

Python Programming

Project Report



Student name: 艾琳 Aanchal Upreti

Student id: 191764145

Major: Software Engineering and
Management

Table of Contents

Introduction	3
Aim and Objectives	3
Methods	4
What is Web Scraping?	4
How is Web Scraping done?	4
Main Tools Used	4
Data Acquisition	5
Data Source	5
Implementation	5
Data Analysis	6
Moving Average	7
Simple Moving Average Calculation	7
Exponential Moving Average Calculation	7
Observations	8
Effect of Coronavirus outbreak	8
After Corona	9
Before Corona	10
Comparison of the stock price of AAPL	10
Before Corona	10
After Corona	11
Before Corona data	11
After Corona data	13
Conclusion	16
Code	16

Web Scraping Yahoo! Finance

Introduction

Data is one of the important features of every organization because it helps business leaders to make decisions based on facts, statistical numbers and trends. The interdisciplinary field that uses scientific methods, processes, algorithms and systems to extract knowledge and insights from many structural and unstructured data is called data science. One of the best sources of data is the data available publicly online on various websites. Those websites have a whole array of data in the form of Text (Alphabetical, Numerical), Tabular, Images, Videos, GIFs, Flash etc. arranged in Structured and Unstructured format, and is called web data. Web data can be used to monitor competitors, track potential customers, keep track of channel partners, generate leads, build apps, and much more. Its uses are still being discovered as the technology for turning unstructured data into structured data improves.

There are mainly two ways to extract data from a website:

- Use the API of the website (if it exists). For example, Facebook has the Facebook Graph API which allows retrieval of data posted on Facebook.
- Access the HTML of the webpage and extract useful information/data from it. This technique is called web scraping or web harvesting or web data extraction.

Extracting large amounts of data manually is a very time consuming and inefficient approach. Also, if we can get required info through an API, it is almost always preferred approach over web scraping because API simply provides access to structured data from the provider, while in web scraping, we need to create an engine to extract the same information. However, not all websites provide an API as they do not want the readers to extract huge information in a structured way, while others don't provide APIs due to lack of technical knowledge.

Hence to fetch such important data from websites in a quick, robust and automated fashion, we need web scraping.

Aim and Objectives

Among several usages of web scraping, this project deals with real-world application of scraping the stock market to track, analyze and visualize the real-time price of the stock market. This project works on Yahoo! Finance website and hence fetches historical data of Apple Corporation (AAPL) and writes that data to the local .csv file. The fetched data is then used to compare and analyze the effect of coronavirus outbreak on the stock price of Apple and to visualize simple moving average and exponential moving average for 20 days and 50 days in a graph.

Methods

Since Yahoo! Finance discontinued its API services from March, 2017, Web Scraping using Python and its popular libraries and packages is used as the method to extract historical data for further analysis. This project uses BeautifulSoup4 to extract data from the web, manipulate and clean data using Python's Pandas library, and data analysis and visualize using Python's NumPy and Matplotlib library.

What is Web Scraping?

Web Scraping is a technique employed to download, parse, and organize large amounts of data from the web in an automated manner whereby the data is extracted and saved to a local file in your computer or to a database in table (spreadsheet) format. In simple terms, web scraping saves you the trouble of manually downloading or copying any data and automates the whole process.

How is Web Scraping done?

When we run the code for web scraping, a request is sent to the URL that we have mentioned. As a response to the request, the server sends the data and allows us to read the HTML or XML page. The code then, parses the HTML or XML page, finds the data and extracts it.

To extract data using web scraping with python, you need to follow these basic steps:

- Find the URL that you want to scrape
- Inspecting the Page
- Find the data you want to extract
- Write the code
- Run the code and extract the data
- Store the data in the required format

Main Tools Used

- **Python (3.8)**
Python is an open-source programming language with a huge collection of libraries such as NumPy, matplotlib, Pandas etc., which provides methods and services for manipulation of extracted data for web scraping. It has easily understandable syntax and is supported by a large and active community.
- **BeautifulSoup**
BeautifulSoup is an amazing parsing library in Python that enables the web scraping from HTML and XML documents. BeautifulSoup automatically detects encodings and gracefully handles HTML documents even with special characters. We can navigate a parsed document and find what we need which makes it quick and painless to extract the data from the web pages.

- **Requests**
Requests library handles the interaction with the web page (Using HTTP requests)
- **Pandas**
Pandas is a library used for data manipulation and analysis. It is used to extract the data and store it in the desired format.
- **NumPy**
A very popular library that makes array operations very simple and fast.
- **Matplotlib:**
a very popular library to plot graphs.

Data Acquisition

Data Source

This project works on a popular site for financial data i.e. Yahoo! Finance (Url: <https://finance.yahoo.com/>). Yahoo! Finance is a media property belonging to Yahoo! which provides financial data, including stock quotes, press releases, financial reports, technical indicators and original content. It also offers some online tools for personal finance management.

Implementation

In our project, we have used Web Scraping methodology on Yahoo Finance website.

- We set our base URL as <http://finance.yahoo.com/quote/>. Yahoo Finance supports search parameters on URL therefore we will be appending the company stock name of which we would be extracting stock data and date range.
- We have used the **Beautiful Soup** package for web scraping purposes and to easily fetch table rows of stocks data.
- We gave div's class names to beautiful soup to find the table and gave us an array of historical data's table rows.
- After fetching stocks data, Pandas package was used to create a Dataframe object. Dataframe objects are used to easily manipulate table columns and rows.
- Dataframe objects also help in storing Comma-separated Values (CSV) which is one of our goals to store this stock data in a CSV file. Therefore, after successfully fetching data from the website, our project stores this fetch data on a CSV file using **.to csv()** method of Dataframe. The

filename is set as the company stock name with the extension of '.csv' and if the file already exists, then our project appends the fetched data at the end of the file.

- The collected data is then analyzed to calculate SMA and EMA using **NumPy** package and plotted into graph using **matplotlib** package.

Data Analysis

For this project, we have fetched stocks prices data of **AAPL** for comparison of their Moving Averages before and after the spread of **Covid-19**. To achieve this goal, we followed the following steps:

- Firstly, for our first set of stock prices and their calculation of Simple Moving Average (SMA) and Exponential Moving Average (EMA), we had to first set start and end date for search parameters in URL. The start date is set as 27th December 2019 as according to various sources, the pandemic of **Covid-19** with its significant effect on the stock market started with this date. For the end date, 100 days were subtracted from the start date to gather data with a respected date range.
- Using web scraping methodology, we got closing prices during the date range given.
- We have used multiple moving averages for different periods together. We have a short-term moving average of 20 days and a long-term moving average of 50 days. An indication of a price trend changes maybe when the short-term moving average is crossing the long-term moving average:
 - When the short term moving average crosses above the long-term moving average, this may indicate a buy signal. This is known as a golden cross.
 - Contrary, when the short term moving average crosses below the long-term moving average, it may be a good moment to sell. This is known as a dead cross.
- After fetching 100 days closing prices of before the corona pandemic and converting it to, Dataframe object, the **SMA** is calculated using the **Rolling** method of Pandas by giving the number of days, i.e. 20 and 50 in our cases, as an argument.
- For EMA, by again using Pandas but instead of Rolling method, **.ewm()** is used for calculating the exponential moving average. We used closing prices with spans of both 20 and 50 days to get two sets of EMA for comparison with SMA.
- Finally, the data set including **Close Price**, **SMA** and **EMA** are plotted using the matplotlib package.
- Similarly, **SMA** and **EMA** are calculated and plotted on a graph by following the above steps but with the start date being **27th Dec 2019**, with end date as 100 days after the start date.

Moving Average

Moving averages act as a technical indicator to show you how a security's price has moved, on average, over a certain period of time. Moving averages are often used to help highlight trends, spot trend reversals, and provide trade signals. There are several different types of moving averages, but they all create a single smooth line that can help show you which direction a price is moving.

Simple Moving Average Calculation

The SMA for any given number of time periods is simply the sum of closing prices for that number of time periods, divided by that same number.

Simple moving average = $(N\text{-period sum}) / N$

where: N =number of days in a given period

period sum = sum of stock closing prices in that period

Exponential Moving Average Calculation

The exponential moving average (EMA) is a weighted average of the last n prices, where the weighting decreases exponentially with each previous price/period.

Exponential moving average = $(\text{Close} - \text{previous EMA}) * (2 / n+1) + \text{previous EMA}$

```
# Function to Calculate SMA and EMA and plot graph
def movingAverage(stockprices):
    # For printing close and type casting its values to int
    stockprices['Close'] = stockprices['Close'].astype(float)

    # Calculate SMA
    stockprices['SMA 20 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].rolling(20).mean()
    stockprices['SMA 50 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].rolling(50).mean()

    # Calculate EMA
    stockprices['EMA 20 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].ewm(span=20, adjust=False).mean()
    stockprices['EMA 50 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].ewm(span=50, adjust=False).mean()
```

```
# Plot Graph of Price Close, SMA and EMA Data
stockprices[['Close', 'SMA 20 Days', 'EMA 50 Days', 'SMA 50 Days', 'EMA 20 Days']].plot(figsize=(12, 8))
plt.grid(True)
plt.title('AAPL Moving Averages')
plt.axis('tight')
plt.ylabel('Price')
```

Observations

I made a comparison among SMA and EMA for 20 days and 50 days and plotted the result in a graph. As a result, the following observation was made:

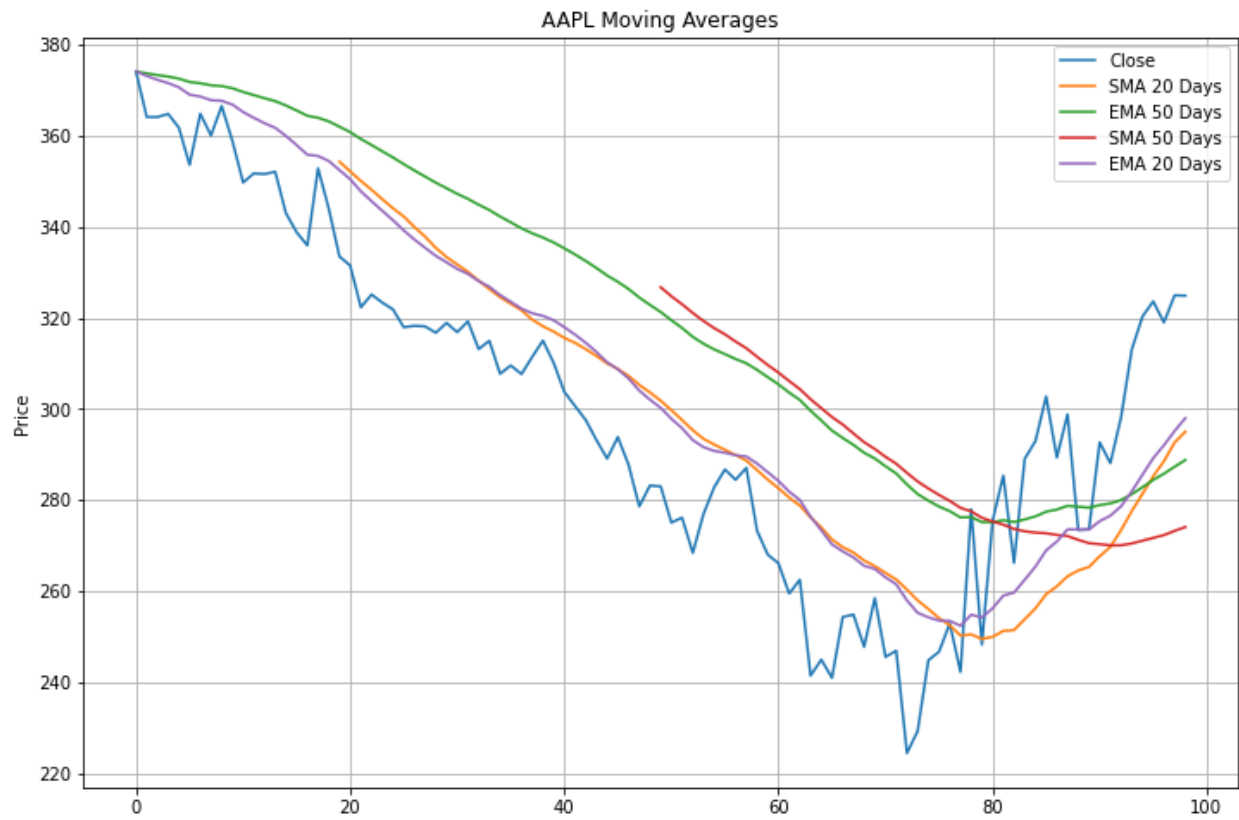
- SMA time-series are much less noisy than the original price time-series. However, this comes at a cost: SMA time-series lag the original price time-series, which means that changes in the trend are only seen with a delay (lag) of L days.
- Compared to simple moving averages, EMAs give greater weight to recent (more relevant) data.
- Exponential moving averages have less lag and are therefore more sensitive to recent prices - and recent price changes.

Effect of Coronavirus outbreak

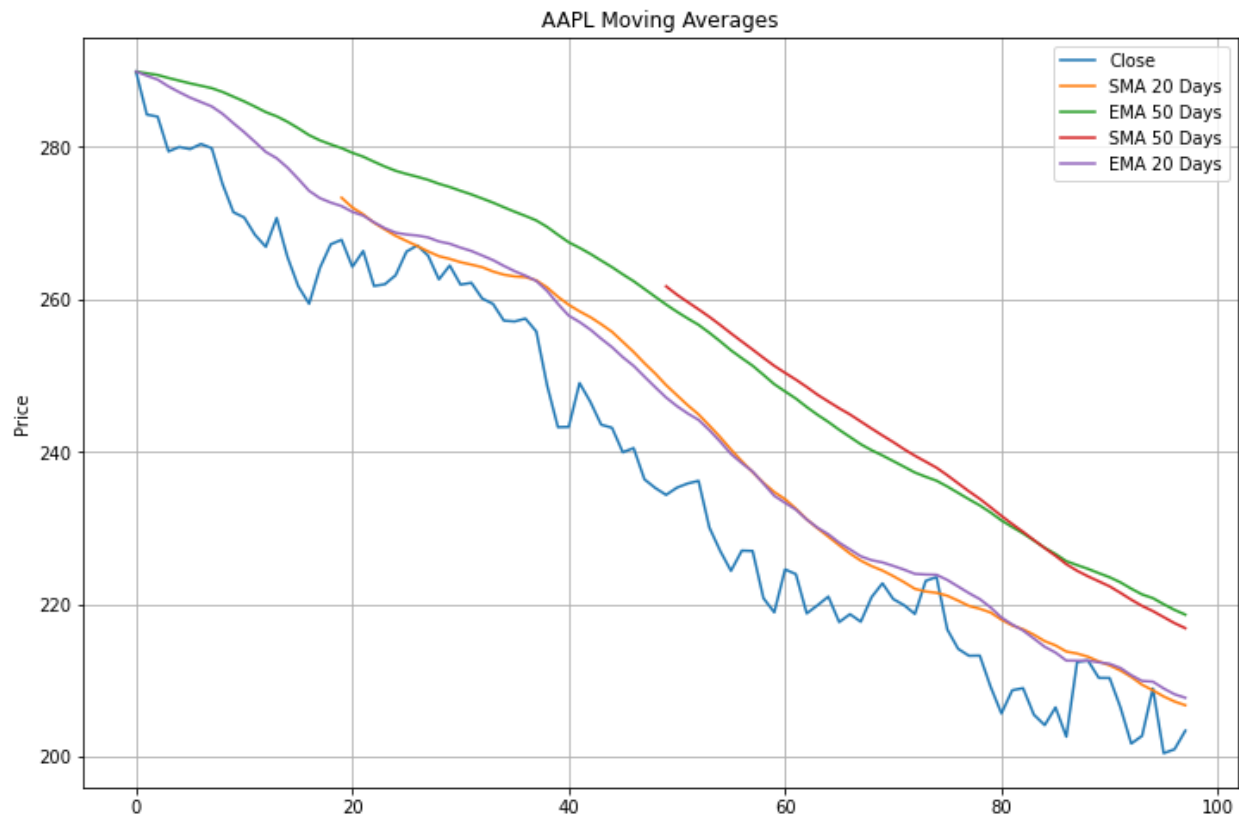
We all know that the virus did originate in Wuhan in December 2019. It rapidly grew to other countries and eventually has become a global pandemic. Because of this outbreak, there are also effects on the share market. Hence, we have made a comparison of the share market before and after the outbreak.

The after-effect observation includes calculation of SMA, EMA from 2019-12-27 till the present date. Whereas the before effect includes data of 100 days before the 27th of December 2019.

After Corona



Before Corona



Comparison of the stock price of AAPL

Open is the price of the stock at the beginning of the trading day (it need not be the closing price of the previous trading day), high is the highest price of the stock on that trading day, low the lowest price of the stock on that trading day, and close the price of the stock at closing time. Volume indicates how many stocks were traded. Adjusted close is the closing price of the stock that adjusts the price of the stock for corporate actions.

Before Corona

If we compare the closing price of AAPL stock between Dec 06, 2019, and Dec 26, 2019, we can see the increment of 6.62% in trading price.

Close price on Dec 06,2019 = 270.71

Close price on Dec 26,2019 = 289.91

Calculation:

$$((289.91 - 270.71)/289.91) * 100\% = 6.62\%$$

After Corona

If we compare the closing price of AAPL stock between April 23, 2020, and July 06, 2020, we can see the increment of 26.46% in trading price.

Close price on July 06, 2020 = 374.01

Close price on April 23, 2020 = 275.03

Calculation:

$$((374.01 - 275.03) / 374.01) * 100\% = 26.46\%$$

Hence, we can say, there is not much negative effect of the coronavirus outbreak on the AAPL stock market. Rather, the price seems to be increasing even after the corona outbreak.

Before Corona data

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Avg.Close	Volume
0	Dec 26, 2019	284.82	289.98	284.70	289.91	288.44	23,280,300
1	Dec 24, 2019	284.69	284.89	282.92	284.27	282.83	12,119,700
2	Dec 23, 2019	280.53	284.25	280.37	284.00	282.56	24,643,000
3	Dec 20, 2019	282.23	282.65	278.56	279.44	278.03	68,994,500
4	Dec 19, 2019	279.50	281.18	278.95	280.02	278.60	24,592,300
5	Dec 18, 2019	279.80	281.90	279.12	279.74	278.32	29,007,100
6	Dec 17, 2019	279.57	281.77	278.80	280.41	278.99	28,539,600
7	Dec 16, 2019	277.00	280.79	276.98	279.86	278.44	32,046,500
8	Dec 13, 2019	271.46	275.30	270.93	275.15	273.76	33,396,900
9	Dec 12, 2019	267.78	272.56	267.32	271.46	270.09	34,327,600
10	Dec 11, 2019	268.81	271.10	268.50	270.77	269.40	19,689,200
11	Dec 10, 2019	268.60	270.07	265.86	268.48	267.12	22,605,100
12	Dec 09, 2019	270.00	270.80	264.91	266.92	265.57	32,010,600
13	Dec 06, 2019	267.48	271.00	267.30	270.71	269.34	26,518,900
14	Dec 05, 2019	263.79	265.89	262.73	265.58	264.24	18,606,100
15	Dec 04, 2019	261.07	263.31	260.68	261.74	260.42	16,795,400
16	Dec 03, 2019	258.31	259.53	256.29	259.45	258.14	28,607,600
17	Dec 02, 2019	267.27	268.25	263.45	264.16	262.82	23,621,800
18	Nov 29, 2019	266.60	268.00	265.90	267.25	265.90	11,654,400

19	Nov	27,	2019	265.58	267.98	265.31	267.84	266.48	16,308,900
20	Nov	26,	2019	266.94	267.16	262.50	264.29	262.95	26,301,900
21	Nov	25,	2019	262.71	266.44	262.52	266.37	265.02	21,005,100
22	Nov	22,	2019	262.59	263.18	260.84	261.78	260.46	16,331,300
23	Nov	21,	2019	263.69	264.01	261.18	262.01	260.68	30,348,800
24	Nov	20,	2019	265.54	266.08	260.40	263.19	261.86	26,558,600
25	Nov	19,	2019	267.90	268.00	265.39	266.29	264.94	19,041,800
26	Nov	18,	2019	265.80	267.43	264.23	267.10	265.75	21,675,800
27	Nov	15,	2019	263.68	265.78	263.01	265.76	264.42	25,051,600
28	Nov	14,	2019	263.75	264.88	262.10	262.64	261.31	22,295,700
29	Nov	13,	2019	261.13	264.78	261.07	264.47	263.13	25,683,600
30	Nov	12,	2019	261.55	262.79	260.92	261.96	260.63	21,847,200
31	Nov	11,	2019	258.30	262.47	258.28	262.20	260.87	20,455,300
32	Nov	08,	2019	258.69	260.44	256.85	260.14	258.82	17,496,600
33	Nov	07,	2019	258.74	260.35	258.11	259.43	258.12	23,735,100
34	Nov	06,	2019	256.77	257.49	255.37	257.24	255.17	18,966,100
35	Nov	05,	2019	257.05	258.19	256.32	257.13	255.06	19,974,400
36	Nov	04,	2019	257.33	257.85	255.38	257.50	255.43	25,818,000
37	Nov	01,	2019	249.54	255.93	249.16	255.82	253.76	37,781,300
38	Oct	31,	2019	247.24	249.17	237.26	248.76	246.76	34,790,500
39	Oct	30,	2019	244.76	245.30	241.21	243.26	241.30	31,130,500
40	Oct	29,	2019	248.97	249.75	242.57	243.29	241.33	35,709,900
41	Oct	28,	2019	247.42	249.25	246.72	249.05	247.05	24,143,200
42	Oct	25,	2019	243.16	246.73	242.88	246.58	244.60	18,369,300
43	Oct	24,	2019	244.51	244.80	241.81	243.58	241.62	17,318,800
44	Oct	23,	2019	242.10	243.24	241.22	243.18	241.23	18,957,200
45	Oct	22,	2019	241.16	242.20	239.62	239.96	238.03	20,573,400
46	Oct	21,	2019	237.52	240.99	237.32	240.51	238.58	21,811,800
47	Oct	18,	2019	234.59	237.58	234.29	236.41	234.51	24,358,400
48	Oct	17,	2019	235.09	236.15	233.52	235.28	233.39	16,896,300
49	Oct	16,	2019	233.37	235.24	233.20	234.37	232.49	18,475,800
50	Oct	15,	2019	236.39	237.65	234.88	235.32	233.43	21,840,000
51	Oct	14,	2019	234.90	238.13	234.67	235.87	233.97	24,106,900
52	Oct	11,	2019	232.95	237.64	232.31	236.21	234.31	41,698,900
53	Oct	10,	2019	227.93	230.44	227.30	230.09	228.24	28,253,400
54	Oct	09,	2019	227.03	227.79	225.64	227.03	225.20	18,692,600
55	Oct	08,	2019	225.82	228.06	224.33	224.40	222.60	27,955,000
56	Oct	07,	2019	226.27	229.93	225.84	227.06	225.23	30,576,500
57	Oct	04,	2019	225.64	227.49	223.89	227.01	225.19	34,619,700
58	Oct	03,	2019	218.43	220.96	215.13	220.82	219.04	28,606,500
59	Oct	02,	2019	223.06	223.58	217.93	218.96	217.20	34,612,300
60	Oct	01,	2019	225.07	228.22	224.20	224.59	222.78	34,805,800
61	Sep	30,	2019	220.90	224.58	220.79	223.97	222.17	25,977,400
62	Sep	27,	2019	220.54	220.96	217.28	218.82	217.06	25,352,000
63	Sep	26,	2019	220.00	220.94	218.83	219.89	218.12	18,833,500
64	Sep	25,	2019	218.55	221.50	217.14	221.03	219.25	21,903,400
65	Sep	24,	2019	221.03	222.49	217.19	217.68	215.93	31,190,800

66	Sep 23, 2019	218.95	219.84	217.65	218.72	216.96	19,165,500
67	Sep 20, 2019	221.38	222.56	217.47	217.73	215.98	55,413,100
68	Sep 19, 2019	222.01	223.76	220.37	220.96	219.18	22,060,600
69	Sep 18, 2019	221.06	222.85	219.44	222.77	220.98	25,340,000
70	Sep 17, 2019	219.96	220.82	219.12	220.70	218.93	18,318,700
71	Sep 16, 2019	217.73	220.13	217.56	219.90	218.13	21,158,100
72	Sep 13, 2019	220.00	220.79	217.02	218.75	216.99	39,763,300
73	Sep 12, 2019	224.80	226.42	222.86	223.09	221.30	32,226,700
74	Sep 11, 2019	218.07	223.71	217.73	223.59	221.79	44,289,600
75	Sep 10, 2019	213.86	216.78	211.71	216.70	214.96	31,777,900
76	Sep 09, 2019	214.84	216.44	211.07	214.17	212.45	27,309,400
77	Sep 06, 2019	214.05	214.42	212.51	213.26	211.55	19,362,300
78	Sep 05, 2019	212.00	213.97	211.51	213.28	211.57	23,913,700
79	Sep 04, 2019	208.39	209.48	207.32	209.19	207.51	19,188,100
80	Sep 03, 2019	206.43	206.98	204.22	205.70	204.05	20,023,000
81	Aug 30, 2019	210.16	210.45	207.20	208.74	207.06	21,143,400
82	Aug 29, 2019	208.50	209.32	206.66	209.01	207.33	20,990,500
83	Aug 28, 2019	204.10	205.72	203.32	205.53	203.88	15,938,800
84	Aug 27, 2019	207.86	208.55	203.53	204.16	202.52	25,873,300
85	Aug 26, 2019	205.86	207.19	205.06	206.49	204.83	26,043,600
86	Aug 23, 2019	209.43	212.05	201.00	202.64	201.01	46,818,000
87	Aug 22, 2019	213.19	214.44	210.75	212.46	210.75	22,253,700
88	Aug 21, 2019	212.99	213.65	211.60	212.64	210.93	21,535,400
89	Aug 20, 2019	210.88	213.35	210.32	210.36	208.67	26,884,300
90	Aug 19, 2019	210.62	212.73	210.03	210.35	208.66	24,413,600
91	Aug 16, 2019	204.28	207.16	203.84	206.50	204.84	27,620,400
92	Aug 15, 2019	203.46	205.14	199.67	201.74	200.12	27,227,400
93	Aug 14, 2019	203.16	206.44	202.59	202.75	201.12	36,547,400
94	Aug 13, 2019	201.02	212.14	200.48	208.97	207.29	47,218,500
95	Aug 12, 2019	199.62	202.05	199.15	200.48	198.87	22,474,900
96	Aug 09, 2019	201.30	202.76	199.29	200.99	199.37	24,619,700
97	Aug 08, 2019	200.20	203.53	199.39	203.43	201.03	27,009,500

After Corona data

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Avg.Close	Volume
0	Jul 06, 2020	370.00	375.77	369.87	374.01	374.01	19,267,916
1	Jul 02, 2020	367.85	370.47	363.64	364.11	364.11	28,510,400
2	Jul 01, 2020	365.12	367.36	363.91	364.11	364.11	27,684,300
3	Jun 30, 2020	360.08	365.98	360.00	364.80	364.80	35,055,800
4	Jun 29, 2020	353.25	362.17	351.28	361.78	361.78	32,661,500
5	Jun 26, 2020	364.41	365.32	353.02	353.63	353.63	51,314,200
6	Jun 25, 2020	360.70	365.00	357.57	364.84	364.84	34,380,600
7	Jun 24, 2020	365.00	368.79	358.52	360.06	360.06	48,155,800

8	Jun 23, 2020	364.00	372.38	362.27	366.53	366.53	53,038,900
9	Jun 22, 2020	351.34	359.46	351.15	358.87	358.87	33,861,300
10	Jun 19, 2020	354.64	356.56	345.15	349.72	349.72	66,119,000
11	Jun 18, 2020	351.41	353.45	349.22	351.73	351.73	24,205,100
12	Jun 17, 2020	355.15	355.40	351.09	351.59	351.59	28,532,000
13	Jun 16, 2020	351.46	353.20	344.72	352.08	352.08	41,357,200
14	Jun 15, 2020	333.25	345.68	332.58	342.99	342.99	34,702,200
15	Jun 12, 2020	344.72	347.80	334.22	338.80	338.80	50,001,500
16	Jun 11, 2020	349.31	351.06	335.48	335.90	335.90	50,415,600
17	Jun 10, 2020	347.90	354.77	346.09	352.84	352.84	41,662,900
18	Jun 09, 2020	332.14	345.61	332.01	343.99	343.99	36,928,100
19	Jun 08, 2020	330.25	333.60	327.32	333.46	333.46	23,913,600
20	Jun 05, 2020	323.35	331.75	323.23	331.50	331.50	34,312,600
21	Jun 04, 2020	324.39	325.62	320.78	322.32	322.32	21,890,100
22	Jun 03, 2020	324.66	326.20	322.30	325.12	325.12	26,122,800
23	Jun 02, 2020	320.75	323.44	318.93	323.34	323.34	21,910,700
24	Jun 01, 2020	317.75	322.35	317.21	321.85	321.85	20,197,800
25	May 29, 2020	319.25	321.15	316.47	317.94	317.94	38,399,500
26	May 28, 2020	316.77	323.44	315.63	318.25	318.25	33,390,200
27	May 27, 2020	316.14	318.71	313.09	318.11	318.11	28,236,300
28	May 26, 2020	323.50	324.24	316.50	316.73	316.73	31,380,500
29	May 22, 2020	315.77	319.23	315.35	318.89	318.89	20,450,800
30	May 21, 2020	318.66	320.89	315.87	316.85	316.85	25,672,200
31	May 20, 2020	316.68	319.52	316.52	319.23	319.23	27,876,200
32	May 19, 2020	315.03	318.52	313.01	313.14	313.14	25,432,400
33	May 18, 2020	313.17	316.50	310.32	314.96	314.96	33,843,100
34	May 15, 2020	300.35	307.90	300.21	307.71	307.71	41,587,100
35	May 14, 2020	304.51	309.79	301.53	309.54	309.54	39,732,300
36	May 13, 2020	312.15	315.95	303.21	307.65	307.65	50,155,600
37	May 12, 2020	317.83	319.69	310.91	311.41	311.41	40,575,300
38	May 11, 2020	308.10	317.05	307.24	315.01	315.01	36,405,900
39	May 08, 2020	305.64	310.35	304.29	310.13	310.13	33,512,000
40	May 07, 2020	303.22	305.17	301.97	303.74	302.92	28,803,800
41	May 06, 2020	300.46	303.24	298.87	300.63	299.82	35,583,400
42	May 05, 2020	295.06	301.00	294.46	297.56	296.76	36,937,800
43	May 04, 2020	289.17	293.69	286.32	293.16	292.37	33,392,000
44	May 01, 2020	286.25	299.00	285.85	289.07	288.29	60,154,200
45	Apr 30, 2020	289.96	294.53	288.35	293.80	293.01	45,457,600
46	Apr 29, 2020	284.73	289.67	283.89	287.73	286.95	34,320,200
47	Apr 28, 2020	285.08	285.83	278.20	278.58	277.83	28,001,200
48	Apr 27, 2020	281.80	284.54	279.95	283.17	282.41	29,271,900
49	Apr 24, 2020	277.20	283.01	277.00	282.97	282.21	31,627,200
50	Apr 23, 2020	275.87	281.75	274.87	275.03	274.29	31,203,600
51	Apr 22, 2020	273.61	277.90	272.20	276.10	275.35	29,264,300
52	Apr 21, 2020	276.28	277.25	265.43	268.37	267.65	45,247,900
53	Apr 20, 2020	277.95	281.68	276.85	276.93	276.18	32,503,800
54	Apr 17, 2020	284.69	286.95	276.86	282.80	282.04	53,812,500

55	Apr	16,	2020	287.38	288.20	282.35	286.69	285.92	39,281,300
56	Apr	15,	2020	282.40	286.33	280.63	284.43	283.66	32,788,600
57	Apr	14,	2020	280.00	288.25	278.05	287.05	286.28	48,748,700
58	Apr	13,	2020	268.31	273.70	265.83	273.25	272.51	32,755,700
59	Apr	09,	2020	268.70	270.07	264.70	267.99	267.27	40,529,100
60	Apr	08,	2020	262.74	267.37	261.23	266.07	265.35	42,223,800
61	Apr	07,	2020	270.80	271.70	259.00	259.43	258.73	50,721,800
62	Apr	06,	2020	250.90	263.11	249.38	262.47	261.76	50,455,100
63	Apr	03,	2020	242.80	245.70	238.97	241.41	240.76	32,470,000
64	Apr	02,	2020	240.34	245.15	236.90	244.93	244.27	41,483,500
65	Apr	01,	2020	246.50	248.72	239.13	240.91	240.26	44,054,600
66	Mar	31,	2020	255.60	262.49	252.00	254.29	253.60	49,250,500
67	Mar	30,	2020	250.74	255.52	249.40	254.81	254.12	41,994,100
68	Mar	27,	2020	252.75	255.87	247.05	247.74	247.07	51,054,200
69	Mar	26,	2020	246.52	258.68	246.36	258.44	257.74	63,021,800
70	Mar	25,	2020	250.75	258.25	244.30	245.52	244.86	75,900,500
71	Mar	24,	2020	236.36	247.69	234.30	246.88	246.21	71,882,800
72	Mar	23,	2020	228.08	228.50	212.61	224.37	223.76	84,188,200
73	Mar	20,	2020	247.18	251.83	228.00	229.24	228.62	100,423,300
74	Mar	19,	2020	247.39	252.84	242.61	244.78	244.12	67,964,300
75	Mar	18,	2020	239.77	250.00	237.12	246.67	246.00	75,058,400
76	Mar	17,	2020	247.51	257.61	238.40	252.86	252.18	81,014,000
77	Mar	16,	2020	241.95	259.08	240.00	242.21	241.56	80,605,900
78	Mar	13,	2020	264.89	279.92	252.95	277.97	277.22	92,683,000
79	Mar	12,	2020	255.94	270.00	248.00	248.23	247.56	104,618,500
80	Mar	11,	2020	277.39	281.22	271.86	275.43	274.69	63,899,700
81	Mar	10,	2020	277.14	286.44	269.37	285.34	284.57	71,322,500
82	Mar	09,	2020	263.75	278.09	263.00	266.17	265.45	71,686,200
83	Mar	06,	2020	282.00	290.82	281.23	289.03	288.25	56,544,200
84	Mar	05,	2020	295.52	299.55	291.41	292.92	292.13	46,893,200
85	Mar	04,	2020	296.44	303.40	293.13	302.74	301.92	54,794,600
86	Mar	03,	2020	303.67	304.00	285.80	289.32	288.54	79,868,900
87	Mar	02,	2020	282.28	301.44	277.72	298.81	298.00	85,349,300
88	Feb	28,	2020	257.26	278.41	256.37	273.36	272.62	106,721,200
89	Feb	27,	2020	281.10	286.00	272.96	273.52	272.78	79,834,500
90	Feb	26,	2020	286.53	297.88	286.50	292.65	291.86	49,513,700
91	Feb	25,	2020	300.95	302.53	286.13	288.08	287.30	57,668,400
92	Feb	24,	2020	297.26	304.18	289.23	298.18	297.38	55,548,800
93	Feb	21,	2020	318.62	320.45	310.50	313.05	312.20	32,388,500
94	Feb	20,	2020	322.63	324.65	318.21	320.30	319.44	25,141,500
95	Feb	19,	2020	320.00	324.57	320.00	323.62	322.75	23,496,000
96	Feb	18,	2020	315.36	319.75	314.61	319.00	318.14	38,132,800
97	Feb	14,	2020	324.74	325.98	322.85	324.95	324.07	20,028,400
98	Feb	13,	2020	324.19	326.22	323.35	324.87	323.99	23,686,900

Conclusion

Hence, web scraping is a very useful technique for businesses and organizations to extract, parse, analyze and visualize the data for research and other purposes. Stock market being source of very dynamic data, when it comes to stock market analysis, it is said that by looking at the history of a stock's trading activity, one will find all the relevant information needed. This is because price action repeats itself as a result of investors patterned behavior. Hence, getting accurate stock market analysis is extremely important for any financial actions.

Code

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-

import os
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
import pandas as pd
from pandas import Series, DataFrame
import numpy as np
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
import time
from pandas.tseries.offsets import BDay
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# For Before Corona
#end = datetime(2019,12,27)
#start = end - BDay(100)

# For After Corona
start = datetime(2019,12,27)
end = datetime.today()

baseUrl = 'https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/'
```



```

tech_list = 'AAPL'

# Function to get stock data, plot graph and store data in csv
def getStockData(tick, endPeriod, startPeriod):
    end = endPeriod
    start = startPeriod
    print(start,end)

    #Convert Dates to UNIX Time for Params
    unixStart = int(time.mktime(start.timetuple()))
    unixEnd = int(time.mktime(end.timetuple()))

    # Url link to yahoo finance with search parameters
    url = (baseUrl + str(tick) + '/history?period1=' + str(unixStart) +
    '&period2=' + str(
        unixEnd) + '&interval=1d&filter=history&frequency=1d')
    scrapWebsite(url)

# Function to scrap website
def scrapWebsite(url):

    # Send request to website
    result = requests.get(url)
    c = result.content

    # Set BeautifulSoup object
    soup = BeautifulSoup(c, "lxml")
    summary = soup.find('div', {'class': 'Pb(10px) Ov(a) W(100%)'})

    # Fetch table with historical data
    tables = summary.find_all('table')

```

```

# Array to store table rows
data = []
rows = tables[0].find_all('tr')
for tr in rows:
    cols = tr.findAll('td')
    if len(cols) == 7:
        for td in cols:
            text = td.find(text=True)
            data.append(text)

# Create Pandas DataFrame object
dFrame = pd.DataFrame(np.array(data).reshape(int(len(data) / 7), 7))
dFrame.columns = ['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Aclose',
'Volume']
dFrame.set_index('Date', inplace=False)

# Call function to store data to csv file
dump2csv(dFrame)

# Call function to Calculate SMA and EMA and plot graph
movingAverage(dFrame)

# Function to Calculate SMA and EMA and plot graph
def movingAverage(stockprices):
    # For printing close and type casting its values to int
    stockprices['Close'] = stockprices['Close'].astype(float)

    # Calculate SMA
    stockprices['SMA 20 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].rolling(20).mean()
    stockprices['SMA 50 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].rolling(50).mean()

    # Calculate EMA

```

```

stockprices['EMA 20 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].ewm(span=20,
adjust=False).mean()

stockprices['EMA 50 Days'] = stockprices['Close'].ewm(span=50,
adjust=False).mean()

# PLOT Graph of Price CLOse, SMA and EMA Data

stockprices[['Close', 'SMA 20 Days', 'EMA 50 Days', 'SMA 50 Days', 'EMA
20 Days']].plot(figsize=(12, 8))

plt.grid(True)

plt.title('AAPL Moving Averages')

plt.axis('tight')

plt.ylabel('Price')

# Funciton to Store data to CSV
def dump2csv(dataFrame):
    filename = str(tech_list) + '.csv'

    # If file already exists, append data to end of file, otherwise create
    new file with Column Names

    if os.path.exists(filename):
        append_write = 'a'

        dataFrame.to_csv(filename, sep='\t', mode=append_write, header=False)
    else:
        append_write = 'w'

        dataFrame.to_csv(filename, sep='\t', mode=append_write)

# Call the main function to run the script
getStockData(tech_list, end, start)

```

