

SQL Code and Output

After we cleaned our dataset, we now import the dataset into Microsoft SQL Server to learn more about our data.

```
/* Calculate the mean of ride_length. */
SELECT CAST(AVG(CAST(DateDiff(mi, started_at, ended_at) as DECIMAL(8,2))) as DECIMAL(4,2)) AS "Mean ride_length"
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2];
```

Mean ride_length

19.43

(1 row affected)

```
/* Calculate the max ride_length. */
SELECT MAX(ride_length) AS "Maximum ride_length"
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2];
```

Maximum ride_length

9 days 23:57:47

(1 row affected)

```
/* Calculate the mode of day of week. */
SELECT TOP 1 day_of_week AS "Days by popularity",
COUNT(*) AS "Count"
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2]
GROUP BY day_of_week
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;
```

Days by popularity

count

Saturday

921356

(1 row affected)

```
/* Calculate the average ride_length for members and casual riders. */
SELECT CAST(AVG(CAST(DateDiff(mi, started_at, ended_at) as DECIMAL(7,2))) as DECIMAL(4,2)) AS "Average ride_length",
member_casual
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2]
GROUP BY member_casual;
```

Average ride_length

member_casual

12.71	member
29.12	casual

(2 rows affected)

```
/* Calculate the average ride_length for users by day_of_week. */
```

```
SELECT CAST(AVG(CAST(DateDiff(mi, started_at, ended_at) as DECIMAL(7,2))) AS DECIMAL(4,2)) AS "Average ride_length",
day_of_week
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2]
GROUP BY day_of_week;
```

Average ride_length	day_of_week
16.82	Tuesday
17.18	Thursday
24.09	Sunday
16.39	Wednesday
18.87	Friday
18.55	Monday
23.66	Saturday

(7 rows affected)

```
SELECT CAST(AVG(CAST(DateDiff(mi, started_at, ended_at) as DECIMAL(7,2))) AS DECIMAL(4,2)) AS "Average ride_length",
day_of_week,
member_casual
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2]
GROUP BY member_casual, day_of_week
ORDER BY member_casual;
```

	Average ride_length	day_of_week	member_casual
1	34.09	Sunday	casual
2	25.98	Tuesday	casual
3	24.71	Wednesday	casual
4	25.58	Thursday	casual
5	27.80	Friday	casual
6	29.23	Monday	casual
7	32.54	Saturday	casual
8	12.07	Wednesday	member
9	12.27	Monday	member
10	14.05	Sunday	member
11	12.15	Tuesday	member
12	12.50	Friday	member
13	12.30	Thursday	member
14	14.15	Saturday	member

```

/* Calculate the number of rides for users by day_of_week by adding Count of trip_id to Values.*/
SELECT day_of_week,
       count(*) AS "Number of rides"
FROM [bike_data].[dbo].[bike_data2]
GROUP BY day_of_week;

```

	day_of_week	Number of rides
1	Tuesday	782121
2	Thursday	853429
3	Sunday	782045
4	Wednesday	816518
5	Friday	816810
6	Monday	756824
7	Saturday	921356