Mobile Application Development Laboratory Lab 1

Basic Android Application

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1 1

Aim:

To make an android application to add 2 numbers and display the sum

Description of App:

Upon entering two numbers and clicking ADD Button, the Sum of the two numbers is calculated and shown

Device Specifications:

Model: Poco F1

Android Version: 9 (API Level 28) Resolution: 2160 x 1080 pixels

Technical Concepts Learnt:

- To create and set the value of TextView.
- To create a Button and setOnClickListener.
- To create and retrieve information from EditText views.
- To create and display Toasts.
- To assign IDs and findViewByld.
- To utilize the design in emulator to set positions of various elements

Source Code:

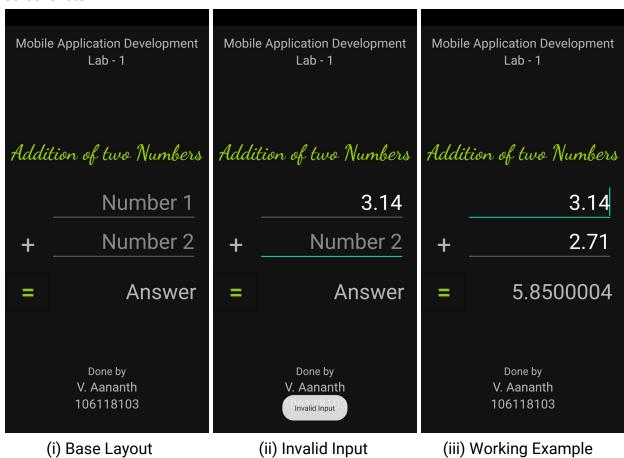
```
package com.example.helloworld;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
```

```
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
   TextView ans_view;
    EditText en1, en2;
   Toast invalid_input;
   @Override
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       // Find views
       ans_view = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.answer);
       en1 = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.n1);
       en2 = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.n2);
       // Construct toast
       invalid_input = Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),
                "Invalid Input",
                Toast.LENGTH_SHORT);
       Button equalButton = (Button) findViewById(R.id.equal_button);
       equalButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           @Override
           public void onClick(View v) {
                if (en1.getText().toString().equals("") ||
en2.getText().toString().equals("")) {
                    invalid_input.show();
                } else {
                    float n1 = Float.parseFloat(en1.getText().toString());
                    float n2 = Float.parseFloat(en2.getText().toString());
                    ans_view.setText(String.valueOf(n1 + n2));
```

```
}
}

});
}
```

Screenshots:



Outcomes:

An application was developed to perform the addition of two numbers. Various components of Java and Android Studio were studied.

1.2

Aim:

To create a simple calculator application to add, subtract, multiply, and divide two numbers.

Description of App:

An arithmetic operation is performed based on the operand selected and the numbers entered. The result is displayed upon clicking the "=" button.

Device Specifications:

Model: Poco F1

Android Version: 9 (API Level 28) Resolution: 2160 x 1080 pixels

Technical Concepts Learnt:

- To create and set the value of TextView.
- To create a Button and setOnClickListener.
- To create and retrieve information from EditText views.
- To create and display Toasts.
- To assign IDs and findViewByld.
- To work with RadioGroups, RadioButtons and setOnCheckedChangeListener.
- To utilize the design in emulator to set positions of various elements

Source Code:

```
package com.example.simple_calculator;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.RadioGroup;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    TextView op_view, ans_view;
}
```

```
EditText en1, en2;
   Toast invalid_input;
   String op;
   @Override
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       // Find views
       op_view = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.op);
       ans_view = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.answer);
       en1 = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.n1);
       en2 = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.n2);
       // Construct toast
       invalid_input = Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),
                "Invalid Input",
                Toast.LENGTH_SHORT);
       // Select the operand
       op = "+"; // Initial value
       RadioGroup op_select = (RadioGroup) findViewById(R.id.op_group);
        op select.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new
RadioGroup.OnCheckedChangeListener() {
            @Override
            public void onCheckedChanged(RadioGroup group, int checkedId) {
                switch (checkedId) {
                    case R.id.add:
                        changeOperand("+");
                        break;
                    case R.id.sub:
                        changeOperand("-");
                        break;
                    case R.id.mul:
```

```
changeOperand("x");
                        break;
                    case R.id.div:
                        changeOperand("÷");
                        break;
                }
            }
        });
        Button equalButton = (Button) findViewById(R.id.equal_button);
        equalButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            @Override
            public void onClick(View v) {
                // Check for null input error
                if (en1.getText().toString().equals("") ||
en2.getText().toString().equals("")) {
                    invalid_input.show();
                } else {
                    float n1 = Float.parseFloat(en1.getText().toString());
                    float n2 = Float.parseFloat(en2.getText().toString());
                    float ans = 0;
                    switch (op) {
                        case "+":
                            ans = n1 + n2;
                            break;
                        case "-":
                            ans = n1 - n2;
                            break;
                        case "x":
                            ans = n1 * n2;
                            break;
                        case "::
                            if (n2 == 0)
                                invalid_input.show();
                            else
                                ans = n1 / n2;
```

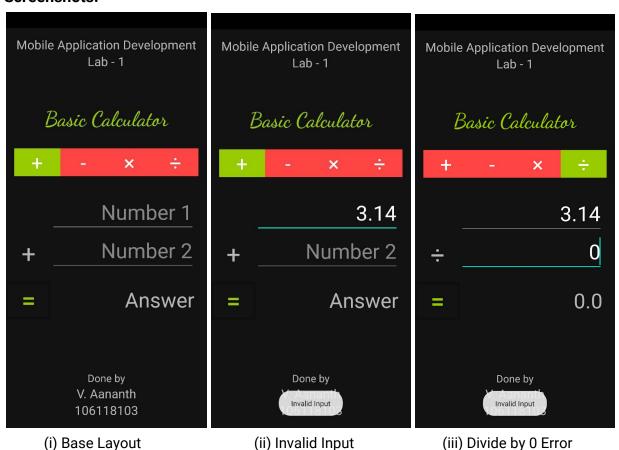
```
break;
}

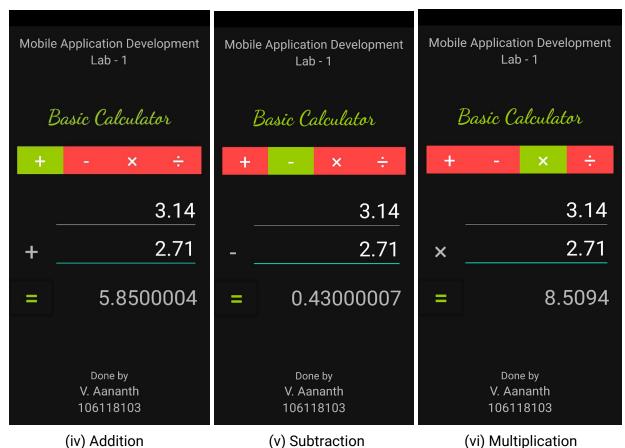
ans_view.setText(String.valueOf(ans));
}
}
}

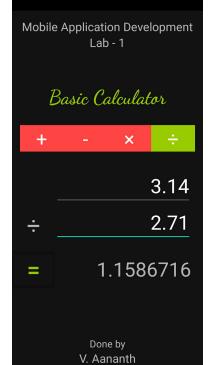
private void changeOperand(String operand) {
    op = operand;

    op_view.setText(operand);
}
```

Screenshots:







106118103

(v) Subtraction (vi) Multiplication

(vii) Division

Outcomes:

A simple calculator application was developed to add, subtract, multiply, and divide two numbers. Various components of Java and Android Studio were studied.