

YAKEEN NEET 2.0

2026

Basic Maths and Calculus (Mathematical Tools)

Physics

Lecture - 7

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P →
C →
B →
2 →

mistake

achievement





Topics to be covered

1

Stowish line

2

3

4



Recap of previous lecture

1

Phase

$$y = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

$\phi = \text{initial phk at } t=0$

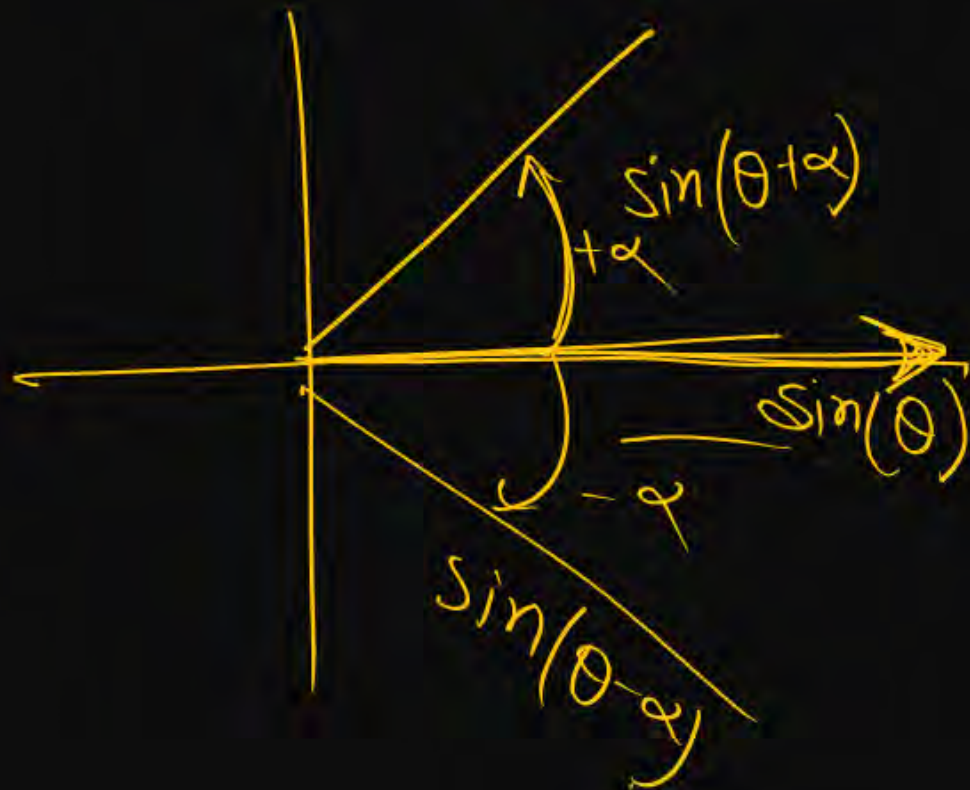
2

Angle = Phase

3

Phasor diagram

4



G.P. series

a (1st term), ax , ax^2 , ax^3 , ax^4 ...

$$C \cdot x = x = \frac{n^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}{(n-1)^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}$$

$$\text{Sum of } n\text{-term} = \frac{a}{1 - C \cdot x}$$

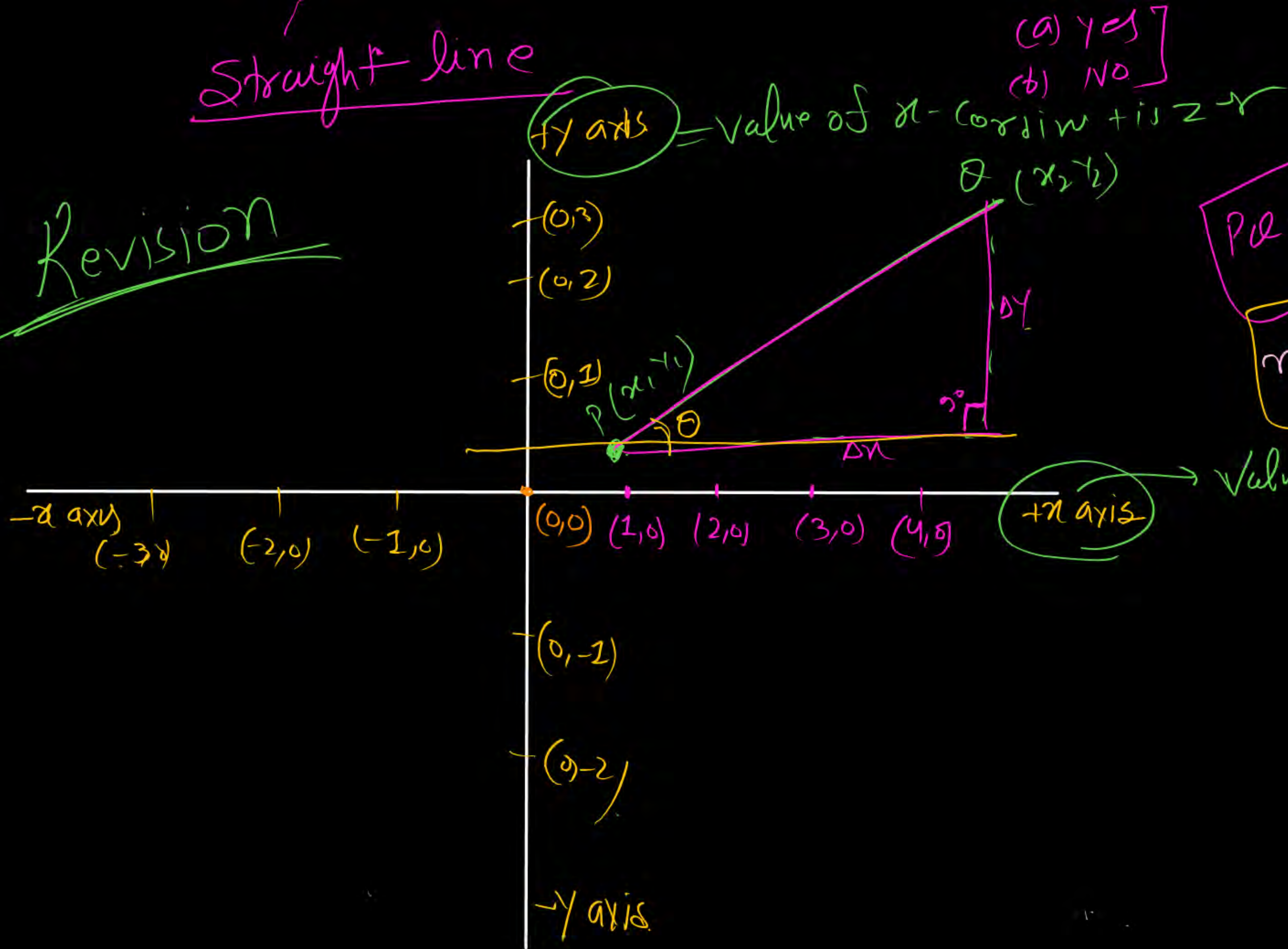
Ques $C \cdot x < 1$

$a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d, a+4d$

$$d = n^{\text{th}} - (n-1)^{\text{th}}$$
$$\text{Sum} = \frac{n}{2} (2^{\text{th}} + n^{\text{th}})$$

Straight line

Revision

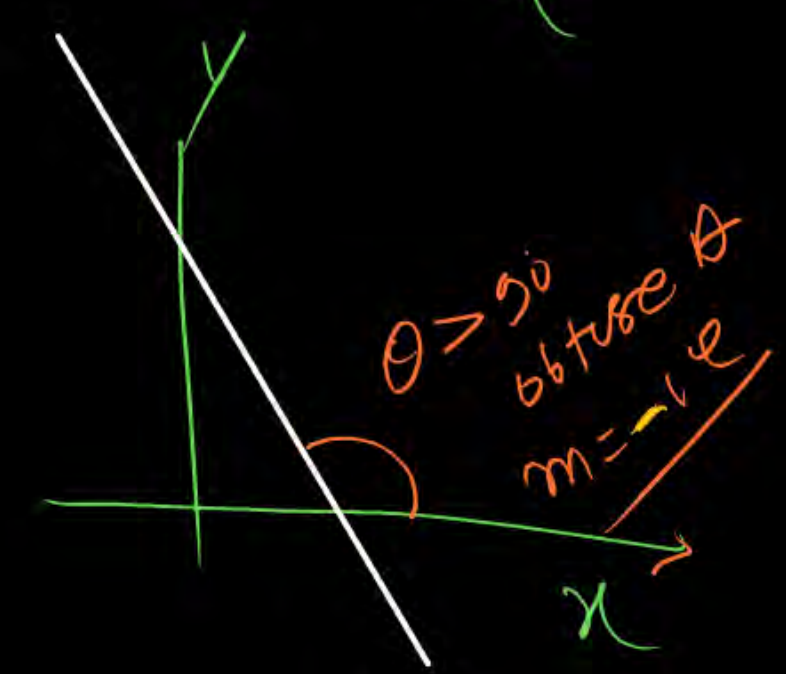
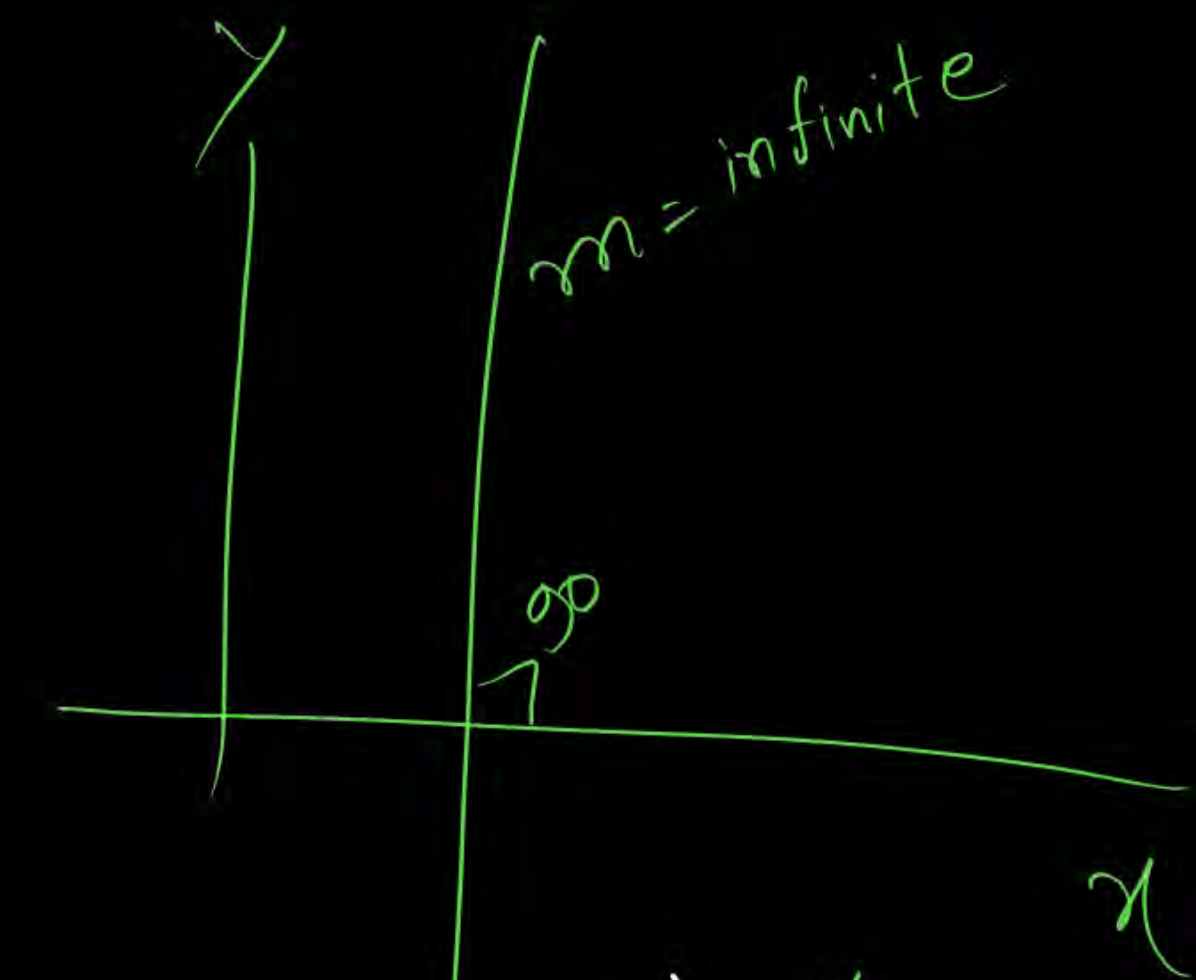
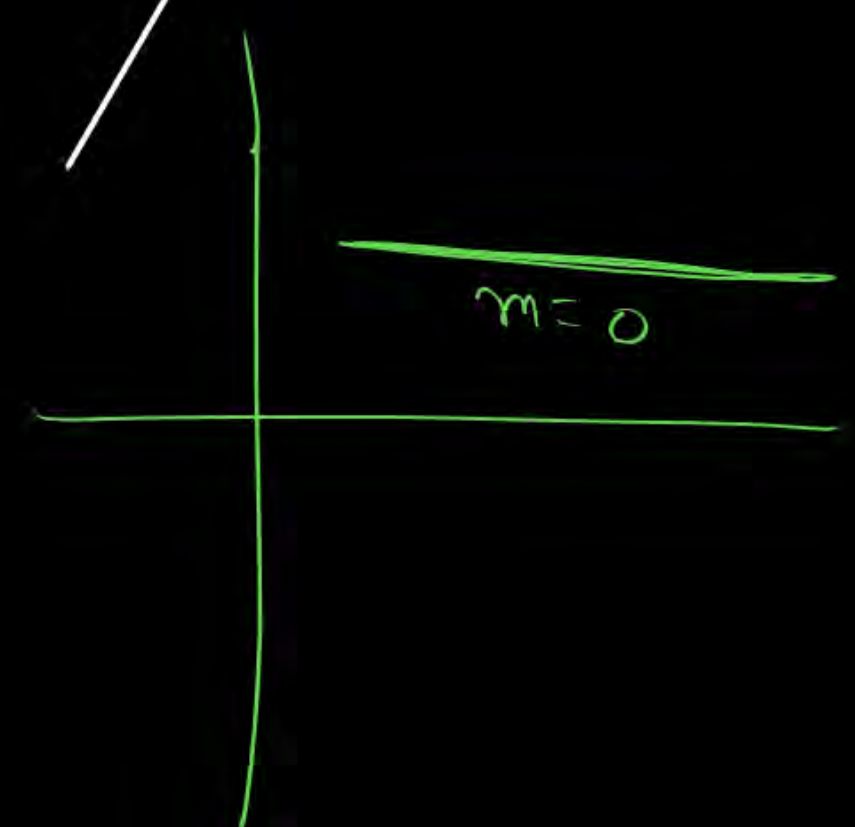
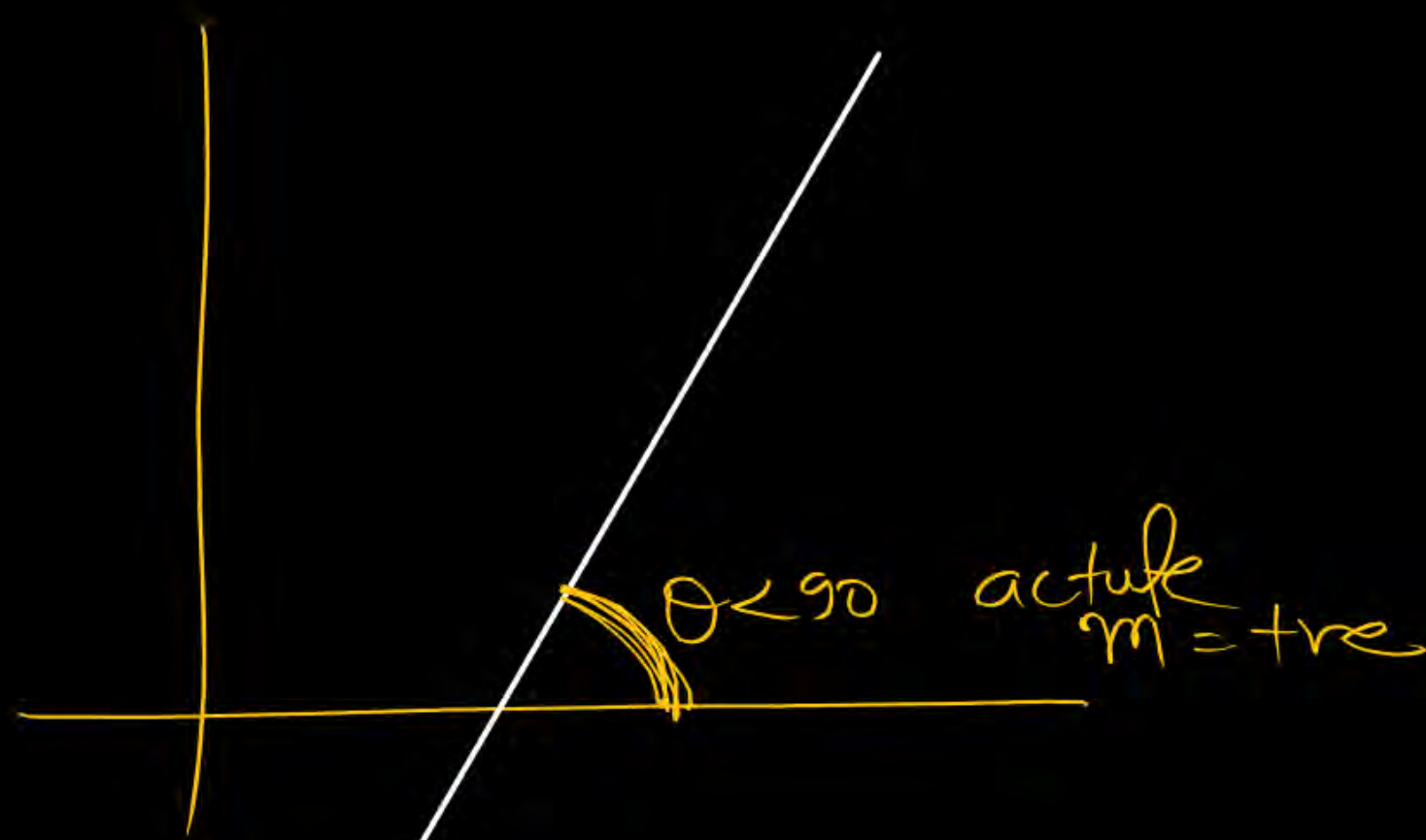


$$PQ = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

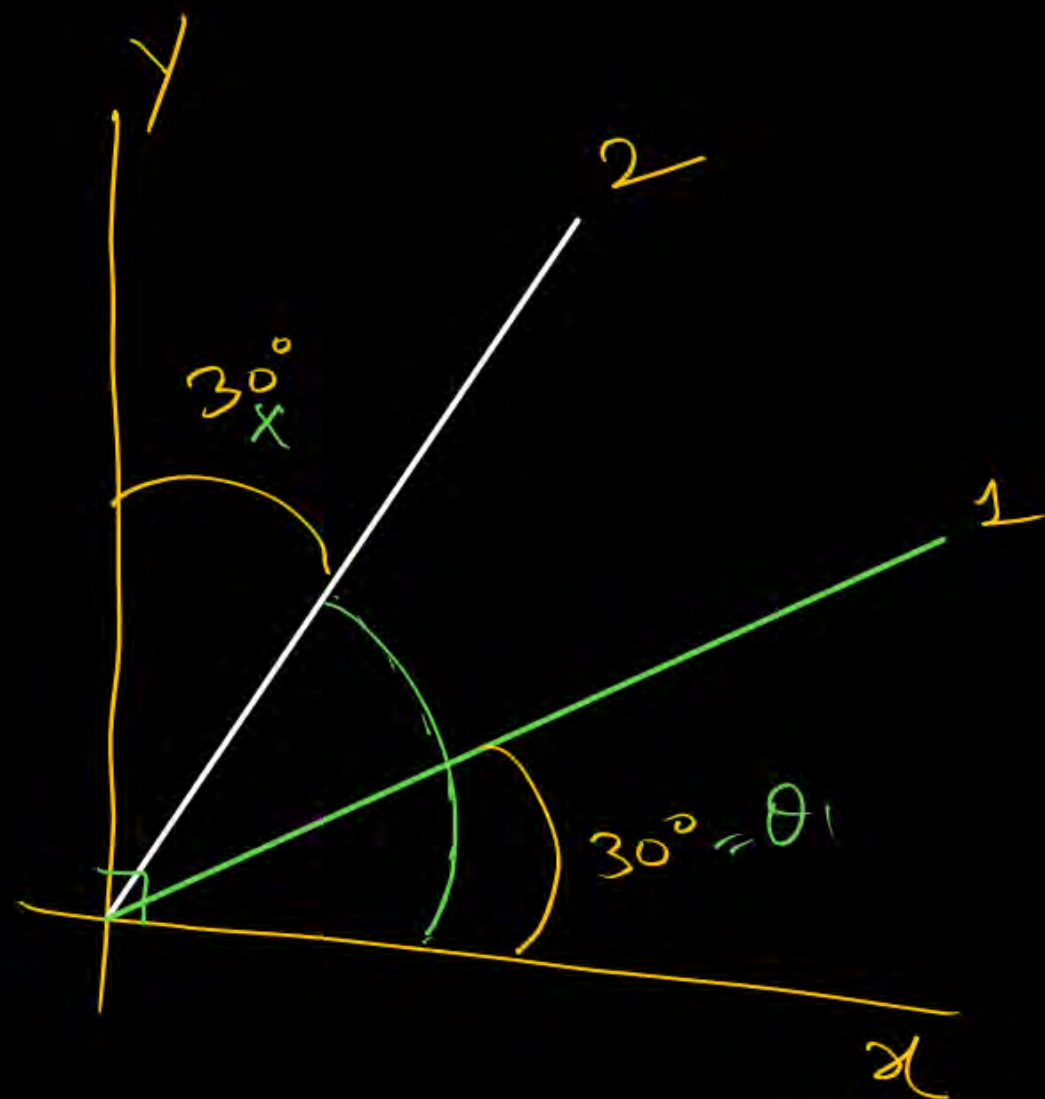
$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \tan \theta = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

slope

→ value of y^{th} coord is zero



H/W

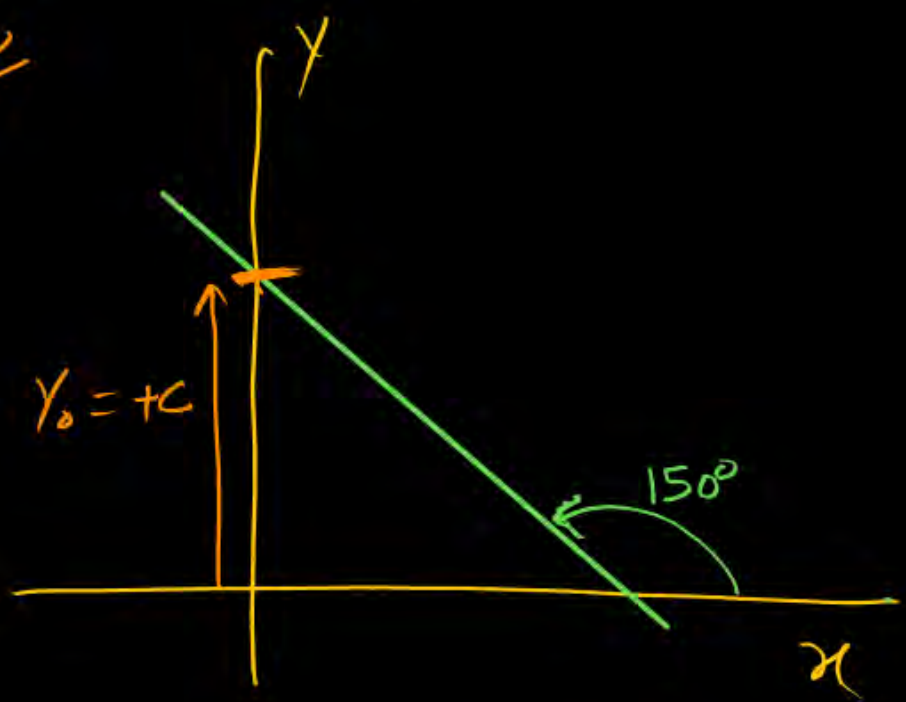


$$\text{slope}_1 = \tan \theta_1 = \tan 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\text{slope}_2 = \tan \theta_2 = \tan 60^\circ = \sqrt{3}$$

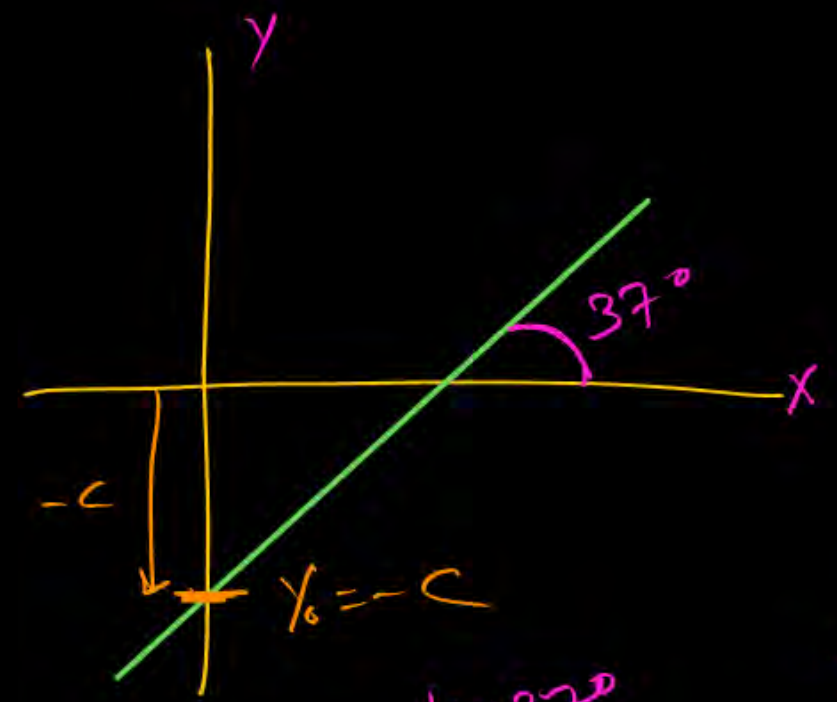
$$\frac{\text{slope}_1}{\text{slope}_2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Notes
 9
 11



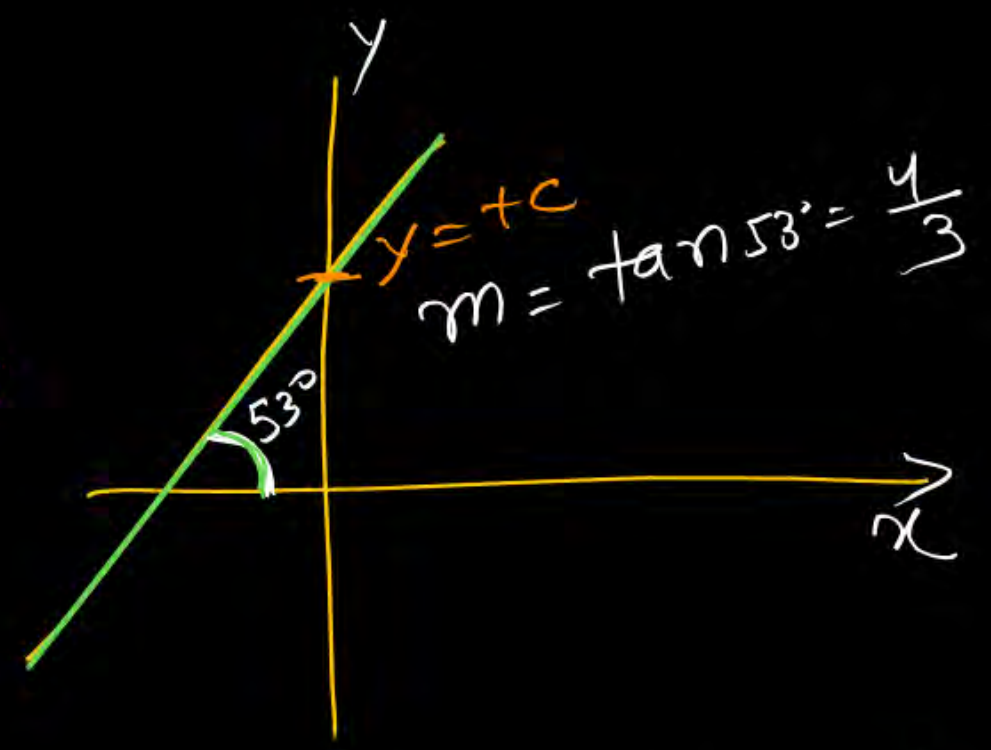
$$m = \tan 150^\circ$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



$$m = \tan 37^\circ$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

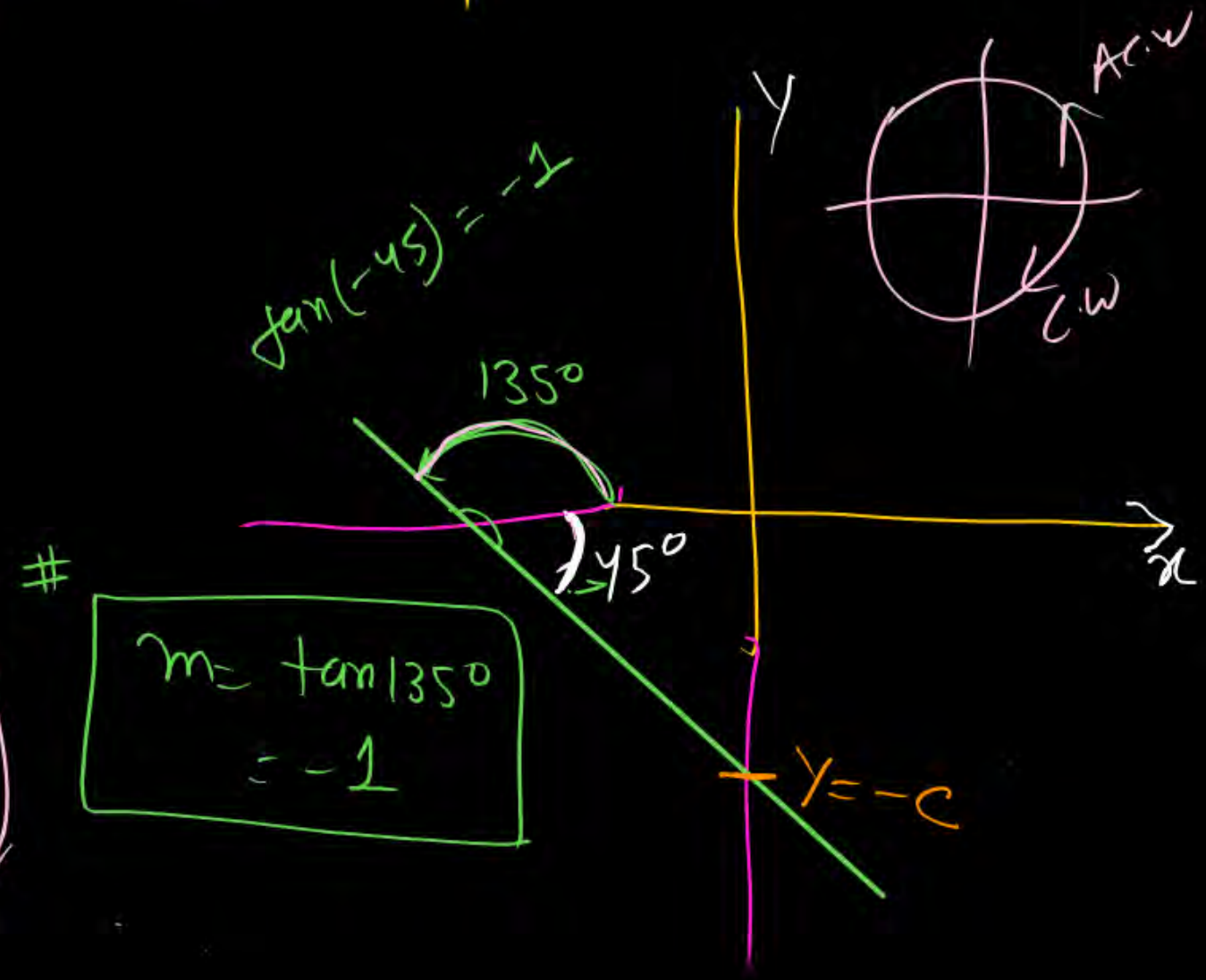


$$m = \tan 53^\circ = \frac{4}{3}$$

MR* Box

$m = \tan \theta$

→ Angle b/w straight line & the x-axis in anti-clock direction



$$\tan(-45) = -1$$

$$m = \tan 135^\circ = -1$$

equation of straight line

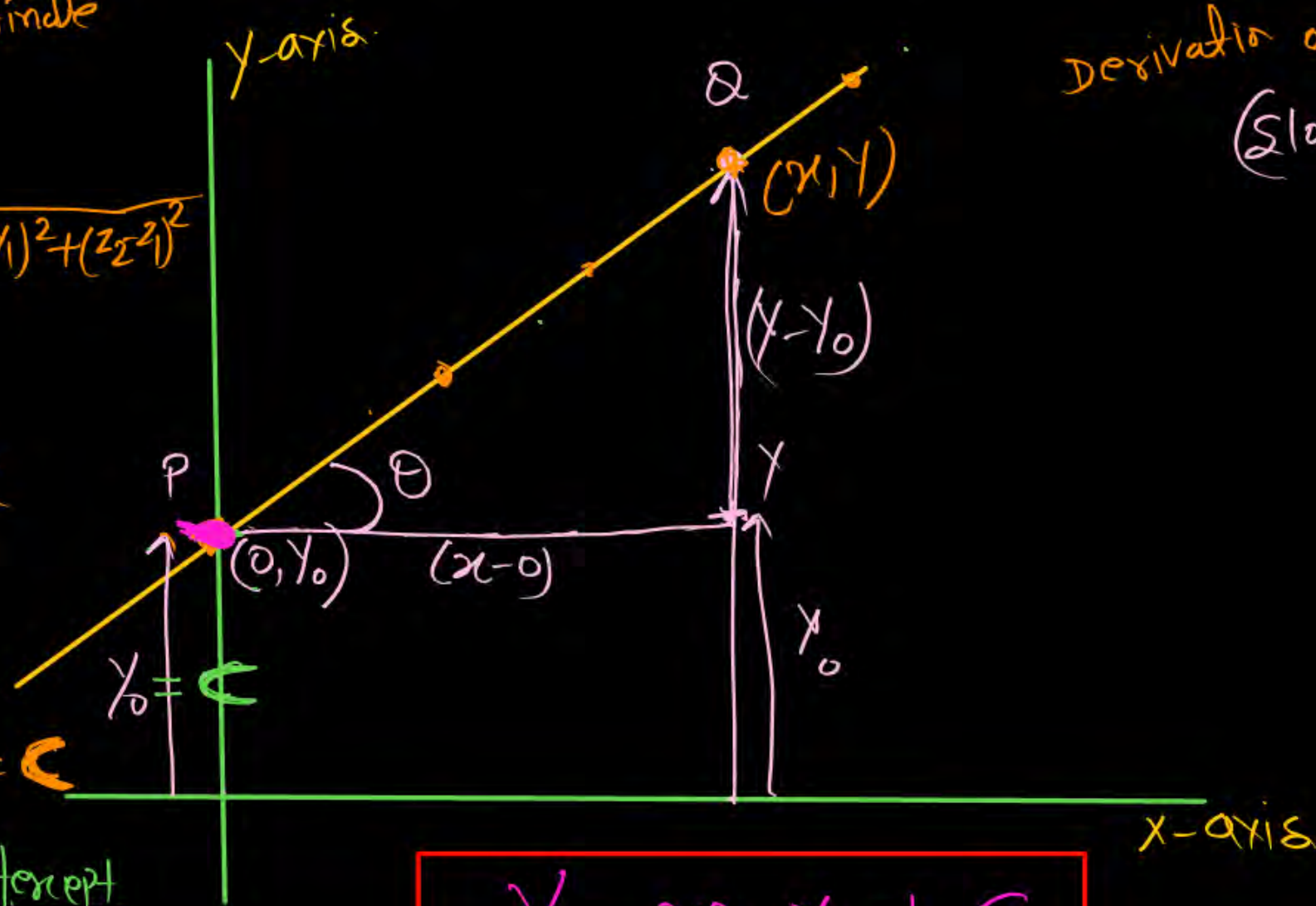
gf all three co-ordinate are given.

$$(dist)^n_{PQ} = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2}$$

gf value of x is zero then value of y^{th}

Co-ordinate $y_0 = C$

$(y_0 = C)$ y^{th} Intercept



$$y = mx + C$$

Straight line eqn ka ek hi 'nara', m & C fixed ho hain

$m = \text{slope} = \tan \theta$

$C = y^{th}$ Intercept (value of y when $x=0$)

$$dist(PQ) = \sqrt{(y - y_0)^2 + (x - 0)^2}$$

Derivation of eqn of straight line

$$(\text{slope})_{PQ} = m = \frac{y - y_0}{x - 0}$$

$$m = \frac{y - y_0}{x}$$

$$mx = y - y_0$$

$$y = mx + y_0$$

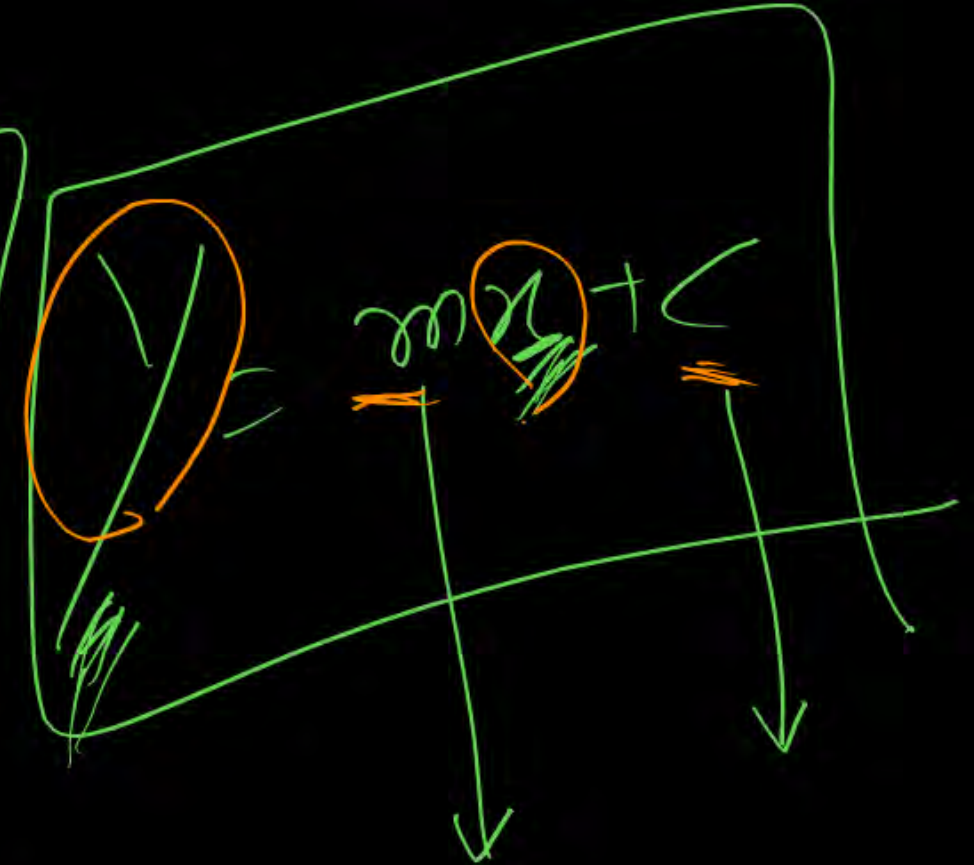
$$y = mx + C$$

gf $x=0$
 $y = m \cdot 0 + C$
 $y = C$

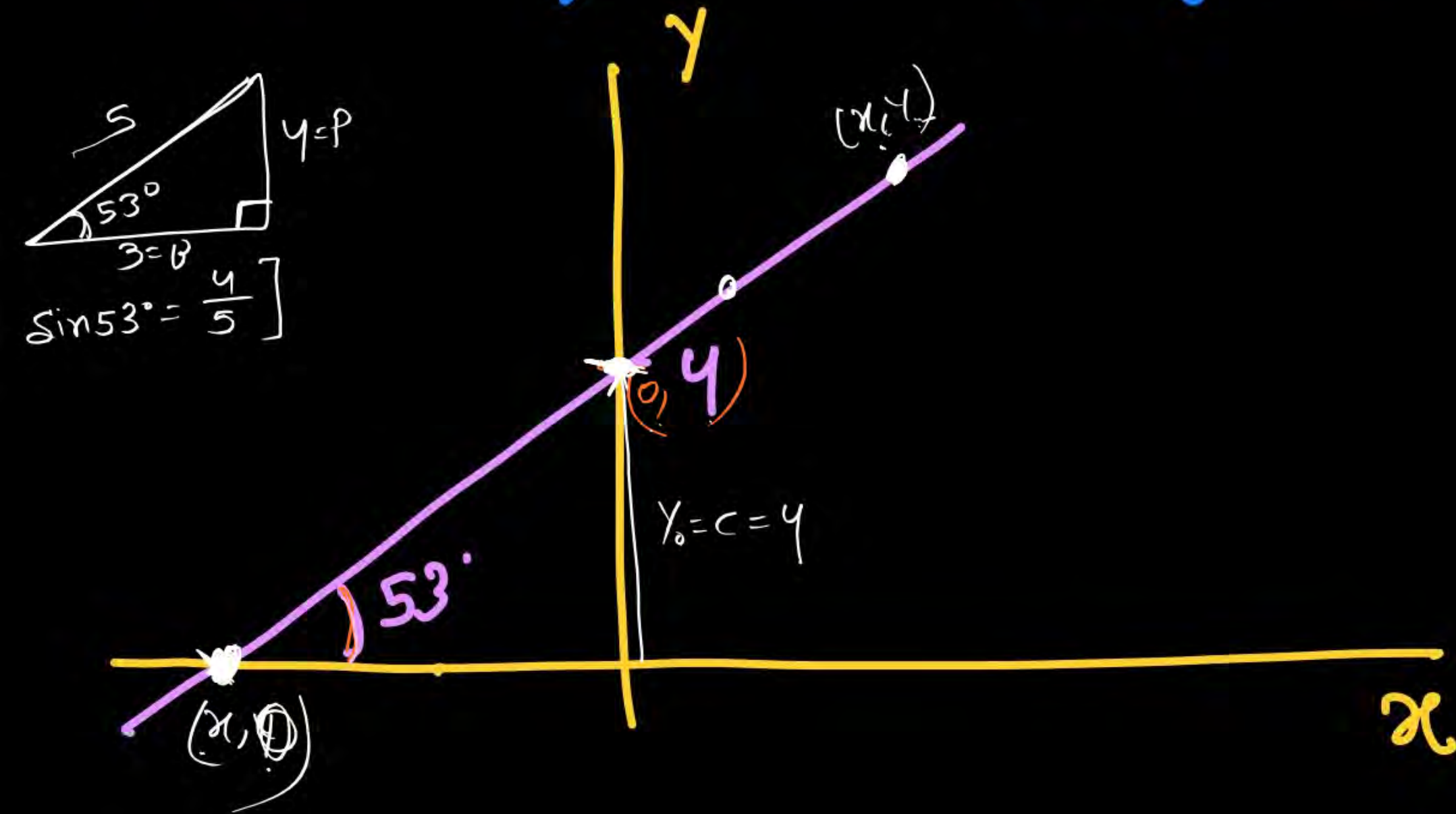
~~MR~~ ~~80%~~

straight line kahta hai tum
mujhe mera m, c
do, mai tumhe Kisi
bhi Point ka (x, y)

clung

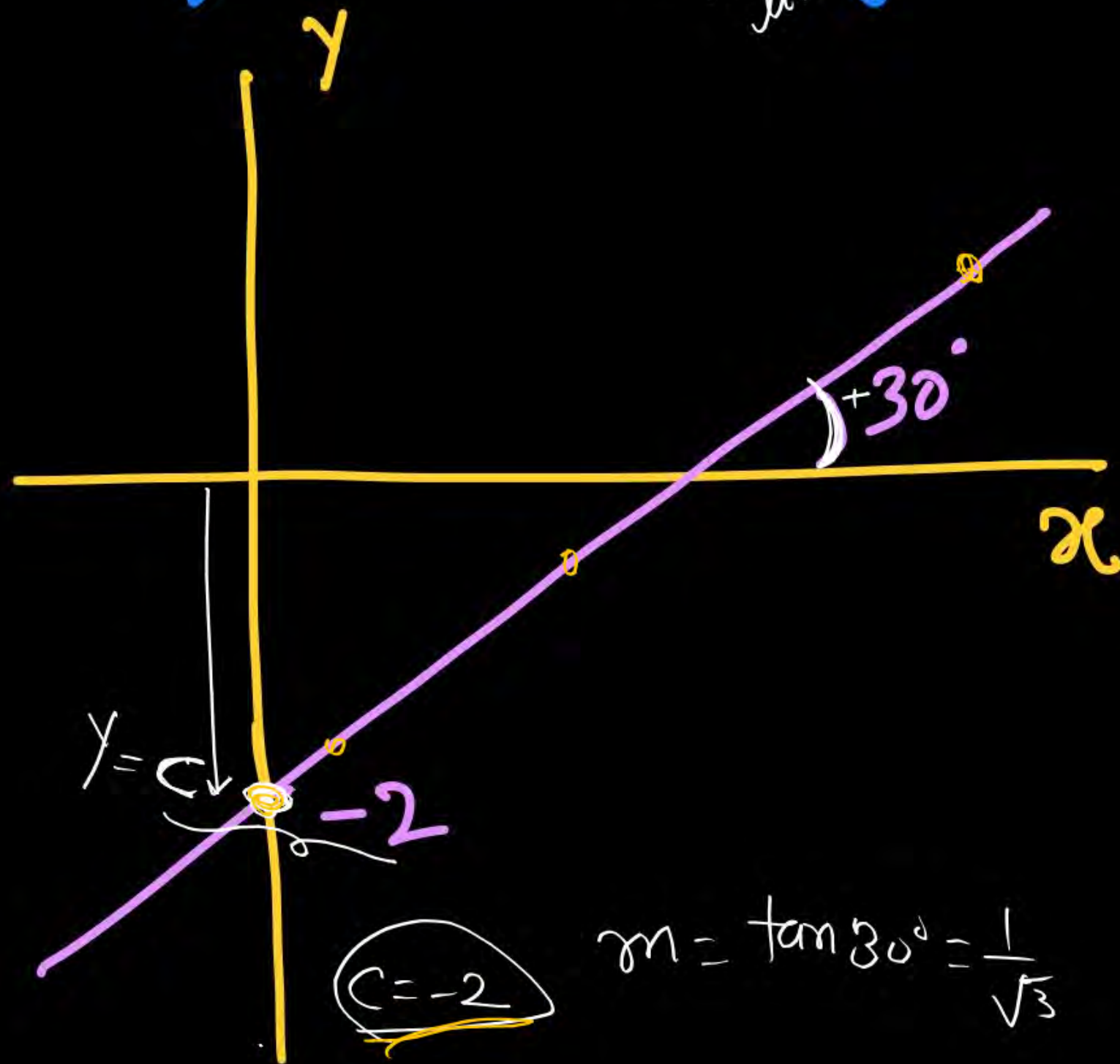


Write equation of [✓]straight line given graph:-



$m = \tan 53^\circ = \frac{4}{3}$ ✓
 $c = 4$
 Putting value of c , m ✓
 $y = mx + c$ ← y-intercept
 $y = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)x + 4$
 general equation
 $y = mx + c =$

Write equation of ^{straight} line given graph :- ✓

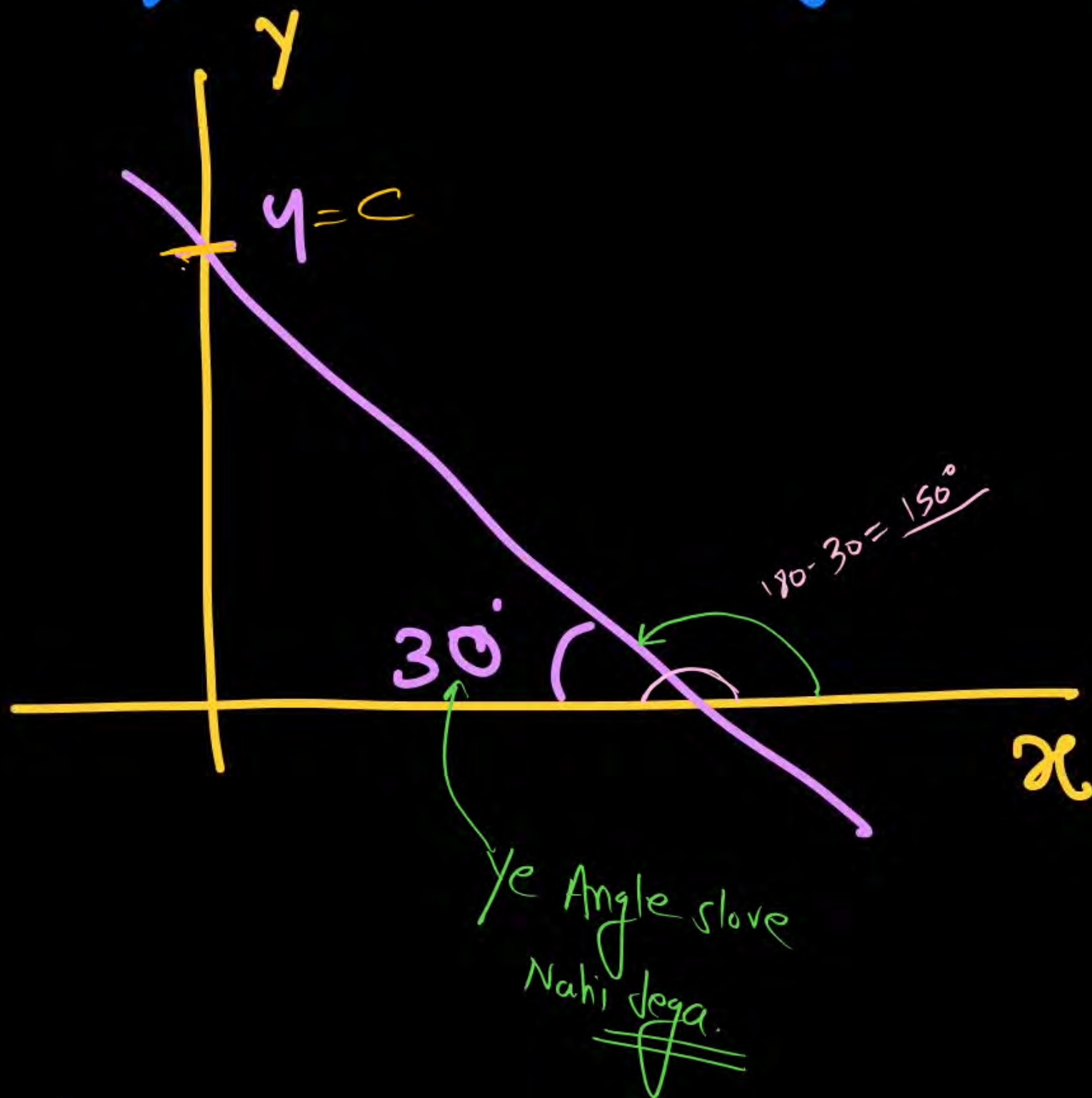


$$y = mx + c$$
$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}x - 2$$

$$m = \tan 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$c = -2$$

Write equation of given graph:-



$$m = \tan(180 - 30) \\ = \tan(150) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

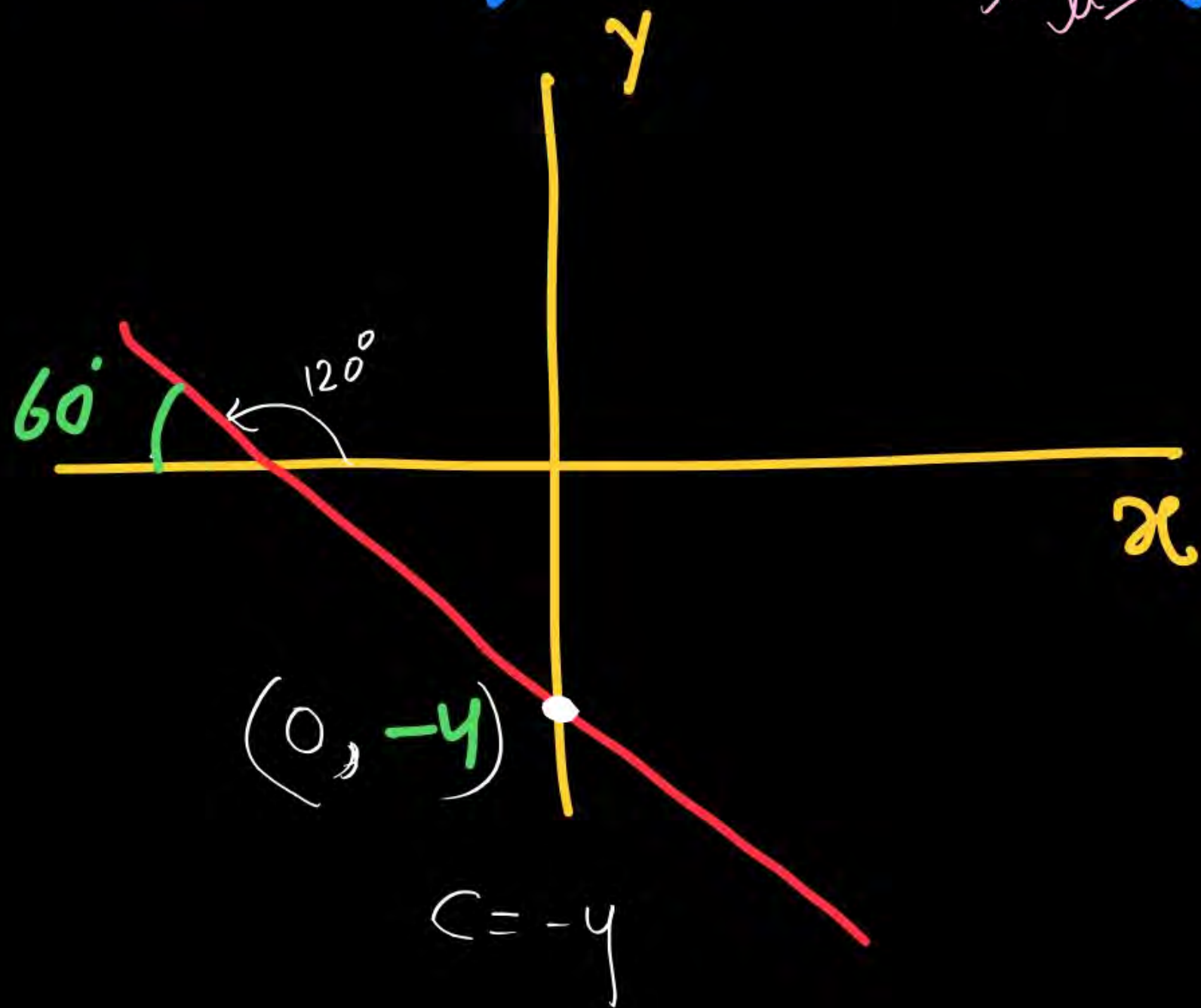
$$C = 4$$

$$y = mx + C$$

$$y = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} + 4$$

Ans

Write equation of ^{straight line} given graph:-



Solⁿ

$$m = \tan \theta = \tan(120^\circ) = -\sqrt{3}$$

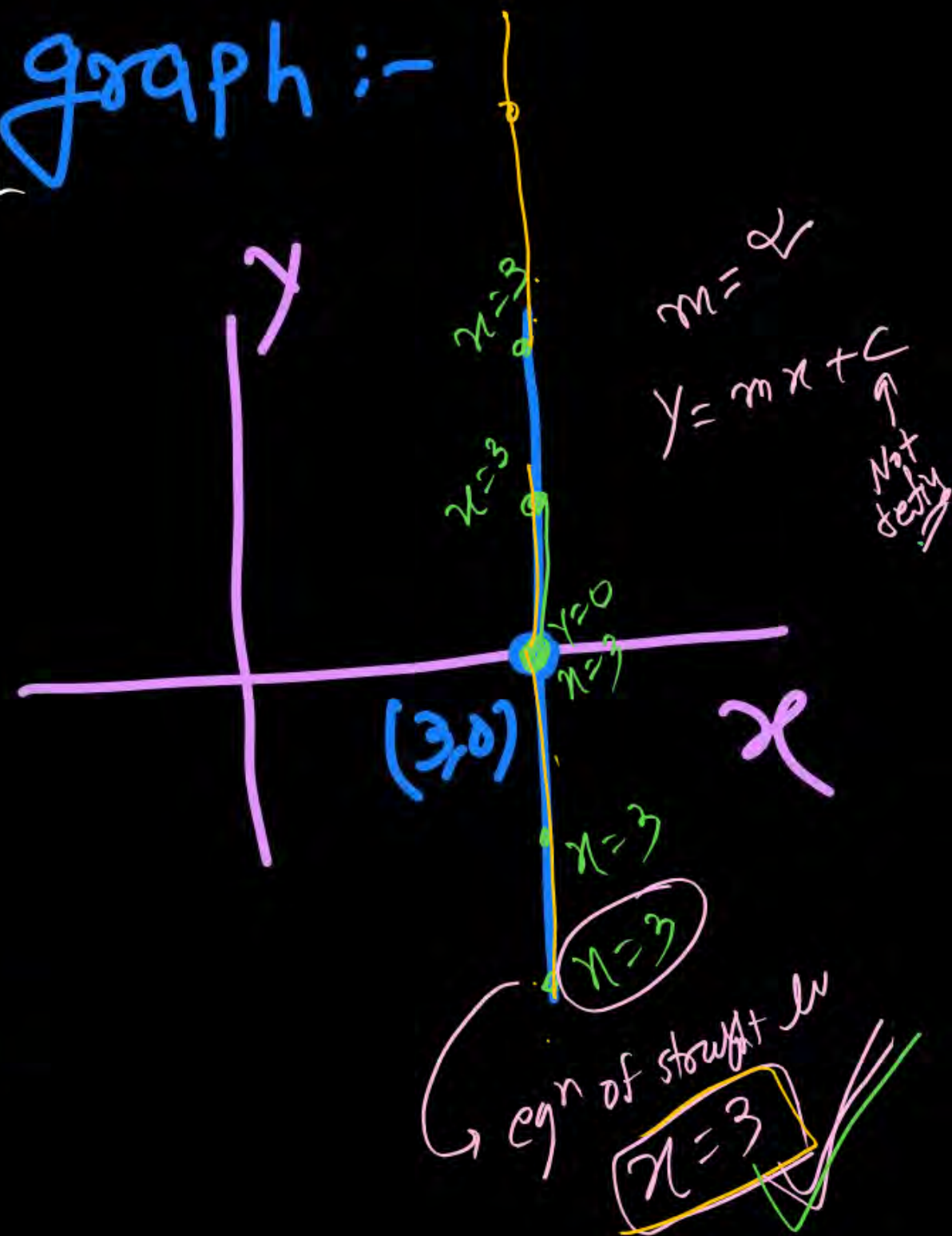
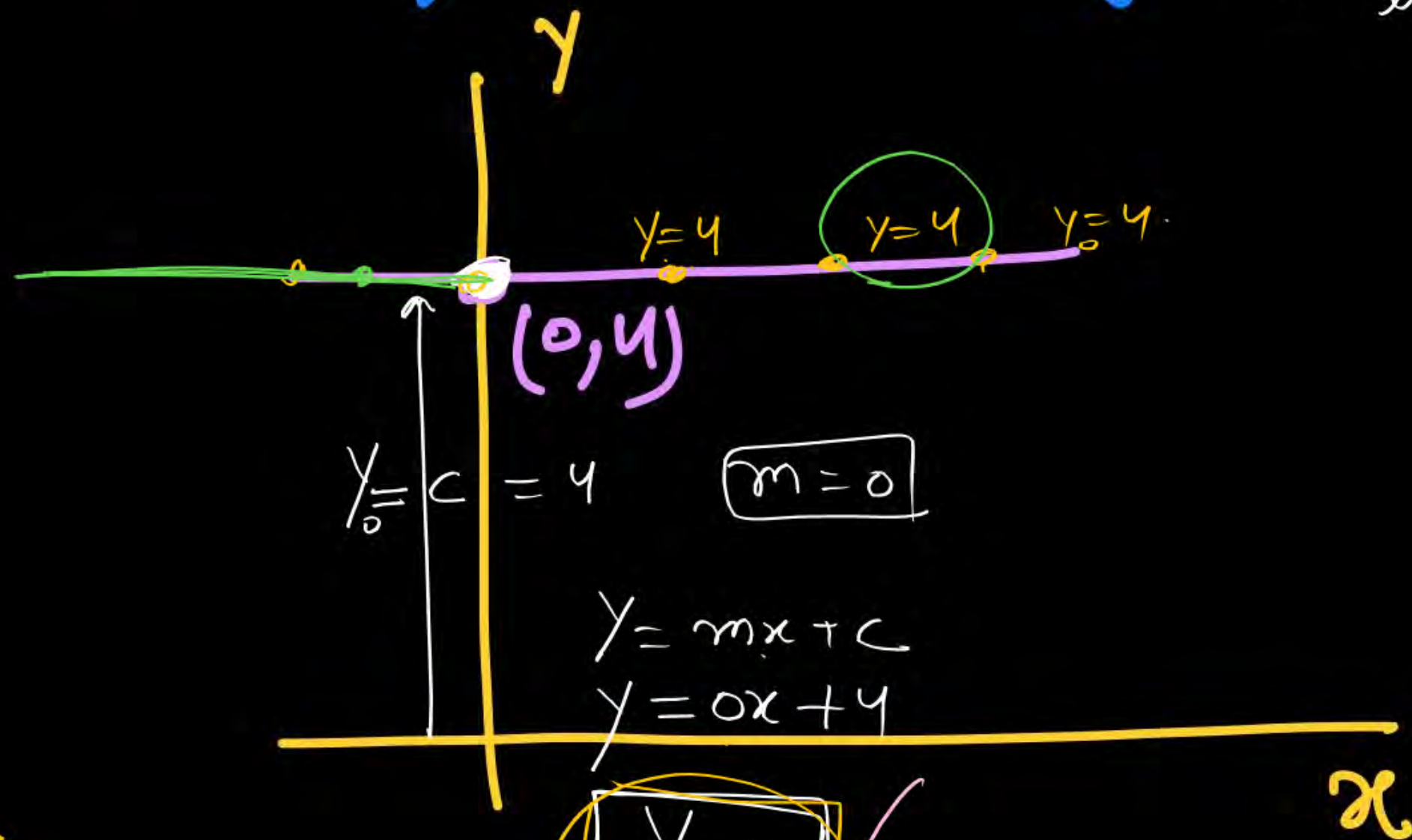
$$y = mx + c$$

$$y = -\sqrt{3}x - 4$$

$$y = mx + c$$

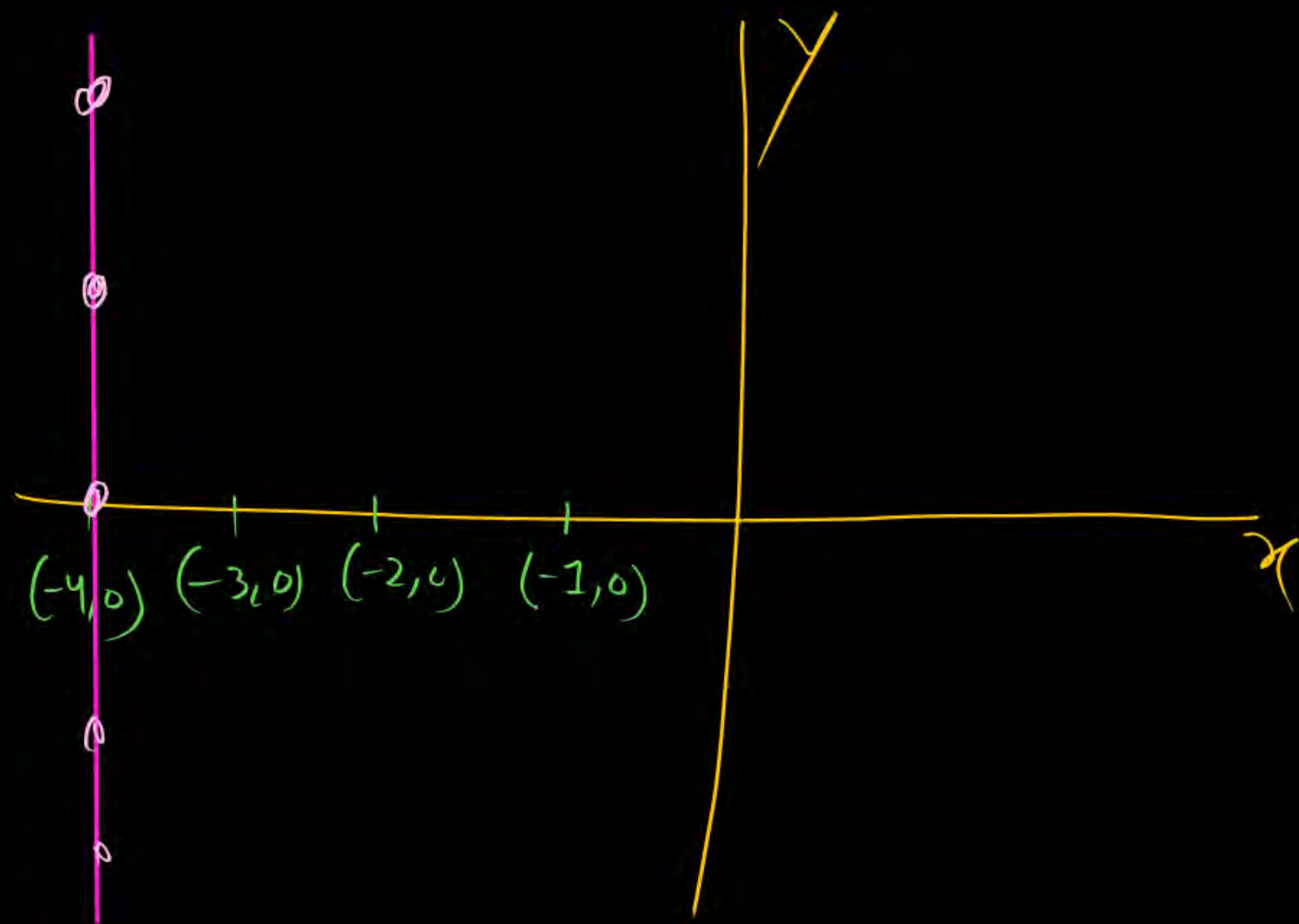
Write equation of given graph:-

straight
line

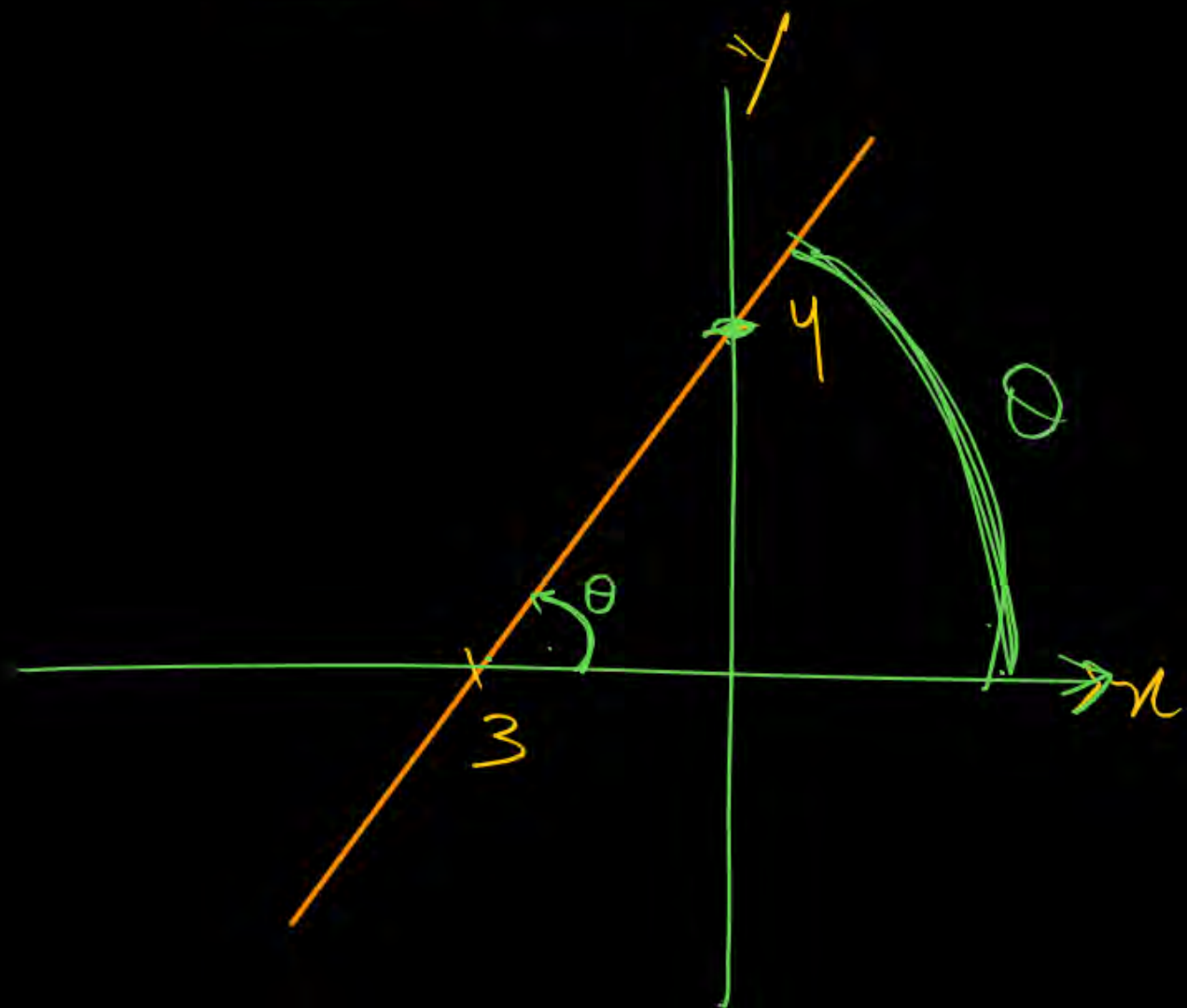


Draw $x = -4$

97-10



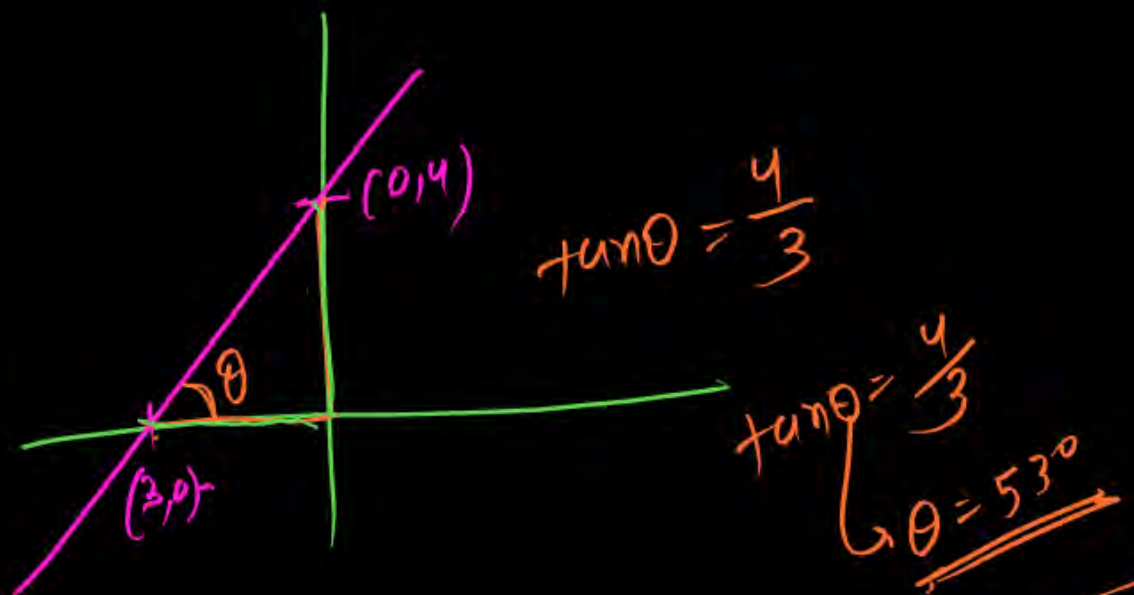
Write eqn of straight line



Solⁿ $y_0 = c = 4$

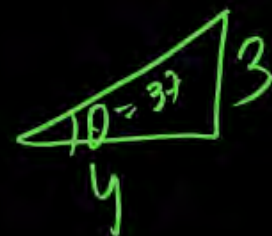
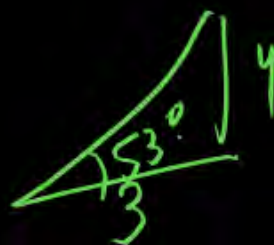
slope $= \frac{4}{3}$

$y = mx + c$
 $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 4$

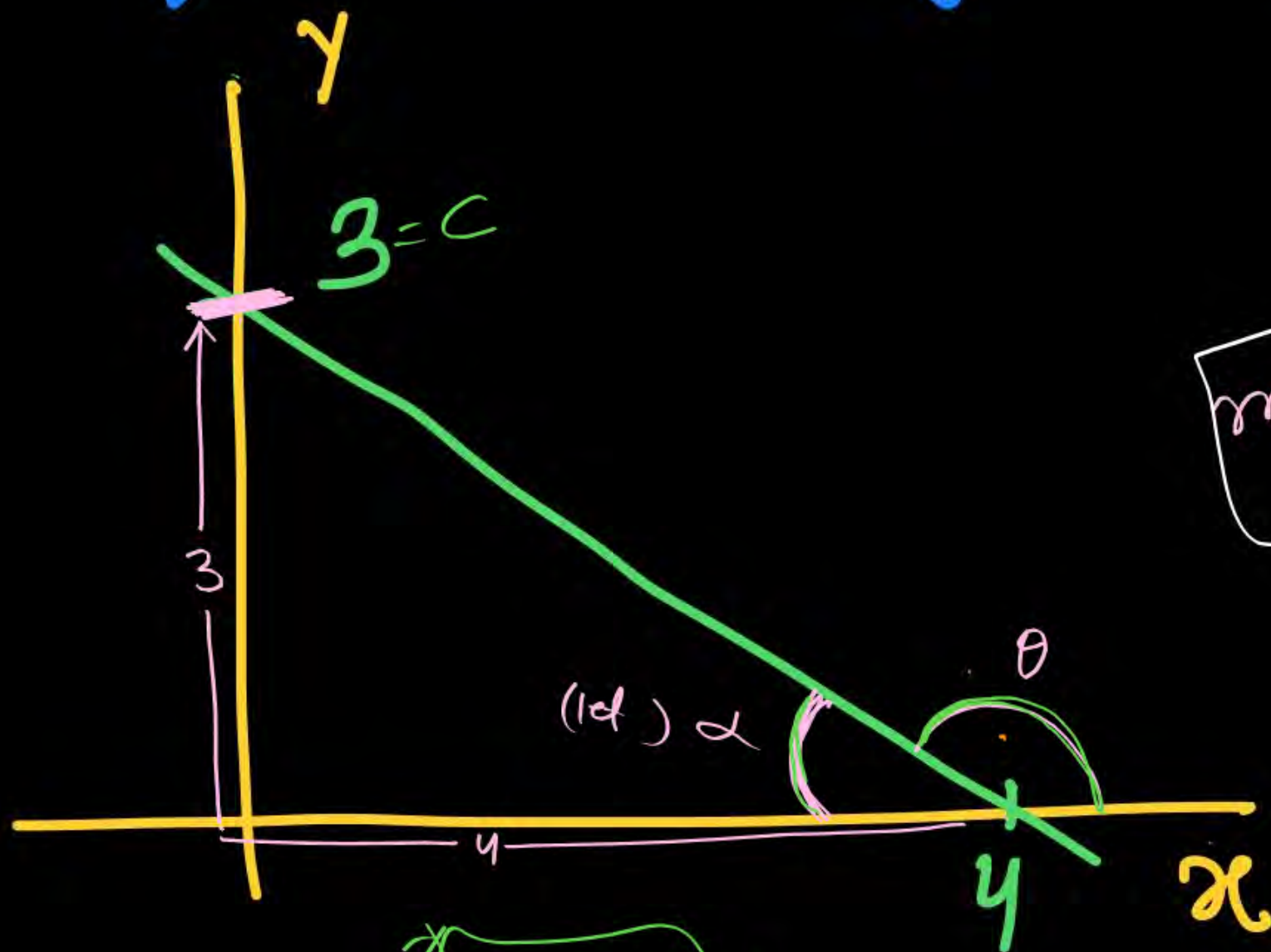


$\tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}$
 $\theta = 53^\circ$



Write equation of given graph:-



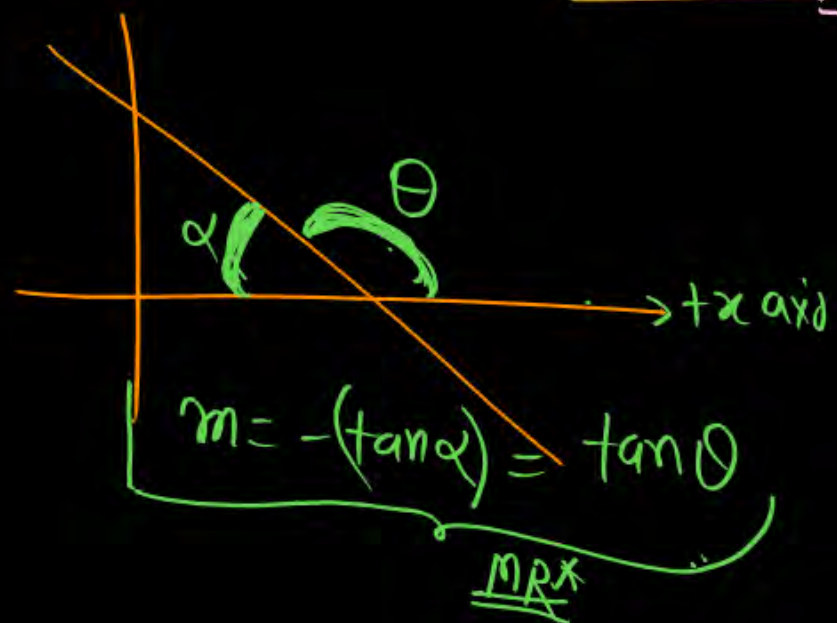
$$c = +3$$

$$m = \tan \theta = \tan(143^\circ) = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 3$$

Ans



$$m = -(\tan \alpha) = \tan \theta$$

Ans

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\alpha = 37^\circ$$

$$\theta = 180 - 37 = 143^\circ$$



@MRPHYSICSS

Physu med eu
Basic med not
Daily Challenge
Questio

Draw Graph b/w y & x for given equation.

(i) $y = \sqrt{3}x + 4$

Solⁿ

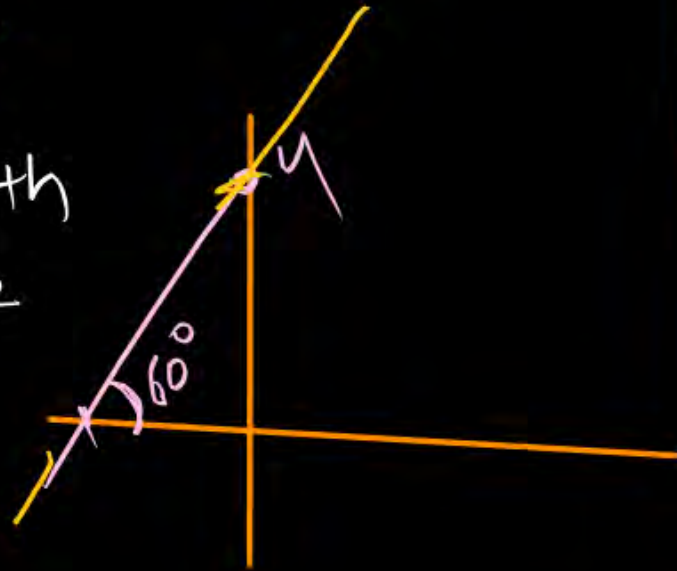
Compare this eqⁿ with eqⁿ of straight line

$$y = mx + c$$

$$c = 4$$

$$m = \tan \theta = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\theta = 60^\circ$$



(ii)

$$y = x$$

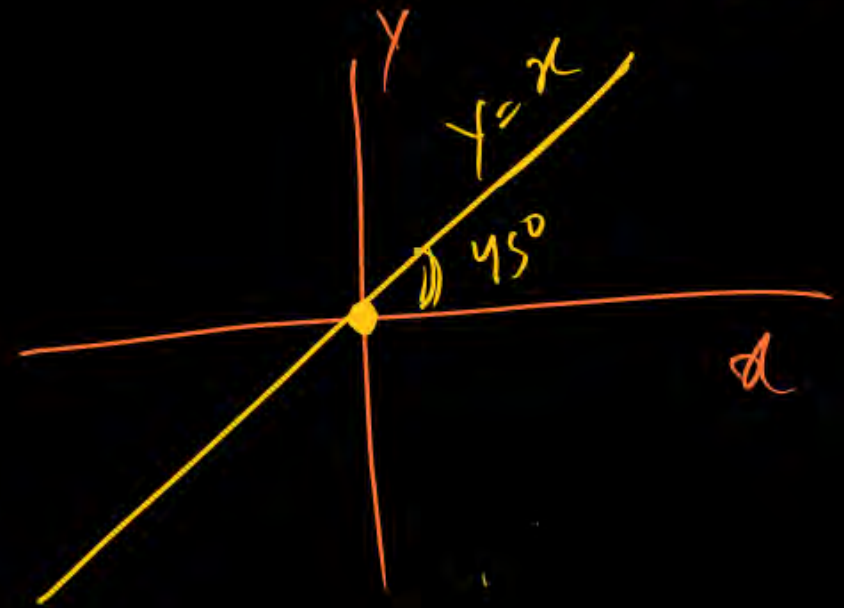
given eqⁿ.
Compare it with eqⁿ of str^{ai}ght line

$$y = mx + c$$

$$c = 0$$

$$m = 1 = \tan \theta$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ$$



(iii) $y = \frac{4}{3}x - 5$

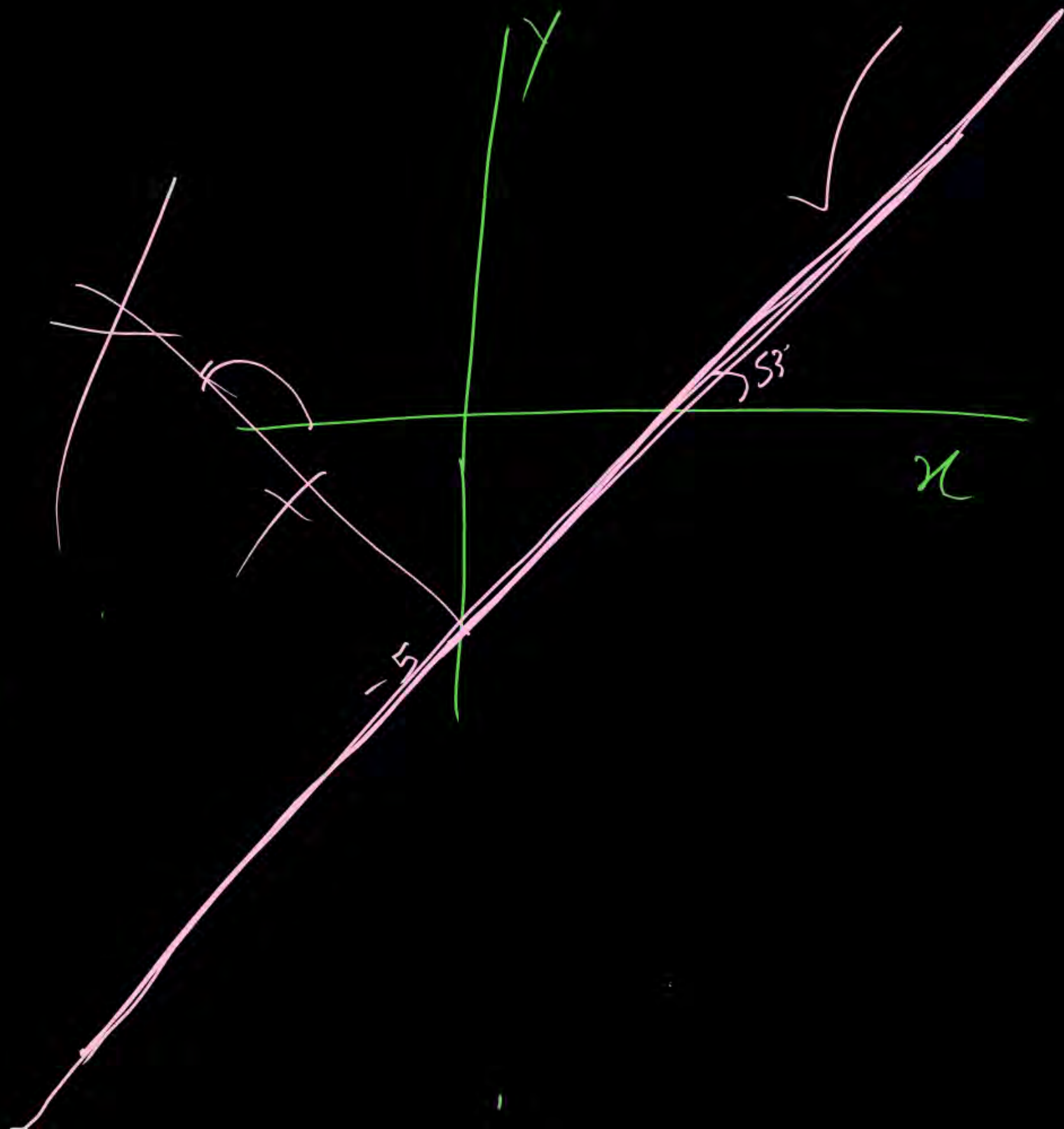
Draw graph b/w y & x

Soln

$$y = mx + c$$
$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 5$$

$$c = -5 \quad m = \frac{4}{3} = \tan \theta$$

$$\theta = 53^\circ \checkmark$$



(iv) $y = -x$

Draw graph.

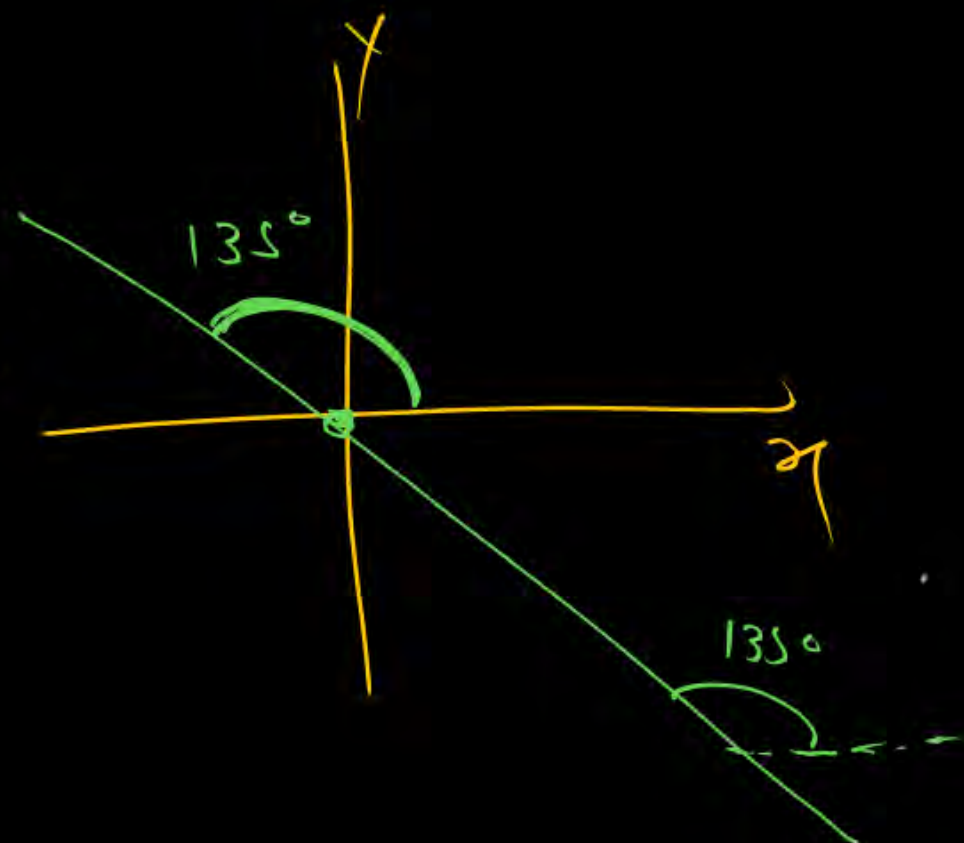
$$y = mx + c$$

$$c = 0$$

$$m = -1$$

$$\tan \theta = -1$$

$$\theta = 135^\circ$$



①

$$y = 2x - 1$$

Draw graph: -

Soln

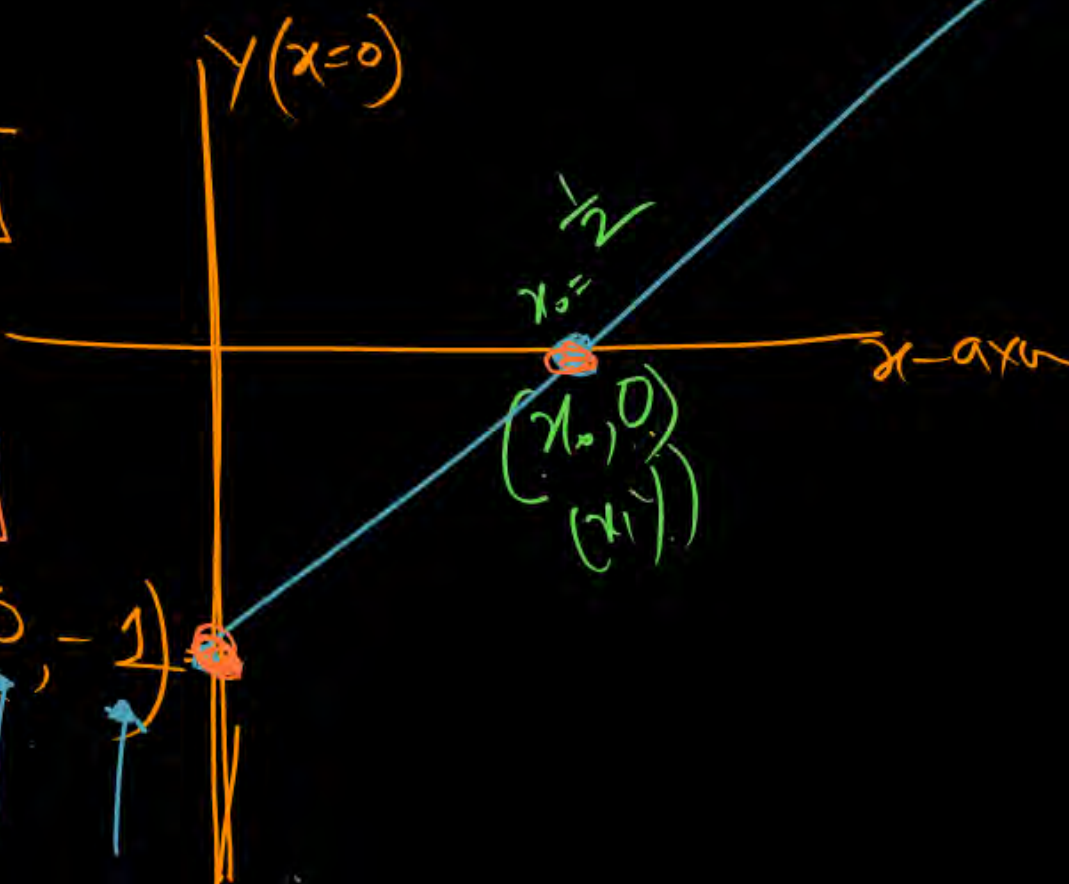
Compare $y = 2x - 1$
 $y = mx + c$

$y = \boxed{c = -1}$
 at $x = 0$

$m = \tan \theta = 2$

$\theta = \tan^{-1}(2)$

$(0, -1)$

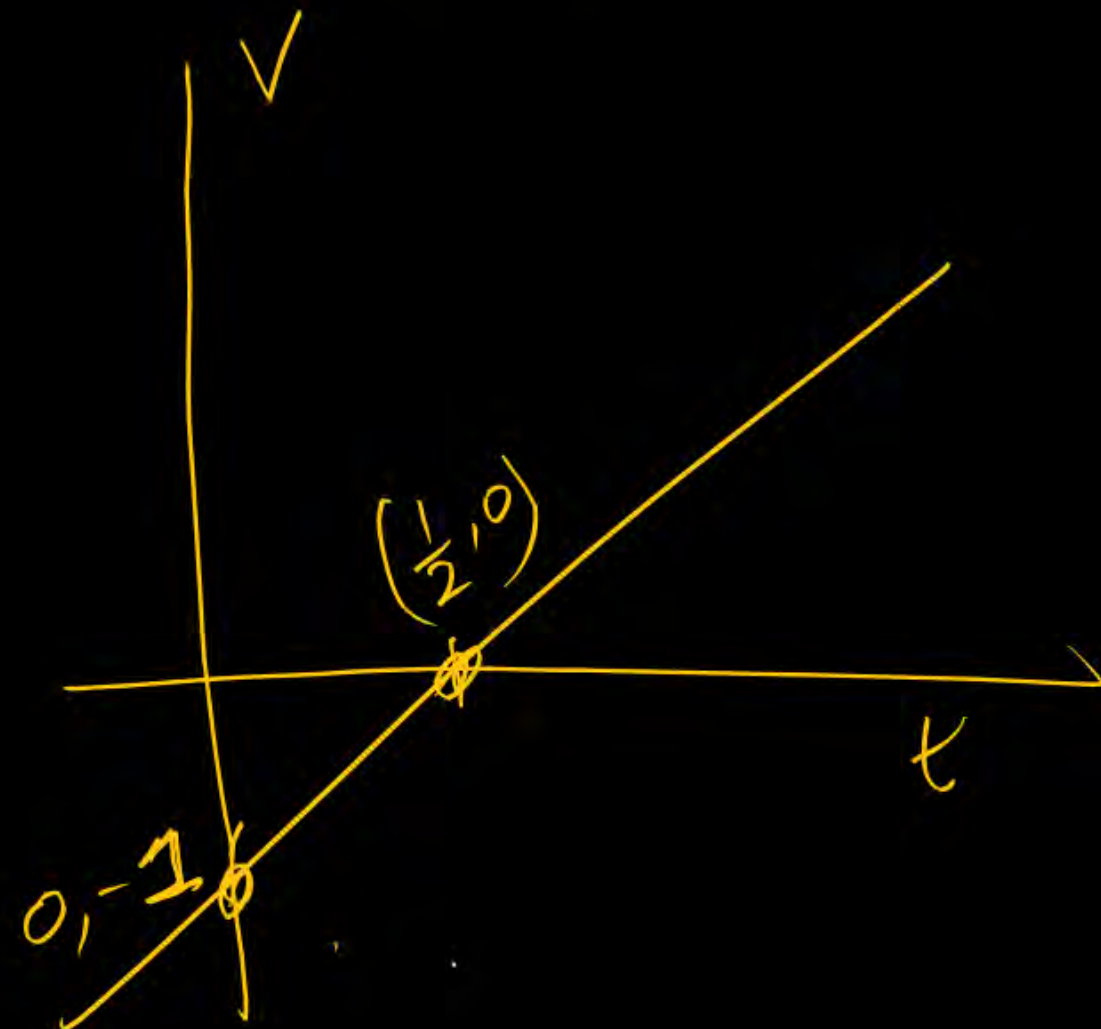


$y = 2x - 1$
 $0 = 2x_0 - 1$
 $1 = 2x_0$
 $x_0 = \frac{1}{2}$
 x-intercept

Ex

$$V = 2t - 1$$

Draw V/t graph



$$y = -2x + 4$$

(a) correct
(b) wrong

→ Draw graph B/w y & x .

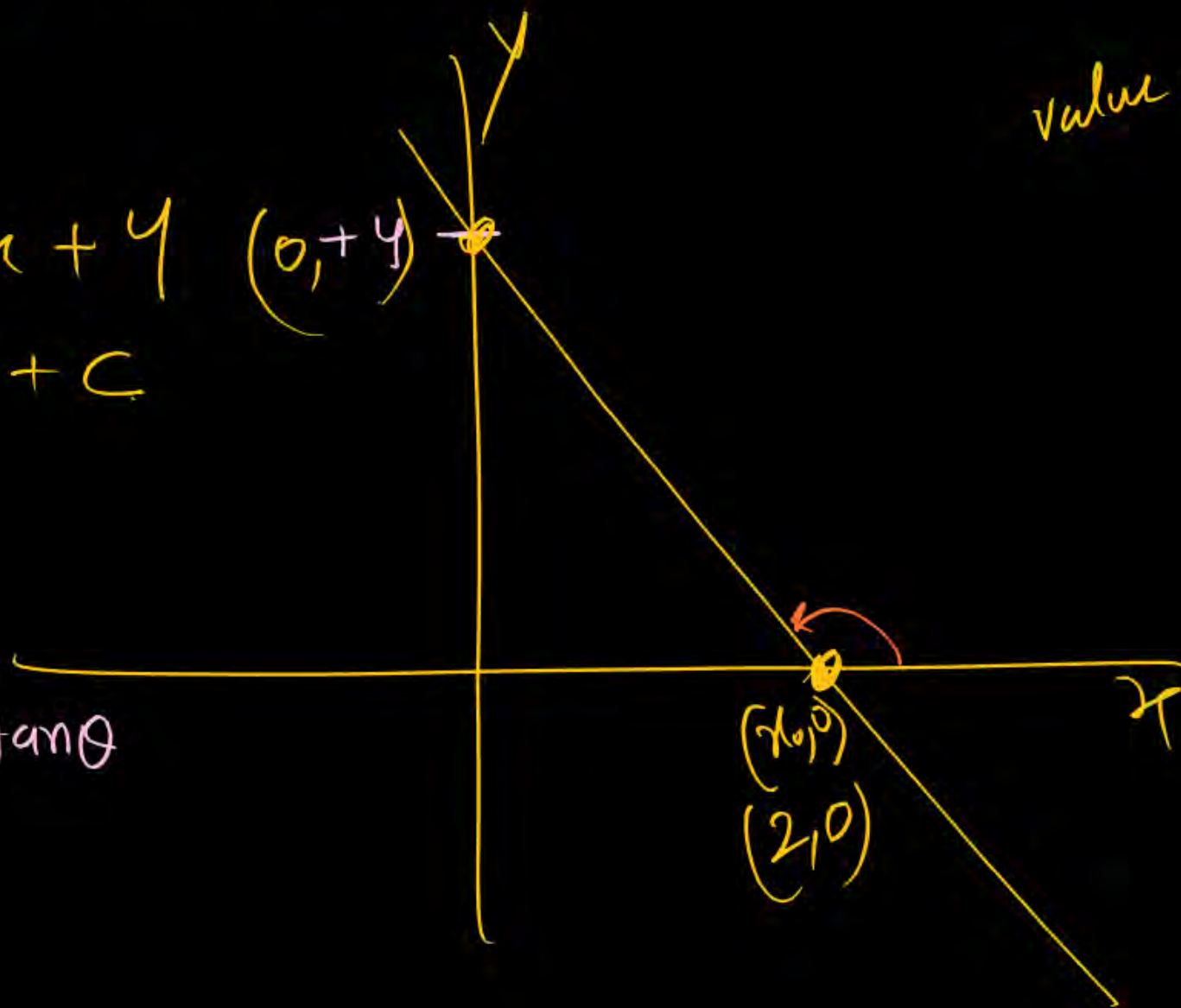
Solⁿ

$$y = -2x + 4 \quad (0, +4)$$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$y_{(x=0)} = \boxed{c=4}$$

$$\boxed{m = -2} = \tan \theta$$



value of x_0 when $y=0$

$$y = -2x + 4$$

$$0 = -2x + 4$$

$$2x = 4$$

$$x = \frac{4}{2} = +2$$

$$\# \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} + 1 = 0$$

Draw graph B/w x & y

Soln

$$\textcircled{y} = mx + c$$

$$\frac{y}{4} = -\frac{x}{3} - 1$$

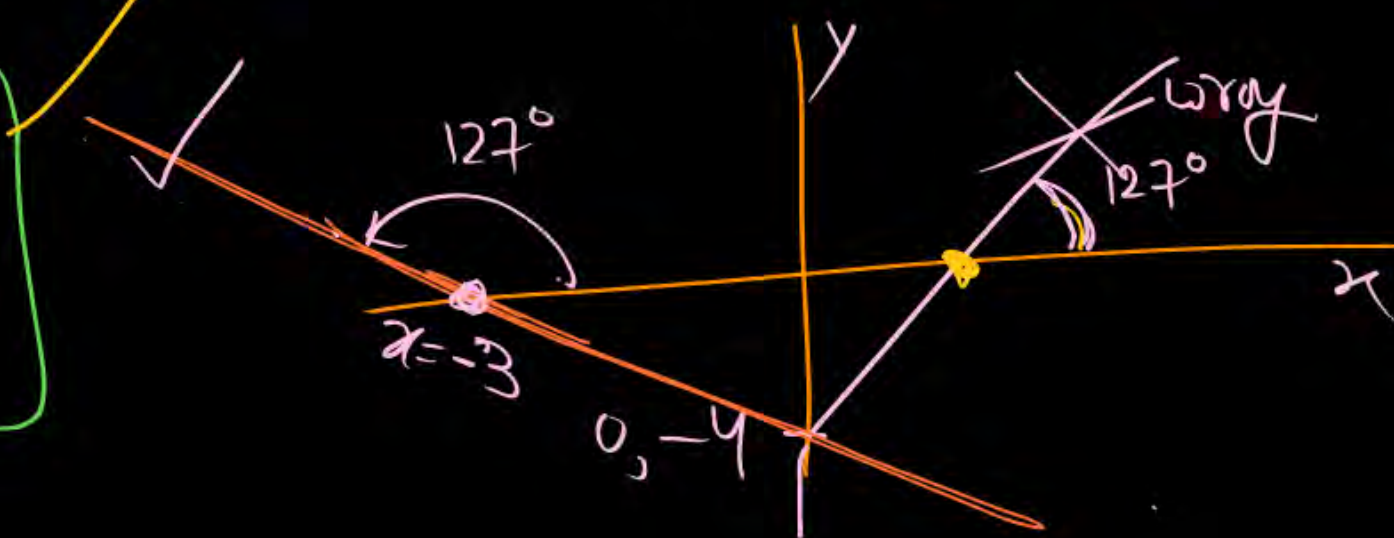
$$y = -\frac{4x}{3} - 4$$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$c = -4$$

$$m = \tan \theta = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$\theta = 127^\circ$$



98.20%
Samjh aa g.

mp u

$$\begin{aligned} \tan(127^\circ) &= \tan(180^\circ - 53^\circ) \\ &= -\tan 53^\circ \\ &= -\frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{\#} y = -\frac{4x}{3} - 4$$

gf $y=0$ then find x

$$0 = -\frac{4}{3}x - 4$$

$$+4 = -\frac{4}{3}x \quad -x = \frac{3}{4} \quad \boxed{x = -3}$$

H/w

$$(y-3) + (x-4) + 5 = 0$$

Draw graph B/w
x & y

H/w

$$\# \quad y = |x|$$

Question



Draw graph having Y-intercept 4 and passing through (2, 6).

$(x, y) \rightarrow$ 1 point ki information hai $(x, y) = \underline{\underline{(2, 6)}}$

$$C = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow y = mx + C$$

$$\boxed{y = mx + 4}$$

Putting value ($x=2$ then $y=6$)

$$6 = m \times 2 + 4$$

$$6 - 4 = 2m$$

$$2m = 2 \quad (m=1)$$

$$m = \tan \theta = 1$$
$$\theta = 45^\circ$$



Question

H/W

Draw graph passing through (2, 3) and slope 1.

(x, y)

(m = 1)

Question



Find equation of a straight line passing through point $(3, 4)$ and $(2, 6)$.

$$\begin{array}{c} \cancel{0} \\ (x_1, y_1) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cancel{0} \\ (x_2, y_2) \end{array}$$

hint

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 4}{2 - 3}$$

#

$$m = \frac{2}{-1} = -2$$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$y = -2x + c$$

Put a value of $x=3$ then $y=4$

$$y = -2 \times 3 + c \\ (c = +10)$$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$y = -2x + 10$$

Question

H/W



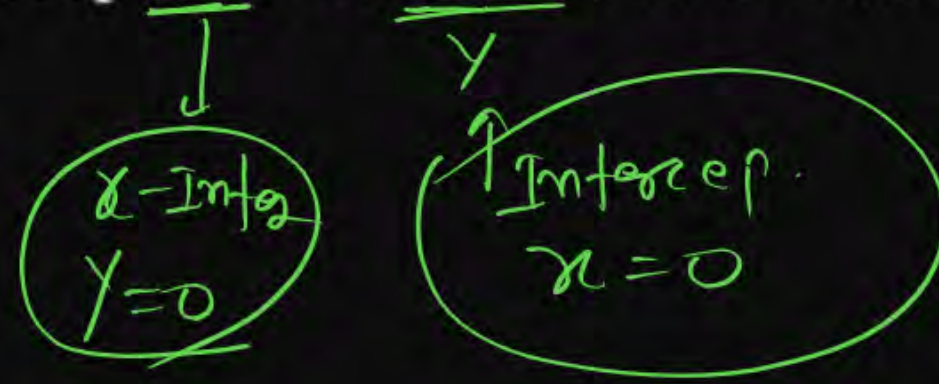
Find equation of the line which makes intercept +4 and 5 on the x and y-axis.

1 $5x + 4y + 20 = 0$

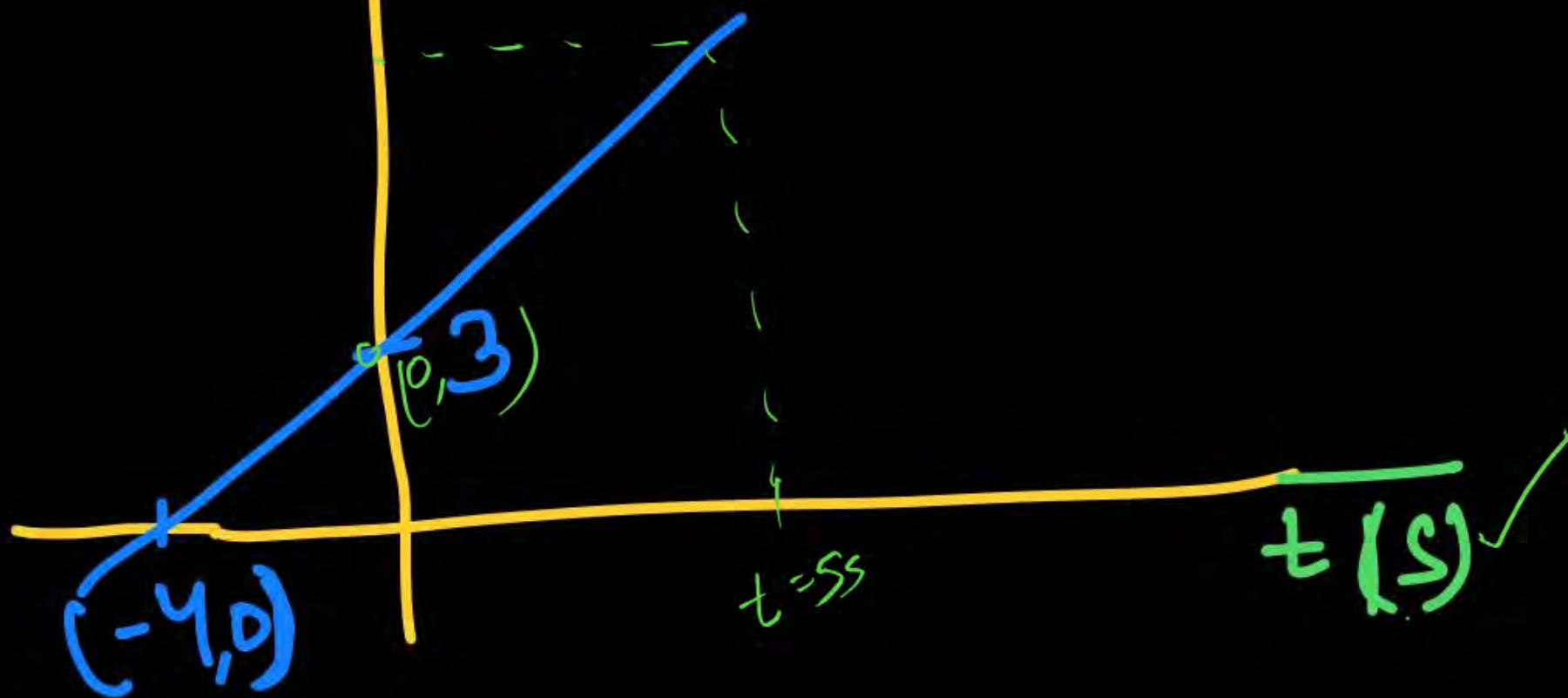
2 $4y + 5x - 20 = 0$

3 $4y - 5x = -20$

4 $4x + 5y + 20 = 0$



$F = \text{force (N)}$ ✓

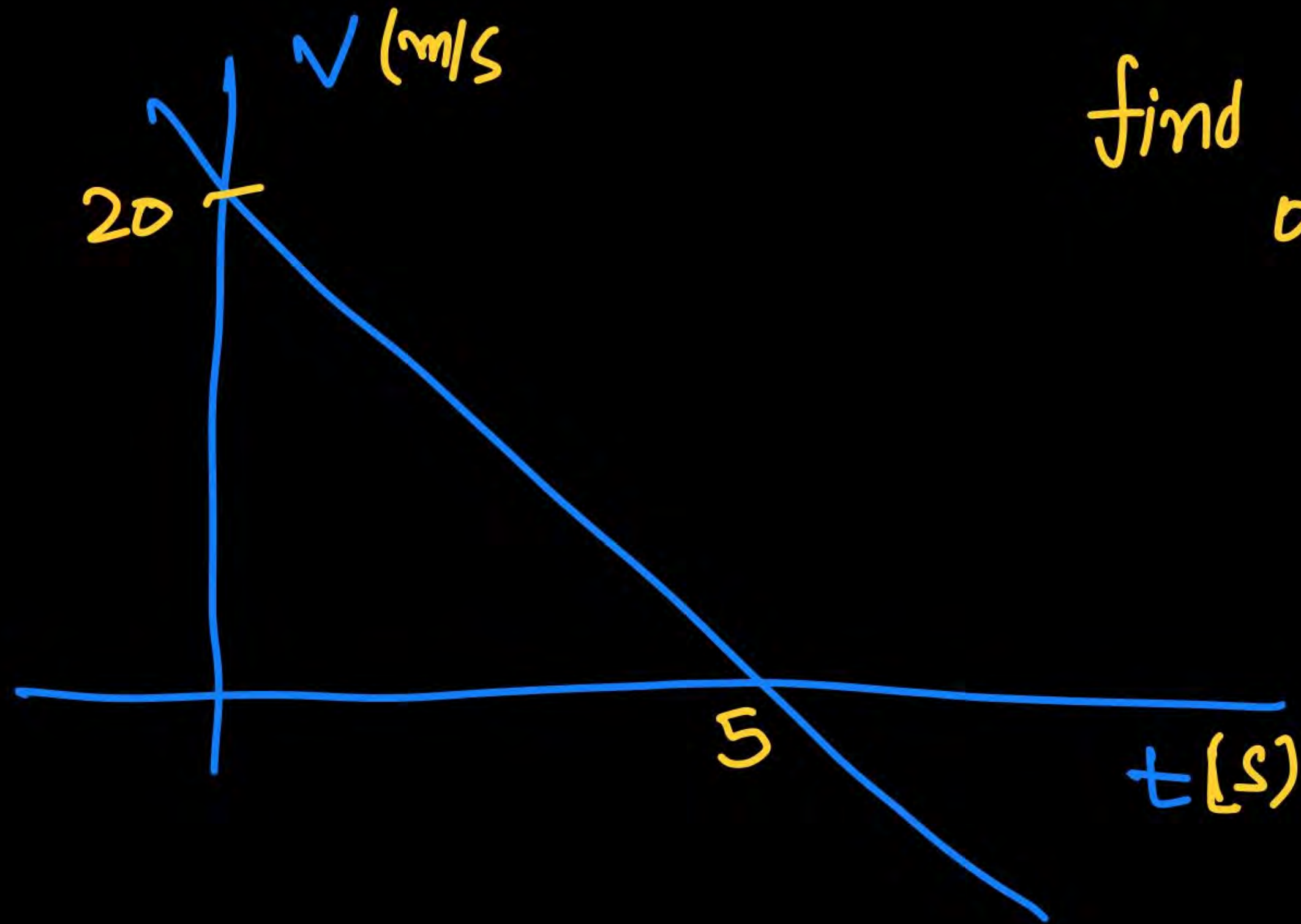


find value of force
at $t = 5 \text{ sec}$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$F = mt + c$$

~~11/2~~



find velocity of
object at
 $t = 3\text{ s}$, $t = 8\text{ s}$

H/W

Draw graph for given equat.

$$F = -Kx$$

$$PV = nRT$$

$$(i) (x-4) + (y+3) = 5$$

$$(ii) 4x + 3y + 4 = 0$$

$$(iii) y = |x|$$

$$(iv) y = |x-4|$$

gf $\frac{C - 0}{100 - 0} = \frac{K - 273}{373 - 273}$ then using this relation

Draw Graph b/w C & K.

THANK
YOU