

System Provisioning and Configuration Management Lab

Submitted To:

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EXPERIMENT 1

Lab Exercise: Creating Static Host Inventory

Objective: To create a static host inventory for managing and automating infrastructure tasks

efficiently across multiple servers using Ansible

Tools required: Ubuntu OS

Prerequisites: You need to have Ansible installed to proceed with this demo

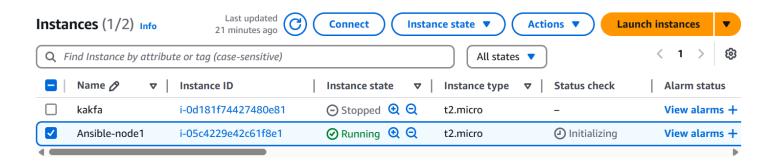
Steps to be followed:

1. Generate SSH key pair on the main node

- 2. Copy the SSH key to the two other nodes
- 3. Update the inventory or host file with the host IP address
- 4. Establish connectivity between the hosts specified in the host file and the Ansible server

Step 1: Launch EC2 Instance

- 1. Go to AWS Console \rightarrow EC2 \rightarrow Launch instance
- 2. OS: Ubuntu 22.04 or similar
- 3. Instance type: **t2.micro** (Free Tier)
- 4. Enable **port 22 (SSH)** in Security Group



□ Install Ansible on EC2: Once you're logged into the instance: sudo apt update

sudo apt install ansible -y

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:2 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:3 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:4 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:6 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]
Get:7 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]
Get:8 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
Get:10 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse Translation-en [118 kB]
Get:11 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
Get:12 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ sudo apt install ansible -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    ansible-core python3-argcomplete python3-dnspython python3-kerberos python3-libcloud python3-lockfile python3-ntlm-auth
    python3-passlib python3-requests-ntlm python3-resolvelib python3-selinux python3-simplejson python3-winrm python3-xmltodict
Suggested packages:
    cowsay sshpass python3-trio python3-aioquic python3-h2 python3-httpx python3-httpcore python-lockfile-doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    ansible ansible-core python3-argcomplete python3-dnspython python3-kerberos python3-libcloud python3-lockfile python3-ntlm-auth
    python3-passlib python3-requests-ntlm python3-resolvelib python3-selinux python3-simplejson python3-winrm python3-xmltodict
0 upgraded, 15 newly installed, 0 to remove and 68 not upgraded.
Need to get 19.5 MB of archives.
After this operation, 315 MB of additional disk space will be used.
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible --version
ansible [core 2.16.3]
   config file = None
   configured module search path = ['/home/ubuntu/.ansible/plugins/modules', '/usr/share/ansible/plugins/modules']
   ansible python module location = /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ansible
   ansible collection location = /home/ubuntu/.ansible/collections:/usr/share/ansible/collections
   executable location = /usr/bin/ansible
   python version = 3.12.3 (main, Feb 4 2025, 14:48:35) [GCC 13.3.0] (/usr/bin/python3)
   jinja version = 3.1.2
   libyaml = True
   ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ssh-keygen
Generating public/private ed25519 key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_ed25519):
```

Step 2: Generate SSH key pair on the main node

2.1 Use the following command to generate the SSH key on the Ansible server: **ssh-keygen**

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ssh-keygen
Generating public/private ed25519 key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ubuntu/.ssh/id ed25519):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_ed25519
Your public key has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id ed25519.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:MhsVwbyTOP1IfESUOV9iCMbEjWnebGbDzduEwXI8CoY ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82
The key's randomart image is:
  -[ED25519 256]--+
        B*0o*
       E.@.O O .
       B.O X *
       0.0 = .
       +oSO . +
     [SHA256]--
```

Step 3: Copy the SSH key to the other two nodes

3.1 Use the following command to copy the public key to a file named authorized_keys in localhost: cat ~/.ssh/id ed25519.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized keys

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ cat ~/.ssh/id_ed25519.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

3.2 Run the following command to go to the .ssh directory of the Ansible server: cd .ssh

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ cd ~/.ssh/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~/.ssh$ ip a
```

3.3Run the following command to copy the public key to another node that will connect to the Ansible server: ssh-copy-id username@ip -p 22

3.4Execute the following command to exit the .ssh directory of the Ansible server: cd

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~/.ssh$ cd
```

Step 4: Update the inventory or host file with the host IP address

4.1Use the following command to open the Ansible inventory file and add the host localhost to it: sudo vi /etc/ansible/hosts

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/ansible
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ sudo touch /etc/ansible/hosts
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ sudo vi /etc/ansible/hosts
```

4.2 When the file opens, add the three lines of code below to the end of the file:

```
[dbbservers]
localhost
65.0.183.70
172.31.15.82
```

Step 5: Establish connectivity between the hosts specified in the host file and the Ansible server

5.1Run the following command to copy the public key to another node that will connect to the Ansible server: **ansible -m ping dbbservers**

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible -m ping dbbservers

172.31.15.82 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}

65.0.183.70 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}

localhost | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
},
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
```

5.2 Use the following command to check the number of hosts in the host file: **ansible all** --list-hosts

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible all --list-hosts
hosts (3):
localhost
65.0.183.70
172.31.15.82
```

By following these steps, you have successfully created a static host inventory for managing and automating infrastructure tasks efficiently across multiple servers using Ansible.