Citation File Format (CFF)

Specification - Version 1.0.0-beta

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Abstract

The Citation File Format (CFF) is a human- and machine-readable format for citation files, which provide references to (research and scientific) software to be used for citation and other types of reference. The format aims to support all use cases for software citation described in 1. CFF is serialized in YAML 1.2, and is therefore Unicode-based and cross-language (in terms of both natural language scripts and programming languages). This specification, together with the Unicode standard for characters, aims to provide all the information necessary to understand CFF, and to use (i.e., write) and re-use (i.e., read, validate, convert from) it. The specification is maintained openly at https://github.com/sdruskat/citation-file-format.

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Introduction

Status of this document

This document reflects the first version of the Citation File Format (CFF). CFF has been developed in the context of the Workshop on Sustainable Software for Science: Practice and Experiences (WSSSPE5.1), which was held

on 6 September 2017 in Manchester, UK. More specifically, the constraints for CFF has been developed in the discusion and speed blogging group "Development and implementation of a standard format for CITATION files", whose members were Stephan Druskat (Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Germany), Neil Chue Hong (Software Sustainability Institute, University of Edinburgh, UK), Raniere Silva (Software Sustainability Institute, University of Manchester, UK), Radovan Bast (University of Tromsø, Norway), Andrew Rowley (University of Manchester, UK), and Alexander Konovalov (University of St. Andrews, UK).

CFF Version 1.0 has been developed by Stephan Druskat with contributions from the following.

CFF has been developed to provide the first iteration of a format for CITATION files which could be recommended to readers of the blog post which has been produced by the group during the workshop and shortly after, and which will be published on the blog page of the Software Sustainability Institute.

Rationale

The rationale for a standardized, machine- and human-readable format for CITATION files is discussed in 2. CFF has been developed to support all use cases for the citation of software, as discussed in 1, and thus promote attribution and credit for software in general, and research software in paticular.

Goals

The goal of CFF is to provide an all-purpose citation format in general (similar to BibTeX or RIS), and specifically provide optimized means of citation for software via the provision of software-specific reference keys and types, such as a dedicated type for source code, and one for executables, and a reference key for versions.

The ultimate goal of CFF as a project is of course comprehensive uptake and re-use of the format by Research Software Engineers and software developers as well as by vendors and services, such as software repositories, reference managers, etc.

Concepts

Some of the concepts of CFF include that all available keys can be used for all Work Types, and leave reasonability of use to format users and providers of tooling, such as conversion software for CFF and other formats.

If a section of a work is referenced, this is not supported by a dedicated Work Type. Instead, the section key in the parent type (i.e., book for a section of a book, etc.) should be used.

Format

CFF is implemented in YAML 1.2, as the language provides optimal human-readability and the required core data types.

File structure

tbc

Formatting

tbc (key: whitespace value)

Keys

CFF defines the following keys.

CFF Key	CFF Data Type	CFF Description
abbreviation	String	The abbreviation of the work
abstract	String	The abstract of a work
authors	Collection of entities	The author of a work
bibtex	String	A BibTeX version of the reference
collection-title	String	The title of a collection or proceedings
collection-type	String	The type of a collection
commit	String	The (e.g., Git) commit hash or (e.g., Subversion) revision number of the work
conference	Entity	The conference where the work was presented
contact	Collection of entities	The contact person for a work
copyright	String	The copyright information pertaining to the work
data-type	String	The data type of a data set
database	String	The name of the database where a work was accessed/is stored
database-provider	Entity	The provider of the database where a work was accessed/is stored
date-accessed	Date	The date the work has been last accessed
date-downloaded	Date	The date the work has been downloaded
date-published	Date	The date the work has been published
date-released	Date	The date the work has been released
department	String	The department where a work has been produced
dependencies	String (URI)	A Uniform Resource Identifier pointing to a resource that makes the dependencies of a work accessible
doi	String	The DOI of the work
edition	String	The edition of the work
editors	Collection of entities	The editors of a work
editors-series	Collection of entities	The editors of a series in which a work has been published
entry	String	An entry in the collection that constitutes the work
filename	String	The name of the electronic file containing the work
format	String	The format in which a work is represented
institution	Entity	The institution where a work has been produced or published
isbn	String	The ISBN of the work
issn	String	The ISSN of the work
issue	Integer	The issue of a periodical in which a work appeared
issue-date	String	The publication date of the issue of a periodical in which a work appeared
issue-title	String	The name of the issue of a periodical in which the work appeared
journal	String	The name of the journal/magazine/newspaper/periodical where the work was published
keywords	Collection of strings	Keywords pertaining to the work

CFF Key	CFF Data Type	CFF Description
languages	Collection of strings	The language of the work
license	String	The license under which a work is licensed
license-url	String (URL)	The URL of the license text under which a work is licensed
loc-start	Integer	The line of code in the file where the work starts
loc-end	Integer	The line of code in the file where the work ends
message	String	A message providing the user with instructions on how to cite the work the CITATION file is attached to
month	Integer	The month in which a work has been published
nihmsid	String	The NIHMSID of a work
notes	String	Notes pertaining to the work
number	String	The accession number for a work
number-volumes	Integer	The number of volumes making up the collection in which the work has been published
pages	Integer	The number of pages of the work
patent-states	String	The states for which a patent is granted
pmcid	String	The PMCID of a work
publisher	Entity	The name of the publisher who has published the work
recipients	Collection of entities	The recipient of a personal communication
repository	String (URL)	The repository where the work is stored
repository-code	String (URL)	The version control system where the source code of the work is stored
repository-artifact	String (URL)	The repository where the (executable/binary) artifact of the work is stored
section	String	The section of a work that is referenced
sender	Collection of entities	The sender of a personal communication
status	Status string	The publication status of the work
start	Integer	The start page of the work
thesis-type	String	The type of the thesis that is the work
title	String	The title of the work
translators	Collection of entities	The translator of a work
type	Work Type string	The type of the work
url	String (URL)	The URL of the work
version	String	The version of the work
volume	Integer	The volume of the periodical in which a work appeared
volume-title	String	The title of the volume in which the work appeared
year	Integer	The year in which a work has been published
year-original	Integer	The year of the original publication

Table 1: Complete list of CFF keys.

Details

This section details some of the keys where necessary to avoid ambiguity.

abstract

- If the work is a journal paper or other academic work: The abstract of the work.
- If the work is a film, broadcast or similar: The synopsis of the work.

department

- If the work is a thesis: The academic department where the thesis has been produced.
- If the work is a government document: The governmental department which has issued the document.

dependencies

• If the work is a software: A URL of a metadate entry, e.g., http://depsy.org/package/python/nltk; the URI or a URL of a file listing the software's dependencies, e.g., file:///NOTICE (if the artifact of the software version available from repository-artifact includes a NOTICE file in the root folder), or https://github.com/user/project/blob/master/NOTICE.

format

- If the work is a music file: The digital format in which a musical piece is saved, e.g., MP3.
- If the work is a data set: The digital format in which the data set is saved.
- If the work is a painting: The format of the painting, e.g., the width and height of the canvas.

institution

- If the work is a report: The institution where the report has been produced.
- If the work is a case: The court where a case has been held.
- If the work is a blog post: The institution responsible for running the blog.
- If the work is a patent, legal rule or similar: The issuing institution of the patent/rule.
- If the work is a grant: The funding agency sponsoring the grant.
- If the work is a thesis: The university where a thesis has been produced.
- If the work is a statute: The institution or geographical unit which the statute adheres to.
- If the work is a historical work, illuminated manuscript or similar: The library or archive where the work is held.
- If the work is a conference: The organisation which held the conference.

languages

- If the work is a book: The language in which the book is written.
- If the work is a software: The programming/markup languages in which the software is written.

month

- If the work is a conference: The month in which the conference has been held.
- If the work is a magazine article: The month in which the magazine issue containing the article has been published.

number

- If the work is a conference paper: E.g., the submission number of the paper
- If the work is a grant: The grant number provided by the funding agency.
- If the work is a work of art: E.g., the catalogue number provided by a museum holding the artwork.
- If the work is a report: The report number of a report.
- If the work is a patent: The patent number of the work.
- If the work is a historical work, illuminated manuscript or similar: The codex or folio number of a manuscript, or the library identifier for a manuscript.

$_{\text{term}}$

• If the work is a dictionary or encyclopedia: The term in the dictionary or encyclopedia that is being referenced.

title

• If the work is a case: The name of the case (e.g., Name v. Name).

version

• If the work is a software: The version of the referenced software.

Entities

Entity objects can represent different types of entities, e.g., a person, publishing company, or conference. In CFF, they are realized as collections with a defined set of keys. Only the key name is mandatory. When the entity represents a person, the name key must be formatted following the pattern "{last names} :: {first names} {middle names}". This pattern is used to parse names correctly, and implicitly disambiguate person entities from other entities. Therefore, if a non-person entity name follows this pattern, it must be given as {first part of the name} \:: {second part of the name third part of the name}.

Note that the whitespaces preceding and following the separators $(::, \setminus ::)$ are optional.

Entity key	Entity Data Type	optional
name	String	
city	String	•
country	String	•
street	String	•
orcid	String	•
email	String	•
affiliation	String	•
tel	String	•
fax	String	•
website	String (URL)	•
date-start	Date	•
date-end	Date	•
location	String	•
role	Role string	•

Table 2: Complete list of entity keys.

Roles

An entity representing a person can be assigned a role for the purposes of specifying authorship status, e.g., to distinguish main authors of a software from contributors who have provided a small patch. The defined roles are:

Key
artist
assignee (e.g., of a patent)
main-author
benchmarker (e.g., of a software)
cartographer
composer

Key contributor creator designer director (e.g., of a movie) editor (e.g., of an edited book/edition) evangelist (e.g., for a software) **insitution** (e.g., issuing a standard) inventor manager (e.g., of a software project) programmer reporter (e.g., of a court case) reporter (e.g., of a software bug) researcher (e.g., authoring a data set) software engineer (e.g., for a software) technical writer (e.g., of a software documentation) tester (e.g., of a software) trainer

Table 3: Defined roles for entities.

Statuses

Works can have a different status of publication, e.g., journal papers. CFF provides the following defined statuses for works.

Status (String)	Description
in-preparation	A work in preparation, e.g., a manuscript
abstract	The abstract of a work
$\mathbf{submitted}$	A work that has been submitted for publication
in-press	A work that has been accepted for publication but has not yet been published
advance-online	A work that has been published online in advance of publication in the target medium

Table 4: Defined statuses for works

Work Types

Work Type string
art
article

audiovisual bill bill blog bookcatalogue conference conference-paper data database dictionary edited-work encyclopedia film-broadcast - Film or Broadcast 1 generic government-document grant hearing historical-work legal-case legal-rule magazine-article manual map ${f multimedia}$ music newspaper-article pamphlet patent personal-communication proceedings report serial slides $\mathbf{software}$ software-code software-container software-executable

Work Type string

```
Work Type string
software-virtual-machine
sound-recording
standard
statute
thesis
unpublished
video
website
```

Table 5: Complete list of CFF work types.

- message: "If you use this software, please cite the software itself and the journal paper describing its

Schema

It is planned to provide a PyKwalify schema for the validation of CFF files. This is work in progress.

Examples

```
- TYPE: "SOFTWARE (Use YAML explicit typing? !software)"
  authors:
   - firstname: Stephan
     lastname: Druskat
     orcid: 1234-5678-9012-3456
    - firstname: Neil
     lastname: "Chue Hong"
    - firstname: Radovan
     lastname: Bast
      orcid: 1234-5678-9012-3456
  csv: "git://github.com/sdruskat/cffp"
  doi: 10043/zenodo.1234
  title: "Citation File Format Parser"
  version: "1.1.2"
- TYPE: JOURNAL
  authors:
   - firstname: Stephan
      lastname: Druskat
     orcid: 1234-5678-9012-3456
   - firstname: Neil
     lastname: "Chue Hong"
   - firstname: Radovan
     lastname: Bast2
      orcid: 1234-5678-9012-3456
  day: 9
  doi: 10043/zenodo.12345
  frompage: 1
  issue: 11
  journal: "Journal for Open Research Software (JORS)"
 month: september
```

subtitle: "Version 1.0"

title: "The Citation File Format"

topage: 34
volume: 2017
year: 2017

Infrastructure

It is planned to provide further infrastructure (e.g., software packages), to support the following use cases for CFF:

- Creating CFF CITATION files
- Reading CFF CITATION files
- Validating CFF CITATION files
- Converting CFF CITATION files

For some use cases in software, cf. https://www.software.ac.uk/blog/2014-07-30-oh-research-software-how-shalt-i-cite-thee

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[1]A. M. Smith, D. S. Katz, K. E. Niemeyer, and FORCE11 Software Citation Working Group, "Software citation principles," *PeerJ Computer Science*, vol. 2, p. e86, Sep. 2016 [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.7717/peerjcs.86

[2]S. Druskat, "Track 2 Lightning Talk: Should CITATION files be standardized?" in *Proceedings of the Workshop on Sustainable Software for Science: Practice and Experiences (WSSSPE5.1)*, 2017 [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.3827058