Swiggy dataset

```
In [38]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

In [39]: swiggy = pd.read_csv("swiggy.csv")
```

These are all data

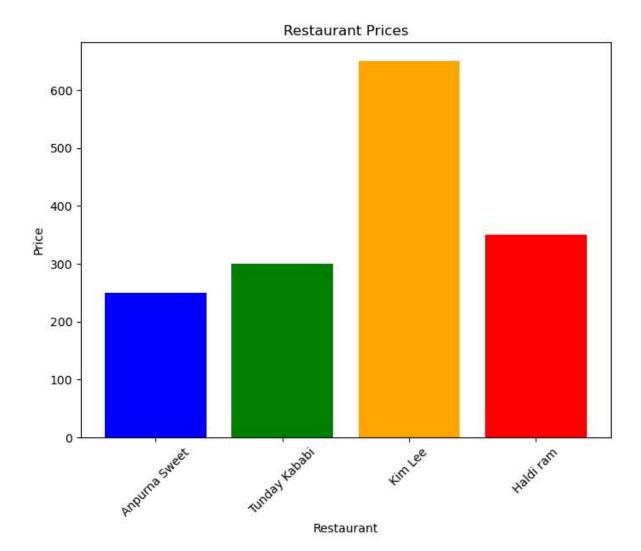
In [40]: swiggy

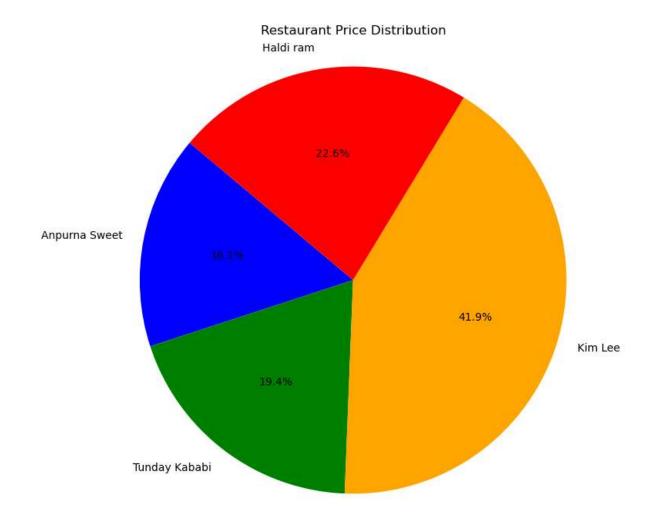
Out[40]:

	ID	Area	City	Restaurant	Price	Avg ratings	Total ratings			
0	2247344	motihari	Bihar	Anpurna Sweet	300.0	4.1	100	Biryani,sweet,		
1	2246064	motihari	Bihar	Tunday Kababi	300.0	4.1	100	Mugl		
2	2247230	Chapra	Bihar	Kim Lee	650.0	4.4	100			
3	2247310	motihari	Bihar	New Punjabi Hotel	250.0	3.9	500	North Indian,Punjabi,Tan		
4	2246039	muzfarpur	Bihar	Haldi ram	350.0	4.0	50	Rajasthani,(Indian,Sna		
516	2247353	Madhubani	Bihar	Movenpick Ice Cream Boutique	500.0	4.5	20	Ice Cream,Bevera		
517	2247366	Betiah	Bihar	Bachan'S Tandoori Club	250.0	4.5	500			
518	2247355	Maansarowar	jaipur	govind Sweet	400.0	4.1	100	N		
519	2247079	Bhagalpur	Bihar	Pikwik Since 1991	600.0	4.1	500	Indian,Chinese,Continental,N		
520	2246034	West champaran	Bihar	Culinaria By Pikwik	200.0	4.2	500	North Indian,Cont		
521 r	521 rows x 10 columns									

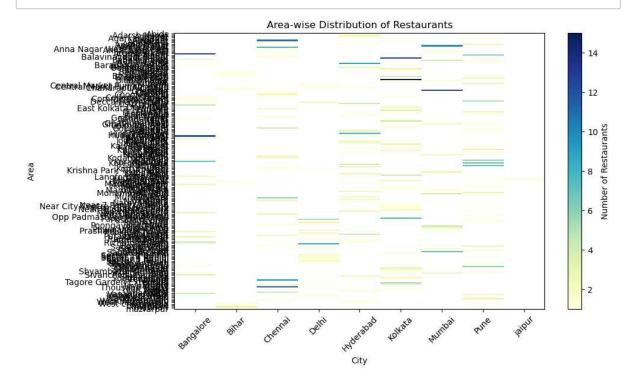
521 rows × 10 columns

```
In [74]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Data for the graph
         Restaurant = ['Anpurna Sweet', 'Tunday Kababi', 'Kim Lee', 'Haldi ram']
         Price = [250, 300, 650, 350]
         # Creating a bar graph
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
         plt.bar(Restaurant, Price, color=['blue', 'green', 'orange', 'red'])
         plt.xlabel('Restaurant')
         plt.ylabel('Price')
         plt.title('Restaurant Prices')
         plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
         # Display the bar graph
         plt.show()
         # Creating a pie chart
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
         plt.pie(Price, labels=Restaurant, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140, colors=['
         plt.title('Restaurant Price Distribution')
         plt.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
         # Display the pie chart
         plt.show()
```

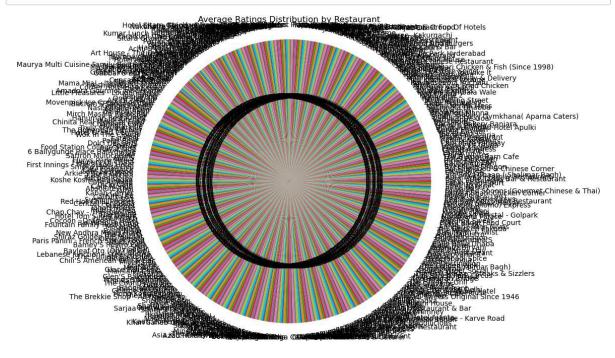




```
In [81]: # Assuming the DataFrame has columns 'city', 'area', and 'restaurant'
         # You can replace these with the actual column names from your DataFrame
         restaurants_by_area = swiggy.groupby(['City', 'Area'])['Restaurant'].count().r
         # Pivot the data for easier visualization
         restaurants_by_area_pivot = restaurants_by_area.pivot('Area', 'City', 'Restaur
         # Create a heatmap
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         plt.imshow(restaurants_by_area_pivot, cmap='YlGnBu', aspect='auto', interpolat
         plt.colorbar(label='Number of Restaurants')
         plt.title('Area-wise Distribution of Restaurants')
         plt.xlabel('City')
         plt.ylabel('Area')
         plt.xticks(range(len(restaurants_by_area_pivot.columns)), restaurants_by_area_
         plt.yticks(range(len(restaurants_by_area_pivot.index)), restaurants_by_area_pi
         # Show the graph
         plt.show()
```



```
In [73]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Read data from the CSV file into a DataFrame
         swiggy = pd.read_csv("swiggy.csv")
         # Assuming the DataFrame has columns 'Restaurant', 'Price', and 'Avg ratings'
         # You can replace these with the actual column names from your DataFrame
         avg_ratings_by_restaurant = swiggy.groupby('Restaurant')['Avg ratings'].mean()
         # Sort the data by average ratings in descending order
         avg_ratings_by_restaurant = avg_ratings_by_restaurant.sort_values(by='Avg rati
         # Create a pie chart
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
         plt.pie(avg_ratings_by_restaurant['Avg ratings'], labels=avg_ratings_by_restau
         plt.title('Average Ratings Distribution by Restaurant')
         plt.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
         # Show the pie chart
         plt.show()
```



Now we will start the Analysis of data

finding the index

```
In [41]: swiggy.index
```

Out[41]: RangeIndex(start=0, stop=521, step=1)

finding the shape

```
In [42]: swiggy.shape
Out[42]: (521, 10)
In [43]: np.dtype
Out[43]: numpy.dtype
```

finding the count in dataset

```
In [44]: swiggy.count()
Out[44]: ID
                           521
         Area
                           521
         City
                           521
         Restaurant
                           521
         Price
                           521
         Avg ratings
                           521
         Total ratings
                           521
         Food type
                           521
                           521
          Owner
         Delivery time
                           521
         dtype: int64
```

finding the minimum value

```
In [45]: | swiggy.min()
Out[45]: ID
                                              36
         Area
                                           Abids
         City
                                       Bangalore
         Restaurant
                              Conclave At Afraa
         Price
                                            99.0
                                             2.1
         Avg ratings
                                              19
         Total ratings
         Food type
                           American, Continental
                                       12Th Main
          Owner
         Delivery time
                                              24
         dtype: object
```

finding the maximum value

In [46]: swiggy.max()

Out[46]: ID 2247366
Area muzfarpur
City jaipur
Restaurant govind Sweet
Price 1700.0
Avg ratings 4.7

Total ratings 10000
Food type Tribal, Seafood, Chinese
Owner vikash kumar
Delivery time 90

dtype: object

finding the integer location

In [47]: swiggy.iloc[0]

Out[47]: ID 2247344
Area motihari
City Bihar

Restaurant Anpurna Sweet
Price 300.0
Avg ratings 4.1
Total ratings 100
Food type Biryani,sweet,Indian eating

Owner Raushan pandey
Delivery time 59

Name: 0, dtype: object

In [48]: swiggy.loc[0:5]

Out[48]:

:		ID	Area	City	Restaurant	Price	Avg ratings	Total ratings	Food ty
_	0	2247344	motihari	Bihar	Anpurna Sweet	300.0	4.1	100	Biryani,sweet,Indian eati
	1	2246064	motihari	Bihar	Tunday Kababi	300.0	4.1	100	Mughlai,Luckno
	2	2247230	Chapra	Bihar	Kim Lee	650.0	4.4	100	Chine
	3	2247310	motihari	Bihar	New Punjabi Hotel	250.0	3.9	500	No Indian,Punjabi,Tandoor,Chine
	4	2246039	muzfarpur	Bihar	Haldi ram	350.0	4.0	50	Rajasthani,Gujarati,No Indian,Snacks,Desse
	5	2246098	Indiranagar	Bangalore	Treat	800.0	4.5	100	Mughlai,North Indi

In [49]: swiggy.head()

Out[49]:

	ID	Area	City	Restaurant	Price	Avg ratings	Total ratings	Food type	
0	2247344	motihari	Bihar	Anpurna Sweet	300.0	4.1	100	Biryani,sweet,Indian eating	F
1	2246064	motihari	Bihar	Tunday Kababi	300.0	4.1	100	Mughlai,Lucknowi	R
2	2247230	Chapra	Bihar	Kim Lee	650.0	4.4	100	Chinese	F
3	2247310	motihari	Bihar	New Punjabi Hotel	250.0	3.9	500	North Indian,Punjabi,Tandoor,Chinese	
4	2246039	muzfarpur	Bihar	Haldi ram	350.0	4.0	50	Rajasthani,Gujarati,North Indian,Snacks,Desser	٧

finding the integer location

In [50]: swiggy.iloc[0:5]

Out[50]:

	ID	Area	City	Restaurant	Price	Avg ratings	Total ratings	Food type	
0	2247344	motihari	Bihar	Anpurna Sweet	300.0	4.1	100	Biryani,sweet,Indian eating	F
1	2246064	motihari	Bihar	Tunday Kababi	300.0	4.1	100	Mughlai,Lucknowi	R
2	2247230	Chapra	Bihar	Kim Lee	650.0	4.4	100	Chinese	F
3	2247310	motihari	Bihar	New Punjabi Hotel	250.0	3.9	500	North Indian,Punjabi,Tandoor,Chinese	
4	2246039	muzfarpur	Bihar	Haldi ram	350.0	4.0	50	Rajasthani,Gujarati,North Indian,Snacks,Desser	٧
4									

find the description of the data in the DataFrame.

In [51]: swiggy.describe()

Out[51]:

	ID	Price	Avg ratings	Total ratings	Delivery time
count	5.210000e+02	521.000000	521.000000	521.000000	521.000000
mean	5.838770e+04	521.677543	4.061612	339.748560	54.905950
std	3.217694e+05	317.364683	0.414757	876.130158	13.177369
min	3.600000e+01	99.000000	2.100000	19.000000	24.000000
25%	5.908000e+03	300.000000	3.900000	80.000000	46.000000
50%	1.057500e+04	400.000000	4.200000	100.000000	55.000000
75%	1.716700e+04	650.000000	4.300000	500.000000	65.000000
max	2.247366e+06	1700.000000	4.700000	10000.000000	90.000000

info maethod are used prints the information or summary of the dataframe.

```
In [52]: swiggy.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 521 entries, 0 to 520
Data columns (total 10 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	ID	521 non-null	int64
1	Area	521 non-null	object
2	City	521 non-null	object
3	Restaurant	521 non-null	object
4	Price	521 non-null	float64
5	Avg ratings	521 non-null	float64
6	Total ratings	521 non-null	int64
7	Food type	521 non-null	object
8	Owner	521 non-null	object
9	Delivery time	521 non-null	int64
44	Cl+C4/2\	1.4C4/3\ -61	+ / - \

dtypes: float64(2), int64(3), object(5)

memory usage: 40.8+ KB

find the values are replaced with a Boolean value True for NULL values, and otherwise False.

In [53]: swiggy.isnull()

Out[53]:

	ID	Area	City	Restaurant	Price	Avg ratings	Total ratings	Food type	Owner	Delivery time
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
516	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
517	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
518	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
519	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
520	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

521 rows × 10 columns

find the dublicatede value

```
In [54]: swiggy.duplicated()
Out[54]: 0
                 False
                 False
         1
         2
                 False
         3
                 False
         4
                 False
         516
                 False
                 False
         517
         518
                 False
         519
                 False
         520
                 False
         Length: 521, dtype: bool
```

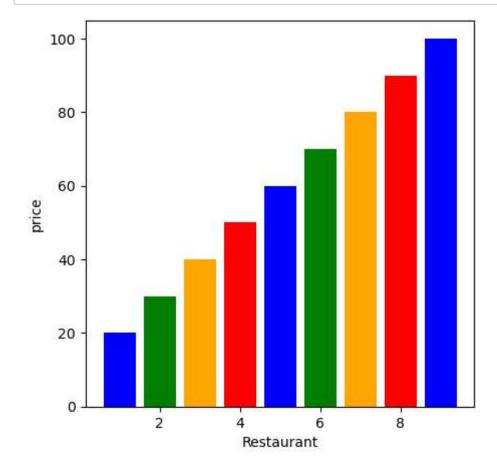
sum() is an efficient and Pythonic way to sum a list of numeric values.

```
Out[55]: ID
                                                                     30419992
                           motiharimotihariChapramotiharimuzfarpurIndiran...
         Area
                           BiharBiharBiharBiharBangaloreBangaloreBih...
         City
         Restaurant
                           Anpurna SweetTunday KababiKim LeeNew Punjabi H...
                                                                     271794.0
         Price
         Avg ratings
                                                                       2116.1
                                                                       177009
         Total ratings
                           Biryani, sweet, Indian eating Mughlai, Lucknowi Chi...
         Food type
                           Raushan pandeyRajababu kumarRituraj kr singhRi...
          Owner
         Delivery time
                                                                        28606
         dtype: object
         find the column allI value
In [56]: | swiggy.columns
Out[56]: Index(['ID', 'Area', 'City', 'Restaurant', 'Price', 'Avg ratings',
                 'Total ratings', 'Food type', 'Owner', 'Delivery time'],
               dtype='object')
```

find the Price by graph and restaurant

In [55]: | swiggy.sum()

```
In [78]: plt.figure(figsize =(5,5))
    area = np.arange(1,10)
    city = np.arange(20,110,10)
    plt.bar(area,city, color=['blue', 'green', 'orange', 'red'])
    plt.xlabel('Restaurant')
    plt.ylabel('price')
    plt.show()
```

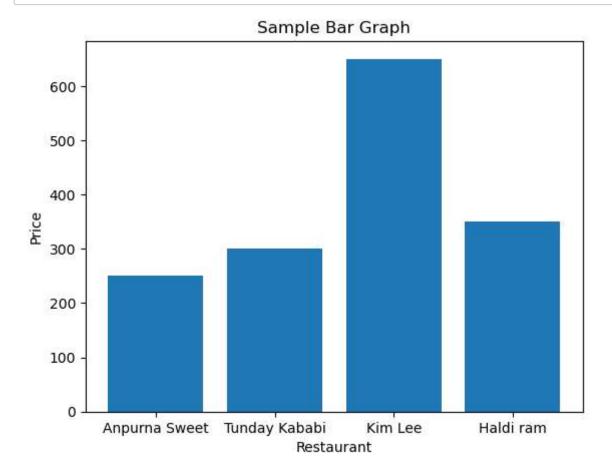


```
In [58]: # Data for the graph
Restaurant = ['Anpurna Sweet', 'Tunday Kababi', 'Kim Lee', 'Haldi ram']
Price = [250, 300, 650, 350]

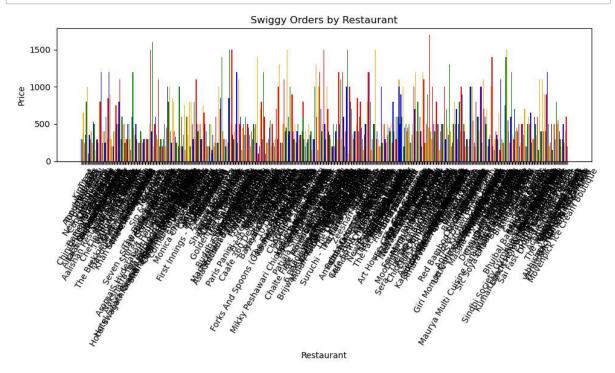
# Creating a bar graph
plt.bar(Restaurant, Price)

# Adding Labels and title
plt.xlabel('Restaurant')
plt.ylabel('Price')
plt.title('Sample Bar Graph')

# Display the graph
plt.show()
```



```
In [79]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Read data from the CSV file into a DataFrame
         swiggy = pd.read_csv("swiggy.csv")
         # Assuming the DataFrame has columns 'Restaurant' and 'Orders'
         # You can replace these with the actual column names from your DataFrame
         restaurant_names = swiggy['Restaurant']
         order_counts = swiggy['Price']
         # Create a bar graph
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6)) # Adjust the figure size if needed
         plt.bar(restaurant_names, order_counts,color=['blue', 'green', 'orange', 'red'
         plt.xlabel('Restaurant')
         plt.ylabel('Price')
         plt.title('Swiggy Orders by Restaurant')
         plt.xticks(rotation=60) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
         plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent clipping of labels
         # Show the graph
         plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:

In [ ]:
```