# **Lab Exercise 6- Create POD in Kubernetes**

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#### **Objective:**

- Understand the basic structure and syntax of a Kubernetes Pod definition file (YAML).
- Learn to create, inspect, and delete a Pod in a Kubernetes cluster.

## **Prerequisites**

- Kubernetes Cluster: You need a running Kubernetes cluster. You can set up a local cluster using tools like Minikube or kind, or use a cloud-based Kubernetes service.
- kubectl: Install and configure kubectl to interact with your Kubernetes cluster.
- Basic Knowledge of YAML: Familiarity with YAML format will be helpful as Kubernetes resource definitions are written in YAML.

## **Step-by-Step Guide**

## Step 1: Create a YAML File for the Pod

We'll create a Pod configuration file named **pod-example.yaml** 

```
apiVersion: v1 # The version of the Kubernetes API to use for this object.
```

kind: Pod # The type of Kubernetes object. Here it's a Pod.

metadata: # Metadata about the Pod, such as its name and labels.

name: my-pod # The name of the Pod. Must be unique within a namespace.

labels: # Labels are key-value pairs to categorize and organize Pods.

app: my-app # Label to categorize this Pod as part of 'my-app'.

spec: # The specification for the Pod, detailing its containers and other settings.
containers: # List of containers that will run in this Pod.
- name: my-container # The name of the container. Must be unique within the Pod.
image: nginx:latest # The Docker image to use for this container. Here, it's the latest version of Nginx.

#### **Explanation of the YAML File**

- apiVersion: Specifies the version of the Kubernetes API to use. For Pods, it's typically v1.
- kind: The type of object being created. Here it's a Pod.
- metadata: Provides metadata about the object, including name and labels. The name must be unique within the namespace, and labels help in identifying and organizing Pods.
- spec: Contains the specifications of the Pod, including:
  - containers: Lists all containers that will run inside the Pod. Each container needs:
    - name: A unique name within the Pod.
    - image: The Docker image to use for the container.
    - ports: The ports that this container exposes.
    - env: Environment variables passed to the container.

### Step 2: Apply the YAML File to Create the Pod

Use the kubectl apply command to create the Pod based on the YAML configuration file.

### kubectl apply -f pod-example.yaml

```
sujal@HP-Victus MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Des
$ kubectl apply -f pod-example.yaml
pod/my-pod created
```

This command tells Kubernetes to create a Pod as specified in the pod-example.yaml file.

## **Step 3: Verify the Pod Creation**

To check the status of the Pod and ensure it's running, use:

#### kubectl get pods

```
sujal@HP-Victus MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Desktop/Se
$ kubectl get pods
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
my-pod 1/1 Running 0 21s
```

This command lists all the Pods in the current namespace, showing their status, restart count, and other details.

You can get detailed information about the Pod using:

kubectl describe pod my-pod

```
kubectl describe pod my-pod
                       my-pod
default
Namespace:
Priority:
Service Account:
                       default
                       docker-desktop/192.168.65.3
Fri, 25 Oct 2024 11:45:09 +0530
Start Time:
Labels:
                       app=my-app
<none>
Annotations:
Status:
                        10.1.0.6
IP:
IPs:
 IP: 10.1.0.6
 ontainers:
  my-container:
                          docker://1f04485d761cb642e350bc30dbf8a4b6b375c2f5a912a5189c8dc15831f06dce
nginx:latest
     Container ID:
     Image:
     Image ID:
                          docker-pullable://nginx@sha256:28402db69fec7c17e179ea87882667f1e054391138f77ffaf0c3eb388efc3ffb
    Port:
Host Port:
State:
                          <none>
                          <none>
                          Running
                          Fri, 25 Oct 2024 11:45:18 +0530
True
       Started:
     Ready:
     Restart Count:
     Environment:
                          <none>
     Mounts:
        /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from kube-api-access-tn7mk (ro)
 onditions:
  Type
PodReadyToStartContainers
Initialized
                                       Status
                                       True
  Ready
ContainersReady
PodScheduled
                                       True
                                       True
  olumes:
  kube-api-access-tn7mk:
                                      Projected (a volume that contains injected data from multiple sources)
     Type:
TokenExpirationSeconds:
     ConfigMapName:
                                      kube-root-ca.crt
     ConfigMapOptional:
     DownwardAPI:
                                      true
BestEffort
QoS Class:
Node-Selectors:
                                      <none>
                                      node.kubernetes.io/not-ready:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
 Folerations:
 vents:
             Reason
                                   From
                                                             Message
  Type
                           Age
                                   default-scheduler Successfully assigned default/my-pod to docker-desktop kubelet Pulling image "nginx:latest" kubelet Successfully pulled image "nginx:latest" in 8.5s (8.5s including waiting) kubelet Created container my-container
            Scheduled
Pulling
Pulled
  Normal
                                   kubelet
kubelet
  Normal
                           40s
  Norma
             Created
  Normal
             Started
                                   kubelet
                                                             Started container my-container
```

This command provides detailed information about the Pod, including its events, container specifications, and resource usage.

#### **Step 4: Interact with the Pod**

You can interact with the running Pod in various ways, such as accessing the logs or executing commands inside the container.

### View Logs: To view the logs of the container in the Pod:

kubectl logs my-pod

```
jal@HP-Victus MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Desktop/Sem_5/CnD_Security_Lab/Exp6
  kubectl logs my-pod
docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Sourcing /docker-entrypoint.d/15-local-resolvers.envsh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
2024/10/25 06:15:18 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
2024/10/25 06:15:18 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.27.2
2024/10/25 06:15:18 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 12.2.0 (Debian 12.2.0-14)
2024/10/25 06:15:18 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 5.15.153.1-microsoft-standard-WSL2
                               [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 1048576:1048576
2024/10/25 06:15:18
2024/10/25 06:15:18
2024/10/25 06:15:18
2024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
[notice] 1#1: start worker process 29
                                            1#1: start worker process 29
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker process 30
2024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker process 31
2024/10/25 06:15:18
2024/10/25 06:15:18
2024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice]
[notice]
                                            1#1: start worker process
                                            1#1: start worker process
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker process 34
2024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker process
2024/10/25 06:15:18
2024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice]
[notice]
                                            1#1: start worker process
                                            1#1: start worker process
 2024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker process 38
2024/10/25 06:15:18 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 39
 024/10/25 06:15:18
                               [notice] 1#1: start worker process 40
```

#### Execute a Command: To run a command inside the container:

```
kubectl exec -it my-pod -- /bin/bash
```

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.e: X
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.2033]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\sujal\OneDrive\Desktop\Sem_5\CnD_Security_Lab\Exp6>kubectl exec -it my-pod -- /bin/sh
C:\Users\sujal\OneDrive\Desktop\Sem_5\CnD_Security_Lab\Exp6>kubectl exec -it my-pod -- /bin/sh
 docker ps
/bin/sh: 1: docker: not found
                            docker-entrypoint.sh
bin
                                                  home
                                                        lib64
                                                               mnt
                                                                     proc
                                                                           run
                                                                                      tmp
                                                                                            var
boot
     docker-entrypoint.d
                                                  lib
                                                        media
                                                                opt
                                                                     root
                                                                           sbin
                                                                                 svs
                                                                                      usr
# cd home
 ls
```

The -it flag opens an interactive terminal session inside the container, allowing you to run commands.

#### Step 5: Delete the Pod

To clean up and remove the Pod when you're done, use the following command:

kubectl delete pod my-pod

C:\Users\sujal\OneDrive\Desktop\Sem\_5\CnD\_Security\_Lab\Exp6>kubectl delete pod my-pod pod "my-pod" deleted

This command deletes the specified Pod from the cluster.