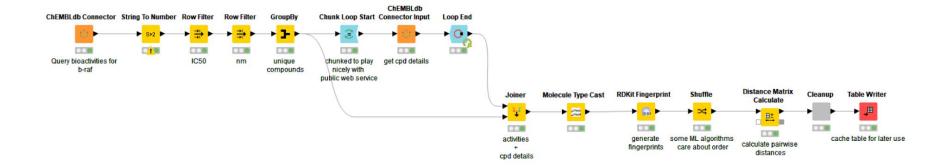
Cheminformatics example workflows

Created by Aaron Hart (aaron.hart@gmail.com)

Premise:

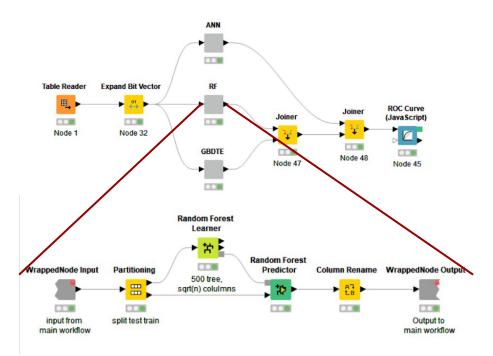
Explore the chemical information around Vemurafenib

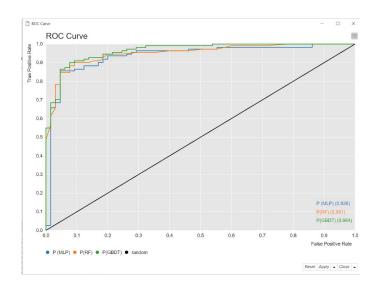
Bioactivity retrieval from ChEMBL



- Fetch relevant data for the target from ChEMBL
- 2. Prepare molecular structures, fingerprints and distance matrix (Tanimoto similarity)
- 3. Clean up column names, tag activity and write to cache

Comparing Activity Models



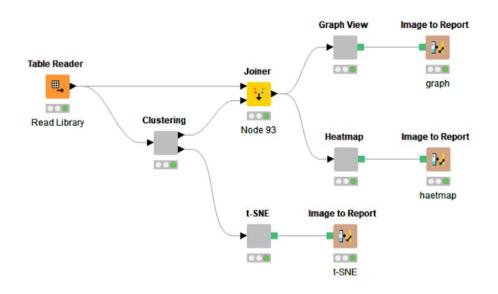


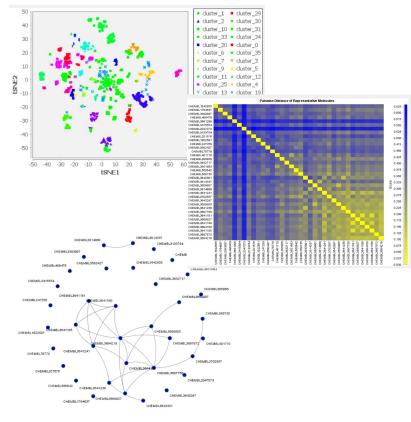
Compare activity models based on the fingerprint:

- 1. A deep MLP neural network
- 2. A classical random forest
- 3. A gradient boosted decision tree ensemble

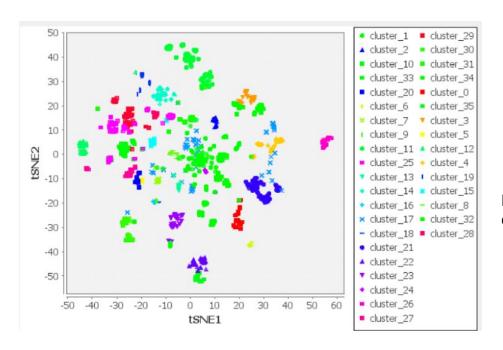
Note: no work was put into optimization of any of the models but that is also something I can do.

Library visualization I: Representative compounds





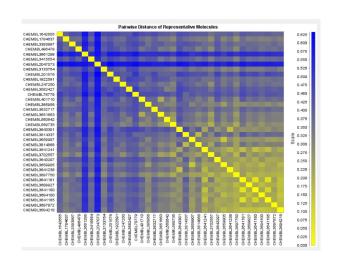
Library visualization



- PCA of the fingerprints (should probably be truncated SVD)
- 2. k-Means on the first ~200 components
- Visualization via t-SNE

Note: some clusters could be merged for a more compact representation of the library

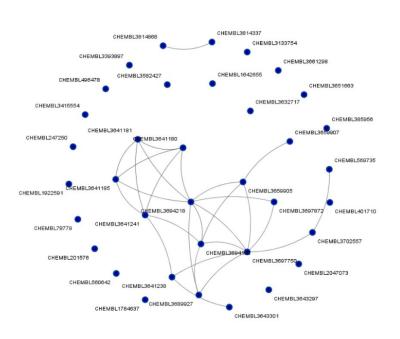
Library visualization II: Visualizing cluster similarity



- 1. Choose cluster representatives
- 2. Sort by principal component
- Generate heatmap based on pairwise distances

Note: A more even distribution of pairwise distances would indicate a more representative sampling of the chemical space captured within this library.

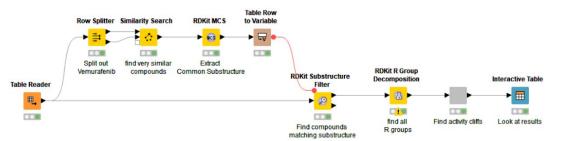
Library visualization III: Distance based network view

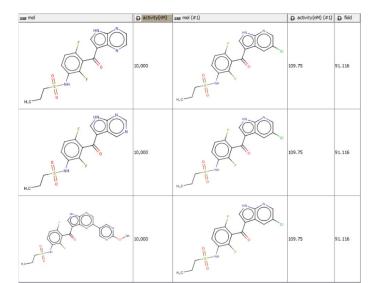


- Calculate distances for cluster reps.
- 2. Filter edges by distance threshold
- 3. Visualization using network view

Note: no real purpose here, just showing an example of a graph visualization.

Matched molecular pairs





- 1. Find all compounds with a given substructure
- 2. Pull out the R groups and find pairs with very small differences
- Look for activity cliffs where a single change in R causes big change in activity