Hedgehog User Guide 2.0.0b1

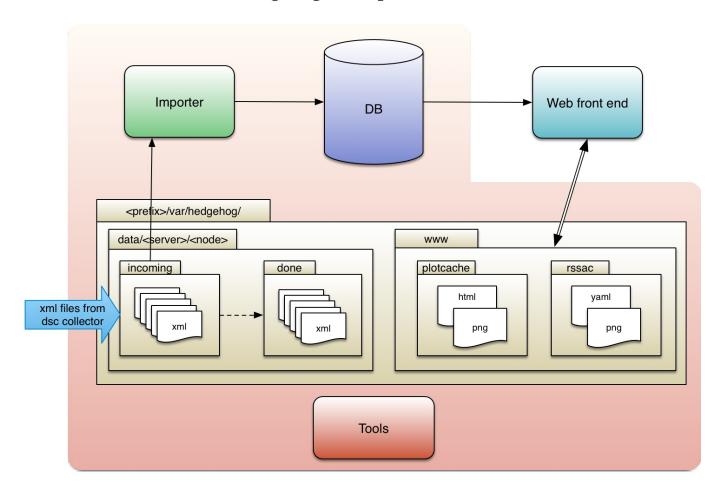
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Overview of Hedgehog

Hedgehog is a visualisation tool for DNS statistics that consumes data acquired with the DSC collector.

Hedgehog was initially developed for ICANN by Sinodun IT and is now released open source under the Apache License, version 2.0. For more information on the development and support of Hedgehog see the http://www.dns-stats.org website.

Hedgehog - Component view



Datasets

An example dsc.conf file for the data sets that Hedgehog supports is given below:

```
# Basic data sets
dataset qtype dns All:null Qtype:qtype queries-only;
dataset rcode dns All:null Rcode:rcode replies-only;
dataset opcode dns All:null Opcode:opcode queries-only;
dataset rcode_vs_replylen dns Rcode:rcode ReplyLen:msglen replies-only;
dataset client_subnet dns All:null ClientSubnet:cip4_net queries-only max-cells=200;
dataset qtype_vs_qnamelen dns Qtype:qtype QnameLen:qnamelen queries-only;
dataset qtype_vs_tld dns Qtype:qtype TLD:tld queries-only,popular-qtypes
max-cells=200;
dataset certain_qnames_vs_qtype dns CertainQnames:certain_qnames Qtype:qtype
queries-only;
dataset client_subnet2 dns Class:query_classification ClientSubnet:cip4_net
queries-only max-cells=200;
dataset client_addr_vs_rcode dns Rcode:rcode ClientAddr:client replies-only
max-cells=50;
dataset chaos_types_and_names dns Qtype:qtype Qname:qname chaos-class,queries-only;
dataset idn_qname dns All:null IDNQname:idn_qname queries-only;
dataset edns_version dns All:null EDNSVersion:edns_version queries-only;
dataset do_bit dns All:null D0:do_bit queries-only;
dataset rd_bit dns All:null RD:rd_bit queries-only;
dataset ipv6_rsn_abusers dns All:null ClientAddr:client
queries-only, aaaa-or-a6-only, root-servers-net-only max-cells=50;
dataset transport_vs_qtype dns Transport:transport Qtype:qtype queries-only;
dataset direction_vs_ipproto ip Direction:ip_direction IPProto:ip_proto any;
dataset dns_ip_version_vs_qtype dns IPVersion:dns_ip_version Qtype:qtype queries-only;
```

```
# Additional data sets for RSSAC
dataset unique_sources dns IPVersion:dns_ip_version ClientAddr:client queries-only;
dataset traffic_volume_queries dns Transport:transport IPVersion:dns_ip_version
queries-only;
dataset traffic_volume_responses dns Transport:transport IPVersion:dns_ip_version
replies-only;
dataset traffic_sizes_queries dns Transport:transport MsgLen:msglen queries-only;
dataset traffic_sizes_responses dns Transport:transport MsgLen:msglen replies-only;
```

Plots

The relationship between the Hedgehog plots and those produced by DSC are listed here for convenience.

Hedgehog plot category	Hedgehog plot display name	DSC plot id	DSC display name
Node Statistics			
	By node	by_node	By node
Query Attributes			
	CHAOS queries	chaos_types_and_names	CHAOS
	DO bit	do_bit	Query Attributes > DO bit

	EDNS version	edns_version	Query Attributes > EDNS version
	IDN qnames	idn_qname	Query Attributes > IDN Qnames
	OPCODE	opcode	Opcodes
	RD bit	rd_bit	Query Attributes > RD bit
QTYPE			
	DNS queries by QTYPE	qtype	Qtypes
	DNSSEC queries by QTYPE	dnssec_qtype	DNSSEC Qtypes
	Popular query names by QTYPE	certain_qnames_vs_qtype	Popular Names
	QTYPE for most popular TLDs	qtype_vs_tld	TLDs
	Query Name Lengths by QTYPE	qtype_vs_qnamlen	Qname Lengths
RCODE			
	Replies by RCODE	rcode	Rcodes
	Reply lengths by RCODE	rcode_vs_replylen	Reply Lengths
IP Protocol			
	IP version	dns_ip_version	IP version
	Queries by IP version, QTYPE	dns_ip_version_vs_qtype	IP version > Query types
	Received packets by IP protocol	direction_vs_ipproto	IP protocols
	Transports carrying DNS queries	transport_vs_qtype	DNS transport
PCAP statistics			
	PCAP statistics		
Client Subnet Statistics			
	Busiest client subnets	client_subnet_accum	Client Geography
	RCODE by client subnet	client_addr_vs_rcode_accum	Rcodes by Client Address
	Root abusers	ipv6_rsn_abusers_accum	IPv6 root abusers
Classification			
	Query classification by client subnet (accum)	client_subnet2_accum	Classification
	Query classification by client subnet (count)	client_subnet2_count	Classification > count
	Query classifications	client_subnet2_trace	Classification > trace

In addition Hedgehog is capable of displaying plots based on datasets defined in the RSSAC 002 document (see later for more details):

Hedgehog plot category	Hedgehog plot display name
RSSAC	
	RCODE volume
	Traffic sizes
	Traffic volume
	Unique sources

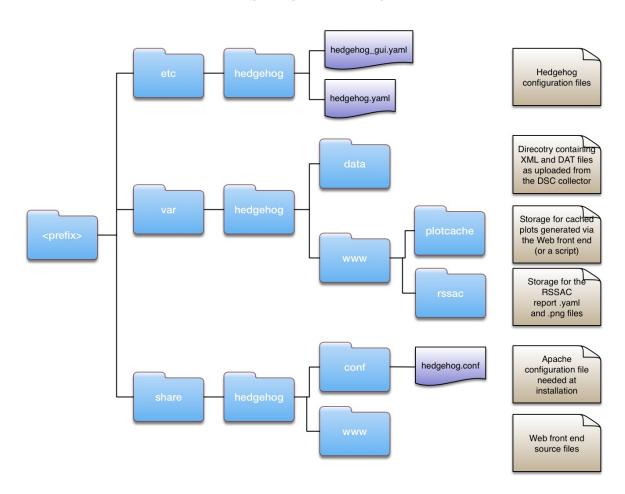
Installation

The installation is documented separately in the Installation guide PDF.

Directory Structure

Hedgehog uses the following directory structure under the install cprefix> directory (/usr/local/ by default)

Hedgehog - Directory structure



Upload of Data

It is assumed that the user has already deployed an upload mechanism used with the DSC collector and presenter. A common practice is to use ssh for the upload.

Hedgehog also supports the use of WebDAV for uploads, validated with certificates. This is particularly useful for deployments with many nodes as it scales better than ssh.

TODO: Document usage of WebDAV

Tools

Hedgehog provides a set of scripts to support the database and data file management, and to generate the RSSAC reports. They are documented separately in the Hedgehog Tools PDF.

Import of data

Hedgehog provides a refile_and_grok.sh script for this purpose. See the Installation guide for more details of how to configure this.

Monitoring data import

The import process produces two different logs for the user to track the progress of the data import:

- The refile_and_grok.sh script writes output about which nodes it is processing to a refile_and_grok.out file in the Hedgehog prefix>/var/h
 edgehog/data directory. This gives a high level view of the processing. (KNOWN ISSUE: the time stamps for the individual nodes in this file are not correct, however the script start and stop times are correct.)
- The import also generates a log file per node in the refix>/var/hedgehog/data/<server>/<node> directory called dsc-extractor.out. This
 lists more details on the processing of each XML file for a specific node.
- A utility script is also provided: prefix>/bin/hedgehog_datafiles_create_datafiles_summary.sh</pr>which can be run to get an summary of the current state of processing.

Adding or updating servers and nodes

If new servers or nodes need to be added to the system then the user should:

- update the prefix>/etc/hedgehog/nodes.csv files as required to include the new servers/nodes
- run the refix>/bin/hedgehog_database_update_nodes.sh
 script which will update the data in the database and create any required directory structures



In the event of adding new servers the user **must** also then run the *prefix>/bin/hedgehog_database_manage_partition.sh* scripts to create the required database tables so that data can be imported for the new server.

Plot caching

Hedgehog caches plot image files as they are generated by the user. The plot files are cached in the directory listed in the / hedgehog/yaml file in the directories section for 'plotcache' (this path is auto-generated in 2.0 and should not be changed by the user).

- The reuse of cached plots can be enabled/disabled by changing the use_plot_caching option in the cprefix>/share/www/conf/hedgehog_gui.yaml configuration file
- The caching_delay_in_hours option in the same file controls the delay applied to caching the most recently uploaded data. For example the default for this is 1 i.e. only plots for which the end time is more than one hour ago will be cached. This avoids caching plots where the data may still be being imported for some nodes if there were a delay in upload or processing for some reason.
- If desired, a cron job can be created that will create cached plots for specific time periods, for example it may be useful to have a cron job
 to create daily plots for the previous day (see the section on Maintenance). This will make loading of the homepage faster.
- If needed the cached files for selected or all plots may be deleted by running the refix>/bin/hedgehog_plotcach_rm_cached_plots.sh sc ript.

RSSAC reports

Data collection

If the required datasets are collected via the DSC collector (see Datasets above), Hedgehog can produce RRSAC reports as described in the "RS SAC Recommendation on Measurements of the Root Server System - RSSAC 002" document for the following metrics:

- traffic-volume
- traffic-size
- rcode-volume
- · unique-sources

Generating the reports

- To produce the RSSAC reports the refix>/bin/hedgehog_rssac_generate_reports.sh script must be run (see the Hedgehog Tools guide for more information). The resulting yaml files (along with matching plot files) are stored in the directory listed in the refix>/etc/hedgehog/hedgehog.yaml</pr> file in the directories section for 'rssac' (this path is auto-generated in 2.0 and should not be changed by the user).
- The generated files are served by the Hedgehog front end and can be found by clicking on the "RSSAC reports" link at the bottom left of the Hedgehog webpage.
- (i)

Note that RSSAC reports can be run for any server, however the name of the server affects the value in the service field of the generated yaml:

If the server name is of the pattern "*-root" where * is a letter, then the service will be "*.root-servers.org". For all other server names the service will simply be the server name.

The script can either be run manually, or via a cron job as described in the Maintenance section of the installation guide.

Notes

Some notes on the RSSAC data:

- The DSC collector cannot collect extended RCODES and therefore Hedgehog cannot include this information in the rcode_volume report
- As a result of the DSC collector mechanism (i.e collecting data in 1 minute windows) the total quantity of data collected in the
 'unique_sources' dataset can be significant and can result in exceptionally large database tables for this dataset. However, this 'raw' data
 must be uploaded to the Hedgehog database so that it can be accumulated over the 24 hour report period.
 - Once the raw data for the entire 24 hours is uploaded, the RSSAC report can be generated to create the summary figures required in the report and the 'raw' data may be discarded to save disk space (see the Maintanance section of the Installation guide for details of the script to do this).
 - The 'Unique sources' plot in the Hedgehog GUI is generated from the summary data, not from the raw data and therefore the plot cannot be viewed until after the relevant RSSAC report has been generated via the hedgehog_rssac_generate_reports.sh script.

Limitations/Known issues

Users should be aware of several limitations in the current version of Hedgehog as listed below. It is hoped they will be addressed in future versions

- The web front end and the database must reside on the same server in 2.0.
- The full list of possible plots are displayed via the drop down menu in the GUI, regardless of whether there is data in the database for the
 plot.
- By default, Flash is required to view interactive plots. A configuration option is available (default_interactive_plot_type in hedgehog_gui.y aml) which can specify the system to produce SVG plots instead (which do not require Flash). However there is a known issue with the SVG plots where long legends are not wrapped properly:
 https://code.google.com/p/google-visualization-api-issues/issues/detail?id=1536. This effects, for example, the 'Traffic volume' plot.
 When this issue is addressed the SVG plots will become the default plot type.
- The plot is not sorted according to size correctly in the interactive plots for horizontal bar charts. The static plots should be used instead.
 This includes:
 - QTYPE for most popular TLD
 - Busient client subnet
 - · CODE by client subnet
 - Root abusers
 - · Query classification by subnet
- Server, node and group names may only contain alphanumeric characters and hyphens (-).
- The Unique Sources plot is not available until after the RSSAC report has been generated for the date in question.