Lab Exercise 9- Managing Namespaces in Kubernetes

Step 1: Understand Namespaces

Namespaces provide a mechanism for scoping resources in a cluster. Namespaces can be used to:

- Create environments for different applications or teams.
- Apply policies like resource quotas or network policies on a per-namespace basis.
- Separate operational environments (like development and production).

Step 2: List Existing Namespaces

To list all the namespaces in your Kubernetes cluster:

```
kubectl get namespaces
```

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN> kubectl get namespaces
NAME
                             AGE
default
                   Active
                             37h
kube-node-lease
                             37h
                   Active
kube-public
                   Active
                            37h
kube-system
                   Active
                             37h
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN>
```

You will typically see default namespaces like default, kube-system, and kube-public.

Step 3: Create a Namespace

You can create a namespace using a YAML file or directly with the kubectl command.

Using YAML File

Create a file named *my-namespace.yaml* with the following content:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Namespace
metadata:
name: my-namespace
```

Apply this YAML to create the namespace:

```
kubectl apply -f my-namespace.yaml
```

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl apply -f namespace.yaml namespace/my-namespace created
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```

Verify that the namespace is created:

```
kubectl get namespaces
```

You should see my-namespace listed in the output.

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl get namespaces
NAME
                  STATUS
                           AGE
default
                           37h
                  Active
kube-node-lease Active
                           37h
kube-public
kube-system
                 Active
                           37h
                  Active
                           37h
my-namespace
                  Active
                           32s
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9>
```

Step 4: Deploy Resources in a Namespace

Create resources such as Pods, Services, or Deployments within the new namespace.

Deploy a Pod in the Namespace

Create a YAML file named *nginx-pod.yaml* with the following content:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: nginx-pod
namespace: my-namespace # Specify the namespace for the Pod.
spec:
containers:
- name: nginx
image: nginx:latest
ports:
- containerPort: 80
```

Apply this YAML to create the Pod:

```
kubectl apply -f nginx-pod.yaml
```

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl apply -f pod.yaml pod/nginx-pod created
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl get pods -n my-names
```

Check the status of the Pod within the namespace:

```
kubectl get pods -n my-namespace
```

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl apply —f pod.yaml
pod/nginx-pod created
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl get pods —n my-namespace
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
nginx-pod 1/1 Running 0 14s
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```

To describe the Pod and see detailed information:

kubectl describe pod nginx-pod -n my-namespace

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl describe pod nginx-pod Error from server (NotFound): pods "nginx-pod" not found
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl describe pod nginx-pod -n my-namespace
Name:
                  nginx-pod
Namespace:
                   my-namespace
Priority:
Service Account: default
                   docker-desktop/192.168.65.3
Start Time:
                    Thu, 21 Nov 2024 19:04:30 +0530
Labels:
                   <none>
Annotations:
                   <none>
Status:
                    Running
                    10.1.0.24
IP:
IPs:
IP: 10.1.0.24
Containers:
  nginx:
                     docker://eaf263294b6bb9adef09c17b8fbf722d608e90b9bfcdca345b963bded155e27a
    Container ID:
    Image:
Image ID:
                      nginx:latest
                      docker-pullable://nginx@sha256:bc5eac5eafc581aeda3008b4b1f07ebba230de2f27d47767129a6a905c84f4
                      80/TCP
0/TCP
    Port:
Host Port:
                      Running
    State:
                      Thu, 21 Nov 2024 19:04:33 +0530
      Started:
    Ready:
                      True
    Restart Count: 0
    Environment:
                      <none>
    Mounts:
/var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from kube-api-access-crqnh (ro) Conditions:
```

Create a Service in the Namespace

Create a YAML file named nginx-service.yaml with the following content:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
name: nginx-service
namespace: my-namespace # Specify the namespace for the Service.
spec:
selector:
app: nginx-pod
ports:
- protocol: TCP
```

port: 80

targetPort: 80 type: ClusterIP

Apply this YAML to create the Service:

kubectl apply -f nginx-service.yaml

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl apply -f service.yaml service/nginx-service created
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```

Check the status of the Service within the namespace:

kubectl get services -n my-namespace

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl get service -n my-namespace
NAME TYPE CLUSTER-IP EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S) AGE
nginx-service ClusterIP 10.102.7.250 <none> 80/TCP 31s
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```

To describe the Service and see detailed information:

kubectl describe service nginx-service -n my-namespace

Step 5: Switching Context Between Namespaces

When working with multiple namespaces, you can specify the namespace in kubectl commands or switch the default context.

Specify Namespace in Commands

You can specify the namespace directly in kubectl commands using the -n or --namespace flag:

kubectl get pods -n my-namespace

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl get service -n my-namespace
NAME TYPE CLUSTER-IP EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S) AGE
nginx-service ClusterIP 10.102.7.250 <none> 80/TCP 31s
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```

Set Default Namespace for kubectl Commands

To avoid specifying the namespace every time, you can set the default namespace for the current context:

```
kubectl config set-context --current --namespace=my-namespace
```

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubed
Context "docker-desktop" modified.

PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker lab\lab9> kubed
```

Verify the current context's namespace:

kubectl config view --minify | grep namespace:

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl config view --minify
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
 cluster:
   certificate-authority-data: DATA+OMITTED
   server: https://kubernetes.docker.internal:6443
 name: docker-desktop
contexts:
  context:
   cluster: docker-desktop
   namespace: my-namespace
   user: docker-desktop
 name: docker-desktop
current-context: docker-desktop
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
  name: docker-desktop
 HUSHI JAIN@LAPTOP-8OCQE8MR MINGW64 ~
$ kubectl config view --minify|grep namespace:
     namespace: my-namespace
```

Step 6: Clean Up Resources

To delete the resources and the namespace you created:

kubectl delete -f nginx-pod.yaml

kubectl delete -f nginx-service.yaml kubectl delete namespace my-namespace

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl delete —f pod.yaml
pod "nginx-pod" deleted
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl delete —f service.yaml
service "nginx-service" deleted
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl delete namespace my-namespace
namespace "my-namespace" deleted
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```

Ensure that the namespace and all its resources are deleted:

kubectl get namespaces

```
PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> kubectl get namespaces

NAME STATUS AGE

default Active 37h

kube-node-lease Active 37h

kube-public Active 37h

kube-system Active 37h

PS C:\Users\KHUSHI JAIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Docker_lab\lab9> |
```