

# MULTI-LABEL TOXIC COMMENT DETECTION

| Using Supervised Classification and  
| Unsupervised Clustering

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# | PROJECT OVERVIEW & MOTIVATION

- Online hate speech is growing fast.
- Checking it manually is impossible
- Traditional keyword filters fail to detect implicit toxicity (e.g., sarcasm, context).

Our Solution (Dual-Strategy):

- **Classification:** For real-time, precise detection.
- **Clustering:** To discover hidden or emerging toxic patterns.

Objective: To quantify the "Contextual Premium" of Transformer models over traditional baselines.

# | DATASET OVERVIEW & CLASS IMBALANCE

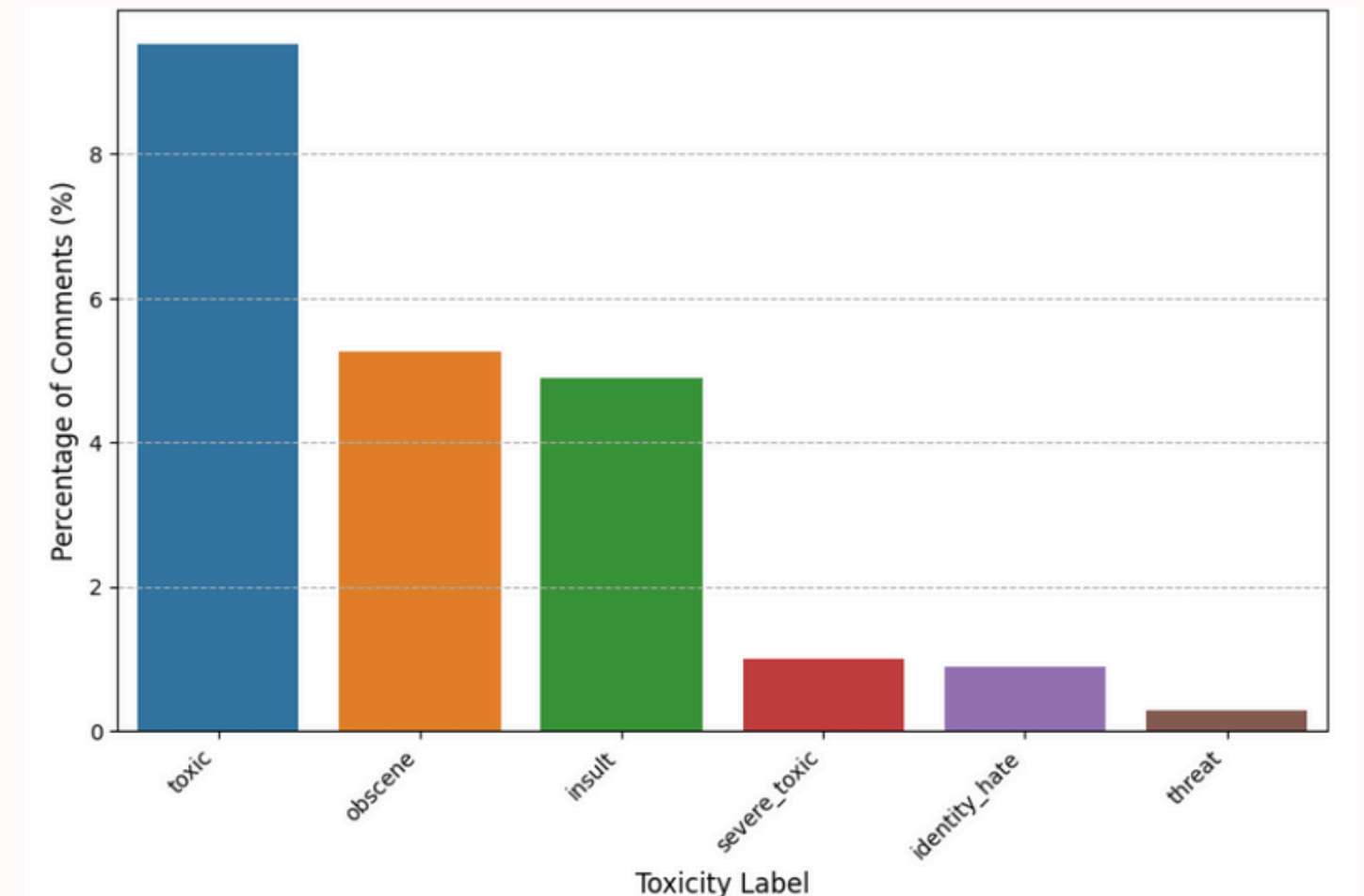
- Jigsaw Toxic Comment Classification Dataset (Wikipedia Talk Pages, Kaggle).
- Contains 159,571 real-world user comments.
- Multi-label Classification (e.g., Toxic + Insult).

Target Categories [6 Labels]:

- toxic, severe\_toxic, obscene, threat, insult, identity\_hate.

Challenge:

- Severe Class Imbalance.
- Dangerous classes like threat and identity\_hate represent less than 1% of the data.



*Label Distribution*

# | TEXT PRE-PROCESSING

- Data Integrity: Merged test labels and removed unscored entries (-1).
- Final Valid Test Set: 63,978 samples.

## Statistical Pipeline (TF-IDF)

- Heavy Cleaning
- Aggressive Removal: Removed emojis, punctuation, URLs, and Stop-words.
- Normalization: Applied POS-aware Lemmatization to reduce words to base forms.
- Filtering: Removed duplicates.
- Result: Higher Data Loss (~3.68%)

## Neural Pipeline (TextCNN / DistilBERT)

- Minimal Intervention
- Cleaning: Removed Emojis, URLs, HTML tags, and User Mentions.
- Context Preservation: Kept Stop-words and punctuation (Grammatical anchors).
- Integrity: Used Label-aware duplicate handling (kept duplicates if labels differed).
- Result: Minimal Data Loss (~0.1%)

# | TEXT REPRESENTATION

Aspect	Statistical (TF-IDF)	Static Neural (FastText)	Contextual (Transformers)
Type	Sparse Matrix	Static Dense Embeddings	Dynamic Contextual Embeddings
Dimensions	100,000	300	768 (DistilBERT) / 384 (SBERT)
Key Feature	Used N-grams (1, 2) to capture toxic phrases (e.g., "shut up").	Sub-word information (Character n-grams)	Self-Attention Mechanism adapts to context.
Why used	Captures specific keywords and explicit slurs.	Handles OOV (Out-of-Vocabulary), slang, and misspellings (e.g., "fck"*).	Understands Polysemy (e.g., "kill the process" vs "kill you").

# | TEXT CLASSIFICATION

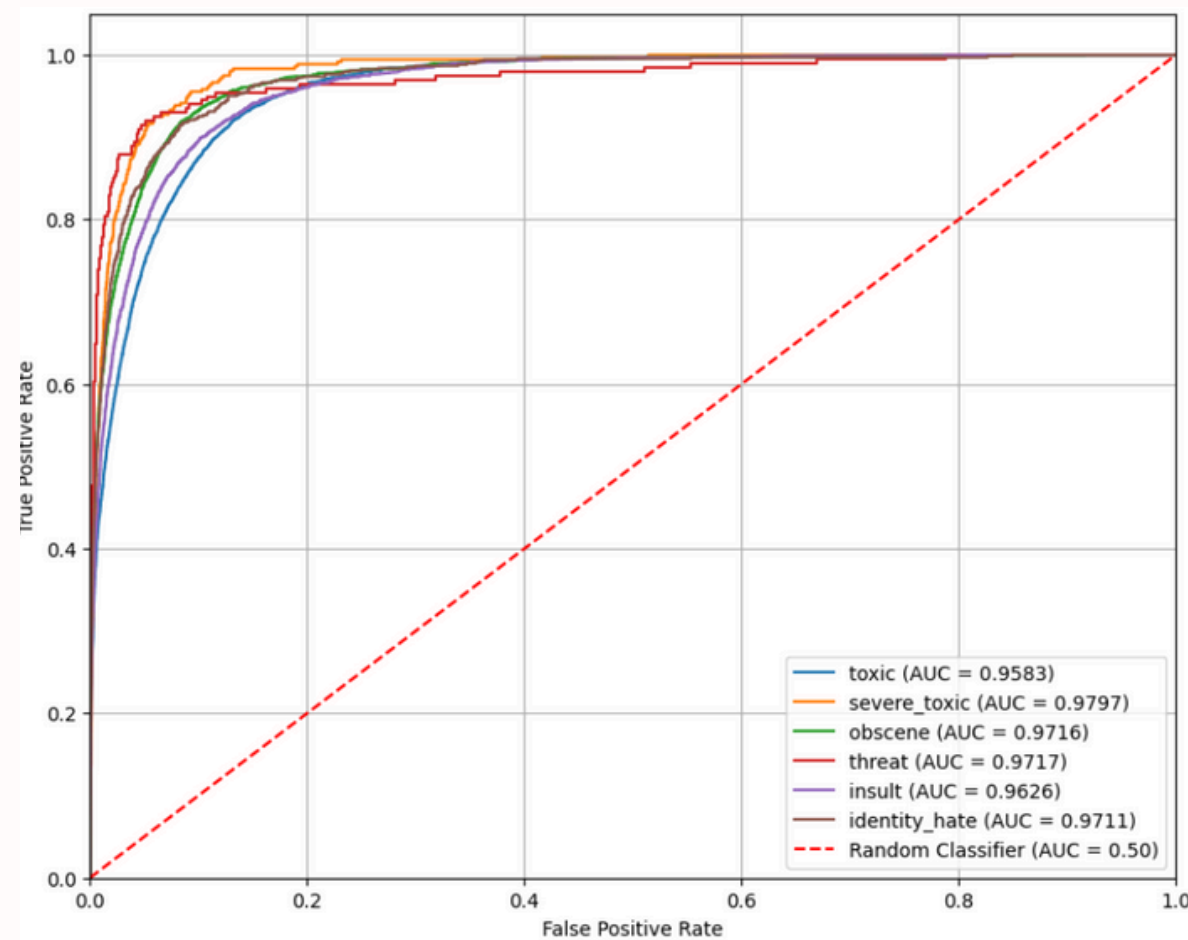
Model	Representation	Architecture	Macro ROC-AUC	Macro F1 Score
Ridge Classifier (Statistical)	Sparse (TF-IDF)	One-vs-Rest (L2 Regularization)	0.95	0.48
LinearSVC (Statistical)	Sparse (TF-IDF)	One-vs-Rest (Linear Kernel)	0.96	0.55
Text CNN (Deep Learning)	Static (FastText)	3 Parallel Conv Layers (Kernels 3,4,5)	0.95	0.47
DistilBERT (Transformer)	Contextual Dense	Fine-tuned [CLS] Token Classification	<b>0.98</b>	<b>0.62</b>

--- Classification Report (using Optimized Thresholds) ---				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
toxic	0.56	0.90	0.69	6087
severe_toxic	0.31	0.66	0.42	367
obscene	0.65	0.78	0.71	3688
threat	0.47	0.70	0.56	211
insult	0.66	0.75	0.70	3425
identity_hate	0.67	0.60	0.63	712
micro avg	0.59	0.81	0.68	14490
macro avg	0.55	0.73	0.62	14490
weighted avg	0.60	0.81	0.68	14490
samples avg	0.08	0.08	0.07	14490

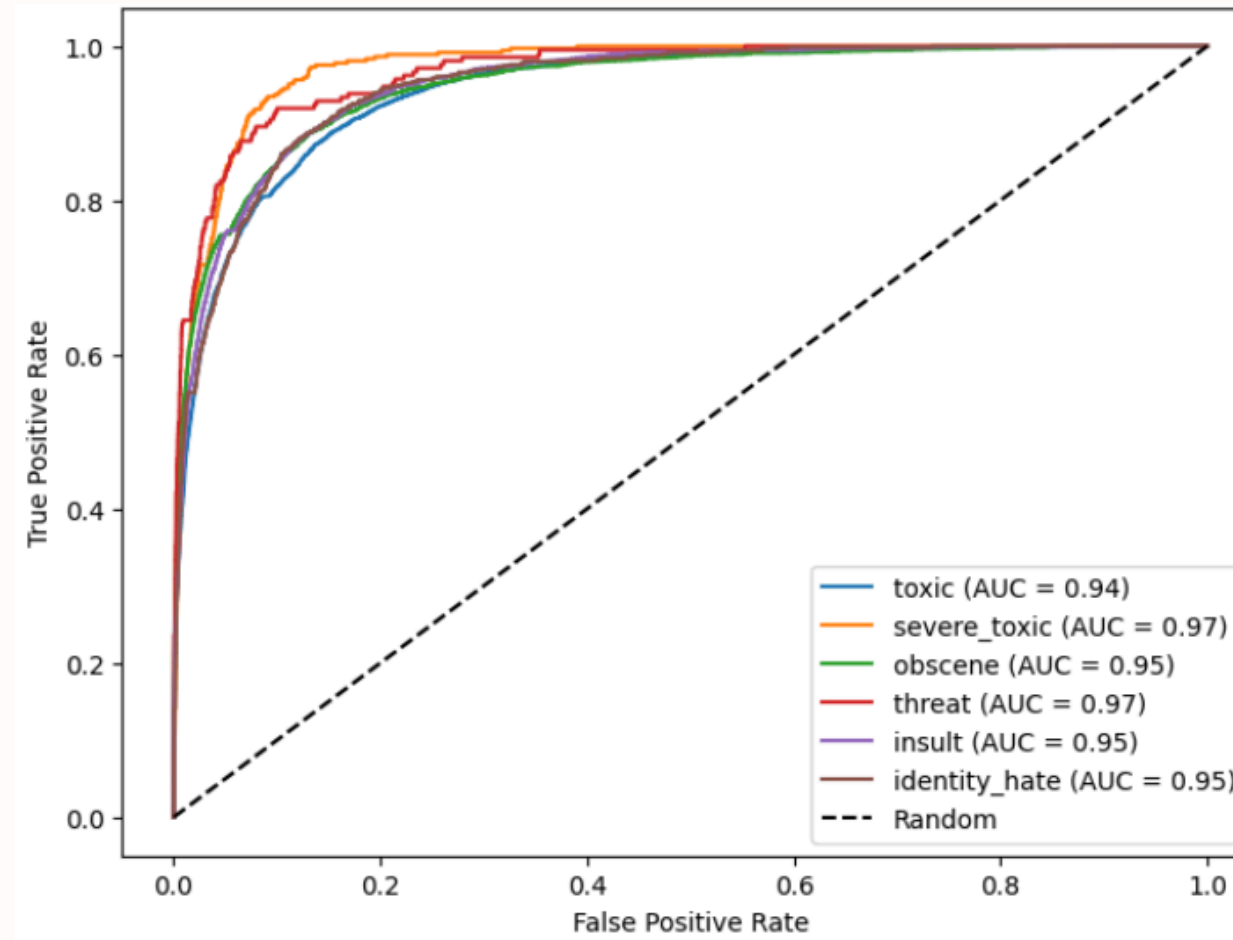
DistilBERT (State-of-the-Art)

- Neural models (Text CNN & DistilBERT) were optimized using Focal Loss to prioritize rare classes (like Threat & Identity Hate).

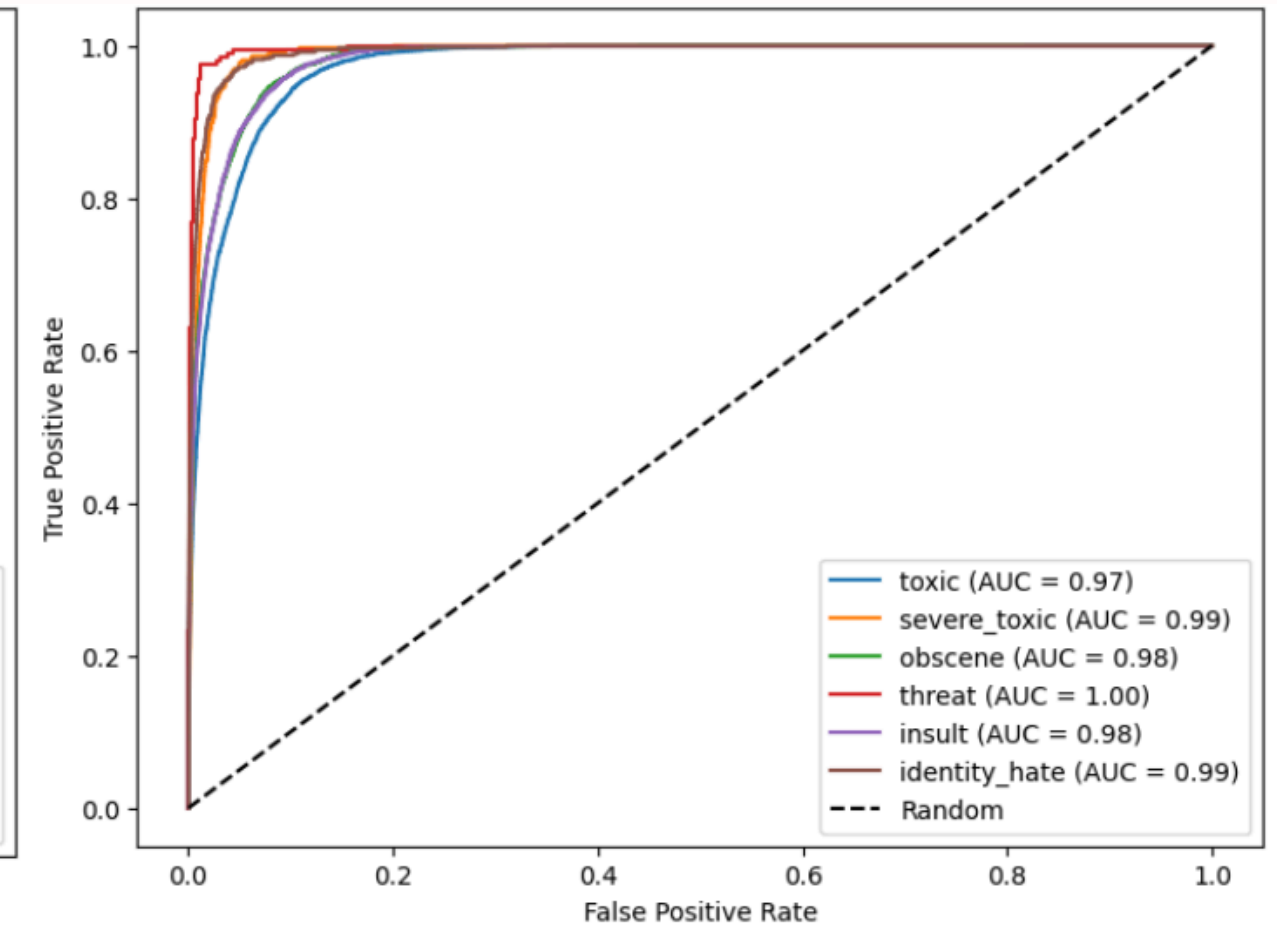
# | ROC CURVE COMPARISON



*LinearSVC (Statistical Baseline)*



*Text CNN (Deep Learning)*



*DistilBERT (State-of-the-Art)*

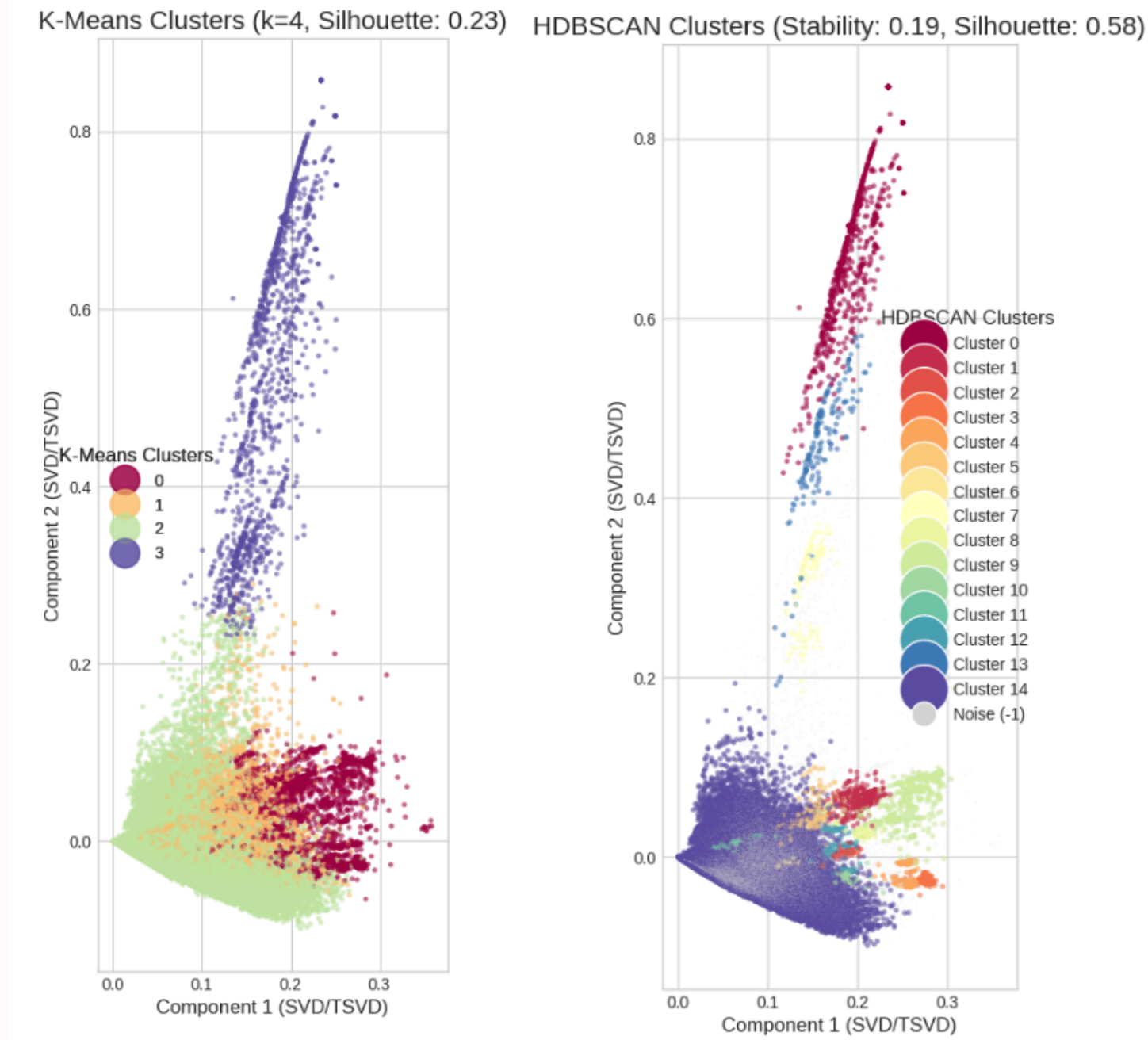
# | TEXT CLUSTERING PERFORMANCE

Feature Space	Algorithm	Silhouette Score	NMI Score	ARI Score	Cluster Purity
TF-IDF + TSVD (Statistical)	K-Means	0.2328	0.0145	-0.0665	90.48%
TF-IDF + TSVD (Statistical)	HDBSCAN	0.5826	0.0125	-0.049	90.56%
SBERT + UMAP (Semantic)	K-Means	0.2783	0.0276	0.0096	89.42%
SBERT + UMAP (Semantic)	HDBSCAN	0.5177	0.0376	0.001	<b>94.15%</b>

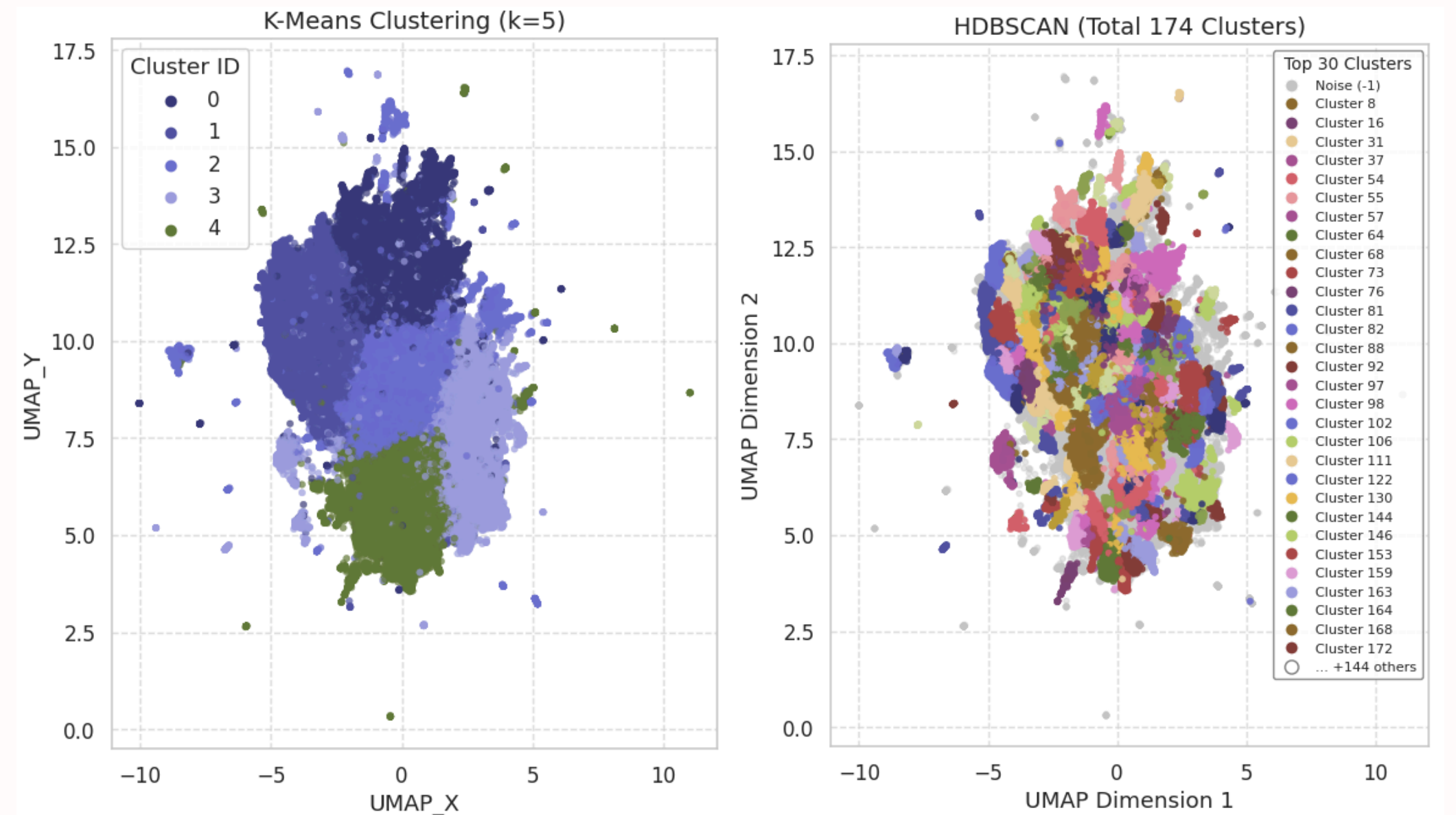
- HDBSCAN treated ambiguous data as 'Noise' (17% - 56%), significantly improving cluster coherence compared to K-Means.



# | CLUSTER VISUALIZATION COMPARISON



*K-MEANS VS HDBSCAN (TF-IDF)*



*K-MEANS VS HDBSCAN (SBERT)*

# | STATISTICAL CLUSTER PROFILING

## K-means Cluster Profiling

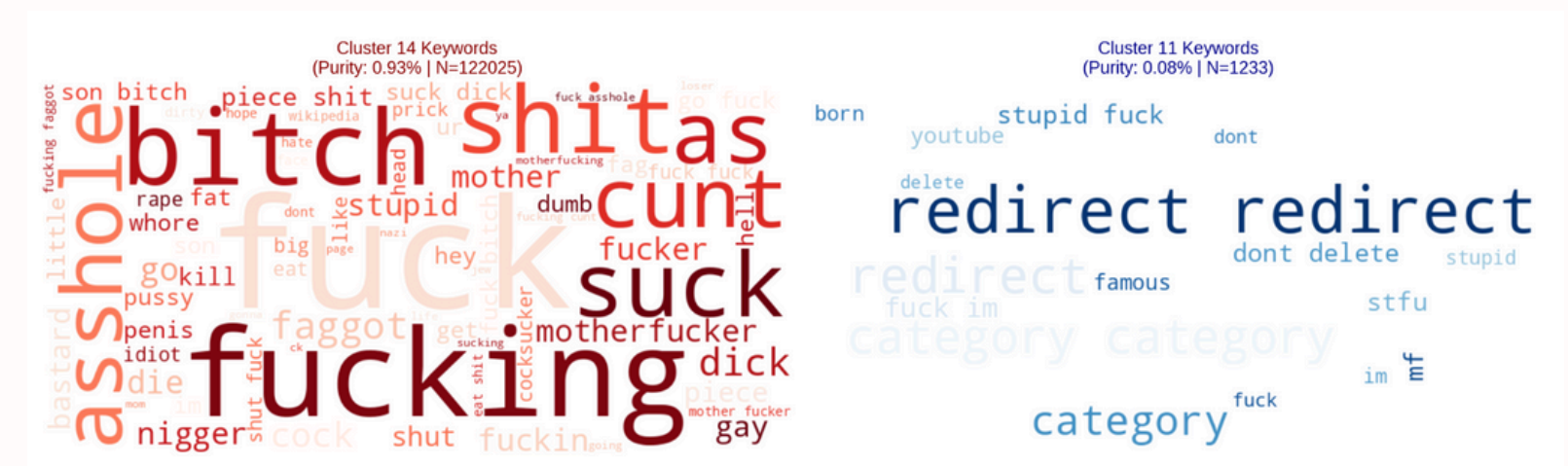
Cluster	Sample Count	Top Keywords	Toxic Purity
2	134,284	article, wiki, page, one	1.12%
1	13,933	talk, page, redirect, user	0.18%
0	4,098	page, deletion, image	0.00%
3	1,386	blocked, vandalize, edit	0.00%



## K-Means: Toxic vs. Non-Toxic

## HDBSCAN Cluster Profiling

Cluster	Sample Count	Top Keywords	Toxic Purity
14	122,025	article, page, talk, would	0.93%
11	1,233	redirect, list, film, album	0.08%
0	673	vandalize, blocked, edit	0.00%
1	399	test, sandbox, welcome	0.00%



### HDBSCAN: Top 2 Most Toxic Clusters



# | SEMANTIC CLUSTER PROFILING

# K-means Cluster Profiling

Cluster	Size	Toxic Purity	Top Keywords
0	28,480	22.95%	fuck, bitch, shit, stupid
4	31,823	14.63%	page, wikipedia, blocked, edit
3	31,446	7.61%	article, people, think, know
2	37,646	4.12%	article, wikipedia, page, deletion
1	29,935	3.59%	image, article, talk, page



## *K-Means Cluster Topic*

# HDBSCAN Cluster Profiling

Cluster	Size	Toxic Purity	Toxicity Specialization
145	137	97.81%	Targeted LGBTQ+ harassment
146	1,495	90.77%	Gender-based attacks
140	171	86.55%	Sexual orientation harassment
132	214	85.05%	Broad-spectrum abuse
80	309	41.10%	Extremist rhetoric



### HDBSCAN: Top 2 High-Purity Clusters

# | CONCLUSION

- **DistilBERT** achieved the highest performance (Macro F1: 0.62, Macro ROC: 0.98) because it understands the true meaning of words better than older models.
- **Focal Loss** effectively captured rare classes (Identity Hate, Threat) missed by standard classifiers.
- Our Clustering method (**SBERT + UMAP + HDBSCAN**) acted like a detective and found hidden hate groups with 94.15% purity.
- We recommend a **Hybrid System** that uses DistilBERT for fast filtering and Clustering to find new types of attacks.

**THANK YOU :)**

**QUESTIONS?**