

# System Provisioning and Configuration Management Lab

<u>Submitted to:</u>

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# **EXPERIMENT 3**

### **Lab Exercise: Creating Static Host Inventory**

**Objective:** To demonstrate ad hoc commands for quickly executing tasks on remote servers without writing full playbooks

Tools required: Ansible, Ubuntu OS

Prerequisites: None

# **Steps to be followed:**

1. Generate SSH key pair on the main node

- 2. Copy the SSH key on the other two nodes
- 3. Update the host file with the host IP address
- 4. Establish connectivity between specified hosts and the Ansible server
- 5. Gather System Information Using Ad-Hoc Commands

## Step 1: Establish connectivity between specified hosts and the Ansible server

1.1 Run the following command to verify connectivity to all servers listed under the webservers group in your Ansible hosts file: ansible -m ping dbservers

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible -m ping dbbservers
localhost | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
65.0.183.70 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
172.31.15.82 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
, "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
```

1.2 Use the following command to check the number of hosts in the host file: **ansible all --list-hosts** 

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible all --list-hosts
hosts (3):
localhost
65.0.183.70
172.31.15.82
```

## **Step 2: Gather System Information Using Ad Hoc Commands**

2.1 Run the following command to obtain the uptime from all managed hosts using an ad hoc command: ansible all -m shell -a uptime

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible all -m shell -a uptime
172.31.15.82 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
   01:01:49 up 52 min, 6 users, load average: 0.02, 0.03, 0.01
65.0.183.70 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
   01:01:49 up 52 min, 6 users, load average: 0.02, 0.03, 0.01
localhost | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
   01:01:49 up 52 min, 6 users, load average: 0.02, 0.03, 0.01
```

2.2 Similarly, execute the below command to obtain detailed information about memory usage on all hosts: **ansible all -m shell -a "free -m"** 

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$ ansible all -m shell -a "free -m"
172.31.15.82 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
                                                            buff/cache
                                          free
                                                    shared
                                                                          available
Mem:
                                                                    562
Swap:
localhost | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
                                                            buff/cache
               total
                             used
                                          free
                                                    shared
                                                                          available
                              496
                                                                    562
                                                                                 460
Mem:
Swap:
65.0.183.70 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
                                                    shared
                                                            buff/cache
                                                                          available
                                          free
               total
                              496
                                                                    562
Mem:
                                                                                 460
Swap:
ubuntu@ip-172-31-15-82:~$
```

You will see that Ansible logs in to each machine in turn and runs the uptime command, returning the current uptime output.

By following these steps, you have successfully demonstrated how to use ad hoc commands for quickly executing tasks on remote servers without the need for full playbooks.