
* FUNCTION
                         : isRunningAccount
* DESCRIPTION
                         : Checking if card stolen or not
                         : EN dataError t {APPROVED
,FRAUD CARD,CARD STOLEN,EXCEED MAX DAILY AMOUNT,INSUFFICIENT FUND, DATA ERROR}
EN dataError t isRunningAccount(Uchar8 t * pan);
* FUNCTION
                         : isValidAccountAmount
 * DESCRIPTION
                        : Checking if there is INSUFFICIENT FUND or not
* RETURN
                         : EN dataError_t {APPROVED
,FRAUD_CARD,CARD_STOLEN,EXCEED_MAX_DAILY_AMOUNT,INSUFFICIENT_FUND, DATA_ERROR}
EN dataError t isValidAccountAmount(Uchar8 t * pan, Uchar8 t * amount, float32 t
*newAmount);
/*
* FUNCTION
                         : isBelowMaxDailyAmount
 * DESCRIPTION
                        : Checking if transfered money is below limited daily
amount or not
                         : EN dataError t {APPROVED
,FRAUD_CARD,CARD_STOLEN,EXCEED_MAX_DAILY_AMOUNT,INSUFFICIENT_FUND, DATA_ERROR}
EN_dataError_t isBelowMaxDailyAmount(Uchar8_t * amount);
```



Application Layer:

Card MCU

```
/**
 * \brief Initializations of all used peripherals
 * \return void
 */
void APP_Init(void);

/**
 * \brief The main logic of the Card
 * \return void
 */
void APP_Start(void);
```

ATM MCU

```
/**
 * \brief Initializations of all used peripherals
 * \return void
 */
void APP_Init(void);

/**
 * \brief The main logic of the ATM
 * \return void
 */
void APP_Start(void);
```



Low Level Design

MCAL Layer:

• DIO

Sint8_t DIO_s8SETPinDir (enu_pin enPinCopy, enu_dir enPortDir)

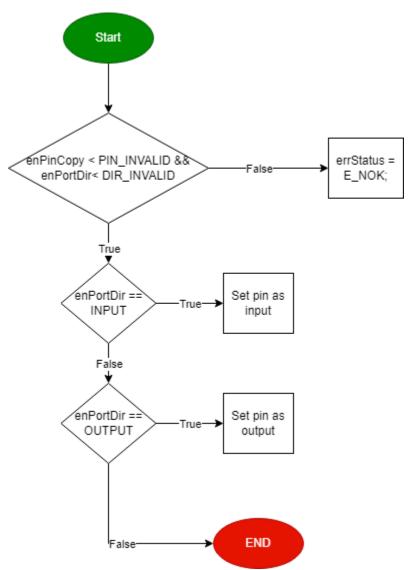


Figure 1 DIO_s8SETPinDir Flow Chart



Sint8_t DIO_s8SETPinVal (enu_pin enPinCopy, enu_val enPortVal)

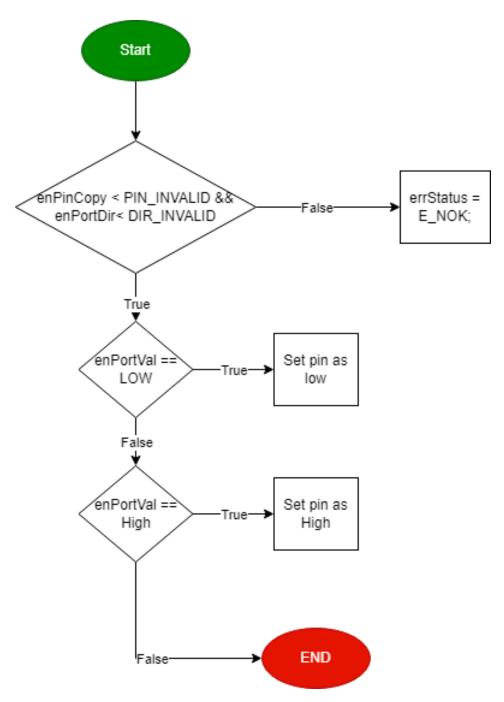


Figure 2 DIO_s8SETPinVal Flow chart



Sint8_t DIO_s8GETPinVal (enu_pin enPinCopy, Uint8_t* pu8Val)

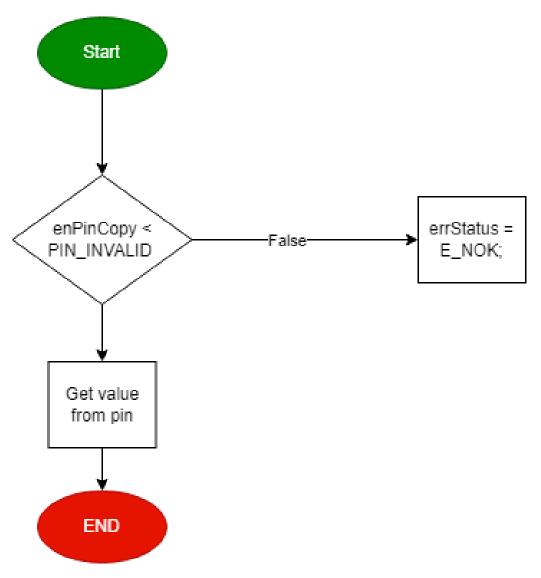


Figure 3 DIO_s8GETPinVal Flow Chart



• Timer:

TIM0_Init

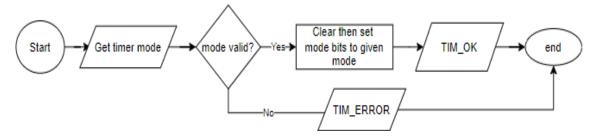


Figure 4 TIMO_Init Flow Chart

TIM0_Start

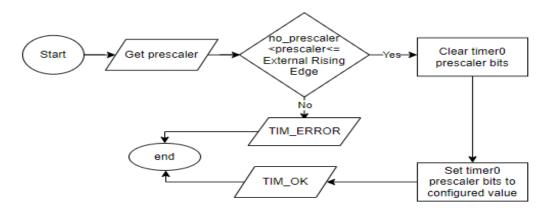


Figure 5 TIMO_Start Flow Chart

TIM0_Stop

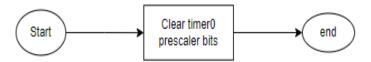
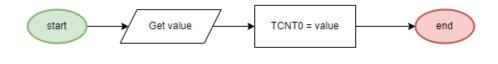
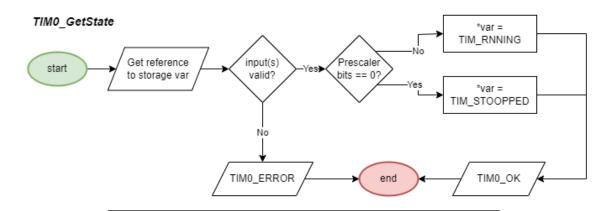


Figure 6 TIMO_Stop Flow Chart

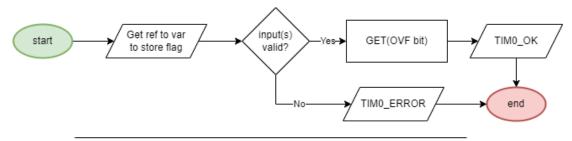


TIM0_SetValue

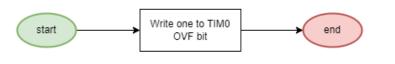




TIM0_GetOVF



TIM0_ClearOVF



TIM0_EnableOVFInt

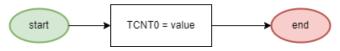
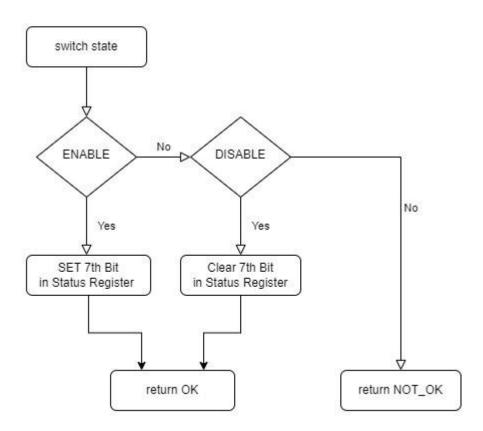


Figure 7 TIM0 remaining Flow Charts

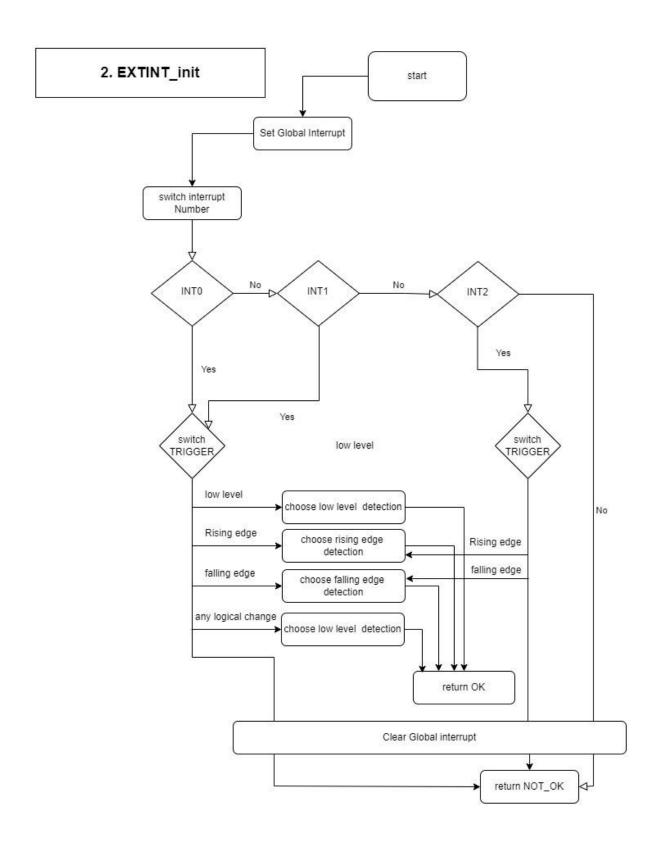


• EXTINT:

1. SET_GLOBAL_INTERRUPT

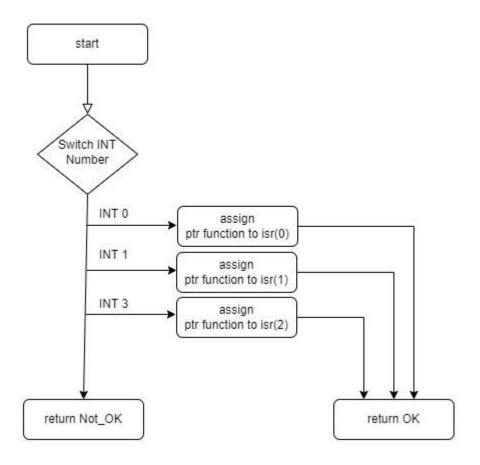








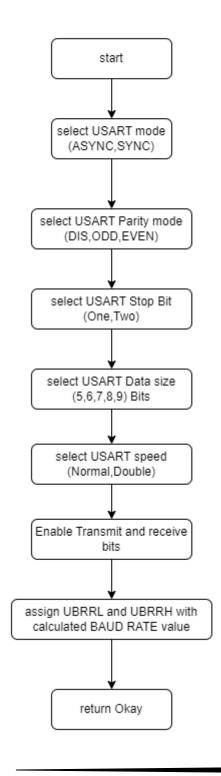
3. EXTINT_CALLBACK





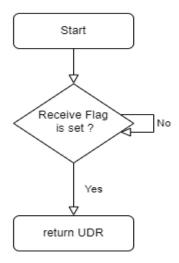
• UART:

USART_init()

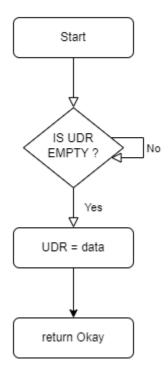




USART_receiveDATA()

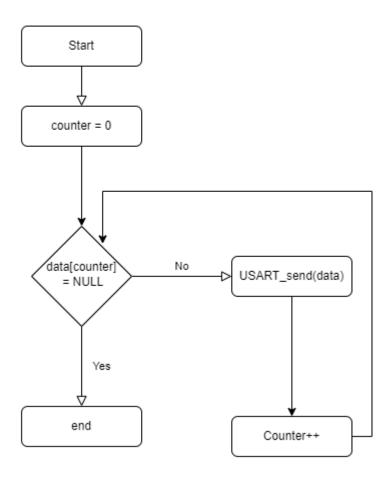


USART_sendData(data)



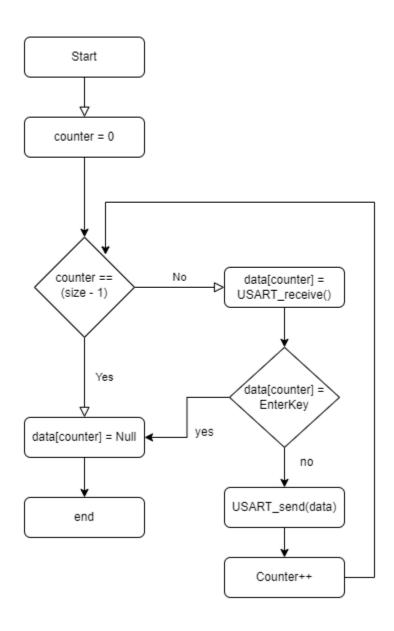


USART_sendString(*data)



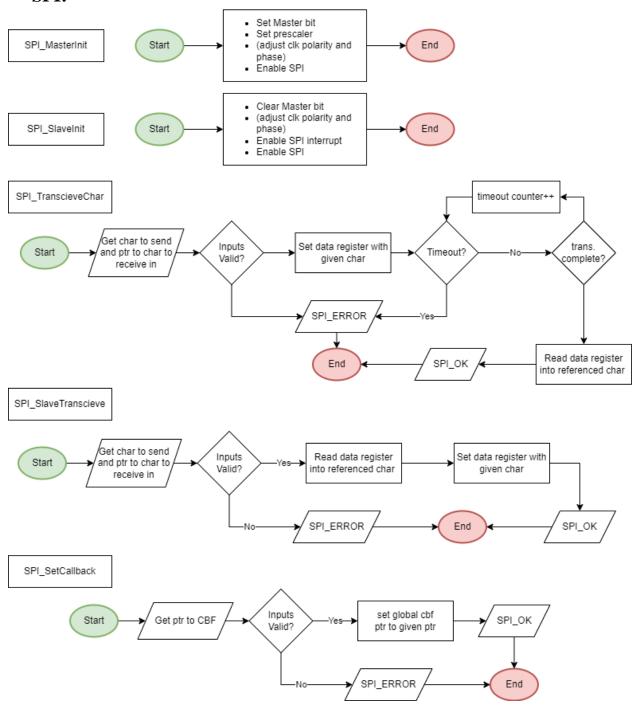


USART_receiveString(*data,Size)





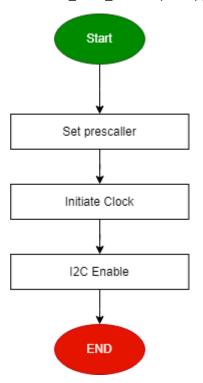
• SPI:



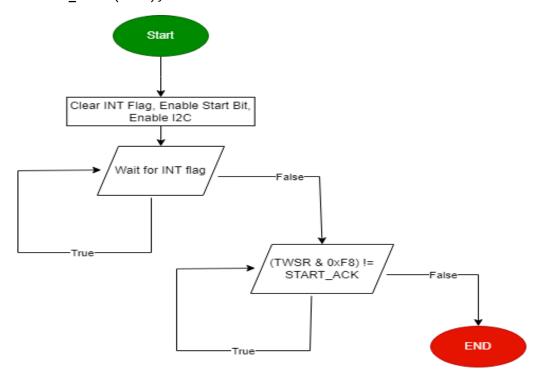


• I2C:

void i2c_init_master(void);

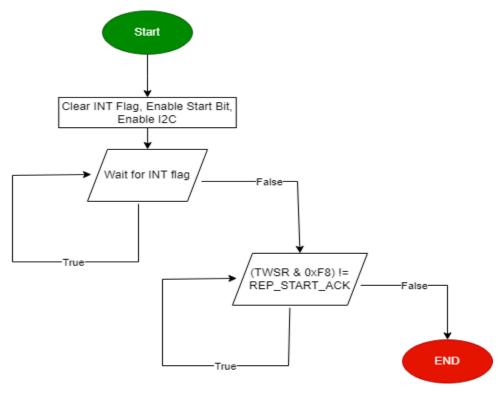


void i2c_start(void);

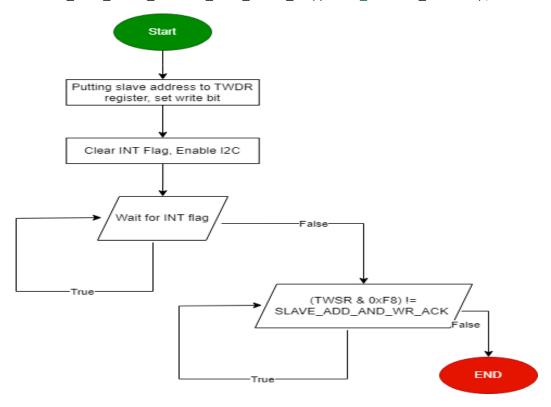




void i2c_repeated_start(void);

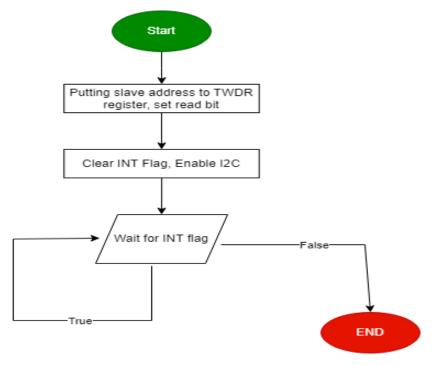


void i2c_send_slave_address_with_write_req(Uint8_t slave_address);

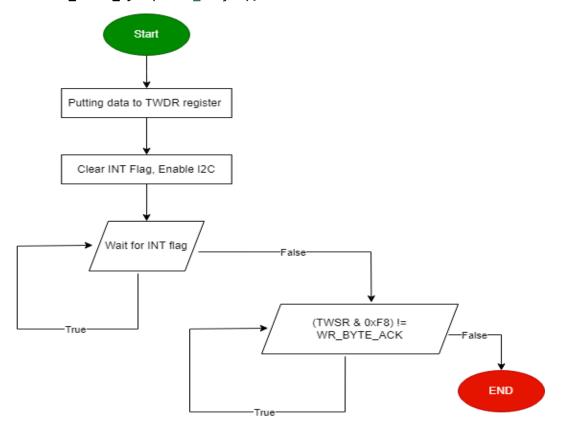




void i2c_send_slave_address_with_read_req(Uint8_t slave_address);

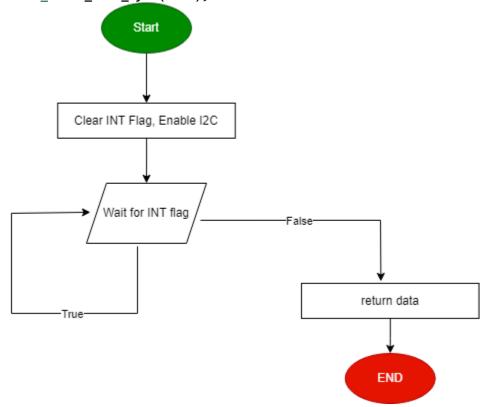


void i2c_write_byte(Uint8_t byte);

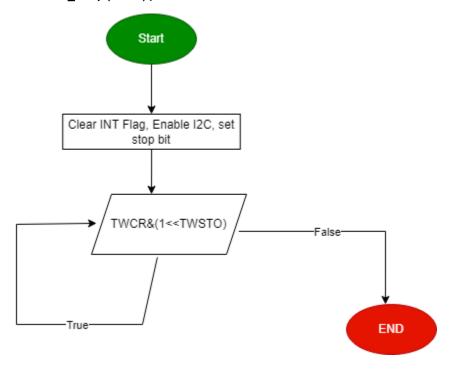




Uint8_t i2c_read_byte(void);



void i2c_stop(void);





HAL Layer

• HTimer0

HTIM0_SyncDelay

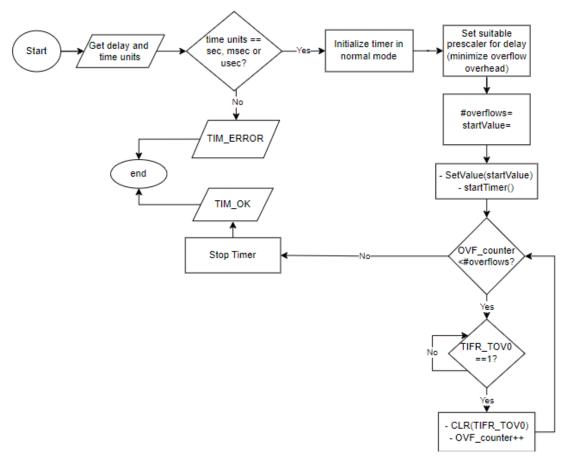


Figure 8 HTIM0_SyncDelay Flow Chart

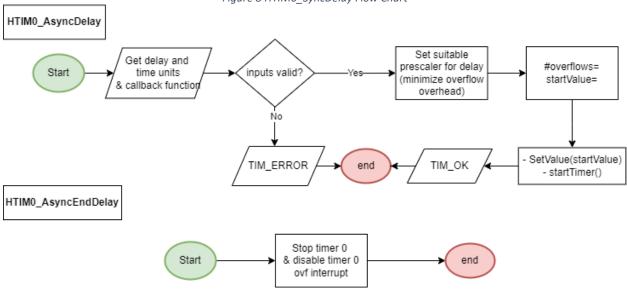
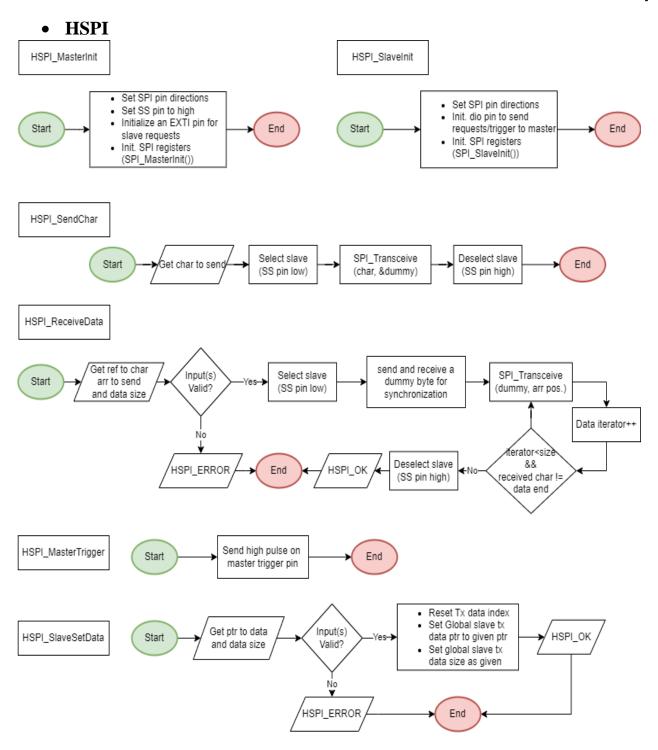


Figure 9 HTIMO_AsyncDelay and EndDelay







• LCD void HLCD_vidInit(void)

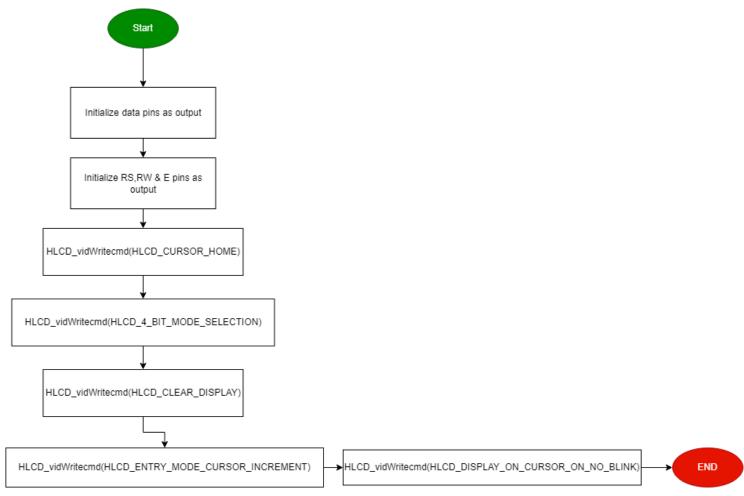


Figure 10 HLCD_vidInit Flow Chart



void HLCD_vidWritecmd(Uint8_t u8commandCopy)

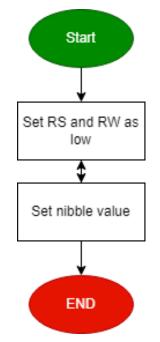


Figure 11 HLCD_vidWritecmd Flow Chart

void HLCD_vidWriteChar(Uint8_t u8CharCopy)

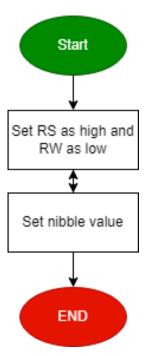


Figure 12 HLCD_vidWriteChar Flow Chart



void HLCD_ClrDisplay(void)

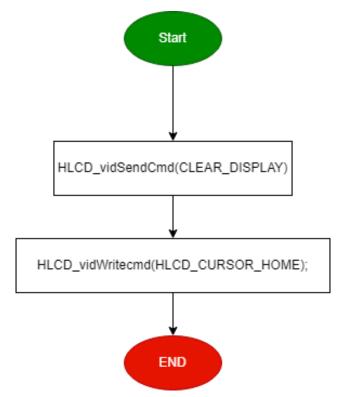


Figure 13 HLCD_ClrDisplay Flow Chart



void HLCD_gotoXY(Uint8_t row, Uint8_t pos)

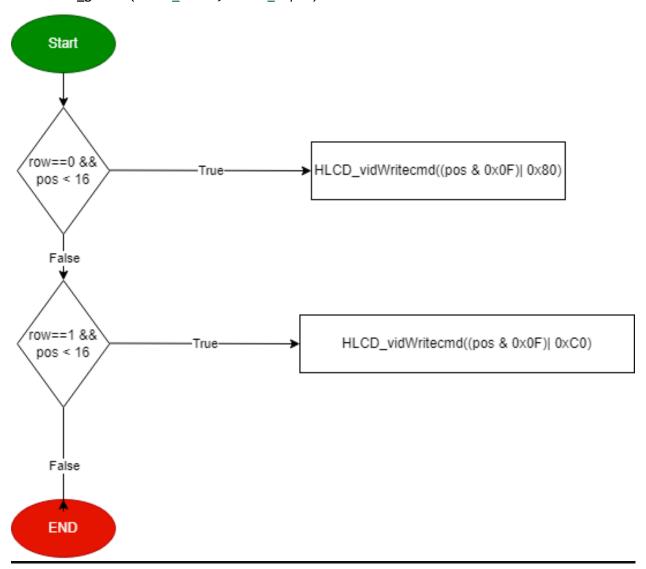


Figure 14 HLCD_gotoXY Flow Chart



void HLCD_WriteString(Uint8_t* str)

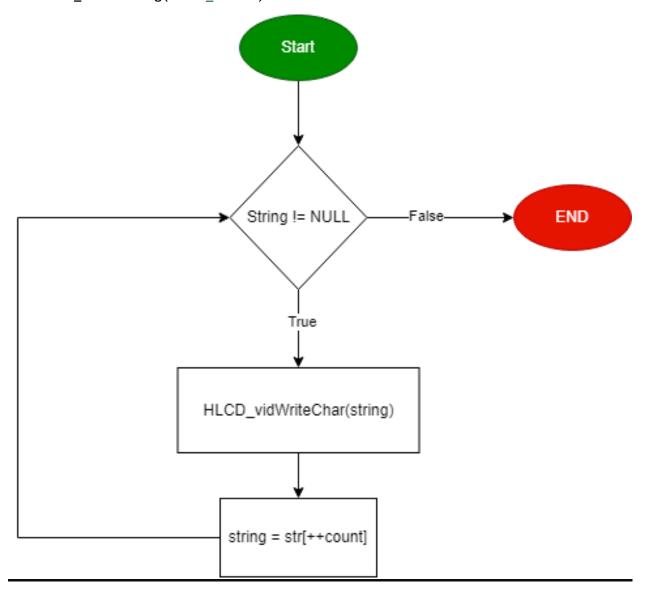


Figure 15 HLCD_WriteString Flow Chart



void HLCD_WriteInt(Uint32_t number)

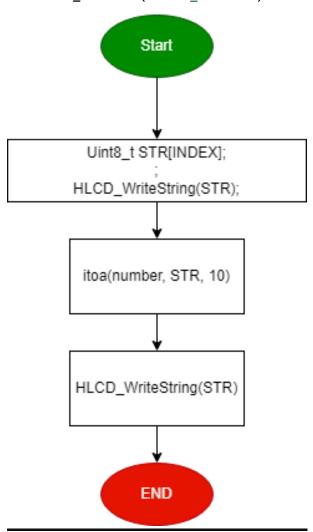


Figure 16 HLCD_WriteInt Flow Chart



void HLCD_vidCreatCustomChar(Uint8_t* pu8custom, Uint8_t u8Location)

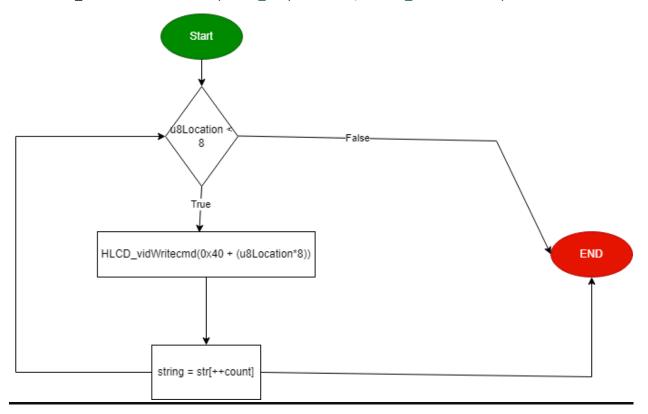
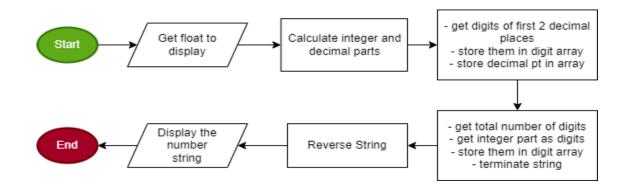


Figure 17 HLCD_vidCreatCustomChar Flow Chart

void HLCD_DisplayFloat(float32_t f32_a_number);





• Keypad

KEYPAD_init(void)

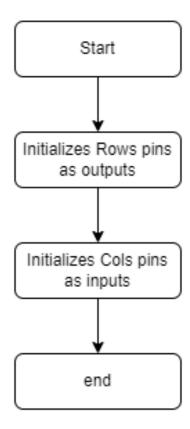


Figure 18 KEYPAD_Init Flow Chart



KEYPAD_CheckRx(void) x here (1.2.3)

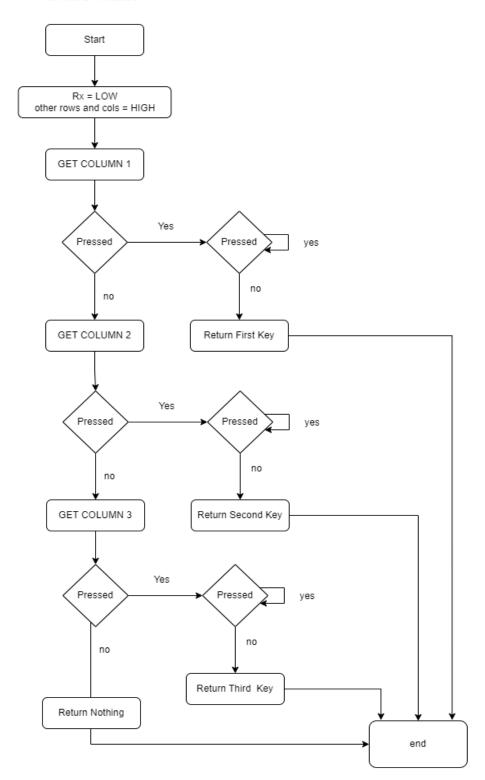


Figure 19 KEYPAD_CheckRx Flow Chart



GetButton(void)

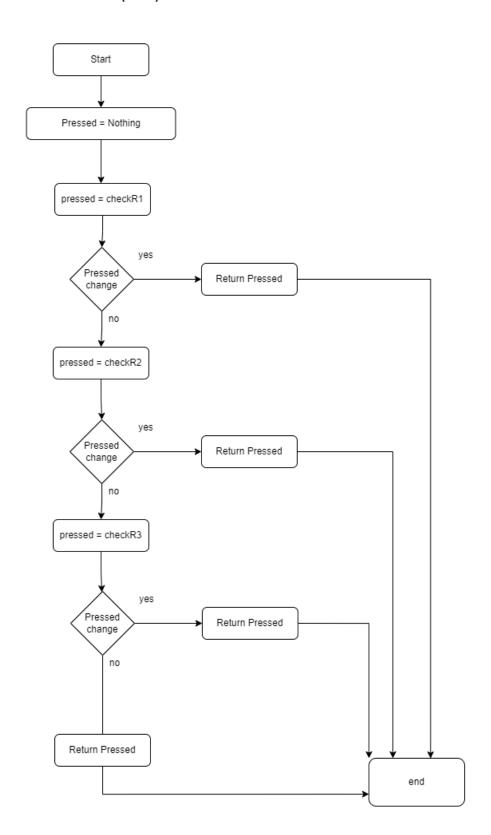


Figure 20 GetButton Flow Chart



Buzzer

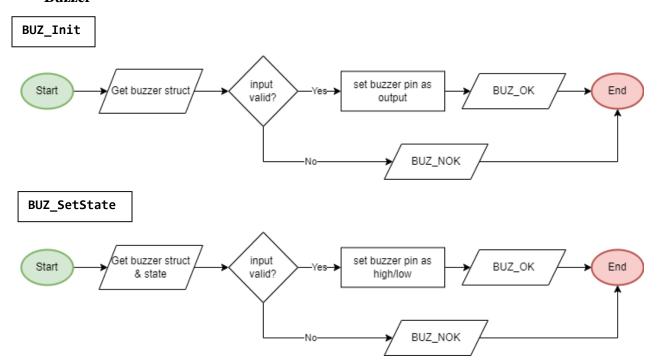
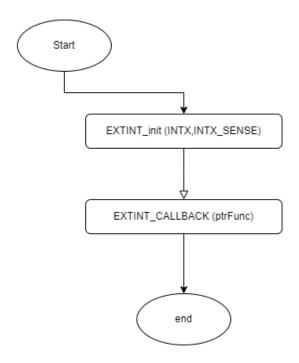


Figure 21 Buzzer Init & SetState Flow Charts



• HEXTINT:

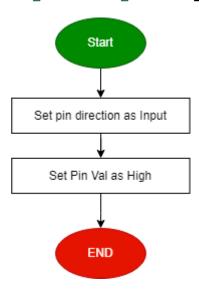
H_EXTINT_create(INTx ,INTxSense,*ptrfunc)



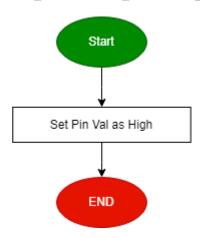


• Button:

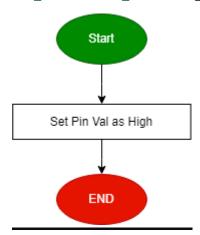
enu_buttonError_t HButton_Init(enu_pin en_pinx);



enu_buttonError_t HButton_ExtIntInit(enu_pin en_pinx);

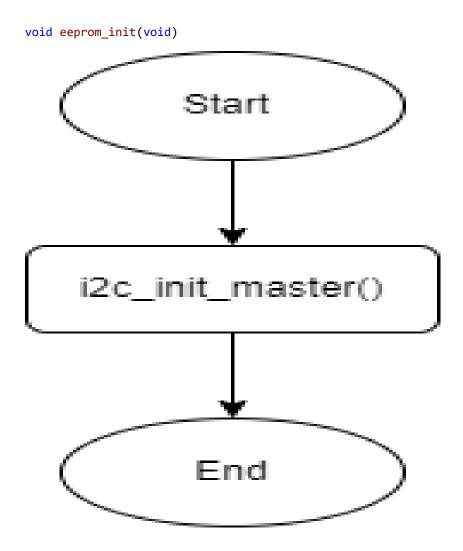


enu_buttonError_t HButton_getPinVal(enu_pin en_pinx, Uint8_t* pu8_refVal);



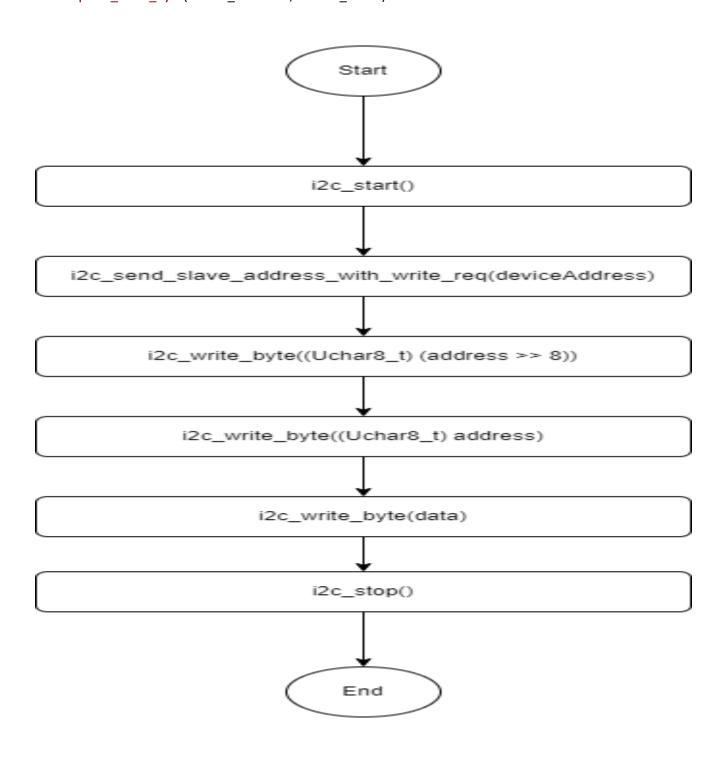


• EEPROM

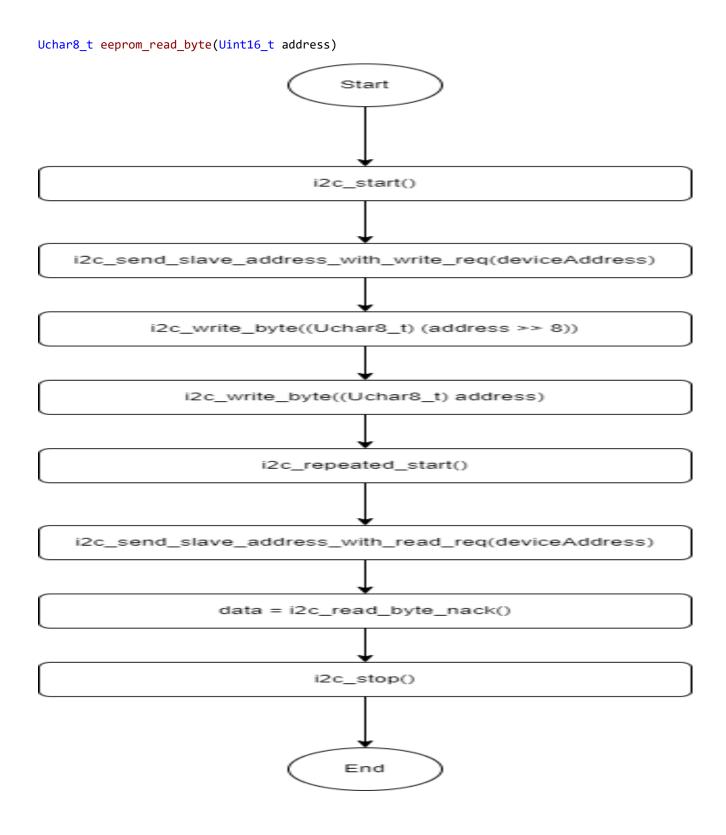




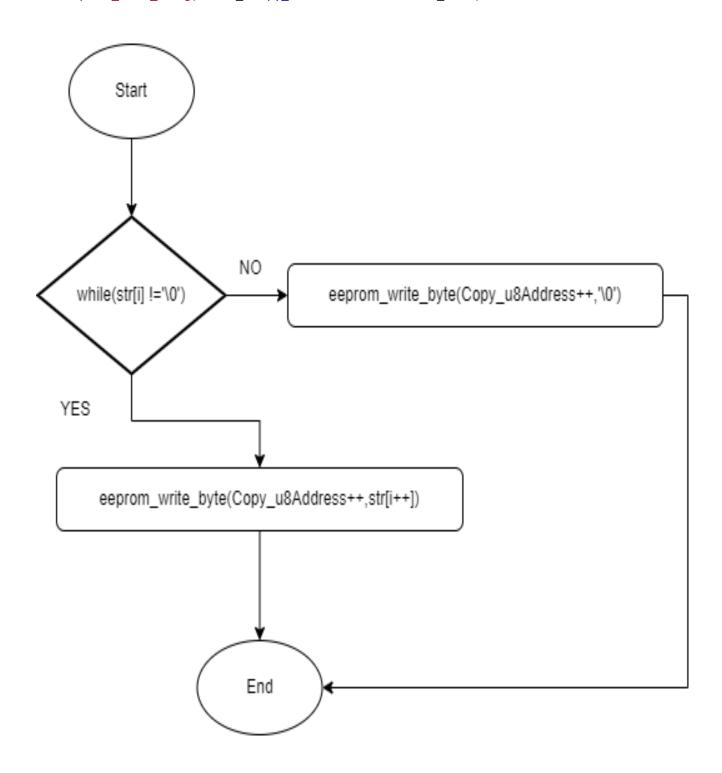
void eeprom_write_byte(Uint16_t address, Uchar8_t data)





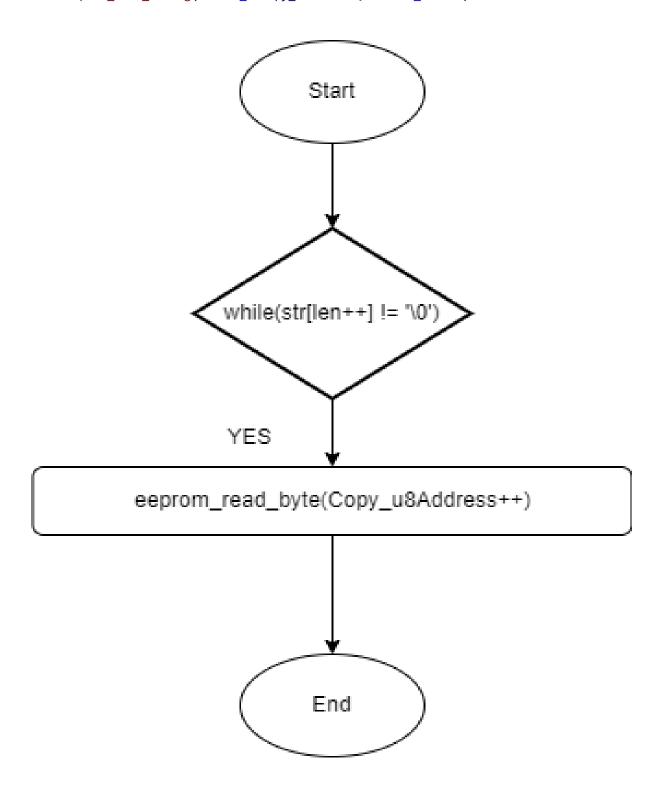


void eeprom_write_string(Uint16_t Copy_u8Address, const Uchar8_t* str)





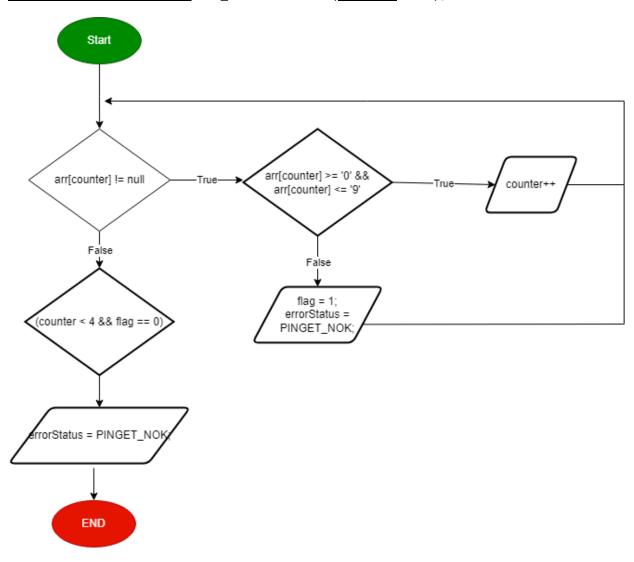
void eeprom_read_string(Uint16_t Copy_u8Address, Uchar8_t* str)





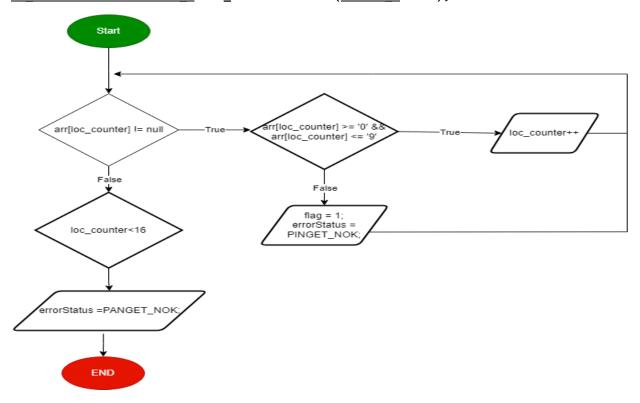
Card_Database Layer (CARD MCU)

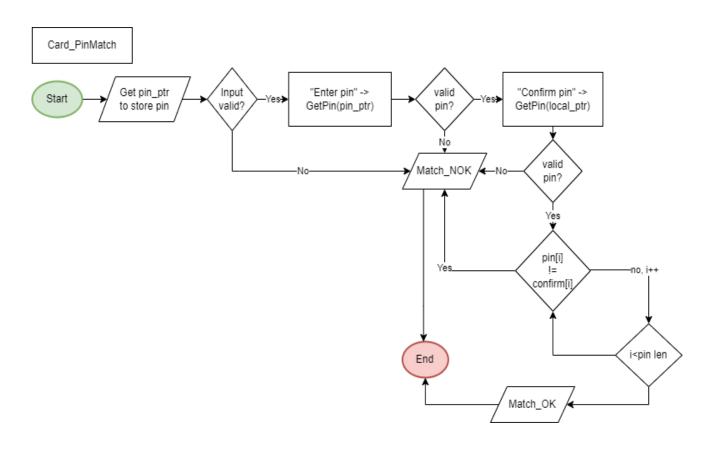
en_terminalPinGetStatus_t APP_terminalPinGet(Uchar8_t* arr);





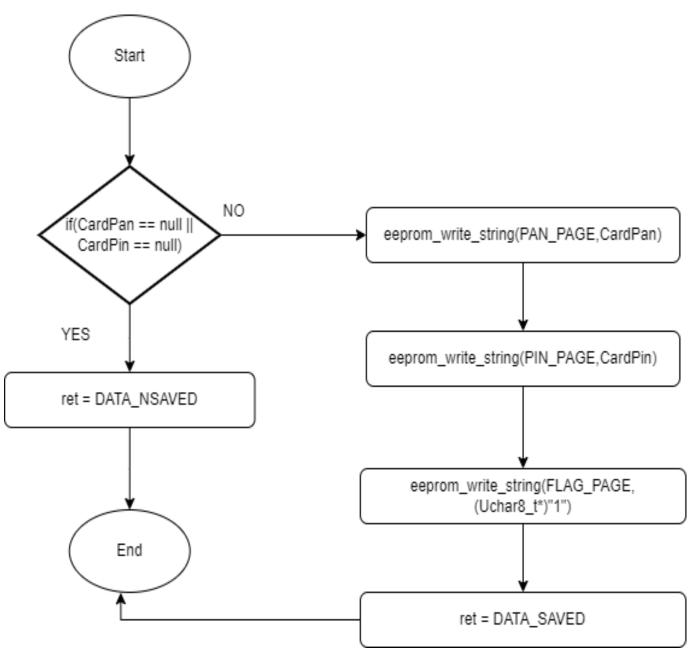
en terminalPanGetStatus t APP_terminalPanGet(Uchar8 t* arr);





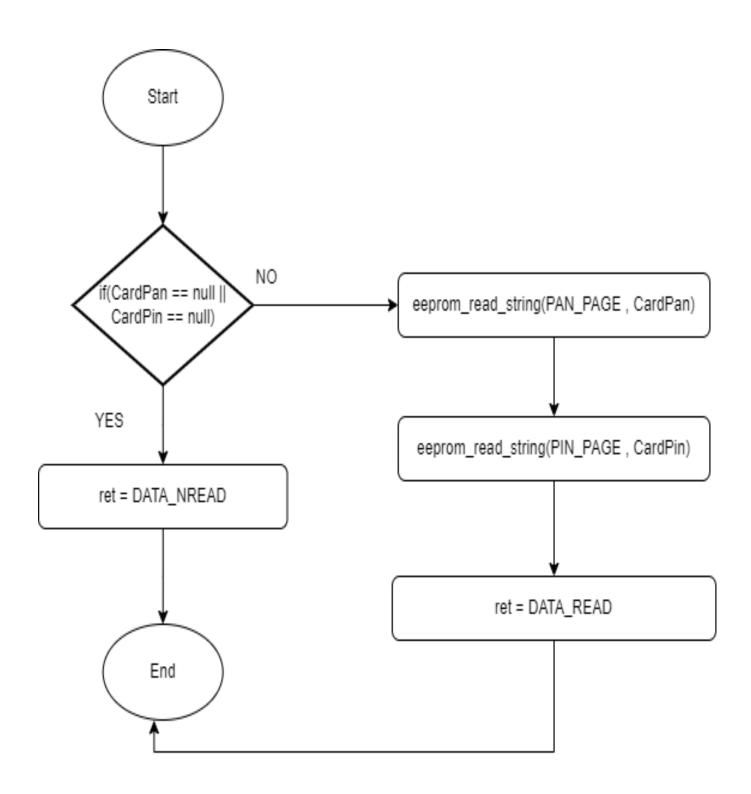


SaveCardData





ReadCardData

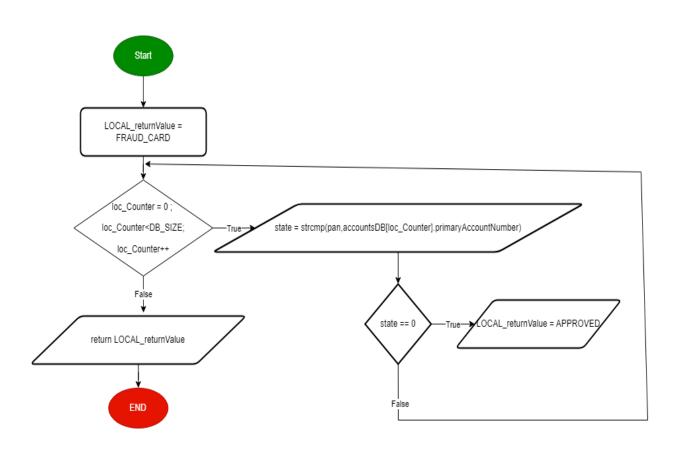






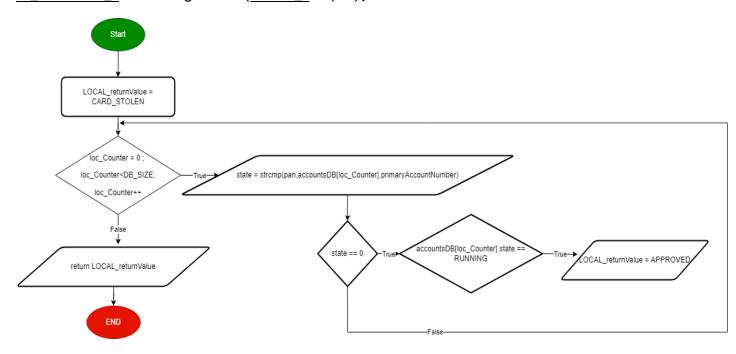
•	Database	check:
•	Database	CHECK.

EN dataError t isValidPanAccount(Uchar8 t * pan);

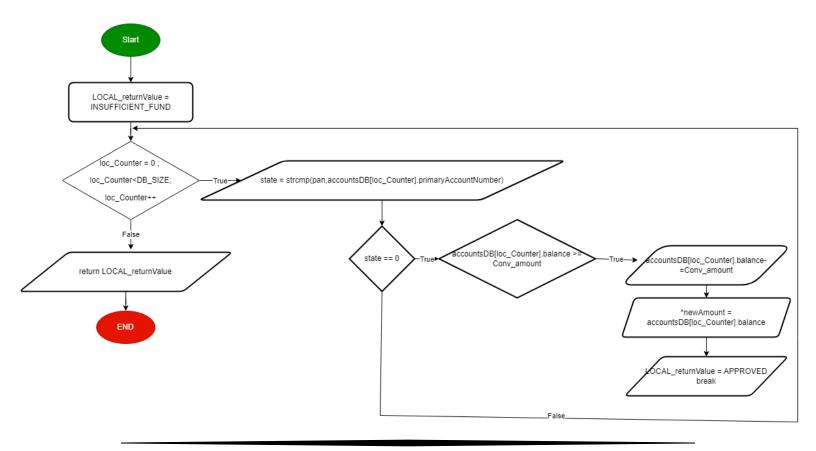




EN_dataError_t isRunningAccount(Uchar8_t * pan);

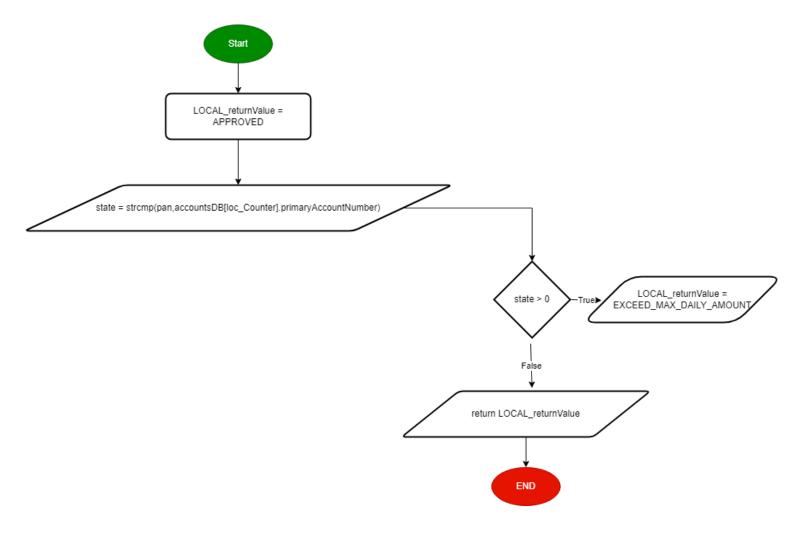


EN_dataError_t isValidAccountAmount(Uchar8_t * pan,Uchar8_t * amount,float32_t *newAmount);



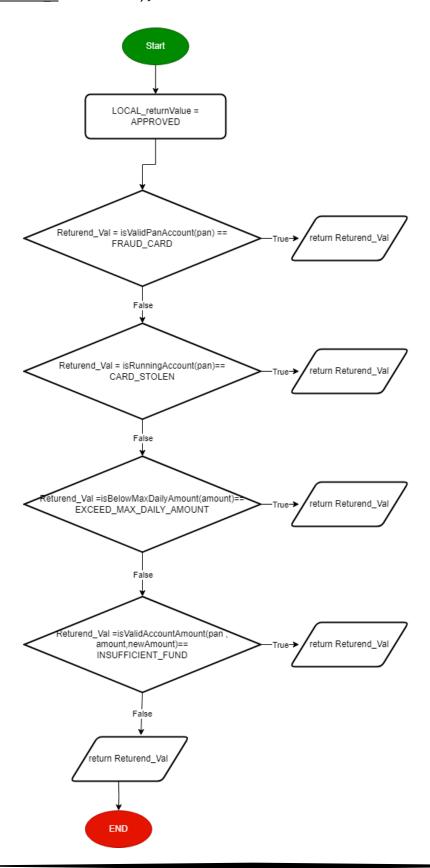


EN_dataError_t isBelowMaxDailyAmount(Uchar8_t * amount);



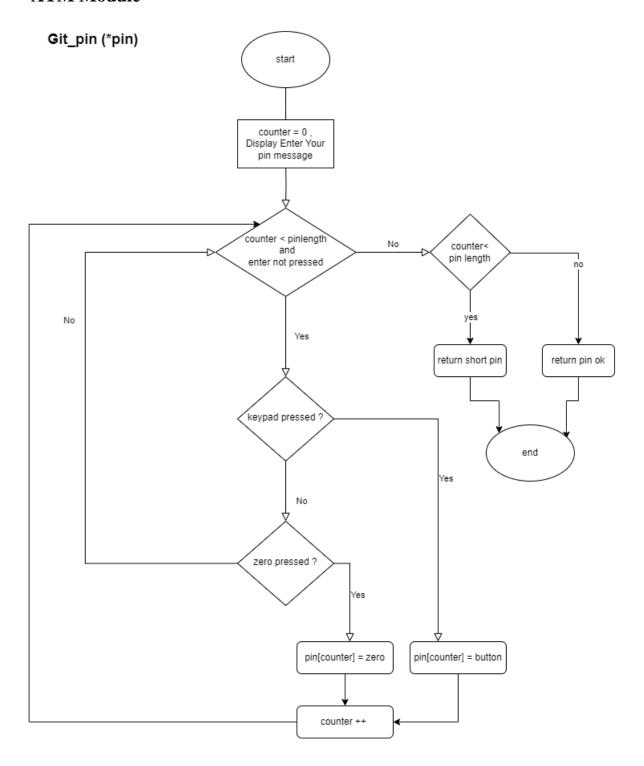


EN_dataError_t DATABASE_checking (Uchar8 t * pan, Uchar8 t *
amount, float32 t *newAmount);

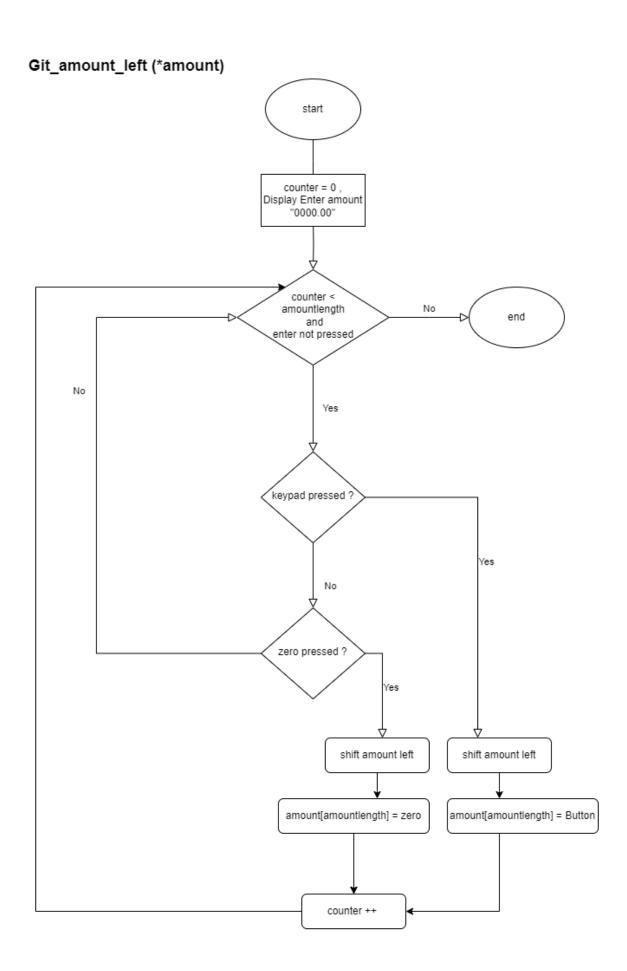




• ATM Module

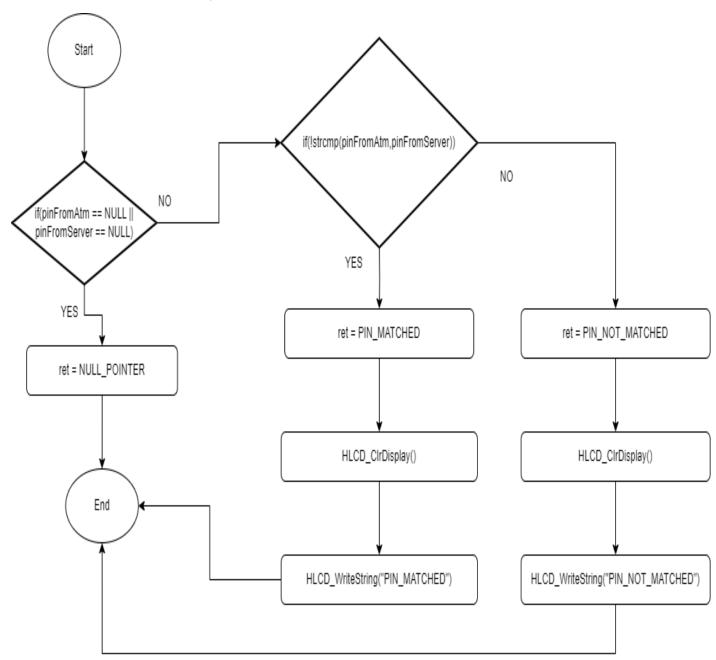






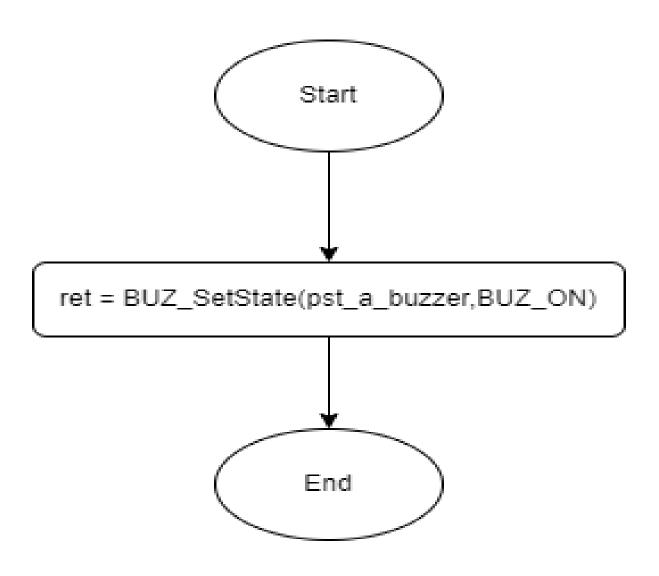


PIN_checkPinMatching

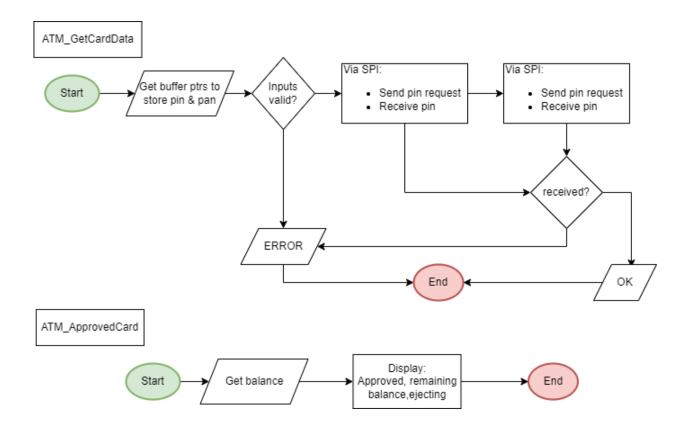




deinitAtm









Application Layer:

• Card App

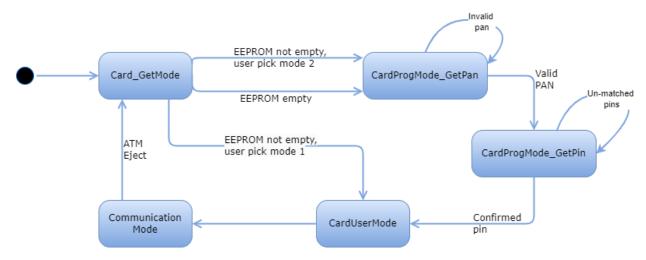


Figure 22 Card App. APIs Flow Charts

• ATM App

