# Analyze Steady-State Community COBRA Models

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### INTRODUCTION

This tutorial demonstrates the use of SteadyCom to analyze a multi-organism COBRA model (e.g., for a microbial community) at a community steady-state [1]. Compared to the direct extension of flux balance analysis (FBA) which simply treats a community model as a multi-compartment model, SteadyCom explicitly introduces the biomass variables to describe the relationships between biomass, biomass production rate, growth rate and fluxes. SteadyCom also assumes the existence of a time-averaged population steady-state for a stable microbial community which in turn implies a time-averaged constant growth rate across all members. SteadyCom is equivalent to the reformulation of the earlier community flux balance analysis (cFBA) [2] with significant computational advantage. SteadyCom computes the maximum community growth rate by solving the follow optimization problem:

$$\begin{aligned} & \max \quad & \mu \\ & \text{s.t.} \quad & \sum_{j \in \mathbf{J}^k} S_{ij}^k V_j^k = 0, & \forall i \in \mathbf{I}^k, k \in \mathbf{K} \\ & L B_j^k X^k \leq V_j^k \leq U B_j^k X^k, & \forall j \in \mathbf{J}^k, k \in \mathbf{K} \\ & \sum_{k \in \mathbf{K}} V_{ex(i)}^k + u_i^{com} \geq 0, & \forall i \in \mathbf{I}^{com} \\ & V_{biomass}^k = X^k \mu, & \forall k \in \mathbf{K} \\ & \sum_{k \in \mathbf{K}} X^k = 1 \\ & X^k, \quad \mu \geq 0, & \forall k \in \mathbf{K} \\ & V_j^k \in \Re, & \forall j \in \mathbf{J}^k, k \in \mathbf{K} \end{aligned}$$

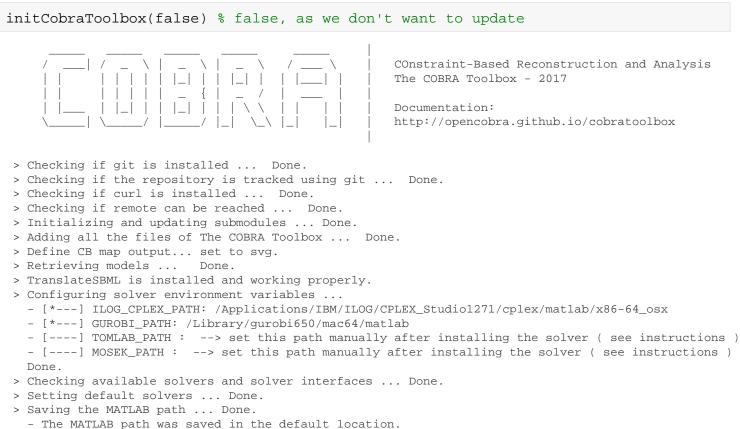
where  $S_{ij}^k$  is the stoichiometry of metabolite i in reaction j for organism k,  $V_j^k$ ,  $LB_j^k$  and  $UB_j^k$  are respectively the flux (in mmol/h), lower bound (in mmol/h/gdw) and upper bound (in mmol/h/gdw) for reaction j for organism k,  $u_i^{com}$  is the community uptake bound for metabolite i,  $X^k$  is the biomass (in gdw) of organism k,  $\mu$  is the community growth rate,  $\mathbf{I}^k$  is the set of metabolites of organism k,  $\mathbf{I}^{com}$  is the set of community metabolites in the community exchange space,  $\mathbf{J}^k$  is the set of reactions for organism k,  $\mathbf{K}$  is the set of organisms in the community, and  $ex(i) \in \mathbf{J}^k$  is the exchange reaction in organism k for extracellular metabolite i. See ref. [1] for the derivation and detailed explanation.

Throughout the tutorial, using a hypothetical model of four *E. coli* mutants auxotrophic for amino acids, we will demonstrate the three different functionalities of the module: (1) computing the maximum community growth

rate using the function SteadyCom.m, (2) performing flux variability analysis under a given community growth rate using SteadyComFVA.m, and (3) analyzing the pairwise relationship between flux/biomass variables using a technique similar to Pareto-optimal analysis by calling the function SteadyComPOA.m

## **EQUIPMENT SETUP**

If necessary, initialise the cobra toolbox and select a solver by running:



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- > Summary of available solvers and solver interfaces

Support	LP	MILP	QP	MIQP	NLP		
cplex_direct	active	(	)	0	0	0	_
dqqMinos	active	-	L	_	-	_	_
glpk	active		L	1	-	_	-
gurobi	active	-	L	1	1	1	_
ibm_cplex	active	-	L	1	1	_	_
matlab	active	-	L	_	-	_	1
mosek	active	(	)	0	0	_	_
pdco	active	-	L	_	1	_	_
quadMinos	active	-	L	_	-	_	1
tomlab_cplex	active	(	)	0	0	0	_
qpng	passive		-	_	1	_	_
tomlab_snopt	passive		-	_	-	_	0
gurobi_mex	legacy	(	)	0	0	0	_
lindo_old	legacy	(	)	-	-	_	-
lindo_legacy	legacy	(	)	_	-	_	_
lp_solve	legacy	-	L	_	-	_	_
opti	legacy	(	)	0	0	0	0
Total	-		3	3	4	1	2

```
+ Legend: - = not applicable, 0 = solver not compatible or not installed, 1 = solver installed.

> You can solve LP problems using: 'dqqMinos' - 'glpk' - 'gurobi' - 'ibm_cplex' - 'matlab' - 'pdco' - 'qu
> You can solve MILP problems using: 'glpk' - 'gurobi' - 'ibm_cplex'
> You can solve QP problems using: 'gurobi' - 'ibm_cplex' - 'pdco' - 'qpng'
> You can solve MIQP problems using: 'gurobi'
> You can solve NLP problems using: 'matlab' - 'quadMinos'

> Checking for available updates ...
--> You cannot update your fork using updateCobraToolbox(). [97ac46 @ master].
```

All SteadyCom functions involve only solving linear programming problems. Any solvers supported by the COBRA toolbox will work. But SteadyCom contains specialized codes for IBM ILOG Cplex which was tested to run significantly faster for SteadyComFVA and SteadyComPOA for larger problems through calling the Cplex object in Matlab directly.

Please use the MATLAB.devTools (https://github.com/opencobra/MATLAB.devTools).

Please note that parallelization requires a working installation of the Parallel Computing Toolbox.

```
changeCobraSolver('ibm_cplex', 'LP');
> IBM ILOG CPLEX interface added to MATLAB path.
```

# **PROCEDURE**

### **Model Construction**

Load the E. coli iAF1260 model in the COBRA toolbox.

```
global CBTDIR
iAF1260 = readCbModel([CBTDIR filesep 'test' filesep 'models' filesep 'iAF1260.mat']);
```

Polish the model a little bit:

```
% convert the compartment format from e.g., '_c' to '[c]'
iAF1260.mets = regexprep(iAF1260.mets, '_([^_]+)$', '\[$1\]');
% make all empty cells in cell arrays to be empty string
fieldToBeCellStr = {'metFormulas'; 'genes'; 'grRules'; 'metNames'; 'rxnNames'; 'subSyst
for j = 1:numel(fieldToBeCellStr)
    iAF1260.(fieldToBeCellStr{j})(cellfun(@isempty, iAF1260.(fieldToBeCellStr{j}))) = end
```

Add a methionine export reaction to allow the export of methionine.

```
iAF1260 = addReaction(iAF1260, {'METt3pp',''}, 'met__L[c] + h[c] => met__L[p] + h[p]');

METt3pp h[c] + met__L[c] -> h[p] + met__L[p]
```

Reactions essential for amino acid autotrophy:

```
argH = {'ARGSL'}; % essential for arginine biosynthesis
lysA = {'DAPDC'}; % essential for lysine biosynthesis
metA = {'HSST'}; % essential for methionine biosynthesis
ilvE = {'PPNDH'}; % essential for phenylalanine biosynthesis
```

Reactions essential for exporting amino acids:

```
argO = {'ARGt3pp'}; % Evidence for an arginine exporter encoded by yggA (argO) that is
lysO = {'LYSt3pp'}; % Distinct paths for basic amino acid export in Escherichia coli:
yjeH = {'METt3pp'}; % YjeH is a novel L-methionine and branched chain amino acids export
yddG = {'PHEt2rpp'}; % YddG from Escherichia coli promotes export of aromatic amino acids
```

Now make four copies of the model with auxotrophy for different amino acids and inability to export amino acids:

```
% auxotrophic for Lys and Met, not exporting Phe
Ec1 = iAF1260;
Ec1 = changeRxnBounds(Ec1, [lysA; metA; yddG], 0, 'b');
% auxotrophic for Arg and Phe, not exporting Met
Ec2 = iAF1260;
Ec2 = changeRxnBounds(Ec2, [argH; yjeH; ilvE], 0, 'b');
% Auxotrophic for Arg and Phe, not exporting Lys
Ec3 = iAF1260;
Ec3 = changeRxnBounds(Ec3, [argH; lysO; ilvE], 0, 'b');
% Auxotrophic for Lys and Met, not exporting Arg
Ec4 = iAF1260;
Ec4 = changeRxnBounds(Ec4, [argO; lysA; metA], 0, 'b');
```

Now none of the four organisms can grow alone and they must cross feed each other to survive. See Figure 1 in ref. [1] for the visualization of the community.

Get the extracellular metabolites, the corresponding exchange reactions and the uptake rates for the *E. coli* model, which are used later to constrain the community model:

```
% extracellular metabolites (met[e])
metEx = strcmp(getCompartment(iAF1260.mets),'e');
% the corresponding exchange reactions
rxnExAll = find(sum(iAF1260.S ~= 0, 1) == 1);
[rxnEx, ~] = find(iAF1260.S(metEx, rxnExAll)'); % need to be in the same order as method exchange rate
lbEx = iAF1260.lb(rxnEx);
```

Create a community model with the four *E. coli* tagged as 'Ec1', 'Ec2', 'Ec3', 'Ec4' respectively by calling createMultipleSpeciesModel.

```
nameTagsModel = {'Ec1'; 'Ec2'; 'Ec3'; 'Ec4'};
EcCom = createMultipleSpeciesModel({Ec1; Ec2; Ec3; Ec4}, nameTagsModel);
EcCom.csense = char('E' * ones(1,numel(EcCom.mets))); % correct the csense clear Ec1 Ec2 Ec3 Ec4
```

The model EcCom contains a community compartment denoted by [u] to allow exchange between organisms. Each organism-specific reaction/metabolite is prepended with the corresponding tag.

Retreive the names and ids for organism/community exchange reactions/metabolites which are necessary for computation:

```
[EcCom.infoCom, EcCom.indCom] = getMultiSpeciesModelId(EcCom, nameTagsModel);
```

```
disp(EcCom.infoCom);
```

EcCom.infoCom contains reaction/metabolite names (from EcCom.rxns/EcCom.mets) for the community exchange reactions (\*.EXsp), community metabolites (\*.Mcom), organism-specific extracellular metabolite (\*.Msp). If a host model is specified, there will also be non-empty \*.EXhost and \*.Mhost for the host-specific exchange reactions and metabolites. The fields \*.rxnSps/\*.metSps give information on which organism a reaction/metabolite belongs to.

indCom has the same structure as infoCom but contains the indices rather than names. infoCom and indCom are attached as fields of the model EcCom because SteadyCom requires this information from the input model for computation. Incorporate also the names and indices for the biomass reactions which are necessary for computing growth:

```
rxnBiomass = strcat(nameTagsModel, 'BIOMASS_Ec_iAF1260_core_59p81M'); % biomass react:
rxnBiomassId = findRxnIDs(EcCom, rxnBiomass); % ids
EcCom.infoCom.spBm = rxnBiomass; % .spBm for organism biomass reactions
EcCom.indCom.spBm = rxnBiomassId;
```

# Finding Maximum Growth Rate Using SteadyCom

Set community and organism-specific uptake rates to be the same as in the orginal iAF1260 model:

```
[yn, id] = ismember(strrep(iAF1260.mets(metEx), '[e]', '[u]'), EcCom.infoCom.Mcom); %
assert(all(yn)); % must be a 1-to-1 mapping
EcCom.lb(EcCom.indCom.EXcom(:,1)) = lbEx(id); % assign community uptake bounds
EcCom.ub(EcCom.indCom.EXcom(:,1)) = 1e5;
EcCom.lb(EcCom.indCom.EXsp) = repmat(lbEx(id), 1, 4); % assign organism-specific uptake)
```

Set maximum allowed organism-specific uptake rates for the cross-feeding amino acids:

```
% only allow to take up the amino acids that one is auxotrophic for
exRate = 1; % maximum uptake rate for cross feeding AAs
% Ec1
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec1IEX_arg__L[u]tr'; 'Ec1IEX_phe__L[u]tr'}, 0, 'l');
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec1IEX_met__L[u]tr'; 'Ec1IEX_lys__L[u]tr'}, -exRate,
% Ec2
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec2IEX_arg__L[u]tr'; 'Ec2IEX_phe__L[u]tr'}, -exRate,
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec2IEX_met__L[u]tr'; 'Ec2IEX_lys__L[u]tr'}, 0, 'l');
% Ec3
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec3IEX_arg__L[u]tr'; 'Ec3IEX_phe__L[u]tr'}, -exRate,
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec3IEX_met__L[u]tr'; 'Ec3IEX_lys__L[u]tr'}, 0, 'l');
% Ec4
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec4IEX_arg__L[u]tr'; 'Ec4IEX_phe__L[u]tr'}, 0, 'l');
EcCom = changeRxnBounds(EcCom, {'Ec4IEX_arg__L[u]tr'; 'Ec4IEX_phe__L[u]tr'}, -exRate,
% allow production of anything for each member
EcCom.ub(EcCom.indCom.EXsp(:)) = 1000;
```

Before the calculation, print the community uptake bounds for checking using printUptakeBoundCom:

```
Ec2
                                 Mets
                                                               Comm. Ec1
                                                                                                                                                                                      Ec3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Ec4
                                                                                               0
   ( 53) arg_L 0
                                                                                                                                             -1
                                                                                                                                                                                     -1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            0
          (60) ca2 le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 (62) cbl1 0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 (67) cl le+06 -le+06 -le+06 (69) co2 le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -1e+06
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -0.01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -1e+06
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -1e+06
( 70) cobalt2 1e+06
                                                                                                  -1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06
              (76) cu2 le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 (108) fe2 le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 (109) fe3 le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06
   (144) glc__D 8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 (167) h2o le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 (169) h le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 (186) k le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06 -le+06
                                                   0 -1 0 0 1 e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 1e+06 -1e+06 1e+06 1
                                                                                                  -1
-1
   (194) lys__L
                                                       0
                                                                                                                                          0
                                                                                                                                                                                   0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -1
   (208) met__L
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -1
               (211) mg2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          -1e+06
               (214) mn2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -1e+06
           (216) mobd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -1e+06
               (219) na1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             -1e+06
               (221) nh4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -1e+06
                  (228) \circ 2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -18.5
   (237) phe__L
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            0
               (239) pi 1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 (260) so4 1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06
        (280) tungs
                                                             1e+06
                                                                                                     -1e+06 -1e+06 -1e+06
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -1e+06
               (299) zn2
                                                                1e+06
                                                                                                      -1e+06
                                                                                                                                              -1e+06
                                                                                                                                                                                     -1e+06
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -1e+06
```

Values under 'Comm.' are the community uptake bounds (+ve for uptake) and values under 'Ec1' are the Ec1-specific uptake bounds (-ve for uptake).

Create an option structure for calling SteadyCom and call the function. There are a range of options available, including setting algorithmic parameters, fixing growth rates for members, adding additional linear constraints in a general format, e.g., for molecular crowding effect. See help SteadyCom for more options.

```
options = struct();
options. GRguess = 0.5; % initial guess for max. growth rate
options.GRtol = 1e-6; % tolerance for final growth rate
options.algorithm = 1; % use the default algorithm (simple guessing for bounds, follow
[sol, result] = SteadyCom(EcCom, options);
Find maximum community growth rate...
Model feasible at maintenance. Time elapsed: 1 / 1 sec
        LB To test UB Time elapsed (iteration/total)
  2 0.500000 0.721279 Inf 4 / F
3 0.721279 0.75
                         Inf 0 / 5 sec
  3 0.721279 0.735372
  4 0.735372 0.742726
                          Inf 0 / 5 sec
                     f(x)
                                     Procedure
Func-count
           0.735372 -0.000807615
   2.
                                     initial
           0.735378 -0.00079987
   3
                                     interpolation
           0.73599 -1.26127e-06
   4
                                     interpolation
            0.73599 -1.26127e-06
                                     interpolation
Zero found in the interval [0.735372, 0.742726]
Maximum community growth rate: 0.735990 (abs. error < 1e-06). Time elapsed: 21 sec
```

The algorithm is an iterative procedure to find the maximum biomass at a given growth rate and to determine the maximum growth rate that is feasible for the required total biomass (default 1 gdw). Here the algorithm used is the simple guessing for find upper and lower bounds (Iter 1 to 4 in the output) followed by Matlab fzero (starting from the line 'Func-count') to locate the root. The maximum growth rate calculated is 0.73599 /h, stored in result. GRmax.

The biomass for each organism (in gdw) is given by result.BM:

```
for jSp = 1:4
     fprintf('X_%s: %.6f\n', EcCom.infoCom.spAbbr{jSp}, result.BM(jSp));
end
X_Ec1: 0.253294
X_Ec2: 0.324611
X_Ec3: 0.185004
X_Ec4: 0.237093
disp(result);
   GRmax: 0.7360
     vBM: [4×1 double]
      BM: [4 \times 1 \text{ double}]
      Ut: [299×1 double]
      Ex: [299×1 double]
    flux: [9831x1 double]
   iter0: [0 11.4198 0 9.9476e-14]
    iter: [4×6 double]
    stat: 'optimal'
```

result.vBM contains the biomass production rates (in gdw / h), equal to result.BM \* result.GRmax. Since the total community biomass is defaulted to be 1 gdw, the biomass for each organism coincides with its relative abundance. Note that the community uptake bounds in this sense are normalized per gdw of the community biomass. So the lower bound for the exchange reaction  $\text{EX\_glc\_D[u]}$  being 8 can be interpreted as the maximum amount of glucose available to the community being at a rate of 8 mmol per hour for 1 gdw of community biomass. Similarly, all fluxes in  $\text{result.flux}\ (V_j^k)$  has the unit mmol / h / [gdw of comm. biomass]. It differs from the specific rate (traditionally denoted by  $v_j^k$ ) of an organism in the usual sense (in the unit of mmol / h / [gdw of organism biomass]) by  $V_j^k = X^k v_j^k$  where  $X^k$  is the biomass of the organism. result.Ut and result.Ex are the community uptake and export rates respectively, corresponding to the exchange reactions in EcCom.infoCom.Excom.

result.iter0 is the info for solving the model at zero growth rate and result.iter records the info during iteration of the algorithm:

```
iter = [0, result.iter0, NaN; result.iter];
for j = 0 : size(iter, 1)
   if j == 0
        fprintf('#iter\tgrowth rate (mu)\tmax. biomass (sum(X))\tmax * sum(X)\tmax. infe
else
        fprintf('%5d\t%16.6f\t%21.6f\t%11.6f\t%18.6e\t%d\n', iter(j,:))
end
```

#### end

```
growth rate (mu)
                            max. biomass (sum(X))
#iter
                                                    mu * sum(X)
                                                                   max. infeasibility
                                                                                        guess method
                                                  0.00000
   0
                0.000000
                                       11.419845
                                                                         9.947598e-14
                                                                                        NaN
   1
                0.500000
                                        1.442559
                                                       0.721279
                                                                         3.493989e-10
                                                                                        0
   2.
                0.721279
                                        1.019539
                                                       0.735372
                                                                         3.668634e-10
                                                                                        0
   3
                                                                                         0
                0.735372
                                        1,000808
                                                       0.735966
                                                                        1.706138e-10
   4
                0.742726
                                        0.000000
                                                       0.000000
                                                                         0.000000e+00
                                                                                         2
```

mu \* sum(X) in the forth column is equal to the biomass production rate.

The fifth column contains the maximum infeasibility of the solutions in each iteration.

Guess method in the last column represents the method used for guessing the growth rate solved in the current iteration:

- 0: the default simple guess by  $\mu_{\text{next}} = \mu_{\text{current}} \sum_{k=1}^{K} X_k^{\text{current}}$  (*K* is the total number of organisms)
- 1: bisection method
- 2: bisection or at least 1% away from the bounds if the simple guess is too close to the bounds (<1%)
- 3. 1% away from the current growth rate if the simple guess is too close to the current growth rate

From the table, we can see that at the growth rate 0.742726 (iter 4), the max. biomass is 0, while at growth rate 0.735372, max. biomass = 1.0008 > 1. Therefore we have both an lower and upper bound for the max. growth rate. Then fzero is initiated to solve for the max. growth rate that gives max. biomass >= 1.

Two other algorithms for the iterative procedure are also implemented: simple guessing only and the bisection method. Compare their results with simple guessing + matlab fzero run above:

```
options.algorithm = 2; % use the simple guessing algorithm
[sol2, result2] = SteadyCom(EcCom, options);
Find maximum community growth rate...
Model feasible at maintenance. Time elapsed: 1 / 1 sec
Iter LB To test UB Time elapsed (iteration/total)
  1 0.000000 0.500000
                          Inf 0 / 1 sec
  2 0.500000 0.721279
                          Inf 4/5 sec
  3 0.721279 0.735372
                           Inf 0 / 5 sec
  4 0.735372 0.742726
                           Inf 0 / 5 sec
  5 0.735372 0.739049 0.742726 0 / 5 sec
  6 0.735372 0.737211 0.739049 0 / 5 sec
  7 0.735372 0.736291 0.737211 0 / 5 sec
  8 0.735372 0.735832 0.736291 0 / 6 sec
  9 0.735832 0.736062 0.736291
                               1 / 7 sec
 10 0.735832 0.735947 0.736062
                               0 / 7 sec
    0.735947 0.736004 0.736062
                                1 / 8 sec
 11
    0.735947 0.735975
 12
                      0.736004
                                0 / 8 sec
 13
     0.735975 0.735990
                      0.736004
                                2 / 10 sec
     0.735990
             0.735997
                      0.736004
                                0 / 10 sec
              0.735993
                      0.735997
     0.735990
                                0 / 10 sec
 16
     0.735990 0.735991
                      0.735993
                                0 / 11 sec
    0.735990 0.735991 0.735991 0 / 11 sec
Maximum community growth rate: 0.735991 (abs. error < 1e-06). Time elapsed: 14 sec
options.algorithm = 3; % use the bisection algorithm
[sol3, result3] = SteadyCom(EcCom, options);
```

```
Find maximum community growth rate...
Model feasible at maintenance. Time elapsed: 0 / 0 sec
       LB To test
                             UB Time elapsed (iteration/total)
  1 0.000000 0.500000
                             Inf 0 / 0 sec
  2 0.500000 1.000000
                             Inf 3 / 4 sec
     0.500000 0.750000 1.000000 0 / 4 sec
  4 \quad 0.500000 \quad 0.625000 \quad 0.750000 \quad 4 \ / \ 8 \ \text{sec}
  5 \quad 0.625000 \quad 0.687500 \quad 0.750000 \quad 5 \ / \ 13 \ sec
  6 0.687500 0.718750 0.750000 0 / 13 \sec
  7 0.718750 0.734375 0.750000 0 / 13 sec
  8 0.734375 0.742188 0.750000 0 / 13 sec
  9 0.734375 0.738281 0.742188 0 / 13 sec
  10 0.734375 0.736328 0.738281 0 / 13 sec
  11 0.734375 0.735352 0.736328 0 / 14 sec
  12 0.735352 0.735840 0.736328 0 / 14 sec
 13 0.735840 0.736084 0.736328 0 / 14 sec
 14 0.735840 0.735962 0.736084 0 / 15 sec
 15 0.735962 0.736023 0.736084 1 / 16 sec
 16 0.735962 0.735992 0.736023 0 / 16 sec
 17 0.735962 0.735977 0.735992 0 / 17 sec
 18 0.735977 0.735985 0.735992 2 / 18 sec
  19 0.735985 0.735989 0.735992 0 / 19 sec
  20 0.735989 0.735991 0.735992 0 / 19 sec
  21 0.735991 0.735991 0.735992 0 / 19 sec
Maximum community growth rate: 0.735991 (abs. error < 1e-06). Time elapsed: 26 sec
```

The time used for each algorithm in the tested machine is:

(1) simple guess for bounds followed by Matlab fzero: 18 sec

(2) simple guess alone: 35 sec

(3) bisection: 70 sec

Algorithm (1) appears to be the fastest in most case although the simple guess algorithm can sometimes also outperform it. The most conservative bisection method can already guarantee convergence within around 20 iterations, i.e., solving ~20 LPs for an optimality gap (options.GRtol) of 1e-6.

# **Analyzing Flux Variability Using SteadyComFVA**

Now we want to analyze the variability of the organism abundance at various growth rates. Choose more options and call SteadyComFVA:

```
% percentage of maximum total biomass of the community required. 100 for sum(biomass) =
options.optBMpercent = 100;
n = size(EcCom.S, 2); % number of reactions in the model
% options.rxnNameList is the list of reactions subject to FVA. Can be reaction names on
% Use n + j for the biomass variable of the j-th organism. Alternatively, use {'X_j'}
% for biomass variable of the j-th organism or {'X_Ec1'} for Ec1 (the abbreviation in F
options.rxnNameList = {'X_Ec1'; 'X_Ec2'; 'X_Ec3'; 'X_Ec4'};
options.optGRpercent = [89:0.2:99, 99.1:0.1:100]; % perform FVA at various percentages
[fvaComMin,fvaComMax] = SteadyComFVA(EcCom, options);
```

```
Find maximum community growth rate..

Model feasible at maintenance. Time elapsed: 1 / 1 sec

Iter LB To test UB Time elapsed (iteration/total)
```

```
3 0.500000 0.750000 1.000000 0 / 5 sec
   4 0.500000 0.625000 0.750000 5 / 11 sec
   5 0.625000 0.687500 0.750000 7 / 17 sec
6 0.687500 0.718750 0.750000 0 / 17 sec
7 0.718750 0.734375 0.750000 0 / 17 sec
    \hbox{8} \quad \hbox{0.734375} \quad \hbox{0.742188} \quad \hbox{0.750000} \quad \hbox{0} \; / \; \hbox{18 sec} \\
   9 0.734375 0.738281 0.742188 0 / 18 \sec
  10 0.734375 0.736328 0.738281 0 / 18 sec
  11 0.734375 0.735352 0.736328 0 / 18 sec
  12 0.735352 0.735840 0.736328 0 / 19 sec
  13 0.735840 0.736084 0.736328 0 / 19 sec
  14 0.735840 0.735962 0.736084 0 / 19 sec
  15 0.735962 0.736023 0.736084 2 / 21 sec
  16 0.735962 0.735992 0.736023 0 / 21 sec
  17 0.735962 0.735977 0.735992 0 / 22 sec
  18 0.735977 0.735985 0.735992 2 / 24 sec
  19 0.735985 0.735989 0.735992 0 / 24 sec
  20 0.735989 0.735991 0.735992 0 / 24 sec
  21 0.735991 0.735991 0.735992 0 / 24 sec
Maximum community growth rate: 0.735991 (abs. error < 1e-06). Time elapsed: 33 sec
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.655032 :

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.044053
        0.787578

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.038253
        0.720492

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.021200
        0.696956

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.029222
        0.697238

BMmax adiustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
BMmax adjustment: 7
BMmax adjustment: 8
BMmax adjustment: 9
BMmax adjustment: 10
Warning: Model not feasible.
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.657976 :
  No % Name Min Max
   1
           25
                       X_Ec1
                                  0.046186
                                                 0.783368
                     X_Ec1 0.046186
X_Ec2 0.039919
X_Ec3 0.022092
X_Ec4 0.030498
                                               0.713899
   2
          50
                                               0.689206
          75
   3
                                               0.689833
   4
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.659448 :
  No % Name Min Max
                      X_Ec1 0.047304 0.781210
X_Ec2 0.040788 0.710505
X_Ec3 0.022556 0.685205
X_Ec4 0.031163 0.686016
   1
           25
   2
          50
   3
          75
   4
        100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.660919 :
  No % Name Min Max
                     X_Ec1 0.048458 0.779016
X_Ec2 0.041682 0.707043
X_Ec3 0.023033 0.681117
   1
           25
   2
          50
   3
          75
        100
                      X_Ec4 0.031848 0.682120
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.662391 :
  No % Name Min Max
                     X_Ec1 0.049649 0.776783
  1
          25
```

```
X_Ec2 0.042603 0.703511
X_Ec3 0.023523 0.676937
X_Ec4 0.032553 0.678142
    2
            50
    3
             75
        100
    4
BMmax adjustment: 1
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.663863 :
  No % Name Min Max
                           X_Ec1 0.050880 0.774509
X_Ec2 0.043552 0.699897
X_Ec3 0.024028 0.672653
X_Ec4 0.033283 0.674078
   1
              25
    2
             50
             75
    3
    4
           100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.665335 :
  No % Name Min Max
                            X_Ec1 0.052152 0.772192
X_Ec2 0.044530 0.696203
X_Ec3 0.024547 0.668265
X_Ec4 0.034036 0.669928
   1
             25
    2
            50
            75
    3
          100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.666807 :
  No % Name Min Max
          25 X_Ecl 0.053466 0.769834
50 X_Ec2 0.045538 0.692431
75 X_Ec3 0.025082 0.663776
100 X_Ec4 0.034812 0.665686
    1
    2
    3
    4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.668279 :

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.054825
        NaN

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.046576
        NaN

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        NaN
        0.659181

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.035612
        0.661351

FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.669751:

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.056231
        0.764988

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.047646
        0.684644

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.026197
        NaN

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.036437
        0.656920

BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.671223 :
  No % Name Min Max
                           X_Ec1 0.057686 Nain
X_Ec2 0.048750 0.680624
X_Ec3 0.026779 Nain
   1
              25
    2
             50
             75
    3
    4
           100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.672695 :
  No % Name Min Max
                            X_Ec1 0.059191 0.759959

X_Ec2 0.049888 0.676516

X_Ec3 0.027379 NaN

X_Ec4 0.038166 0.647752
   1
             25
    2
            50
            75
    3
          100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.674167 :
  No % Name Min Max
            25 X_Ec1 0.060750 NaN
50 X_Ec2 0.051063 0.672316
   1
    2
```

```
X_Ec3 0.027996
X_Ec4 0.039073
           75
   3
                                                       0.643008
         100
   4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.675639 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.062365 NaN
X_Ec2 0.052275 0.668022
X_Ec3 0.028632 0.634496
X_Ec4 0.040009 NaN
   1
            25
   2
            50
   3
           75
   4
          100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.677111 :
  No % Name Min Max
                         X_Ec1 0.064038 0.752047
X_Ec2 0.053526 0.663629
X_Ec3 0.029287 NaN
X_Ec4 0.040976 0.633183
            25
   1
           50
   2
           75
   3
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.678583 :
  No % Name Min Max
         25 X_Ec1 0.065772 0.749305
50 X_Ec2 0.054818 0.659135
75 X_Ec3 0.029963 0.623739
100 X_Ec4 0.041975 0.628092
   1
   2
   3
   4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.680055:

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.067571
        0.746507

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.056153
        0.654536

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.030659
        0.618150

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.043007
        0.622877

BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.681527 :
  No % Name Min Max
            25
   1
                         X_Ec1
                                      0.069437
                        X_Ec2 0.057533 0.649827
X_Ec3 0.031377 0.612415
X_Ec4 0.044075 0.617533
   2 3
          50
           75
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.682999 :
  No % Name Min Max

The sets of fluxes/promass as 5-1.

No % Name Min Max

The sets of fluxes/promass as 5-1.

No % Name Min Max

The sets of fluxes/promass as 5-1.
                        X_Ec1 0.071373 NaN
X_Ec2 0.058959 0.645006
X_Ec3 0.032118 0.606527
X_Ec4 0.045179 0.612055
          50
   2
           75
   3
         100
   4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.684471 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.073384 NaN
X_Ec2 0.060434 0.640067
X_Ec3 0.032882 0.600479
            25
   1
           50
   2
   3
           75
                                      0.046322
                                                       0.606437
   4
          100
                          X_Ec4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.685943 :
  No % Name Min Max
                         X_Ec1 0.075473 0.734721
X_Ec2 0.061960 0.635005
X_Ec3 0.033672 0.594264
X_Ec4 0.047505 0.600674
            25
   1
   2
           50
    3
           75
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.687415 :
  No % Name Min
                                                              Max
```

```
1
            25
                          X_Ec1
                                        0.077644
                                                       0.731615
                         X_Ec2
X_Ec3
X_Ec4
                                                     0.629817
   2
            50
                                       0.063539
                                                    0.587876
0.594760
   3
            75
                                       0.034486
    4
           100
                                        0.048731
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.688887 :
  No % Name Min Max
                                                    0.728440
0.624497
                        X_Ec1 0.079901 0.728440
X_Ec2 0.065174 0.624497
X_Ec3 0.035328 0.581308
X_Ec4 0.050000 0.588689
   1
            25
   2
           50
   3
           75
   4
          100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.690359 :
  No % Name Min Max
                         X_Ec1 0.082249 0.725194

X_Ec2 0.066868 0.619039

X_Ec3 0.036197 0.574550

X_Ec4 0.051316 0.582454
   1
            25
   2
           50
           75
   3
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.691831:

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.084698
        0.721873

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.068624
        0.613425

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.037096
        0.567595

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.052681
        0.576024

BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
BMmax adjustment: 7
BMmax adjustment: 8
BMmax adjustment: 9
BMmax adjustment: 10
Warning: Model not feasible.
BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
BMmax adjustment: 7
BMmax adjustment: 8
BMmax adjustment: 9
BMmax adjustment: 10
Warning: Model not feasible.
BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
BMmax adjustment: 7
BMmax adjustment: 8
BMmax adjustment: 9
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.696247:
  No % Name Min Max
                 X_Ec1 0.092676 0.711435

X_Ec2 0.074290 0.595651

X_Ec3 0.039980 0.545450

X_Ec4 0.057093 0.555620
   1
            25
   2
           50
   3
           75
         100
```

```
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.697719 :
  No % Name Min Max
                       X_Ec1 0.095566 0.707786
X_Ec2 0.076323 0.589407
X_Ec3 0.041009 0.537609
X_Ec4 0.058679 0.548420
   1
            25
   2
           50
   3
           75
           100
    4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.699191:
  No % Name Min Max
                      X_Ec1 0.098582 NaN
X_Ec2 0.078435 0.583010
X_Ec3 0.042075 0.529518
X_Ec4 0.060328 0.541006
   1
            25
   2
           50
           75
   3
   4
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.700663 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.101732 0.700210
X_Ec2 0.080630 0.576441
X_Ec3 0.043179 0.521166
X_Ec4 0.062043 0.533368
           25
   1
   2
           50
   3
          75
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.702135 :

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.105023
        0.696276

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.082912
        0.569710

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.044323
        0.512540

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.063828
        0.525494

BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
BMmax adjustment: 7
BMmax adjustment: 8
BMmax adjustment: 9
BMmax adjustment: 10
Warning: Model not feasible.
BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
 VA for 4 sets of fluxes/pionass at gronn.

No % Name Min Max

V Fol 0.112067 Nan
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.705079 :
                       X_Ec1 0.112067 NaN
X_Ec2 0.087757 0.555814
X_Ec3 0.046739 0.494406
X_Ec4 0.067624 0.508993
          50
   2
           75
   3
         100
   4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.706551:
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.115837 0.683829
X_Ec2 0.090331 0.548563
X_Ec3 0.048016 0.484867
            25
   1
           50
   2
   3
           75
                                     0.069643
   4
         100
                         X_Ec4
                                                      0.500341
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.708023 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.119788 0.679449
X_Ec2 0.093013 0.541098
X_Ec3 0.049341 0.474990
X_Ec4 0.071750 0.491402
           25
   1
   2
           50
   3
           75
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.709495 :
  No % Name Min
                                                             Max
```

```
X_Ec1 0.123931 0.674943

X_Ec2 0.095810 0.533410

X_Ec3 0.050717 0.464757

X_Ec4 0.073950 0.482162
   1
           2.5
   2
            50
   3
            75
    4
           100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.710967 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.128278 0.670305
X_Ec2 0.098728 0.525487
X_Ec3 0.052147 0.454147
X_Ec4 0.076248 0.472603
   1
            25
   2
            50
           75
   3
   4
          100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.712439 :
  No % Name Min Max
   1 25 X_Ec1 0.132843 0.665529
2 50 X_Ec2 0.101775 0.517320
3 75 X_Ec3 0.053634 0.443138
4 100 X_Ec4 0.078651 0.462710
   1
BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
BMmax adjustment: 3
BMmax adjustment: 4
BMmax adjustment: 5
BMmax adjustment: 6
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.713911:

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.137641
        0.660607

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.104958
        0.508895

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.055181
        0.431707

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.081165
        0.452462

FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.715383:
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.142688 0.655531
X_Ec2 0.108287 0.500202
X_Ec3 0.056790 0.419828
X_Ec4 0.083798 0.441839
            25
   1
   2
           50
           75
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.716855 :
  No % Name Min Max
                         X_Ec1 0.148002 0.650292
X_Ec2 0.111770 0.491225
X_Ec3 0.058466 0.407473
X_Ec4 0.086557 0.430821
            25
   1
   2
           50
           75
   3
         100
   4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.718327 :
  No % Name Min Max
                    X_Ec1 0.153601 0.644881

X_Ec2 0.115417 0.481952

X_Ec3 0.060212 0.394612

X_Ec4 0.089450 0.419382
   1
            25
   25
2 50
3 75
4 100
BMmax adjustment: 1
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.719799 :
  No % Name Min Max
           25 X_Ec1 0.159507 0.639287
50 X_Ec2 0.119240 0.472366
75 X_Ec3 0.062032 0.381212
100 X_Ec4 0.092488 0.407496
   1
   2
   3
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.721271:
  No % Name Min Max
1 25 X_Ec1 0.165742 0.633501
```

```
X_Ec2 0.123249 0.462452
X_Ec3 0.063931 0.367237
X_Ec4 0.095680 0.395137
   2
          50
   3
           75
   4
           100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.722743 :
  No % Name Min Max
                      X_Ec1 0.172333 0.627510

X_Ec2 0.127458 0.452192

X_Ec3 0.065912 0.352649

X_Ec4 0.099037 0.382274
           25
   1
          50
   2
   3
           75
   4 100
BMmax adjustment: 1
BMmax adjustment: 2
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.724215 :
  No % Name Min Max
                       X_Ec1 0.179305 0.621301
X_Ec2 0.131880 0.441568
X_Ec3 0.067982 0.337405
X_Ec4 0.102572 0.368873
   1
            25
   3
          75
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.725687 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.186691 0.614859

X_Ec2 0.136531 0.430558

X_Ec3 0.070145 0.321457

X_Ec4 0.106297 0.354898
   1
           25
   2
           50
          75
   3
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.727159 :

        No
        %
        Name
        Min
        Max

        1
        25
        X_Ec1
        0.194523
        NaN

        2
        50
        X_Ec2
        0.141428
        0.419142

        3
        75
        X_Ec3
        0.072407
        0.304754

        4
        100
        X_Ec4
        0.110228
        0.340309

FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.728631:
  No % Name Min Max
                       X_Ec1 0.202839 0.601215
X_Ec2 0.146588 0.407296
X_Ec3 0.074774 0.287239
X_Ec4 0.114380 0.325063
           25
   1
   2 3
          50
          75
         100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.729367:
  No % Name Min Max
                       X_Ec1 0.207190 0.597632
X_Ec2 0.149273 0.401204
X_Ec3 0.075999 0.278158
X_Ec4 0.116544 0.317179
           25
   1
   2
          50
           75
   3
        100
   4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.730103 :
  No % Name Min Max
                       X_Ec1 0.211679 0.593976
X_Ec2 0.152032 0.394995
X_Ec3 0.077253 0.268849
           25
   1
          50
   2
   3
           75
                                     0.118771
                                                     0.309112
   4
         100
                         X_Ec4
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.730839 :
  No % Name Min Max
                        X_Ec1 0.216310 0.569878

X_Ec2 0.154868 0.388666

X_Ec3 0.078538 0.259305

X_Ec4 0.127080 0.300856
           25
   1
   2
          50
   3
          75
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.731575 :
  No % Name Min
                                                            Max
```

```
1
                   X_Ec1
                            0.221090
                                       0.527616
  2
                   X_Ec2
         50
                            0.157783
                                        0.382212
  3
         75
                   X Ec3
                            0.079852
                                        0.249515
  4
        100
                   X Ec4
                            0.140974
                                        0.292403
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.732311:
        %
                   Name Min
 No
                                            Max
                  X_Ec1 0.226026
X_Ec2 0.160780
X_Ec3 0.081199
  1
         25
                                        0.484427
                                     0.375631
  2
        50
  3
        75
                                       0.239469
  4
        100
                  X_Ec4
                           0.155428
                                       0.283745
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.733047 :
        % Name Min
                  X_Ec1 0.231124
X_Ec2 0.172784
  1
         25
                                       0.440276
  2
        50
                                       0.368917
        75
                  X_Ec3 0.082578
  3
                                       0.229158
       100
                  X_Ec4
                           0.170469 0.274876
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.733783 :
        9
                Name Min
 No
                                             Max
                  X_Ec1 0.236391 0.395127

X_Ec2 0.209556 0.362068

X_Ec3 0.083992 0.218570

X_Ec4 0.186124 0.265787
  1
         25
  2
        50
  3
         75
  4
        100
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.734519:
 No
        %
                   Name
                                 Min
                                             Max
                   X_Ec1
  1
         25
                            0.241835
                                        0.348944
                  X_Ec2 0.247095
X_Ec3 0.095040
X_Ec4 0.202424
                                       0.353601
  2
        50
                                       0.207693
        75
  3
       100
                                       0.256468
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.735255 :
 No % Name Min
                                            Max
  1
         25
                  X_Ec1
                           0.247466
                                       0.301686
  2
        50
                  X_Ec2 0.285430
                                       0.339473
  3
        75
                           0.139450
                                       0.196515
                  X_Ec3
       100
                  X_Ec4
                           0.219401
                                       0.246911
FVA for 4 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.735991 :
        %
                  Name Min
 No
                                            Max
  1
         25
                   X_Ec1
                           0.253290
                                        0.253311
                   X_Ec2 0.324588
  2
         50
                                        0.324610
                   X_Ec3
  3
         75
                            0.185000
                                        0.185022
  4
        100
                   X_Ec4
                           0.237087
                                        0.237106
```

Similar to the output by fluxVariability, fvaComMin contains the minimum fluxes corresponding to the reactions in options.rxnNameList.fvaComMax contains the maximum fluxes. options.rxnNameList can be supplied as a (#rxns + #organism)-by-K matrix to analyze the variability of the K linear combinations of flux/biomass variables in the columns of the matrix. See help SteadyComFVA for more details.

We would also like to compare the results against the direct use of FBA and FVA by calling optimizeCbModel and fluxVariability:

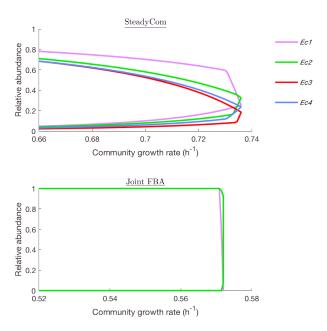
```
optGRpercentFBA = [89:2:99 99.1:0.1:100]; % less dense interval to save time because t
nGr = numel(optGRpercentFBA);
[fvaFBAMin, fvaFBAMax] = deal(zeros(numel(options.rxnNameList), nGr));
% change the objective function to the sum of all biomass reactions
EcCom.c(:) = 0;
```

```
EcCom.c(EcCom.indCom.spBm) = 1;
EcCom.csense = char('E' * ones(1, numel(EcCom.mets)));
s = optimizeCbModel(EcCom); % run FBA
qrFBA = s.f;
for jGr = 1:nGr
    fprintf('Growth rate %.4f :\n', grFBA * optGRpercentFBA(jGr)/100);
    [fvaFBAMin(:, jGr), fvaFBAMax(:, jGr)] = fluxVariability(EcCom, optGRpercentFBA(jGr)
end
Growth rate 0.5091:
 No Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Starting parallel pool (parpool) using the 'local' profile ... connected to 2 workers.
Growth rate 0.5205:
     Perc
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5319:
     Perc
                  Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5434:
     Perc
                  Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5548:
                                Min
 No Perc
                  Name
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5663:
 No Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5668:
 No Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5674:
 No Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5680:
 No
     Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5686:
                                Min
 No Perc
                                           Max
                   Name
Growth rate 0.5691 :
                                Min
 No Perc
                   Name
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5697:
 No Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5703:
    Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
Growth rate 0.5708:
      Perc
                   Name
                                Min
                                           Max
 No
Growth rate 0.5714:
                                Min
                                           Max
      Perc
                   Name
Growth rate 0.5720 :
                                Min
                                           Max
      Perc
                   Name
 No
```

#### Plot the results to visualize the difference (see also Figure 2 in ref. [1]):

```
grComV = result.GRmax * options.optGRpercent / 100; % vector of growth rates tested
lgLabel = {'{\itEc1 }';'{\itEc2 }';'{\itEc3 }';'{\itEc4 }'};
col = [235 135 255; 0 235 0; 255 0 0; 95 135 255 ]/255; % color
f = figure;
% SteadyCom
subplot(2, 1, 1);
hold on
x = [grComV(:); flipud(grComV(:))];
for j = 1:4
    y = [fvaComMin(j, :), fliplr(fvaComMax(j, :))];
    p(j, 1) = plot(x(~isnan(y)), y(~isnan(y)), 'LineWidth', 2);
    p(j, 1).Color = col(j, :);
end
tl(1) = title('\underline{SteadyCom}', 'Interpreter', 'latex');
tl(1).Position = [0.7 1.01 0];
```

```
ax(1) = gca;
ax(1).XTick = 0.66:0.02:0.74;
ax(1).YTick = 0:0.2:1;
xlim([0.66 0.74])
ylim([0 1])
lg = legend(lgLabel);
lg.Box = 'off';
yl(1) = ylabel('Relative abundance');
xl(1) = xlabel('Community growth rate (h^{-1})');
grFBAV = grFBA * optGRpercentFBA / 100;
x = [grFBAV(:); flipud(grFBAV(:))];
subplot(2, 1, 2);
hold on
% plot j=1:2 only because 3:4 overlap with 1:2
    y = [fvaFBAMin(j, :), fliplr(fvaFBAMax(j, :))] ./ x';
    % it is possible some values > 1 because the total biomass produced is
    % only bounded below when calling fluxVariability. Would be strictly
    % equal to 1 if sum(biomass) = optGRpercentFBA(jGr) * grFBA is constrained. Treat t
    y(y>1) = 1;
    p(j, 2)= plot(x(~isnan(y)), y(~isnan(y)), 'LineWidth', 2);
    p(j, 2).Color = col(j, :);
end
tl(2) = title('\underline{Joint FBA}', 'Interpreter', 'latex');
tl(2).Position = [0.55 1.01 0];
ax(2) = gca;
ax(2).XTick = 0.52:0.02:0.58;
ax(2).YTick = 0:0.2:1;
xlim([0.52 \ 0.58])
ylim([0 1])
xl(2) = xlabel('Community growth rate (h^{-1})');
yl(2) = ylabel('Relative abundance');
ax(1).Position = [0.1 0.6 0.5 0.32];
ax(2).Position = [0.1 0.1 0.5 0.32];
lg.Position = [0.65 \ 0.65 \ 0.1 \ 0.27];
```



The direct use of FVA compared to FVA under the SteadyCom framework gives very little information on the organism's abundance. The ranges for almost all growth rates span from 0 to 1. In contrast, SteadyComFVA returns results with the expected co-existence of all four mutants. When the growth rates get closer to the maximum, the ranges shrink to unique values.

# Analyze Pairwise Relationship Using SteadyComPOA

Now we would like to see at a given growth rate, how the abundance of an organism influences the abundance of another organism. We check this by iteratively fixing the abundance of an organism at a level (independent variable) and optimizing for the maximum and minimum allowable abundance of another organism (dependent variable). This is what SteadyComPOA does.

Set up the option structure and call <code>SteadyComPOA</code>. <code>Nstep</code> is an important parameter to designate how many intermediate steps are used or which values between the min and max values of the independent variable are used for optimizing the dependent variable. <code>savePOA</code> options must be supplied with a non-empty string or a default name will be used for saving the POA results. By default, the function analyzes all possible pairs in <code>options.rxnNameList</code>. To analyze only particular pairs, use <code>options.pairList</code>. See <code>helpSteadyComPOA</code> for more details.

```
options.savePOA = ['POA' filesep 'EcCom']; % directory and fila name for saving POA reoptions.optGRpercent = [99 90 70 50]; % analyze at these percentages of max. growth re% Nstep is the number of intermediate steps that the independent variable will take diff % or directly the vector of values, e.g. Nsetp = [0, 0.5, 1] implies fixing the independent % 50% from the min to the max and the maximum value respectively to find the attainable % Here use small step sizes when getting close to either ends of the flux range a = 0.001*(1000.^((0:14)/14)); options.Nstep = sort([a (1-a)]); [POAtable, fluxRange, Stat, GRvector] = SteadyComPOA(EcCom, options);
```

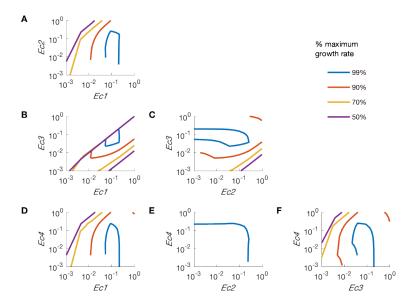
```
Already finished. Results were already saved to POA/EcCom_GR0.73.mat Already finished. Results were already saved to POA/EcCom_GR0.66.mat Already finished. Results were already saved to POA/EcCom_GR0.52.mat Already finished. Results were already saved to POA/EcCom_GR0.37.mat
```

POAtable is a n-by-n cell if there are n targets in options.rxnNameList.POAtable{i, i} is a N-step-by-1-by-N-gr matrix where N-step is the number of intermediate steps determined by options.Nstep and N-gr is the number of growth rates analyzed.POAtable{i, i}(:, :, k) is the values at which the i-th target is fixed for the community growing at the growth rate GRvector(k).POAtable{i, j} is a N-step-by-2-by-N-gr matrix where  $POAtable\{i, j\}(:, 1, k)$  and  $POAtable\{i, j\}(:, 2, k)$  are respectively the min. and max. values of the i-th target when fixing the i-th target at the corresponding values in  $POAtable\{i, i\}(:, :, k)$ . fluxRange contains the min. and max. values for each target (found by calling SteadyComFVA). Stat is a i-by-i-

Plot the results (see also Figure 3 in ref. [1]):

```
nSp = 4;
spLab = {'{\it Ec1 }';'{\it Ec2 }';'{\it Ec3 }';'{\it Ec4 }'};
mark = \{'A', 'B', 'D', 'C', 'E', 'F'\};
nPlot = 0;
for j = 1:nSp
    for k = 1:nSp
        if k > j
            nPlot = nPlot + 1;
            ax(j, k) = subplot(nSp-1, nSp-1, (k - 2) * (nSp - 1) + j);
            hold on
            for p = 1:size(POAtable{1, 1}, 3)
                x = [POAtable{j, j}(:, :, p); POAtable{j, j}(end:-1:1, :, p); ...
                    POAtable{j, j}(1, 1, p)];
                y = [POAtable{j, k}(:, 1, p); POAtable{j, k}(end:-1:1, 2, p);...
                        POAtable{j, k}(1, 1, p);
                plot(x(~isnan(y)), y(~isnan(y)), 'LineWidth', 2)
            end
            xlim([0.001 1])
            ylim([0.001 1])
            ax(j, k).XScale = 'log';
            ax(j, k).YScale = 'log';
            ax(j, k).XTick = [0.001 0.01 0.1 1];
            ax(j, k).YTick = [0.001 0.01 0.1 1];
            ax(j, k).YAxis.MinorTickValues=[];
            ax(j, k).XAxis.MinorTickValues=[];
            ax(j, k).TickLength = [0.03 0.01];
            xlabel(spLab{j});
            ylabel(spLab{k});
            tx(j, k) = text(10^{-5}), 10^{0.1}, mark\{nPlot\}, 'FontSize', 12, 'FontWeight'
        end
    end
```

```
end
lg = legend(strcat(strtrim(cellstr(num2str(options.optGRpercent(:)))), '%'));
lg.Position = [0.7246 0.6380 0.1700 0.2015];
lg.Box='off';
subplot(3, 3, 3, 'visible', 'off');
t = text(0.2, 0.8, {'% maximum';'growth rate'});
for j = 1:nSp
    for k = 1:nSp
        if k>j
            ax(j, k).Position = [0.15 + (j - 1) * 0.3, 0.8 - (k - 2) * 0.3, 0.16, 0.17];
        end
    end
end
```



There are two patterns observed. The two pairs showing negative correlations, namely Ec1 vs Ec4 (panel D) and Ec2 vs Ec3 (panel C) are indeed competing for the same amino acids with each other (Ec1 and Ec4 competing for Lys and Met; Ec2 and Ec4 competing for Arg and Phe). Each of the other pairs showing positive correlations are indeed the cross feeding pairs, e.g., Ec1 and Ec2 (panel A) cross feeding on Arg and Lys. See ref. [1] for more detailed discussion.

# **Parallelization and Timing**

SteadyCom in general can be finished within 20 iterations, i.e. solving 20 LPs (usually faster if using Matlab fzero) for an accuracy of 1e-6 for the maximum community growth rate. The actual computation time depends on the size of the community metabolic network. The current EcCom model has 6971 metabolites and 9831 reactions. It took 18 seconds for a MacBook Pro with 2.5 GHz Intel Core i5, 4 GB memory running Matlab R2016b and Cplex 12.7.1.

Since the FVA and POA analysis can be time-consuming for large models with a large number of reactions to be analyzed, SteadyComFVA and SteadyComPOA support parrallelization using the Matlab Distributed Computing Toolbox (parfor for SteadyComFVA and spmd for SteadyComPOA).

#### Test SteadyComFVA with 2 threads:

```
options.rxnNameList = EcCom.rxns(1:100); % test FVA for the first 50 reactions
options.optGRpercent = 99;
options.algorithm = 1;
options.threads = 1; % test single-thread computation first
options.verbFlag = 0; % no verbose output
tic;
[minF1, maxF1] = SteadyComFVA(EcCom, options);
t1 = toc;
if isempty(gcp('nocreate'))
    parpool(2); % start a parallel pool
end
```

Starting parallel pool (parpool) using the 'local' profile ... connected to 2 workers.

```
options.threads = 2; % two threads (0 to use all available workers) tic; [minF2, maxF2] = SteadyComFVA(EcCom, options); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: %.4e\n', max(max(abs(minF1 - min first))); % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between the two solutions: % test single-thread computation first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between table first t2 = toc; fprintf('Maximum difference between table
```

```
Maximum difference between the two solutions: 9.9257e-09
```

```
fprintf('\nSingle-thread computation: %.0f sec\nTwo-thread computation: %.0f sec\n', to
```

Single-thread computation: 96 sec Two-thread computation: 91 sec

If there are many reactions to be analyzed, use <code>options.saveFVA</code> to give a relative path for saving the intermediate results. Even though the computation is interrupted, by calling <code>SteadyComFVA</code> with the same <code>options.saveFVA</code>, the program will detect previously saved results and continued from there.

#### Test SteadyComPOA with 2 threads:

```
options.rxnNameList = EcCom.rxns(find(abs(result.flux) > 1e-2, 6));
options.savePOA = 'POA/EcComParallel'; % save with a new name
options.verbFlag = 3;
options.threads = 2;
options.Nstep = 5; % use a smaller number of steps for test
tic;
[POAtable1, fluxRange1] = SteadyComPOA(EcCom, options);
```

```
Find maximum community growth rate..
Model feasible at maintenance. Time elapsed: 1 / 1 sec
Iter
     LB To test
                            UB Time elapsed (iteration/total)
  1 0.000000 0.500000
                           Inf 0 / 1 sec
    0.500000 0.721279
                           Inf 6 / 7 sec
  3 0.721279 0.735372
                           Inf 0 / 7 sec
  4 0.735372 0.742726
                          Inf 0 / 8 sec
Func-count x
                       f(x)
                                      Procedure
```

```
2
            0.735372 -0.000807615
                                          initial
    3
            0.735378
                       -0.00079987
                                          interpolation
    4
             0.73599
                      -1.26127e-06
                                          interpolation
    5
             0.73599
                      -1.26127e-06
                                          interpolation
Zero found in the interval [0.735372, 0.742726]
Maximum community growth rate: 0.735990 (abs. error < 1e-06).
                                                                Time elapsed: 26 sec
FVA for 6 sets of fluxes/biomass at growth rate 0.728630 :
Thread 1:
          33.33% finished. 2017-07-21 13:56:18
Thread 2: 33.33% finished. 2017-07-21 13:56:18
Thread 1: 66.67% finished. 2017-07-21 13:56:20
Thread 2: 66.67% finished. 2017-07-21 13:56:20
Thread 1: 100.00% finished. 2017-07-21 13:56:21
Thread 2: 100.00% finished. 2017-07-21 13:56:21
POA for 15 pairs of reactions at growth rate 0.728630
Start from #1 Ec13HAD100 vs #2 Ec13HAD120.
          Rxn1
                         Rxn2
                                 corMin
                                               r2
                                                     corMax
                                                                  r2
                                                                        Time
POA in parallel...
Lab 2:
       Ec13HAD120
                     Ec13HAD160
                                   0.0956
                                             0.5000
                                                      -0.8431
                                                                 0.9667
                                                                          2017-07-21 13:57:45
Lab 1:
       Ec13HAD100
                     Ec13HAD120
                                   0.5755
                                             0.3373
                                                       0.7927
                                                                 0.4005
                                                                          2017-07-21 13:58:23
Lab 2:
                     Ec13HAD140
                                  -0.0837
                                             0.5000
                                                                 0.0784
                                                                          2017-07-21 13:59:32
       Ec13HAD121
                                                      -0.3890
Lab 1:
       Ec13HAD100
                     Ec13HAD121
                                   0.2429
                                             0.7227
                                                       0.4245
                                                                 0.2168
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:00:44
Lab 2:
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:01:18
                                   0.9997
                                                                 1.0000
      Ec13HAD121
                     Ec13HAD141
                                             1.0000
                                                       1.0000
Lab 1:
                                  -0.0915
                                                                 1.0000
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:01:54
      Ec13HAD100
                     Ec13HAD140
                                             0.4667
                                                      -0.1144
Lab 2:
                                  -0.0837
                                             0.5000
                                                      -0.2478
                                                                 0.0302
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:02:33
      Ec13HAD121
                     Ec13HAD160
       Ec13HAD140
                     Ec13HAD141
                                  -0.0197
                                            0.1369
                                                      -0.6518
                                                                 0.9578
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:04:17
Lab 1:
                                  0.2429
                                             0.7226
                                                      0.4245
                                                                 0.2447
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:04:52
       Ec13HAD100
                     Ec13HAD141
                                                                 0.4493
       Ec13HAD100
                     Ec13HAD160
                                   0.0000
                                                NaN
                                                      1.8482
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:05:44
       Ec13HAD120
                    Ec13HAD121
                                  -0.0922
                                             0.3440
                                                     -0.5288
                                                                 0.9995
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:07:32
Lab 2:
                                                      -1.0433
                                                                 0.9735
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:08:04
       Ec13HAD140
                     Ec13HAD160
                                  0.1842
                                             0.8929
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:09:11
       Ec13HAD141
                     Ec13HAD160
                                  -0.0837
                                             0.5000
                                                      -0.2478
                                                                 0.0302
Lab 1:
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:09:25
       Ec13HAD120
                     Ec13HAD140
                                  -0.0000
                                                NaN
                                                      -1.4156
                                                                 1.0000
Lab 2:
  Current loop finished. Stop other workers...
  All workers have ceased. Redistributing...
      Ec13HAD120
                     Ec13HAD141
                                  -0.0402
                                             0.1302
                                                     -0.6122
                                                                 0.9816
                                                                          2017-07-21 14:10:29
Lab 2:
 Current loop finished. Stop other workers...
  All workers have ceased. Redistributing...
Finished. Save final results to POA/EcComParallel_GR0.73.mat
t3 = toc;
```

The parallelization code uses spmd and will redistribute jobs once any of the workers has finished to maximize the computational efficiency.

```
options.savePOA = 'POA/EcComSingeThread';
options.threads = 1;
```

Single-thread computation: 742 sec Two-thread computation: 879 sec

The advantage will be more significant for more targets to analyzed and more threads used. Similar to SteadyComFVA, SteadyComPOA also supports continuation from previously interrupted computation by calling with the same options.savePOA.

### REFERENCES

[1] Chan SHJ, Simons MN, Maranas CD (2017) SteadyCom: Predicting microbial abundances while ensuring community stability. PLoS Comput Biol 13(5): e1005539. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1005539

[2] Khandelwal RA, Olivier BG, Röling WFM, Teusink B, Bruggeman FJ (2013) Community Flux Balance Analysis for Microbial Consortia at Balanced Growth. PLoS ONE 8(5): e64567. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0064567