## Course Code: CST 314

GTHS/RS - 19 / 7185

## Fifth Semester B. E. (Computer Science and Engineering) Examination

## DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 60

## Instructions to Candidates :—

- (1) All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) Solve any Two sub-questions from each question.
- (3) Mention comments properly before writing the algorithms.
- 1. (a) Solve the following non-homogeneous recurrence and generate suitable bound:

$$t_n = 2t_{n-1} - 2t_{n-2}$$
  $n \ge 2$ , subject to  $t_0 = 0$   $t_1 = 1$  5 (CO 1)

(b) Solve the following recurrence relation using recursion tree method. Also prove the provided bound is asymptotically tight.

$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + cn$$
 5 (CO 1)

(c) Compute the asymptotic bound for the following recurrence relation using substitution method:

$$T(n) = 2T(n/3) + \log(n)$$
 5 (CO 1)

2. (a) Implement selection sort on the following array. Also, state the underlying algorithm along with the time and space complexity.

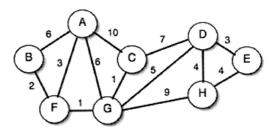
- (b) State and explain the necessity of amortized analysis. Illustrate the process with the help of binary counter.

  5 (CO 1)
- (c) State an algorithm for the construction of max heap. Implement this on the following set of elements:

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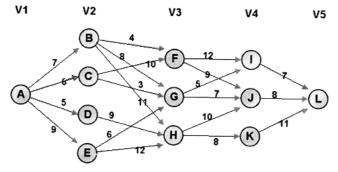
3. (a) Compute the minimum and maximum element in the following set of elements using DAC approach:

(b) Compute minimum cost spanning tree for the following connected graph using greedy approach. Also, write the time complexity of the underlying algorithm.



5 (CO 2, CO 3)

- (c) State and explain the Prim's algorithm for computing the minimum cost spanning tree. Also, mention the time and space complexity. 5 (CO 2)
- 4. (a) Implement the multistage graph using dynamic programming approach on the following graph and compute the shortest path from source A to destination L:



5 (CO 2, CO 3, CO 5)

- (b) Can negative edges be handled in Bellman Ford Shortest Path Algorithm? State the underlying algorithm. 5 (CO 2)
- (c) State principle of optimality with proper example. How is it applied as a key characteristic in dynamic programming? Explain with the help of longest common subsequence.

  5 (CO 2, CO 3, CO 5)

- 5. (a) State an algorithm for the computation of all the articulation points in an undirected connected graph. 5 (CO 2, CO 3)
  - (b) How graph coloring problem can be solved using backtracking approach? Propose the formulation along with the backtracking efficiency.

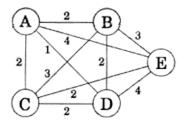
5 (CO 2, CO 3, CO 5)

(c) Implement sum of subset on the following data using backtracking formulation:

 $W = \{5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18\}, \text{ and } m = 30$  5 (CO 2, CO 3, CO 5)

- 6. (a) Clearly define the polynomial reduction process. Define NP complete and NP hard problem with the help of polynomial reduction. Give an example.

  5 (CO 4)
  - (b) Implement approximate Travelling salesman problem on the following connected graph. Also state the approximate algorithm.



5 (CO 4)

(c) Reduce satisfiability problem into an independent set problem. What conclusion can you draw using this reduction? 5 (CO 4)