

### 1004 - Max Consecutive Ones III

nums = [1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0], k = 2

1 1 1 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 0 |  $k = 2 \neq 0$   
L R  $\text{longest} = 0 \cancel{5} 6$

Progress R while we can, update longest each time as  $\max(\text{longest}, R-L)$  (R points to the number right after the sequence).

If we can't progress R, progress L, unflip any digits that had been flipped from 0 to 1 as we do, if  $L > R$ , set R to match L (will only be +1 in practice).

nums = [0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0], k = 0

0 0 1 1 1 0 0 |  $k = 0$   
L R  $\text{longest} = \cancel{0} 3$