Lab Exercise 02

Working With Hosts and Groups

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Objective: To work with hosts both individually and in groups for streamlined management and deployment across your network infrastructure

Tools required: Ubuntu OS

Prerequisites: You need to have Ansible, and the nodes connected with it installed to

proceed with this demo. Refer Demo 1 of Lesson 3.

Steps to be followed:

- 1. List the hosts present in your host file
- 2. Create a file on the host
- 3. Remove the file from the host
- 4. Create and remove the file on the hosts using the group
- 5. Update the hosts using the group

Step 1: List the hosts present in your host file

1. Use the following command to list the hosts in your inventory file: ansible all --list-hosts

Note: The host list might change as per your system.

Step 2: Create a file on the host

1. Use the following command to list the contents of the current working directory: ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "ls"

```
ast login: Thu Apr 10 16:41:51 UTC 2025 on pts/0
do&ip-172-31-8-236 -]$ ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "1s"
MARNING: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. Se
ttps://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.
72.31.6.104 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
1.txt
```

Note: You can create the file on any other host as per your host list.

2. Use the following command to create a file named **file1** on the host: ansible 172.31.44.85 -a "touch file1"

```
[dodip-172-31-8-236 -]8 ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "touch filed" [MRMING]: Consider using the file module with state-touch rather than running 'touch'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command task or set 'command warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[MRMING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

172.31.6.104 [GRMINGE] | Term >> 

[dodip-172-31-8-236 -]8 [
```

Step 3: Remove the file from the host

1. Now, run the following command to remove the file from the host: ansible 172.31.44.85 -a "rm file1"

```
[doftp-172-31-8-236 -]$ ansible 172.31.6.104 -a "rm filel"
[WINNING] Consider using the file module with state-absent rather than running 'rm'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command to rset 'command warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[WINNING] Flatform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at 'usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

[dottp-172-31.6.104] CERNOED | rc-0 >>
[dottp-172-31.8-236 -]$
```

Step 4: Create and remove the file on the hosts using the group

1. Run the following command to create a new file on both the hosts using the group: ansible dbservers -a "touch Ansible_learners"

```
[MARNING]: Consider using the file module with state=touch rather than running 'touch'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command task or set 'command warnings=Palse' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.315.230 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

17.31.6.104 [CANNIED] = 17.31.6.104 [C
```

2. Use the following command to list the contents of the current working directory of all the hosts present in the group:

ansible dbservers -a "ls"

3. Run the following command to remove the file on both hosts using the group: ansible dbservers -a "rm Ansible_learners"

```
[doEip-172-31-8-236 -]$ ansible dbservers -a "rm Ansible_learners"

[WARNING]: Consider using the file module with state-absent rather than running 'rm'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command to rest 'command warnings-False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.6.104 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://does.ansible.com/ansible/22.9/referenc_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 172.31.5.230 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another Python interpreter could change this. See https://does.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/referenc_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.

172.31.5.230 | CBANGED| rc=0 >>
```