#### Lab Exercise 02

# **Working With Hosts and Groups**

By: Dhruv Jain

**Objective:** To work with hosts both individually and in groups for streamlined management and deployment across your network infrastructure

Tools required: Ubuntu OS

**Prerequisites:** You need to have Ansible, and the nodes connected with it installed to proceed with this demo. Refer Demo 1 of Lesson 3.

#### Steps to be followed:

- 1. List the hosts present in your host file
- 2. Create a file on the host
- 3. Remove the file from the host
- 4. Create and remove the file on the hosts using the group
- 5. Update the hosts using the group

#### Step 1: List the hosts present in your host file

1. Use the following command to list the hosts in your inventory file: ansible all --list-hosts

Note: The host list might change as per your system.

Type your text

### Step 2: Create a file on the host

Type you1text se the following command to list the contents of the current working directory: ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "Is"

```
Last Login: Thu Apr 10 16:41:51 UTC 2025 on pts/0
[dotin-172-31-8-236 -]$ ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "ls"
[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. So the properties of the property of the properties of the propertie
```

Note: You can create the file on any other host as per your host list.

2. Use the following command to create a file named **file1** on the host: ansible 172.31.44.85 -a "touch file1"

```
[dodip-172-31-8-236 -]8 ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "touch filed" [MRMING]: Consider using the file module with state-touch rather than running 'touch'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command task or set 'command warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[MRMING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

172.31.6.104 [GRMINGE] | Term >> 

[dodip-172-31-8-236 -]8 [
```

### **Step 3: Remove the file from the host**

1. Now, run the following command to remove the file from the host: ansible 172.31.44.85 -a "rm file1"

```
(dodip-172-31-8-236 - |$ ensible 172.31.6.104 -a 'rm filel'
[MRNRING]: consider using the file module with state-wheent rather than running 'rm'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn; false' to this command to set 'command warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[MRNRING]: Platform linux on hest 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at 'usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

[dotip-172-31.6.104] (ERANGED | rc=0 >>

[dotip-172-31.8-236 - ]8
```

## Step 4: Create and remove the file on the hosts using the group

 Run the following command to create a new file on both the hosts using the group: ansible dbservers -a "touch Ansible\_learners"

```
[MARNING]: Consider using the file module with state=touch rather than running 'touch'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command task or set 'command warnings=Palse' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.315.230 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.
```

2. Use the following command to list the contents of the current working directory of all the hosts present in the group:

ansible dbservers -a "ls"

3. Run the following command to remove the file on both hosts using the group: ansible dbservers -a "rm Ansible\_learners"

```
[doEip-172-31-8-236 -]$ ansible dbservers -a "rm Ansible_learners"

[WARNING]: Consider using the file module with state-absent rather than running 'rm'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command to rest 'command warnings-False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://does.ansible.com/ansible/22.9/referenc_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.5.230 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://does.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/referenc_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

172.31.5.230 | CBANGED| rc=0 >>
```