



# STUDENT REPORT

## DETAILS

Name

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Roll Number

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## EXPERIMENT

Title

NUMBER OF COMBINATIONS LEADING TO A PRODUCT

Description

Problem Statement:

You are given an array `arr` and a product `m`. Your task is to find the number of possible unique triplets whose product of elements is `m`.

Input Format:

- The first line contains the integer, `n`
- The second line contains space separated integers of the array, `arr`
- The third line contains the product `m`.

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidate

Output Format:

The output consists of a single integer, i.e. the count of unique triplets having product `m`.

The output will be matched to the candidate's output printed on the STDOUT

Example:

Input:

7

5 3 20 10 1 4 2

60

Output:

3

Explanation:

Product `m`:60

Possible triplets for product `m`: (5,4,3),(20,3,1), (10,3,2)

The count of unique triplets is 3.

Source Code:

```
def count_unique_triplets(arr, m):
    arr.sort()
    triplets = set()
    n = len(arr)

    for i in range(n):

        left, right = i + 1, n - 1

        while left < right:
            product = arr[i] * arr[left] * arr[right]
            if product == m:
                triplet = (arr[i], arr[left], arr[right])
                triplets.add(triplet)
                left += 1
                right -= 1
            elif product < m:
                left += 1
            else:
                right -= 1

        return len(triplets)

import sys

input = sys.stdin.read
data = input().splitlines()

n = int(data[0])
arr = list(map(int, data[1].split()))
m = int(data[2])

result = count_unique_triplets(arr, m)
print(result)
```

## RESULT

6 / 6 Test Cases Passed | 100 %