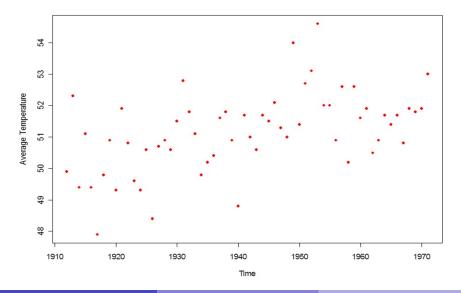
Relationship between two Random Variables

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Average Temperature through the years



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What to look for

- Linear relationship
 - Positive Association
 - Negative Association
- Non-linear relationship
- Outliers

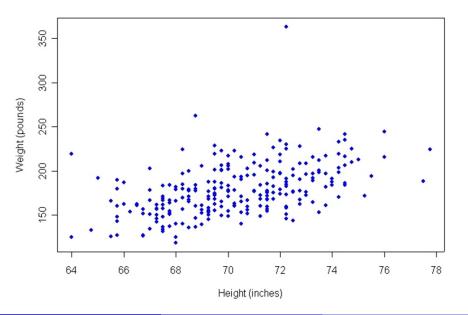
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Linear Relationship

- Explanatory variable increases or decreases
- Response increases or decreases proportionally

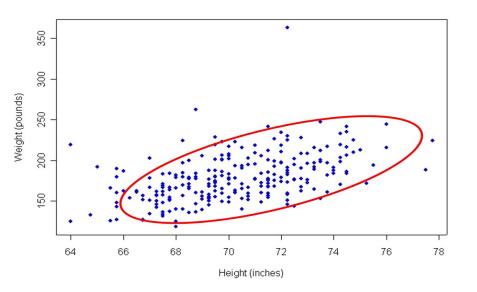
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Positive Association



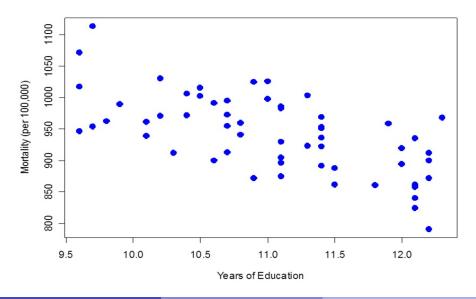
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Positive Association



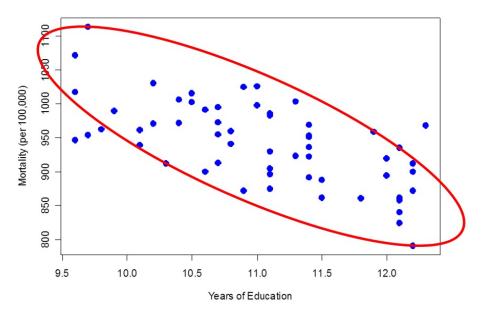
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How does education affect health?



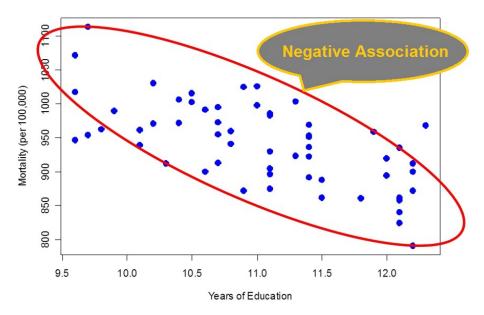
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How does education affect health?



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How does education affect health?



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Linear Association

	Explanatory Variable	Response Variable
Positive Association	Increases	Increases
	Decreases	Decreases
Negative Association	Increases	Decreases
	Decreases	Increases

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Correlation

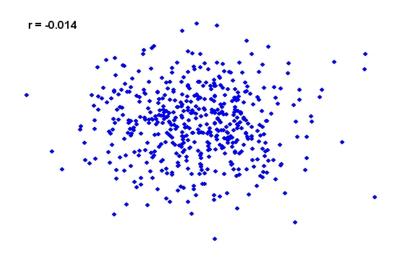
- Do X and Y depend on each other?
- How strong is the relationship?

$$r = \frac{1}{(n-1) s_x s_y} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - n\bar{x}\bar{y} \right]$$
$$r = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{x_i - \bar{x}}{s_x} \right) \left(\frac{y_i - \bar{y}}{s_y} \right)$$

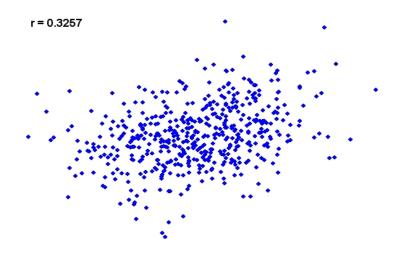
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Correlation Coefficient (r)

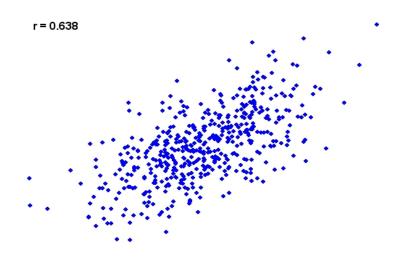
- Measures strength of association
- r is a number between 1 and -1
- r = 0 means no linear association
 - ▶ Independence implies r = 0
- r = 1 or -1 means exact line
 - Y = aX + b



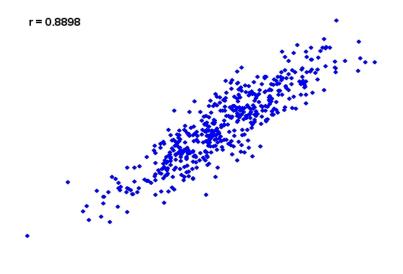
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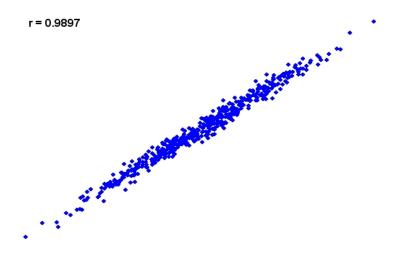
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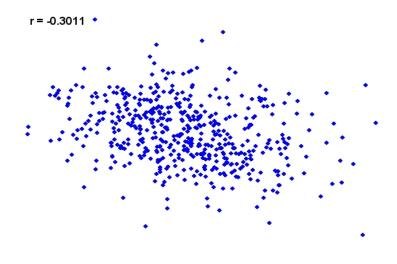
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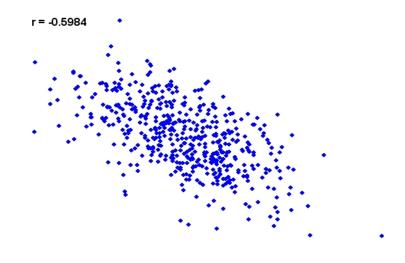
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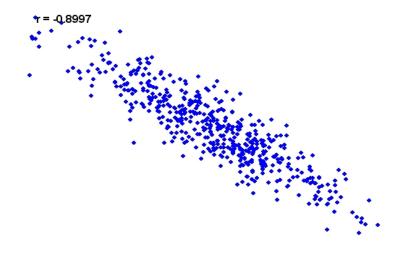
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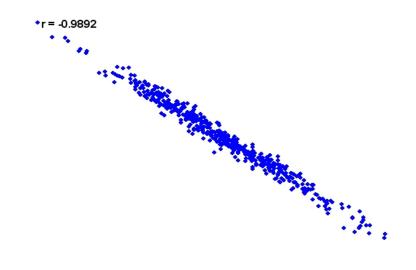
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Are the following two variables positively associated, negatively associated or not associated?

X: the amount of gas you have in your tank (in gallons)

Y: the cost to fill your gas tank.

- (a) The two variables are positively associated.
- (b) The two variables are negatively associated.
- (c) The two variables are not associated.

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Are the following two variables positively associated, negatively associated or not associated?

X: the amount of gas you have in your tank (in gallons)

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- A recent article in an educational research journal reports a correlation of +0.8 between math achievement and overall math aptitude. It also report a correlation of -0.8 between math achievement and a math anxiety test. Which of the following interpretations is the most correct?
- (a) The correlation of +0.8 indicates a stronger relationship that the correlation of -0.8.
- (b) The correlation of +0.8 is just as strong as the correlation of -0.8.
- (c) It is impossible to tell which correlation is stronger.

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How to calculate r

- Calculate sample statistics: $\bar{x}, \bar{y}, s_x, s_y$.
- ② Multiply means: $\bar{x} \times \bar{y}$
- **o** Find the average product: $\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i x_i$
- **3** Take the difference: $\left[\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i x_i\right] n(\bar{x}\bar{y})$
- Multiply

$$r = \frac{1}{(n-1) s_x s_y} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i - n(\bar{x}\bar{y}) \right]$$

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