Hedgehog Tools Guide

The Hedgehog tools are a set of scripts that are used to perform various tasks in terms of creating and maintaining the database and hedgehog data files on disk. They can be found under the install directory (as determined by the cprefix> option to configure) in /sbin and /bin

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Database

hedgehog_database_create.sh

. This script has to be run as root and is used to initially create the database

Install and populate database tables/users. This script creates 1 database with 1 schema. It creates 2 database users with the user names specified in the cprefix>/etc/hedgehog/hedgehog.yaml file in the 'database' section: - owns the database schemas and is used to create objects such as - owner - read_user - the user that runs apache. This user is read only on the schemas. It calls the hedeghog_database_update_nodes.sh script which will populate the DB with the specified nodes and create a directory structure for them in the working data directory. Usage: /usr/local/sbin/hedgehog_database_create.sh options Supported options: -u Owner of postgres processes (Default: postgres) -p Use this flag to be prompted for the postgres user password if one has been configured -m Start month of oldest data to be imported (default is current month, format YYYY-MM) -h Show this help

hedgehog_database_update_nodes.sh

• Run this script if new nodes or servers are added to the system

Add/update the servers and nodes in the database. This reads input from file called nodes.csv in the /usr/local/etc/hedgehog directory.

- An example nodes.csv file is installed if one does not exist.
- See the comments in that file for details of the format.
- No action is taken on servers/nodes that are in the database but are not in the input files.

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_database_update_nodes.sh options

Supported options:

- -p Run in prediction mode. Output findings but don't act on the DB
- -h Show this help.

hedgehog_database_manage_partitions.sh

- This script creates new tables in the database to hold the imported data.
- It must be run at least once a month or the import will fail. It is recommended to configure a cron job as described in the Cron
 jobs section of the Installation guide.
- · Otherwise, the user will only have to run this script when new servers are added to an existing system.

```
Create new set of partitions for the future incoming data.

Usage: /opt/hedgehog/bin/hedgehog_database_manage_partitions.sh options

Supported options:

-p Date of partitions to create in YYYY-MM format (default is next month)
-h Show this help
```

Datafiles

hedgehog_datafiles_create_summary.sh

• This is a useful utility script that can be used to get a high level picture of the processing of the XML files for all the nodes in the system. It can help identify backlogs in the processing system.

```
Generate a processing report based on the information in the log files

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_datafiles_create_summary.sh options

Supported options:

-s Only report on the server with this name (default is all servers)

-n Only report on the node with this name (default is all nodes)

-c Output in csv format for import into spreadsheet application

-h Show this help.
```

hedgehog_datafiles_tar_old_xml_files.sh

```
Pack old xml files already processed into a .tar package to store and archive.

The xml files are packed according to their date and node and server.

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_datafiles_tar_old_xml_files.sh options

Supported options:

-h Show this help
```

hedgehog_datafiles_rm_empty_xml_dirs.sh

```
Remove empty incoming xml directories after a certain period of time (default is all the processed directories older than 7 days ago)

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_datafiles_rm_empty_xml_dirs.sh options

Supported options:
-d Date before which removing empty xml directories (default: 7 days ago, format YYYY-MM-DD)
-h Show this help
```

Plotcache

hedgehog_plotcache_generate_cached_plots.sh

- You must add at least one option for which plot window to generate [-D|-W|-M].
- By default, the cached plots are generated daily for the day before between 00:00 and 23:59. It can be helpful to configure a daily cron job to use this script to create cached plots to make loading of the homepage and common plots faster.

```
Create cached plots for each chosen period (day/week/month) between Start and End range of time.

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_generate_cached_plots.sh options

Supported options:

-s Start date of time range from which to create cached plots (default is 1 day before at 00:00, format YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm)

-e End date of time range from which to create cached plots (default is 1 day before at 23:59, format YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm)

-D Generate daily cached plots

-W Generate weekly cached plots

-M Generate monthly cached plots

-h Show this help
```

hedgehog_plotcache_rm_cached_plots.sh

- The user should not normally need to run this script, but is available in case problem are encountered with cached plots, or it is desirable to flush the cache for some reason.
- This script is interactive if the -a option is not selected. You will be asked to select which cached plot types you'd like to remove.

```
Remove all or a set of cached plots from the directory structure.

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_plotcache_rm_cached_plots.sh options

Supported options:

-a Remove all cached plots
-h Show this help
```

RSSAC

hedgehog rssac generate reports.sh

- By default the script creates RSSAC reports for all configured servers for a date 7 days in the past
- By default it will call hedgehog_rssac_process_unique_source_data.sh (see below) before generating the report. (This can be disabled
 for unusual cases where the data has already been processed but the report needs to be re-generated.)
- Note the unique_source data for the report is taken from the summary table, not the raw table.

```
Create RSSAC reports for a specified 24 hour period

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_rssac_generate_reports.sh options

Supported options:

-s Date on which to create RSSAC reports (default is 7 days ago, format: YYYY-MM-DD)

-u Don't call the script that processes the unique source raw data
    (see hedgehog_process_unique_source_data.sh)

-D Also delete the raw unique_source data (default: no delete)

-h Show this help
```

hedgehog_rssac_process_unique_source_data.sh

- The user should not have to run this script directly, it is used indirectly to generate the RSSAC reports.
- The importer inserts data from the XML files into the 'unique_source_raw' table. For each node, this script creates entries in the
 'unique_source_summary' table based on the raw data and then (optionally) deletes the original raw data from the 'unique_source_raw'
 table.

```
Process the raw unique source data into a summary table for a specified 24 hour period

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_rssac_process_unique_source_data.sh options

Supported options:

-s Date on which to process data (default is 7 days ago, format: YYYY-MM-DD)

-f Force overwrite of existing summary data

-D Also delete the raw data (default: no delete)

-h Show this help
```

hedgehog rssac rm old unique source data.sh

• For some systems, the unique source raw data can be unmanageably large. This script can be used to truncate the database tables to recover the disk space, for example it can be run once a month to remove all the raw data for the previous month

```
Delete the raw unique source data _before_ a given date

Usage: /usr/local/bin/hedgehog_rssac_rm_old_unique_source_data.sh options

Supported options:
   -s Date from which to delete all unique source data (default is 14 days ago, format: YYYY-MM-DD)
   -h Show this help
```

Other tools

hedgehog_conf_read.sh

- The script parses the contents of the c/prefix>/etc/hedgehog/hedgehog.yaml file into environment variables for use my the other scripts.
 Users will not need to run this directly.
- The database parameters are to be set by the user (if default ones need to be modified) and the directory structure parameters are auto-generated and better left alone.