

# Data Structure Homework 1

## Questions

Q1. There is a sparse matrix below. Please write or draw the data stores in a two-dimensional array clearly.

```
0 1 0 0 0  
-5 0 0 1 3  
0 0 0 0 9  
0 0 11 0 0
```

A1.

Row	Column	Value
0	1	1
1	0	-5
1	3	1
1	4	3
2	4	9
3	2	11

Q2. Consider a sparse 6 x 6 matrix represented by a following array. Please calculate rowCount and rowStart arrays needed for matrix transposition. What will be the index of element with value 3 after the transposition?

index	row	column	value
0	0	1	81
1	0	3	10
2	2	1	3
3	3	2	104
4	4	4	52
5	5	3	67

A2

Index	0	1	2	3	4	5
rowSize	0	2	1	2	1	0
rowStart	0	0	2	3	5	

Q3. Suppose that the first element of array a is a[0][0] or a[0][0][0] and its address is 200. Assume that each int element requires 4 bytes and each float element requires 8 bytes. Please give the address of the indicated element in each of the following cases.

- (a) int a[7][10]; row-major order; find element a[4][5].
- (b) float a[7][10]; column-major order; find element a[4][5].
- (c) int a[5][4][6]; column-major order; find element a[3][1][4].
- (d) float a[5][4][6]; row-major order; find element a[3][1][4].

A3.

- (a) a[4][5]=200+(4\*10+5)\*4=380
- (b) a[4][5]=200+(4+5\*7)\*8=512
- (c) a[3][1][4]=200+[(3)+(1)\*5+(4)\*(20)]\*4=552
- (d) a[3][1][4]=200+[(3\*(4\*6)+(1)\*(6)+(4))]\*8 =856

Q4. The function  $f(x) = 3n^2 + 10n \log n + 1000n + 4 \log n + 9999$  belongs in which of the following complexity categories:

- (a)  $\theta(\lg n)$
- (b)  $\theta(n^2 \log n)$
- (c)  $\theta(n)$
- (d)  $\theta(n \lg n)$
- (e)  $\theta(n^2) \rightarrow \text{ANS}$
- (f) None of these

Q5. Rank the following functions by asymptotic growth rate in non-decreasing order:

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n, 2^{64} - 1, n^3, 0.0001n^2, 10000n, \log n^2, 2^{\log n}, n \log n, n2^n, 2^{1000}, n, n^2 \log n, 2^n, \log n, n^{100}, 4^n, \log n^3, n^n, n^3 \log n$$

ANS.

$$2^{64} - 1, 2^{1000}, \log n, \log n^2, \log n^3, n, 2^{\log n}, 10000n, n \log n, 0.0001n^2, n^2 \log n, n^3, n^3 \log n, n^{100}, (3/2)^n, 2^n, n2^n, 4^n, n^n.$$