

Lab Exercise 5—Provisioning an S3 Bucket on AWS

Exercise Steps:

Step 1: Create a New Directory:

Create a new directory to store your Terraform configuration:

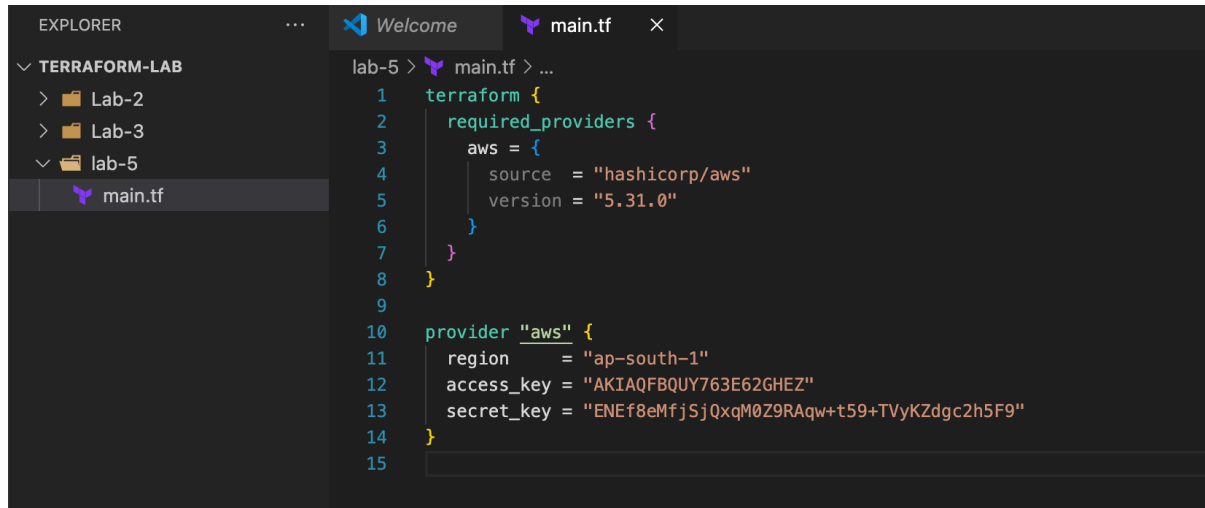
```
mkdir Terraform-Lab  
cd Terraform-Lab
```

```
sai@Sais-Mac ~ % cd /Users/sai/Desktop/Terraform-Lab  
sai@Sais-Mac Terraform-Lab %
```

Step 2: Create the Terraform Configuration File (main.tf):

Create a file named main.tf with the following content:

```
terraform {  
  required_providers {  
    aws = {  
      source = "hashicorp/aws"  
      version = "5.31.0"  
    }  
  }  
}  
  
provider "aws" {  
  region    = "us-east-1" # Replace with your preferred region  
  access_key = "your IAM access key" # Replace with your Access Key  
  secret_key = "your secret access key" # Replace with your Secret Key  
}
```



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the Explorer panel on the left and the main editor on the right. The Explorer panel shows a project structure with folders 'Lab-2', 'Lab-3', and 'lab-5'. Inside 'lab-5', there is a file 'main.tf'. The main editor shows the content of 'main.tf' with the following code:

```
1 terraform {
2   required_providers {
3     aws = {
4       source = "hashicorp/aws"
5       version = "5.31.0"
6     }
7   }
8 }
9
10 provider "aws" {
11   region = "ap-south-1"
12   access_key = "AKIAQFBQYU763E62GHEZ"
13   secret_key = "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"
14 }
15
```

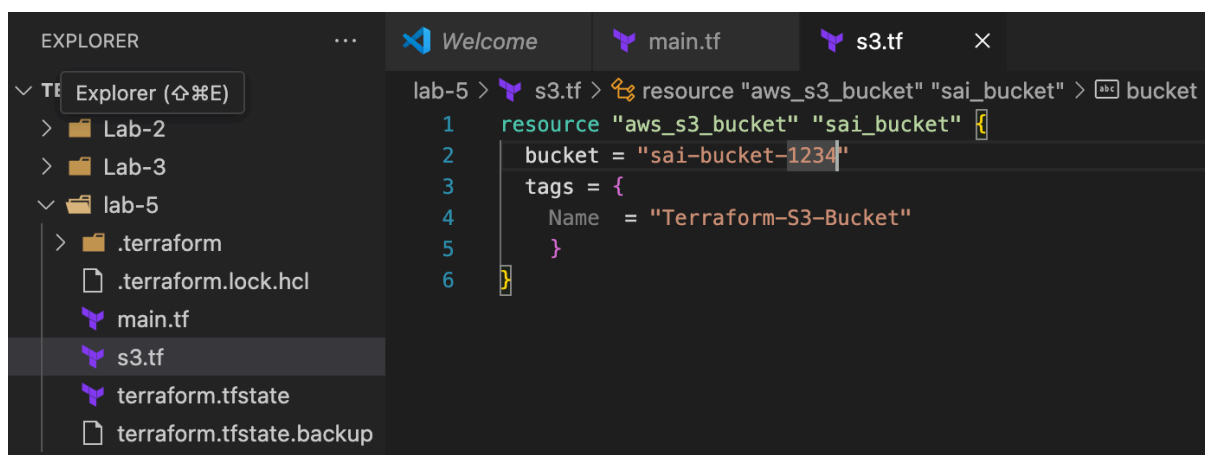
This file sets up the Terraform AWS provider.

Step 3: Create a Terraform Configuration File for the S3 Bucket (s3.tf):

Create another file named s3.tf with the following content:

```
resource "aws_s3_bucket" "my_bucket" {
  bucket = "my-demo-s3-bucket"
  tags = {
    Name = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
  }
}
```

This file provisions an S3 bucket with a unique name using a random string suffix.



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the Explorer panel on the left and the main editor on the right. The Explorer panel shows a project structure with folders 'Lab-2', 'Lab-3', and 'lab-5'. Inside 'lab-5', there is a folder '.terraform' and files 'main.tf', 's3.tf', 'terraform.tfstate', and 'terraform.tfstate.backup'. The main editor shows the content of 's3.tf' with the following code:

```
1 resource "aws_s3_bucket" "sai_bucket" {
2   bucket = "sai-bucket-1234"
3   tags = {
4     Name = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
5   }
6 }
```

Step 4: Initialize Terraform:

Run the following command to initialize your Terraform working directory:

```
terraform init
```

```
sai@Sais-Mac lab-5 % terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding hashicorp/aws versions matching "5.31.0"...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v5.31.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v5.31.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
```

Step 5: Review the Plan:

Preview the changes Terraform will make:

```
terraform plan
```

```
sai@Sais-Mac lab-5 % terraform plan

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket will be created
+ resource "aws_s3_bucket" "sai_bucket" {
+   acceleration_status = (known after apply)
+   acl                 = (known after apply)
+   arn                 = (known after apply)
+   bucket              = "my-demo-s3-bucket"
+   bucket_domain_name  = (known after apply)
+   bucket_prefix       = (known after apply)
+   bucket_regional_domain_name = (known after apply)
+   force_destroy       = false
+   hosted_zone_id      = (known after apply)
+   id                  = (known after apply)
+   object_lock_enabled = (known after apply)
+   policy              = (known after apply)
+   region              = (known after apply)
+   request_payer       = (known after apply)
+   tags                = {
+     "Name" = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
+   }
+   tags_all           = {
+     "Name" = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
+   }
+   website_domain      = (known after apply)
+   website_endpoint    = (known after apply)

+ cors_rule (known after apply)
+ grant (known after apply)
+ lifecycle_rule (known after apply)
+ logging (known after apply)
+ object_lock_configuration (known after apply)
+ replication_configuration (known after apply)
+ server_side_encryption_configuration (known after apply)
+ versioning (known after apply)
+ website (known after apply)
}

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Note: You didn't use the -out option to save this plan, so Terraform can't guarantee to take exactly these actions if you run "terraform apply" now.
```

Review the output to ensure it meets your expectations.

Step 6: Apply the Changes:

Create the resources:

```
terraform apply
```

```
sai@Sais-Mac lab-5 % terraform apply -auto-approve

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket will be created
+ resource "aws_s3_bucket" "sai_bucket" {
+   acceleration_status = (known after apply)
+   acl                 = (known after apply)
+   arn                 = (known after apply)
+   bucket              = "sai-bucket-1234"
+   bucket_domain_name = (known after apply)
+   bucket_prefix       = (known after apply)
+   bucket_regional_domain_name = (known after apply)
+   force_destroy       = false
+   hosted_zone_id      = (known after apply)
+   id                  = (known after apply)
+   object_lock_enabled = (known after apply)
+   policy              = (known after apply)
+   region              = (known after apply)
+   request_payer       = (known after apply)
+   tags                = {
+     "Name" = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
+   }
+   tags_all            = {
+     "Name" = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
+   }
+   website_domain      = (known after apply)
+   website_endpoint    = (known after apply)

+   cors_rule (known after apply)

+   grant (known after apply)

+   lifecycle_rule (known after apply)

+   logging (known after apply)

+   object_lock_configuration (known after apply)

+   replication_configuration (known after apply)

+   server_side_encryption_configuration (known after apply)

+   versioning (known after apply)

+   website (known after apply)
}

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket: Creating...
aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket: Creation complete after 3s [id=sai-bucket-1234]

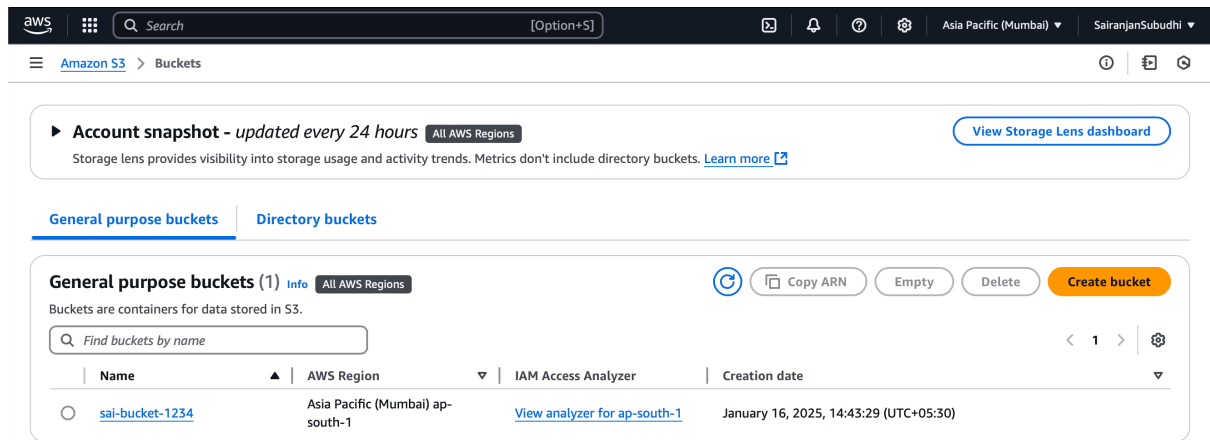
Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

When prompted, type yes to confirm.

Step 7: Verify Resources:

1. Log in to your AWS Management Console.
2. Navigate to the **S3** dashboard.

3. Verify that the S3 bucket has been created with the specified configuration.



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for Amazon S3 Buckets. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the AWS logo, a search bar, and user information. Below the navigation bar, the 'Buckets' section is active. A banner at the top indicates an 'Account snapshot - updated every 24 hours'. The main content area shows 'General purpose buckets (1)' with a table listing the bucket 'sai-bucket-1234'. The table columns are Name, AWS Region, IAM Access Analyzer, and Creation date. The bucket is located in the Asia Pacific (Mumbai) ap-south-1 region. There are buttons for 'Copy ARN', 'Empty', 'Delete', and 'Create bucket'.

Step 8: Cleanup Resources:

To remove the resources created, run the following command:

```
terraform destroy
```

```
sai@Sais-Mac lab-5 % terraform destroy
aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket: Refreshing state... [id=sai-bucket-1234]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
- destroy

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket will be destroyed
- resource "aws_s3_bucket" "sai_bucket" {
  - arn                = "arn:aws:s3:::sai-bucket-1234" -> null
  - bucket             = "sai-bucket-1234" -> null
  - bucket_domain_name = "sai-bucket-1234.s3.amazonaws.com" -> null
  - bucket_regional_domain_name = "sai-bucket-1234.s3.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com" -> null
  - force_destroy      = false -> null
  - hosted_zone_id     = "Z11RGJOFQNVJUP" -> null
  - id                = "sai-bucket-1234" -> null
  - object_lock_enabled = false -> null
  - region            = "ap-south-1" -> null
  - request_payer      = "BucketOwner" -> null
  - tags              = {
    - "Name" = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
  } -> null
  - tags_all          = {
    - "Name" = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
  } -> null
  # (3 unchanged attributes hidden)

- grant {
  - id          = "07e3925b534e380c0f36cabb5441d80867b7283a83e63da09fb62e81c3c9de74" -> null
  - permissions = [
    - "FULL_CONTROL",
  ] -> null
  - type       = "CanonicalUser" -> null
  # (1 unchanged attribute hidden)
}

- server_side_encryption_configuration {
  - rule {
    - bucket_key_enabled = false -> null

    - apply_server_side_encryption_by_default {
      - sse_algorithm = "AES256" -> null
      # (1 unchanged attribute hidden)
    }
  }
}

- versioning {
  - enabled = false -> null
  - mfa_delete = false -> null
}
}

Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 1 to destroy.

Do you really want to destroy all resources?
  Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
  There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket: Destroying... [id=sai-bucket-1234]
aws_s3_bucket.sai_bucket: Destruction complete after 1s

Destroy complete! Resources: 1 destroyed.
```

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When prompted, type yes to confirm.
