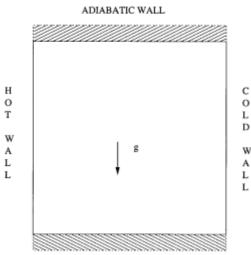
Vorticity-Streamfunction Method for Buoyancy Driven Cavity Probelm

Key words: vorticity-streamfunction method; buoyancy driven cavity flow

1. Problem



ADIABATIC WALL

The dimensionless governing equations are:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial y} &= \Pr(\frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial y^2}) - Ra^* \Pr^* \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} &= w \\ \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} \end{split}$$

 $u=\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y}, v=-\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x},$ where, streamfunction is defined as

Vorticity (in Left hand cartesian system) is defined as $\nabla^2 \psi = \omega$

Initial boundary condition set as:

$$\omega = \psi = T = u = v = 0$$

$$\psi = 0, \quad T = 1 \qquad x = 0, 0 \le y \le 1$$

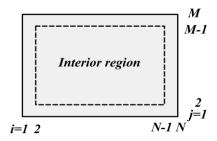
$$\psi = 0, \quad T = 0 \qquad x = 1, 0 \le y \le 1$$

$$\psi = 0, \frac{\partial T}{\partial v} = 0 \qquad y = 0, 0 < x < 1$$

2. Numerical Scheme

2.1 Mesh generation

Uniform mesh is used as



2.2 Discretization

2.2.1 Discretize the vorticity equation at all the interior points, for spatial discretization using central discretization scheme and for time discretization using explicit time advance method (Euler method).

$$\frac{\omega_{i,j}^{"+1} - \omega_{i,j}^{"}}{\Delta t} = \Pr\left(\frac{\omega_{i+1,j}^{"} - 2\omega_{i,j}^{"} + \omega_{i-1,j}^{"}}{\Delta x^{2}} + \frac{\omega_{i,j+1}^{"} - 2\omega_{i,j}^{"} + \omega_{i,j-1}^{"}}{\Delta y^{2}}\right) - Ra^{*}\Pr\frac{T_{i+1,j}^{"} - T_{i-1,j}^{"}}{2\Delta x} - \left(u_{i,j}^{"} - \omega_{i-1,j}^{"} - \omega_{i-1,j}^{"} + v_{i,j}^{"} \frac{\omega_{i,j+1}^{"} - \omega_{i,j-1}^{"}}{2\Delta y}\right)$$

2.2.2 Discretize the streamfunction equation using central difference scheme

$$\frac{\psi_{i+1,j}^{n+1} - 2\psi_{i,j}^{n+1} + \psi_{i-1,j}^{n+1}}{\Delta x^2} + \frac{\psi_{i,j+1}^{n+1} - 2\psi_{i,j}^{n+1} + \psi_{i,j-1}^{n+1}}{\Delta y^2} = \omega_{i,j}^{n+1}$$

$$\Delta - \textit{form} \\ \text{Employing implicit} \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad ; \; \psi_{i,j}^{n+1} = \psi_{i,j}^n + \Delta \psi_{i,j}^{n+1} \\ \text{Setting} \qquad \qquad , \; \text{then get} \\$$

$$b_{W}\Delta\psi_{i-1,j}^{n+1} + b_{E}\Delta\psi_{i+1,j}^{n+1} + b_{S}\Delta\psi_{i,j-1}^{n+1} + b_{N}\Delta\psi_{i,j+1}^{n+1} + b_{P}\Delta\psi_{i,j}^{n+1} = S_{i,j}^{n}$$

Where

$$\begin{split} b_W &= \frac{1}{\Delta x^2}, \\ b_E &= b_W, \\ b_S &= \frac{1}{\Delta y^2}, \\ b_N &= b_S, \\ b_P &= -2*(b_W + b_S), \\ S_{i,j}^n &= \omega_{i,j}^{n+1} - \frac{\psi_{i+1,j}^n - 2\psi_{i,j}^n + \psi_{i-1,j}^n}{\Delta x^2} - \frac{\psi_{i,j+1}^n - 2\psi_{i,j}^n + \psi_{i,j-1}^n}{\Delta y^2}. \end{split}$$

$$u_{i,j}^{n+1} = \frac{\psi_{i,j+1}^{n+1} - \psi_{i,j-1}^{n+1}}{2\Delta \nu}, \qquad v_{i,j}^{n+1} = \frac{\psi_{i+1,j}^{n+1} - \psi_{i-1,j}^{n+1}}{-2\Delta x}$$

- 2.2.3 For velocity components,
- 2.2.4 Energy equation is solved in the same way as vorticity equation:

$$\frac{T_{i,j}^{n+1} - T_{i,j}^{n}}{\Delta t} = \left(\frac{T_{i+1,j}^{n} - 2T_{i,j}^{n} + T_{i-1,j}^{n}}{\Delta x^{2}} + \frac{T_{i,j+1}^{n} - 2T_{i,j}^{n} + T_{i,j-1}^{n}}{\Delta v^{2}}\right) - \left(u_{i,j}^{n+1} \frac{T_{i+1,j}^{n} - T_{i-1,j}^{n}}{2\Delta x} + v_{i,j}^{n+1} \frac{T_{i,j+1}^{n} - T_{i,j-1}^{n}}{2\Delta v}\right)$$

2.3 Boundary condition

2.3.1 Implementation of voticity condition using Taylor series expansion with 2nd order approximation:

$$\omega_{1,j}^{n+1} = \frac{3(\psi_{2,j}^{n} - \psi_{1,j}^{n})}{\Delta x^{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\omega_{2,j}^{n}, \qquad \omega_{m,j}^{n+1} = \frac{3(\psi_{m-1,j}^{n} - \psi_{m,j}^{n})}{\Delta x^{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\omega_{m-1,j}^{n}$$

$$\omega_{i,1}^{n+1} = \frac{3(\psi_{i,2}^{n} - \psi_{i,1}^{n})}{\Delta x^{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\omega_{i,2}^{n}, \qquad \omega_{i,m}^{n+1} = \frac{3(\psi_{i,m-1}^{n} - \psi_{i,m}^{n})}{\Delta x^{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\omega_{i,m-1}^{n}$$

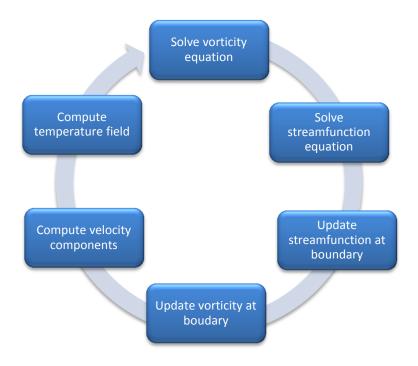
2.3.2 Implementation of streamfunction condition using 2nd order finite difference scheme to approximate the derivative condition:

$$\psi_{2,j} = \frac{1}{4} \psi_{3,j}$$
 .etc

2.3.3 Implementation of temperature condition

$$\begin{split} T_{1,j} &= 1, T_{m,j} = 0 \\ T_{i,1} &= \frac{4T_{i,2} - T_{i,3}}{3}, T_{i,m} = \frac{4T_{i,m-1} - T_{i,m-2}}{3} \end{split}$$

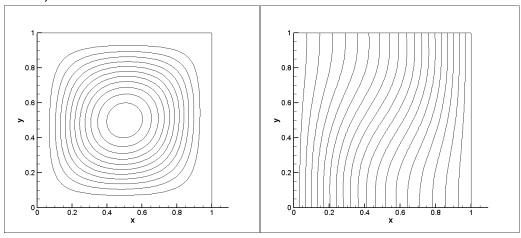
2.4 Flow chat

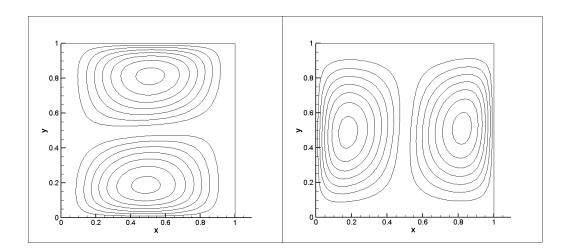


3. Results

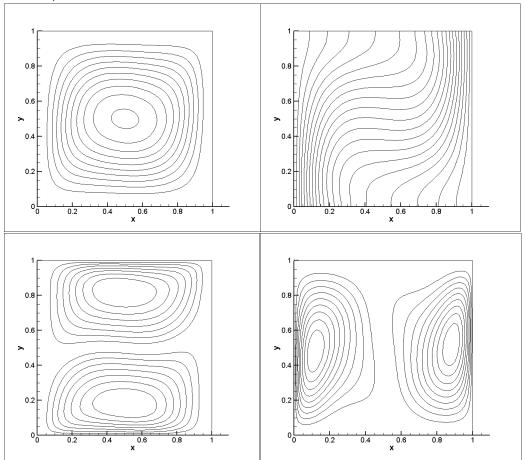
3.1 Flow patterns (psi, T, U, V)



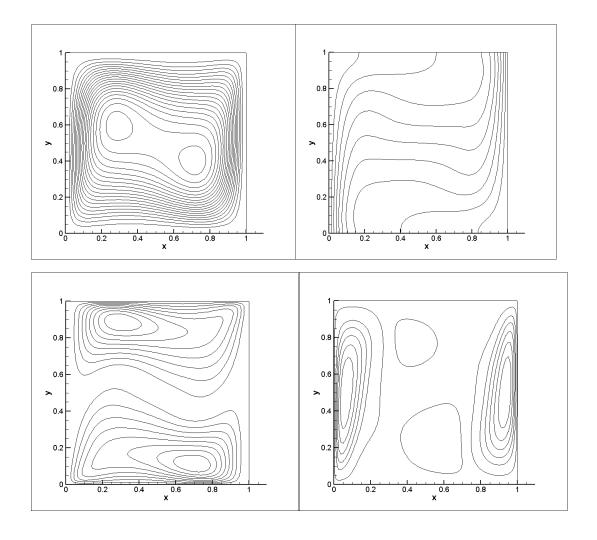




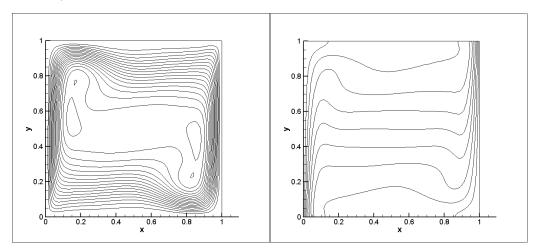


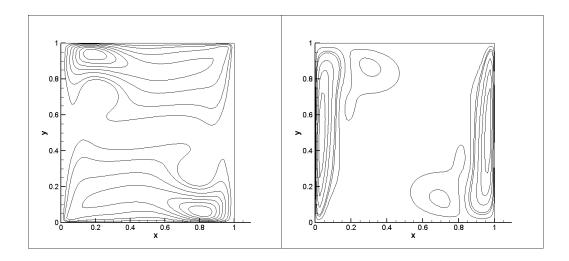


Ra=1e5,



Ra=1e6,





3.2 Validation:

Mesh 81*81

Ra	Psi_mid	U_max		V_max		Nu_max		Nu_min	
		У		X		у		У	
1e3	1.178	3.650	0.812	3.713	0.175	1.513	0.087	0.688	1
1e4	5.093	16.260	0.825	19.744	0.112	3.580	0.137	0.581	1
1e5	9.222	35.762	0.862	69.641	0.062	8.008	0.075	0.716	1
1e6	16.915	67.802	0.850	232.826	0.0375	18.013	0.0375	0.950	1

<u>Reference:</u>

Natural Convection of Air in a Square Cavity : A Benchmark Numerical Solution

Mesh 41*41

Ra	Psi_mid	U_max		V_max		Nu_max		Nu_min	
		У		x		У		У	
1e3	1.174	3.634	0.813	3.679	0.179	1.501	0.087	0.694	1
1e4	5.098	16.182	0.823	19.509	0.120	3.545	0.149	0.592	1
1e5	9.234	35.07	0.855	66.73	0.068	7.905	0.095	0.755	1
1e6	17.15	67.49	0.854	206.32	0.0423	17.947	0.0675	1.015	0.984

Source Codes:

- $\verb|||$ This program sloves Buoyancy Driven Cavity Flow problem using Vorticity-Streamfunction Methods
- $\verb|||$ This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 3.0 Unported License.
- !!! Ao Xu, Profiles: http://www.linkedin.com/pub/ao-xu/30/a72/a29

```
Ш
           Adiabatic Wall
         |-----
Ш
III
<u>III</u>
III
                        Cold
     Hot
Ш
     Wall |
                l g
                       | Wall
Ш
Ш
Ш
         |-----
Ш
           Adiabatic Wall
     u(i,j), v(i,j)-----velocity function
III
III
     psi(i,j)----stream function
Ш
     vor(i,j)-----vorticity function
<u>III</u>
     Rpsi(i,j)-----psi^{n+1}_{i,j} - psi^{n}_{i,j}
     RVOR(i,j) -----(vor^{n+1}_{i,j}-vor^{n}_{i,j})/dt \\
Ш
     T(i,j))-----Temperature field
Ш
III
     RT(i,j)-----(T^{n+1}_{i,j}-T^{n}_{i,j})/dt
        program main
        implicit none
        integer, parameter :: N=81, M=81
        integer :: i, j, itc, itc_max, k
        real(8) :: dx, dy, Pr, Ra, dt, eps, error
        real(8) :: X(N), Y(M), u(N,M), v(N,M), vor(N,M), RVOR(N,M), psi(N,M),
Rpsi(N,M), T(N,M)
!!! input initial data
        Pr = 0.71d0
        Ra = 1e6
        dx = 1.0d0/(N-1)
        dy = 1.0d0/(M-1)
        dt = 1e-6
        eps = 1e-8
        itc = 0
        itc_max = 1e8
        error = 100.0d0
        k = 0
III set up initial flow field
        call initial(N,M,dx,dy,X,Y,u,v,psi,vor,RVOR,Rpsi,T)
        do while((error.GT.eps).AND.(itc.LT.itc_max))
!!! solve vorticity equation
```

```
call solvor(N,M,dx,dy,Pr,Ra,dt,u,v,vor,RVOR,T)
!!! solve Streamfunction equation
           call solpsi(N,M,dx,dy,vor,psi,Rpsi)
!!! updates the values of sream function at boundary points
           call bcpsi(N,M,dy,psi)
III updates the boundary condition for vorticity
           call bcvor(N,M,dx,dy,vor,psi)
!!! compute velocity components u and v
           call caluv(N,M,dx,dy,psi,u,v)
!!! compute temperature field
           call calt(N,M,dt,dx,dy,u,v,T)
!!! check convergence
           call convergence(N,M,dt,RVOR,Rpsi,error,itc)
!!! output preliminary results
           if (MOD(itc,1000000).EQ.0) then
               k = k+1
               call output(N,M,X,Y,u,v,psi,T,k)
           endif
       enddo
!!! output data file
       call output(N,M,X,Y,u,v,psi,T,k)
       open(unit=03,file='results.txt',status='unknown')
       write(03,*)
       write(03,*)
write(03,*) 'This program sloves Buoyancy Driven Cavity Flow problem'
       write(03,*) 'using Vorticity-Streamfunction Methods'
       write(03,*) 'N = ',N,',
                                   M = ', M
       write(03,*) 'Pr=',Pr
       write(03,*) 'Ra=',Ra
       write(03,*) 'dt =', dt
       write(03,*) 'eps =',eps
       write(03,*) 'itc =',itc
```

```
write(03,*) 'Developing time=',dt*itc,'s'
       write(03,*)
       write(03,*)
!!! validate results with reference
       call validation(N,M,dx,dy,u,v,psi,T)
       close(03)
       stop
        end program main
III set up initial flow field
       subroutine initial(N,M,dx,dy,X,Y,u,v,psi,vor,RVOR,Rpsi,T)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j, N, M
       real(8) :: dx, dy
       real(8) :: X(N), Y(M), u(N,M), v(N,M), psi(N,M), vor(N,M), RVOR(N,M),
Rpsi(N,M), T(N,M)
       doi=1,N
           X(i) = (i-1)*dx
       enddo
       do j=1,M
           Y(j) = (j-1)*dy
       enddo
       doi=1,N
           do j=1,M
               u(i,j) = 0.0d0
               v(i,j) = 0.0d0!!! u(i,j), v(i,j)-----velocity function
                                    psi(i,j)-----stream function
               psi(i,j) = 0.0d0!!!
               Rpsi(i,j) = 0.0d0!!!
                                      Rpsi(i,j)-----psi{n+1}_{i,j} - psi_{n,j}
               vor(i,j) = 0.0d0!!!
                                    vor(i,j)-----vorticity function
               RVOR(i,j) = 0.0d0|||
RVOR(i,j)-----(vor^{n+1}_{i,j}-vor^{n}_{i,j})/dt
               T(i,j) = 0.0d0!!! T(i,j)-----Temperature field
            enddo
       enddo
       do j = 1,M
           T(1,j) = 1.0d0 !Left side hot wall
```

```
enddo
       return
       end subroutine initial
!!! solve vorticity equation
       subroutine solvor(N,M,dx,dy,Pr,Ra,dt,u,v,vor,RVOR,T)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j, N, M
       real(8) :: dx, dy, dt, Pr, Ra, dvorx2, dvory2, dvorx1, dvory1
       real(8) :: vor(N,M), u(N,M), v(N,M), RVOR(N,M), T(N,M)
       ! FTCS Sheme
       do i=2,N-1
           do j=2,M-1
               dvorx2 = (vor(i+1,j)-2.0d0*vor(i,j)+vor(i-1,j))/dx/dx
               dvory2 = (vor(i,j+1)-2.0d0*vor(i,j)+vor(i,j-1))/dy/dy
               dvorx1 = (u(i+1,j)*vor(i+1,j)-u(i-1,j)*vor(i-1,j))/2.0d0/dx
               dvory1 = (v(i,j+1)*vor(i,j+1)-v(i,j-1)*vor(i,j-1))/2.0d0/dy
               RVOR(i,j) =
(dvorx2+dvory2)*Pr-Ra*Pr*(T(i+1,j)-T(i-1,j))/2.0d0/dx-dvorx1-dvory1
               vor(i,j) = vor(i,j)+dt*RVOR(i,j)
           enddo
       enddo
       return
       end subroutine solvor
!!! solve Streamfunction equation
       subroutine solpsi(N,M,dx,dy,vor,psi,Rpsi)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j ,N, M
       real(8) :: alpha, dx, dy, aw, as, ap
       real(8) :: vor(N,M), psi(N,M), Rpsi(N,M), S(N,M)
       aw = 1.0d0/dx/dx
       as = 1.0d0/dy/dy
       ap = -2.0d0*(as+aw)
       do i = 3, N-2
           do j=3, M-2
               S(i,j) =
```

```
vor(i,j)-(psi(i+1,j)-2.0d0*psi(i,j)+psi(i-1,j))/dx/dx-(psi(i,j+1)-2.0d0*psi(i,j)
+psi(i,j-1))/dy/dy
           enddo
       enddo
       do j=1,M
           Rpsi(1,j) = 0.0d0
           Rpsi(2,j) = 0.0d0
           Rpsi(N,j) = 0.0d0
           Rpsi(N-1,j) = 0.0d0
       enddo
       do i=1,N
           Rpsi(i,1) = 0.0d0
           Rpsi(i,2) = 0.0d0
           Rpsi(i,M) = 0.0d0
           Rpsi(i,M-1) = 0.0d0
       enddo
       alpha = 1.5d0
                            lalpha is ralaxtion factor
       do i=3, N-2
           do j=3,M-2
               Rpsi(i,j)=(S(i,j)-aw*Rpsi(i-1,j)-as*Rpsi(i,j-1))/ap
               psi(i,j) = psi(i,j) + alpha * Rpsi(i,j)
           enddo
       enddo
       return
       end subroutine solpsi
III updates the values of sream function at boundary points
       subroutine bcpsi(N,M,dy,psi)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j, N, M
       real(8) :: dy
       real(8) :: psi(N,M)
       do j=2,M-1
           psi(2,j) = 0.25d0*psi(3,j)
           psi(N-1,j) = 0.25d0*psi(N-2,j)
       enddo
       do i=2,N-1
           psi(i,2) = 0.25d0*psi(i,3)
```

```
psi(i,M-1) = 0.25d0*psi(i,M-2)
       enddo
       return
       end subroutine bcpsi
!!! updates the boundary condition for vorticity
       subroutine bcvor(N,M,dx,dy,vor,psi)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j, N, M
       real(8) :: dx, dy
       real(8) :: vor(N,M), psi(N,M)
       ! 2nd order approximation
       do j=1,M
           vor(1,j) = 3.0d0*psi(2,j)/dx/dx-0.5d0*vor(2,j)
           vor(N,j) = 3.0d0*psi(N-1,j)/dx/dx-0.5d0*vor(N-1,j)
       enddo
       do i=1,N
           vor(i,1) = 3.0d0*psi(i,2)/dy/dy-0.5d0*vor(i,2)
           vor(i,M) = 3.0d0*psi(i,M-1)/dy/dy-0.5d0*vor(i,M-1)
       enddo
       return
       end subroutine bcvor
!!! compute velocity components u and v
       subroutine caluv(N,M,dx,dy,psi,u,v)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j, N, M
       real(8) :: dx, dy
       real(8) :: psi(N,M), u(N,M), v(N,M)
       !physical boundary condition
       do i=1,N
           u(i,1) = 0.0d0
           v(i,1) = 0.0d0
           u(i,M) = 0.0d0
           v(i,M) = 0.0d0
       enddo
       do j=1,M
```

```
u(1,j) = 0.0d0
           u(N,j) = 0.0d0
           v(1,j) = 0.0d0
           v(N_{i}) = 0.0d0
       enddo
       do i=2,N-1
           do j=2,M-1
               u(i,j) = 0.5d0*(psi(i,j+1)-psi(i,j-1))/dy
               v(i,j) = -0.5d0*(psi(i+1,j)-psi(i-1,j))/dx
           enddo
       enddo
       return
        end subroutine caluv
!!! compute temperature field
       subroutine calt(N,M,dt,dx,dy,u,v,T)
       implicit none
       integer :: i, j, N, M
       real(8) :: dx, dy, dt, dTx2, dTy2, dTx1, dTy1
       real(8) :: T(N,M), u(N,M), v(N,M)
      ! Interior points using FTCS Sheme
       do i=2,N-1
           do j=2,M-1
               dTx2 = (T(i+1,j)-2*T(i,j)+T(i-1,j))/dx/dx
               dTy2 = (T(i,j+1)-2*T(i,j)+T(i,j-1))/dy/dy
               dTx1 = (u(i+1,j)*T(i+1,j)-u(i-1,j)*T(i-1,j))/2/dx
               dTy1 = (v(i,j+1)*T(i,j+1)-v(i,j-1)*T(i,j-1))/2/dy
               T(i,j) = T(i,j) + dt*(dTx2+dTy2-dTx1-dTy1)
           enddo
       enddo
      !Left and right side boundary(Dirichlet B.C.)
       do j=1,M
           T(1,j) = 1.0d0
           T(N,j) = 0.0d0
       enddo
      !Top and bottom side boundary(Neumann B.C.)
       do i=1,N
           T(i,1) = (4.0d0*T(i,2)-T(i,3))/3.0d0
```

```
T(i,M) = (4.0d0*T(i,M-1)-T(i,M-2))/3.0d0
       enddo
       return
        end subroutine calt
!!! check convergence
       subroutine convergence(N,M,dt,RVOR,Rpsi,error,itc)
       implicit none
       integer :: N, M, i, j, itc
       real(8) :: RVOR(N,M), Rpsi(N,M)
       real(8) :: dt, error, errvor, errpsi
       itc = itc+1
       errvor = 0.0d0
       errpsi = 0.0d0
       do i=1,N
           do j=1,M
               if(ABS(RVOR(i,j))*dt.GT.errvor) errvor = ABS(RVOR(i,j))*dt
               if(ABS(Rpsi(i,j)).GT.errpsi) errpsi = ABS(Rpsi(i,j))
           enddo
       enddo
       error = MAX(errvor,errpsi)
       if(itc.EQ.1) error = 100.0d0
       open(unit=01,file='error.dat',status='unknown',position='append')
       if (MOD(itc,2000).EQ.0) then
           write(01,*) itc,' ',error
       endif
       close(01)
       return
       end subroutine convergence
!!! validate results with reference
       subroutine validation(N,M,dx,dy,u,v,psi,T)
       implicit none
       integer :: N, M, i, j
       integer :: mid_x, mid_y, temp, temp_max, temp_min
```

```
real(8) :: dx, dy
      real(8) :: psi_mid, u_max, v_max, u_max_loc, v_max_loc, Nu_max,
Nu_min, Nu_max_loc, Nu_min_loc
      real(8) :: u(N,M), v(N,M), psi(N,M), T(N,M)
      real(8) :: Nu(N)
      mid_x = INT(N/2)
      mid_y = INT(M/2)
      psi_mid = psi(mid_x,mid_y)
      u max = 0.0d0
      v_{max} = 0.0d0
      Nu_max = 0.0d0
      Nu_{min} = 100.0d0
      temp = 0
      temp max = 0
      temp_min = 0
      do j=1,M
          if(u(mid_x,j).GT.u_max) then
             u_max = u(mid_x,j)
             temp = j
          endif
      enddo
      u max loc = (temp-1)*dy
      do i=1,N
          if(v(i,mid_y).GT.v_max) then
             v_max = v(i,mid_y)
             temp = i
          endif
      enddo
      v_max_loc = (temp-1)*dx
      do j=1,M
          |||Nu(j)| = -(-3.0d0*T(1,j)+4.0d0*T(2,j)-T(3,j))/2.0d0/dy
          Nu(j) = -(T(2,j)-T(1,j))/dx
          if(Nu(j).GT.Nu_max) then
             Nu_max = Nu(j)
             temp_max = j
          elseif(Nu(i).LT.Nu_min) then
             Nu_min = Nu(j)
             temp_min = j
```

```
endif
       enddo
       Nu_max_loc = (temp_max-1)*dx
       Nu_min_loc = (temp_min-1)*dx
       write(03,*)
       write(03,*) 'psi_mid =',psi_mid
       write(03,*) 'u_max = ',u_max,'at y = ',u_max_loc
       write(03,*) 'v_max =',v_max,'at x =',v_max_loc
       write(03,*) 'Nu_max =',Nu_max,'at y=',Nu_max_loc
       write(03,*) 'Nu_min =',Nu_min,'at y=',Nu_min_loc
       write(03,*)
       return
       end subroutine validation
!!! output data file
       subroutine output(N,M,X,Y,u,v,psi,T,k)
       implicit none
       integer :: N, M, i, j, k
       real(8) :: X(N), Y(M), u(N,M), v(N,M), psi(N,M),T(N,M)
       character*16 filename
       filename='0000cavity.dat'
       filename(1:1) = CHAR(ICHAR('0') + MOD(k/1000,10))
       filename(2:2) = CHAR(ICHAR('0')+MOD(k/100,10))
       filename(3:3) = CHAR(ICHAR('0')+MOD(k/10,10))
       filename(4:4) = CHAR(ICHAR('0')+MOD(k,10))
       open(unit=02,file=filename,status='unknown')
       write(02,101)
       write(02,102)
       write(02,103) N, M
       do j=1,M
           doi = 1,N
               write(02,100) X(i), Y(j), u(i,j), v(i,j), psi(i,j), T(i,j)
           enddo
       enddo
        format(2x,10(e12.6,'
                                  '))
101
        format('Title="Buoyancy Driven Cavity Flow(Vorticity-Streamfunction
Methods)"')
        format('Variables=x,y,u,v,psi,T')
        format('zone',1x,'i=',1x,i5,2x,'j=',1x,i5,1x,'f=point')
```

close(02)

return end subroutine output