Foundations of Computer Science 2001

Model Answer

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Here is the solution for the representation by functions:
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fun constpower c i = if i=0 then c else 0.0;
fun exppower i = if i=0 then 1.0 else exppower(i-1)/real i;
fun cmultpower (c,f) i : real = c * f i;
fun addpower (f,g) i : real = f i + g i;
fun multpower (f,g) i : real =
  let fun sum k = if k \le i then f k * g (i-k) + sum (k+1)
                   else 0.0
  in sum 0 end;
Here is the solution for the representation by the datatype (lazy lists), which
are covered in the course notes:
fun forever x = Cons(x, fn()=> forever x);
fun constpower c = Cons(c, fn() => forever 0.0);
fun exppower_aux (c,i) = Cons (c, fn () => exppower_aux (c/i, i+1.0));
val exppower = exppower_aux (1.0,1.0);
fun cmultpower (c, Cons(x,xq)) =
    Cons(c*x: real, fn () => cmultpower(c, xq()));
fun addpower (Cons(x,xq), Cons(y,yq)) =
    Cons(x+y: real, fn () => addpower(xq(), yq()));
fun multcoeff ([], [])
  | multcoeff (x::xs,y::ys) = x*y + multcoeff (xs,ys);
fun multpower_aux (Cons(x,xq), Cons(y,yq), xs, ys) =
    Cons(multcoeff(x::xs, rev (y::ys)),
         fn () => multpower_aux(xq(), yq(), x::xs, y::ys));
fun multpower (xq, yq) = multpower_aux (xq, yq, [], []);
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