# **Lab Exercise 8- Creating and Managing a ReplicaSet in Kubernetes**

## **Objective:**

A ReplicaSet in Kubernetes ensures a specified number of Pod replicas are running at any given time. This exercise will guide you through creating a ReplicaSet to maintain the desired state of your application.

- Understand the syntax and structure of a Kubernetes ReplicaSet definition file (YAML).
- Learn how to create and manage a ReplicaSet to ensure application availability.
- Understand how a ReplicaSet helps in scaling applications and maintaining desired states.

# **Prerequisites**

- Kubernetes Cluster: Have a running Kubernetes cluster (locally using Minikube or kind, or a cloud-based service).
- kubectl: Install and configure kubectl to interact with your Kubernetes cluster.
- Basic Knowledge of YAML: Familiarity with YAML format will be helpful for understanding Kubernetes resource definitions.

# Step-by-Step Guide

## Step 1: Understanding ReplicaSet

A ReplicaSet ensures a specified number of Pod replicas are running at any given time. If a Pod crashes or is deleted, the ReplicaSet creates a new one to meet the defined number of replicas. This helps maintain application availability and ensures that your application can handle increased load by distributing traffic among multiple Pods.

#### Step 2: Create a ReplicaSet

We'll define a ReplicaSet to maintain three replicas of a simple Nginx web server Pod. Create a YAML file named nginx-replicaset.yaml with the following content:

```
# Specifies the API version used.
apiVersion: apps/v1
                     # The type of resource being defined; here, it's a ReplicaSet.
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
name: nginx-replicaset # The name of the ReplicaSet.
spec:
replicas: 3
                  # The desired number of Pod replicas.
selector:
 matchLabels:
                     # Criteria to identify Pods managed by this ReplicaSet.
                   # The label that should match Pods.
   app: nginx
 template:
                  # The Pod template for creating new Pods.
  metadata:
   labels:
    app: nginx
                  # Labels applied to Pods created by this ReplicaSet.
  spec:
   containers:
                    # Name of the container within the Pod.
   - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest # Docker image to use for the container.
    ports:
    - container Port: 80 # The port the container exposes.
```

#### **Explanation:**

- apiVersion: Defines the API version (apps/v1) used for the ReplicaSet resource.
- kind: Specifies that this resource is a ReplicaSet.
- metadata: Contains metadata about the ReplicaSet, including name.

- o name: The unique name for the ReplicaSet.
- spec: Provides the specification for the ReplicaSet.
  - o replicas: Defines the desired number of Pod replicas.
  - o selector: Criteria for selecting Pods managed by this ReplicaSet.
    - matchLabels: Labels that Pods must have to be managed by this ReplicaSet.
  - o template: Defines the Pod template used for creating new Pods.
    - metadata: Contains metadata for the Pods, including labels.
      - labels: Labels applied to Pods created by this ReplicaSet.
  - o spec: Specification for the Pods.
    - containers: Lists the containers that will run in the Pod.
      - name: The unique name of the container within the Pod.
      - image: The Docker image used for the container.
      - ports: Ports exposed by the container.

#### Step 3: Apply the YAML to Create the ReplicaSet

Use the kubectl apply command to create the ReplicaSet based on the YAML file.

kubectl apply -f nginx-replicaset.yaml

```
HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubectl apply -f replicaset.yaml
replicaset.apps/nginx-replicaset created
```

Verify the ReplicaSet is running and maintaining the desired number of replicas:

kubectl get replicaset

```
HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubectl get replicaset
NAME DESIRED CURRENT READY AGE
nginx-replicaset 3 3 3 29s
```

This command lists all ReplicaSets in the current namespace.

#### To check the Pods created by the ReplicaSet:

```
kubectl get pods -l app=nginx
```

```
IP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubect1 get pods -1 app=nginx
                          READY
                                  STATUS
                                             RESTARTS
                                                        AGE
nginx-replicaset-bhv7c
                          1/1
                                  Running
                                             0
                                                        63s
nginx-replicaset-g5kjd
                                  Running
                          1/1
                                             0
                                                        63s
nginx-replicaset-p2z57
                                             0
                                  Running
                                                        63s
```

This command lists all Pods with the label app=nginx.

## Step 4: Managing the ReplicaSet

#### 1. Scaling the ReplicaSet

You can scale the number of replicas managed by the ReplicaSet using the kubectl scale command.

```
kubectl scale --replicas=5 replicaset/nginx-replicaset
```

```
HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubectl scale --replicas=5 replicaset/nginx-replicaset
replicaset.apps/nginx-replicaset scaled
```

This command scales the ReplicaSet to maintain 5 replicas. Verify the scaling operation:

```
kubectl get pods -l app=nginx
```

```
HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
 kubectl get pods -l app=nginx
                          READY
                                  STATUS
                                            RESTARTS
                                                        AGE
nginx-replicaset-5zq5x
                          1/1
                                  Running
                                             0
                                                        31s
                          1/1
                                            0
                                                        8m37s
nginx-replicaset-bhv7c
                                  Running
nginx-replicaset-q5kjd
                          1/1
                                  Running
                                            0
                                                        8m37s
nginx-replicaset-nnddv
                          1/1
                                  Running
                                            0
                                                        31s
                                             0
nginx-replicaset-p2z57
                          1/1
                                  Running
                                                        8m37s
```

You should see that the number of Pods has increased to 5.

## 2. Updating the ReplicaSet

If you need to update the Pod template (e.g., to use a different Docker image version), modify the YAML file and apply it again. For instance, change the image to a specific version of Nginx:

```
spec:
template:
spec:
containers:
- name: nginx
image: nginx:1.19.3 # Change to a specific version
```

## **Apply the changes:**

```
kubectl apply -f nginx-replicaset.yaml
```

```
HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubectl apply -f replicaset.yaml
replicaset.apps/nginx-replicaset configured
```

## Check the status to ensure the Pods are updated:

```
kubectl get pods -l app=nginx
```

Note: Updating a ReplicaSet doesn't automatically replace existing Pods with new ones. In practice, you often create a new ReplicaSet or Deployment for updates.

# 3. Deleting the ReplicaSet

To clean up the ReplicaSet and its Pods, use the kubectl delete command:

kubectl delete -f nginx-replicaset.yaml

```
HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubectl delete -f replicaset.yaml
replicaset.apps "nginx-replicaset" deleted

HP 15@LAPTOP-PL8DJA30 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Sem5/Docker/Exp8
$ kubectl get pods -l app=nginx
No resources found in default namespace.
```

This command deletes the ReplicaSet and all the Pods managed by it.