Lab Exercise 3-Provisioning an EC2 Instance on AWS

Prerequisites: Terraform Installed: Make sure you have Terraform installed on your machine. Follow the official installation guide if needed.

AWS Credentials: Ensure you have AWS credentials (Access Key ID and Secret Access Key) configured. You can set them up using the AWS CLI or by setting environment variables.

Exercise Steps:

Step 1: Create a New Directory:

Create a new directory for your Terraform configuration:

```
mkdir aws-terraform-demo

cd aws-terraform-demo

[sai@Sais-Mac Lab Z % cd ...
[sai@Sais-Mac Terraform Lab % cd Lab-3
sai@Sais-Mac Lab-3 %
```

Step 2: Create Terraform Configuration File (main.tf):

Create a file named main.tf with the following content:

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
   aws = {
    source = "hashicorp/aws"
    version = "5.31.0"
  }
}
```

```
}
```

```
provider "aws" {
  region = "ap-south-1"
  access_key = "your IAM access key"
  secret_key = "your secret access key"
}
```

```
⊞ Extension: HashiCorp Terraform
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                              main.tf
                               Lab-3 > 

main.tf > 
provider "aws" > 

region
∨ TERRAFORM LAB 🖺 📮 🖰 🗗
                                      terraform {
 > I Lab-2
                                      required_providers {
 ∨ = Lab-3
                                       aws = {
     main.tf
                                        source = "hashicorp/aws"
                                         version = "5.31.0"
                                      provider "aws" {
                                      region = "ap-south-1"
                                       access_key = "your IAM access key"
                                       secret_key = "your secret access key"
```

This script defines an AWS provider and provisions an EC2 instance.

Step 3: Initialize Terraform:

Run the following command to initialize your Terraform working directory:

terraform init

```
[sai@Sais-Mac Lab-3 % terraform init
Initializing the backend..
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding hashicorp/aws versions matching "5.31.0"...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v5.31.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v5.31.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
sai@Sais-Mac Lab-3 %
```

Step 4: Create Terraform Configuration File for EC2 instance (instance.tf):

Create a file named instnace.tf with the following content:

```
resource "aws_instance" "My-instance" {
    instance_type = "t2.micro"
    ami = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
    count = 1
    tags = {
        Name = "UPES-EC2-Instnace"
    }
}
```

```
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✓ TERRAFORM LAB

                        Lab-3 > instance.tf > ...
                             resource "aws_instance" "My-instance" {
 > ii Lab-2
                              instance_type = "t2.micro"
ami = "ami-0fd05997b4dff7aac"
 > i .terraform
                              count = 1
   :terraform.lock.hcl 5
                              tags = {
                             Name = "sai-instance"
   instance.tf
   main.tf
                            住
```

Step 5: Review Plan:

Run the following command to see what Terraform will do:

terraform plan

```
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
Terraform will perform the following actions:
     # aws_instance.My-instance[0] will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "My-instance" {
+ ami = '
                                                                                                                                      {
= "ami-0fd05997b4dff7aac"
                                                                                                                                              = (known after apply)
= (known after apply)
                     arn = (known after apply)
a associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
a vailability_zone = (known after apply)
cpu_core_count = (known after apply)
cpu_core_count = (known after apply)
cpu_threads_per_core = (known after apply)
disable_api_stop = (known after apply)
disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
ebs_optimized = (known after apply)
get_password_data = false
host_id = (known after apply)
iom_instance_profile = (known after apply)
iom_instance_profile = (known after apply)
instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
instance_lifecycle = (known after apply)
instance_type = "t2.micro"
ipv6_address_count = (known after apply)
ipv6_addresses = (known after apply)
key_name = (known after apply)
monitoring = (known after apply)
monitoring = (known after apply)
placement_group = (known after apply)
placement_group = (known after apply)
placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
primerry attwork interface id (known after apply)
primerry attwork interface id (known after apply)
                       associate_public_ip_address
availability_zone
cpu_core_count
                       password_data
placement_group
placement_partition_number
primary_network_interface_id
                                                                                                                                           = (known after apply)
                        private_dns
private_ip
                        public_dns
                       public_dns
public_ip
secondary_private_ips
security_groups
source_dest_check
spot_instance_request_id
subnet_id
                                                                                                                                             = (known after apply)
= true
                                                                                                                                              = (known after apply)
= (known after apply)
                        tags
+ "Name" = "sai-instance"
                                        _urr
"Name" = "sai—instance"
                                                                                                                                            = (known after apply)
= (known after apply)
= (known after apply)
                   + tenancy
+ user_data
                        user data base64
                       user_data_replace_on_change
vpc_security_group_ids
                                                                                                                                             = (known after apply)

    capacity_reservation_specification (known after apply)
```

```
+ cpu_options (known after apply)
+ ebs_block_device (known after apply)
+ enclave_options (known after apply)
+ ephemeral_block_device (known after apply)
+ instance_market_options (known after apply)
+ maintenance_options (known after apply)
+ metadata_options (known after apply)
+ network_interface (known after apply)
+ private_dns_name_options (known after apply)
+ root_block_device (known after apply)
}

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
```

Review the plan to ensure it aligns with your expectations.

Step 6: Apply Changes:

Apply the changes to create the AWS resources:

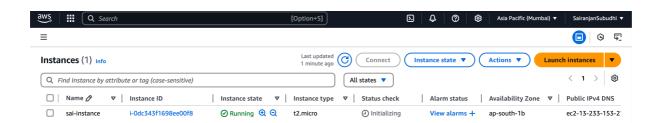
```
terraform apply
```

Type yes when prompted.

```
+ cpu_options (known after apply)
      + ebs_block_device (known after apply)
      + enclave_options (known after apply)
      + ephemeral_block_device (known after apply)
      + instance_market_options (known after apply)
      + maintenance_options (known after apply)
      + metadata_options (known after apply)
      + network_interface (known after apply)
      + private_dns_name_options (known after apply)
      + root_block_device (known after apply)
Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
Do you want to perform these actions?
  Terraform will perform the actions described above.
 Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.
  Enter a value: yes
aws_instance.My-instance[0]: Creating...
aws_instance.My-instance[0]: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance[0]: Still creating... [20s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance[0]: Creation complete after 22s [id=i-0dc343f1698ee00f8]
Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

Step 7: Verify Resources:

After the terraform apply command completes, log in to your AWS Management Console and navigate to the EC2 dashboard. Verify that the EC2 instance has been created.



Step 8: Cleanup Resources:

When you are done experimenting, run the following command to destroy the created resources:

terraform destroy

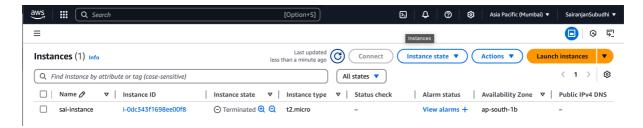
```
|sai@Sais-Mac Lab-3 % terraform destroy
|aws_instance.My-instance[0]: Refreshing state... [id=i-0dc343f1698ee00f8]
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
  Terraform will perform the following actions:
             associate_public_rp_de-
availability_zone
cpu_core_count
cpu_threads_per_core
disable_api_stop
disable_api_termination
ehs_optimized
                                                                            = 1 -> null
= false -> null
= false -> null
= false -> null
= false -> null
               ebs_optimized
get_password_data
              get_password_data = raise => null
hibernation = false => null
id = "i-0dc343f1698ee00f8" -> null
instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = "stop" -> null
instance_state = "running" -> null
instance_type = "t2.micro" -> null
               instance_thitleted_
instance_state
instance_type
ipv6_address_count
ipv6_addresses
                                                                             = "t2.micro" -> null
= 0 -> null
= (1 -> null
= false -> null
= 0 -> null
= eni-079bdc36c34e21339" -> null
= "ip-172-31-15-215.ap-south-1.compute.internal" -> null
= "172.31.15.215" -> null
= "172.31.23-232-352-311 ap-south-1 compute amazonawe com"
              npvo_addresses
monitoring
placement_partition_number
primary_network_interface_id
private_dns
private_ip
                                                                                = "172.31.10.715" -> null

= "ec2-13-233-153-211.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com" -> null

= "13.233.153.211" -> null

= [] -> null

= [
               public_dns
public_ip
               secondary_private_ips
security_groups
- "default",
                                                                               = true -> null
= "subnet-003794ad7525cf930" -> null
= {
               source_dest_check
               subnet id
               tags
__ "Name" = "sai-instance"
               } -> null
tags_all
- "Name" = "sai-instance"
                                                                                = {
                                                                               = "default" -> null
= false -> null
= [
               tenancy
user_data_replace_on_change
               vpc_security_group_ids
    - "sg-0fa9ce33a7b3ac761",
               # (8 unchanged attributes hidden)
              capacity_reservation_specification {
    capacity_reservation_preference = "open" -> null
```



Type yes when prompted.

Notes:

Customize the instance.tf file to provision different AWS resources.

Explore the Terraform AWS provider documentation for additional AWS resources and configuration options.

Always be cautious when running terraform destroy to avoid accidental resource deletion.

This exercise provides a basic introduction to using Terraform with the AWS provider. Feel free to explore more complex Terraform configurations and resources based on your needs.