

# 论文数据分析

郑元瑞

## 目录

<b>1</b>	<b>加载包和数据预处理</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1	加载包 . . . . .	2
1.2	数据预处理 . . . . .	3
<b>2</b>	<b>共同方法偏差检验</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1	harman . . . . .	4
2.2	双因子 . . . . .	4
<b>3</b>	<b>问卷信效度分析</b>	<b>6</b>
3.1	社交网站使用强度 . . . . .	6
3.2	自尊 . . . . .	11
3.3	创新自我效能感 . . . . .	14
3.4	创新行为 . . . . .	18
<b>4</b>	<b>描述性统计和相关性分析</b>	<b>25</b>
4.1	数据各个维度加总 . . . . .	25
4.2	描述性统计 . . . . .	27
4.3	可视化 . . . . .	29
4.4	相关分析 . . . . .	30
<b>5</b>	<b>间接效应</b>	<b>35</b>
5.1	有调节的中介 . . . . .	35
5.2	模型比较 . . . . .	48

## 1 加载包和数据预处理

清除环境中其他变量

```
rm(list = ls())
```

### 1.1 加载包

```
library(tidyverse)
library(report)
library(sandwich)
library(readxl)
library(psych)
library(writexl)
library(lavaan)
library(tidySEM)
library(sjmisc)
library(Hmisc)
library(performance)
library(rockchalk)
library(interactions)
library(semTools)
library(effectsize)
# install.packages("lavaanPlot")
library(lavaanPlot)
```

## 1.2 数据预处理

```
df <- read_excel(
  "/Users/zhengyuanrui/Desktop/社交网站/数据/原始数据.xlsx"
)
colnames(df) <-c("id","times_submit",
                 "time_finish",
                 "source","source_info","IP",
                 "sex","grade","residence",
                 "school","SNS1","SNS2",
                 "SNS3","SNS4","SNS5","SNS6",
                 "SES1","SES2","SES3","SES4","SES5",
                 "SES6","SES7","SES8","SES9",
                 "SES10","CSES1","CSES2","CSES3",
                 "CSES4","EIB1","EIB2","EIB3","EIB4",
                 "EIB5","EIB6","EIB7","EIB8","total")

df <- df %>%
  rec(SSES3, rec = "1 = 4; 2 = 3; 3 = 2; 4 = 1") %>%
  #
  rec(SSES5, rec = "1 = 4; 2 = 3; 3 = 2; 4 = 1") %>%
  rec(SSES8, rec = "1 = 4; 2 = 3; 3 = 2; 4 = 1") %>%
  rec(SSES9, rec = "1 = 4; 2 = 3; 3 = 2; 4 = 1") %>%
  rec(SSES10, rec = "1 = 4; 2 = 3; 3 = 2; 4 = 1")

df1 <- df
df1$SNS1 <- scale(df1$SNS1, center = T, scale = T)
df1$SNS2 <- scale(df1$SNS2, center = T, scale = T)
df1$SNS3 <- scale(df1$SNS3, center = T, scale = T)
df1$SNS4 <- scale(df1$SNS4, center = T, scale = T)
df1$SNS5 <- scale(df1$SNS5, center = T, scale = T)
df1$SNS6 <- scale(df1$SNS6, center = T, scale = T)
# write_xlsx(df1, "信效度.xlsx")
# getwd()
```

## 2 共同方法偏差检验

### 2.1 harman

```
h <- df %>% dplyr::select(-c(id, times_submit,
                             time_finish, source,
                             source_info, IP, sex,
                             grade, residence, school,
                             total, SES3, SES5, SES9, SES10, SES8_r))
h <- as.data.frame(h)
# write_csv(h, "harman.csv")

singlefactor <- psych::fa(h, nfactors = 1, rotate = "none", fm="ml")

singlefactor[["Vaccounted"]]

##                                ML1
## SS loadings      9.8578723
## Proportion Var 0.3520669
```

### 2.2 双因子

```
model1 <- '
# measurement model
SNS =~ SNS1 + SNS2 + SNS3 + SNS4 +
SNS5 + SNS6
SES =~ SES1 + SES2 + SES3_r + SES4 +
SES5_r + SES6 + SES7 + SES8 + SES9_r + SES10_r
CSES =~ CSES1 + CSES2 + CSES3 + CSES4
EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 + EIB3 + EIB4 +
EIB5 + EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
# residual correlations
```

```

SNS ~~ SES
SNS ~~ CSES
SNS ~~ EIB
SES ~~ CSES
SES ~~ EIB
CSES ~~ EIB
'

model2 <- '
# measurement model
SNS =~ SNS1 + SNS2 + SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 +
SNS6
SES =~ SES1 + SES2 + SES3_r + SES4 + SES5_r +
SES6 + SES7 + SES8 + SES9_r + SES10_r

CSES =~ CSES1 + CSES2 + CSES3 + CSES4
EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 + EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +
EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8

f =~ 1*SNS1 + 1*SNS2 + 1*SNS3 + 1*SNS4 +
1*SNS5 + 1*SNS6+1*SES1 + 1*SES2 +
1*SES3_r + 1*SES4 + 1*SES5_r + 1*SES6 +
1*SES7 + 1*SES8 + 1*SES9_r + 1*SES10_r+
1*CSES1 + 1*CSES2 + 1*CSES3 + 1*CSES4 +
1*EIB1 +
1*EIB2 + 1*EIB3 + 1*EIB4 + 1*EIB5 +
1*EIB6 + 1*EIB7 + 1*EIB8

# residual correlations
SNS ~~ SES
SNS ~~ CSES
SNS ~~ EIB
SES ~~ CSES
SES ~~ EIB

```

```

CSES ~~ EIB
'
fit <- cfa(model1, data = df)
fit2 <- cfa(model2, data = df)

fitMeasures(fit, c("chisq", "df",
                   "pvalue", "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##      chisq      df  pvalue      cfi   rmsea      tli      srmr
## 4029.410 344.000   0.000   0.806   0.103   0.787   0.098

fitMeasures(fit2, c("chisq", "df",
                    "pvalue", "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##      chisq      df  pvalue      cfi   rmsea      tli      srmr
## 2393.989 339.000   0.000   0.892   0.077   0.879   0.087

```

### 3 问卷信效度分析

#### 3.1 社交网站使用强度

##### 3.1.1 信效度分析

```

valid_SNS <- "v_SNS=~ SNS1 + SNS2 +
SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6"
model_valid_SNS <- cfa(valid_SNS, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_SNS,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##      chisq      df  pvalue      cfi   rmsea      tli      srmr
## 361.249   9.000   0.000   0.889   0.196   0.816   0.065

```

```
df1 %>% dplyr::select(SNS1:SNS6) %>%
  KMO()

## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = .)
## Overall MSA = 0.86
## MSA for each item =
## SNS1 SNS2 SNS3 SNS4 SNS5 SNS6
## 0.83 0.88 0.86 0.87 0.87 0.86

df1 %>% filter(school == 1) -> df_public
cfa(valid_SNS, data = df_public) %>%
  fitMeasures(c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
                "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##   chisq      df pvalue    cfi  rmsea    tli    srmr
## 168.102  9.000  0.000  0.884  0.206  0.807  0.067

df1 %>% filter(school == 2) -> df_private
cfa(valid_SNS, data = df_private) %>%
  fitMeasures(c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
                "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##   chisq      df pvalue    cfi  rmsea    tli    srmr
## 209.051  9.000  0.000  0.886  0.193  0.810  0.069

valid_SNS <- "v_SNS=~ SNS1 + SNS2 +
SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6"
model_valid_SNS <- cfa(valid_SNS, data = df1)
modindices(model_valid_SNS, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)
```

#### 3.1.1.1 模型修正

```
##      lhs op  rhs      mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 15 SNS1 ~~ SNS3 88.760 0.160 0.160 0.431 0.431
```

```
## 18 SNS1 ~~ SNS6 88.441 -0.174 -0.174 -0.354 -0.354
## 14 SNS1 ~~ SNS2 87.438 0.167 0.167 0.365 0.365
## 28 SNS5 ~~ SNS6 85.554 0.169 0.169 0.354 0.354
## 27 SNS4 ~~ SNS6 77.396 0.164 0.164 0.330 0.330
```

```
fitMeasures(model_valid_SNS,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))
```

```
##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea      tli      srmr
## 361.249   9.000   0.000   0.889   0.196   0.816   0.065
```

第一次修正

```
valid_SNS2 <- "v_SNS=~ SNS1 + SNS2 +
SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6
SNS1      ~~ SNS3
"
model_valid_SNS2 <- cfa(valid_SNS2, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_SNS2,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))
```

```
##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea      tli      srmr
## 263.109   8.000   0.000   0.920   0.177   0.850   0.063
```

```
modindices(model_valid_SNS2, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)
```

```
##   lhs op rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 15 SNS1 ~~ SNS2 105.430 0.181 0.181 0.329 0.329
## 20 SNS2 ~~ SNS4 47.205 -0.130 -0.130 -0.285 -0.285
## 18 SNS1 ~~ SNS6 37.394 -0.105 -0.105 -0.201 -0.201
## 28 SNS5 ~~ SNS6 24.788 0.093 0.093 0.228 0.228
## 27 SNS4 ~~ SNS6 24.353 0.092 0.092 0.214 0.214
```

第二次修正



```
valid_SNS3 <- "v_SNS=~ SNS1 + SNS2 +
SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6
SNS1    ~~ SNS3
SNS1    ~~ SNS2
"
model_valid_SNS3 <- cfa(valid_SNS3, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_SNS3,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea    tli    srmr
## 157.982   7.000   0.000   0.953   0.146   0.898   0.046

modindices(model_valid_SNS3, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)

##    lhs op  rhs      mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 19 SNS2 ~~ SNS3 116.400  0.212   0.212   0.419   0.419
## 24 SNS3 ~~ SNS5  29.241 -0.090 -0.090   -0.237  -0.237
## 20 SNS2 ~~ SNS4  27.107 -0.092 -0.092   -0.200  -0.200
## 18 SNS1 ~~ SNS6  17.820 -0.069 -0.069   -0.133  -0.133
## 28 SNS5 ~~ SNS6  16.060  0.076  0.076    0.190   0.190
```

### 第三次修正

```
valid_SNS4 <- "v_SNS=~ SNS1 + SNS2 +
SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6
SNS1    ~~ SNS3
SNS1    ~~ SNS2
SNS2    ~~ SNS3
"
model_valid_SNS4 <- cfa(valid_SNS4, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_SNS4,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea    tli    srmr
```

```
## 47.634 6.000 0.000 0.987 0.083 0.967 0.022
```

```
modindices(model_valid_SNS4, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)
```

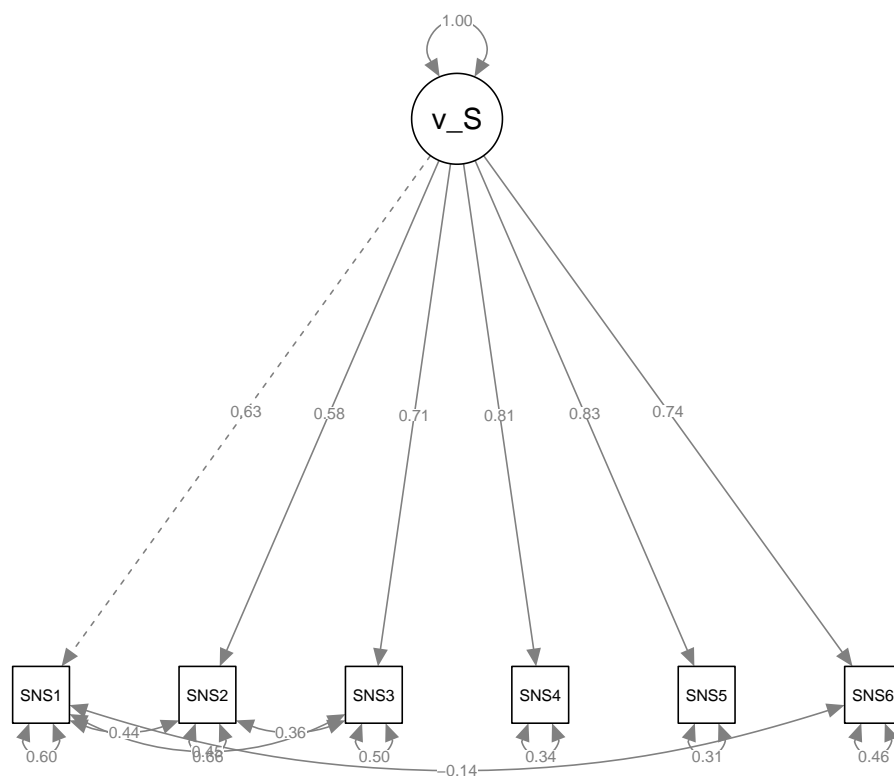
```
##      lhs op  rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 19 SNS1 ~~ SNS6 18.645 -0.069 -0.069 -0.127 -0.127
## 23 SNS3 ~~ SNS4 13.592 0.056 0.056 0.138 0.138
## 18 SNS1 ~~ SNS5 13.404 0.055 0.055 0.125 0.125
## 26 SNS4 ~~ SNS5 12.707 -0.088 -0.088 -0.272 -0.272
## 24 SNS3 ~~ SNS5 10.792 -0.050 -0.050 -0.128 -0.128
```

第四次修正

```
valid_SNS5 <- "v_SNS=~ SNS1 + SNS2 +
SNS3 + SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6
SNS1      ~~ SNS3
SNS1      ~~ SNS2
SNS2      ~~ SNS3
SNS1      ~~ SNS6
"
model_valid_SNS5 <- cfa(valid_SNS5, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_SNS5,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))
```

```
## chisq      df pvalue      cfi rmsea      tli      srmr
## 27.692 5.000 0.000 0.993 0.067 0.979 0.015
```

```
library(semPlot)
semPaths(object = model_valid_SNS5, whatLabels = "std",)
```



```
semTools::reliability(model_valid_SNS)
```

```
##          v_SNS
## alpha  0.8822714
## omega  0.8831967
## omega2 0.8831967
## omega3 0.8834165
## avevar 0.5587465
```

## 3.2 自尊

### 3.2.1 信效度分析

```
valid_SES <- "v_SES =~ SES1 + SES2 +
SES3_r + SES4 + SES5_r + SES6 + SES7 +
```

```

SES8 + SES9_r + SES10_r
"
model_valid_SES <- cfa(valid_SES, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_SES,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue",
               "cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))

##      chisq      df  pvalue      cfi   rmsea      tli      srmr
## 2208.133  35.000   0.000   0.555   0.247   0.428   0.204

df1 %>% dplyr::select(SES1, SES2, SES3_r,
                     SES4, SES5_r, SES6, SES7,
                     SES8, SES9_r, SES10_r) %>% KMO()

## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = .)
## Overall MSA = 0.83
## MSA for each item =
##      SES1      SES2  SES3_r      SES4  SES5_r      SES6      SES7      SES8  SES9_r  SES10_r
##      0.88      0.87      0.81      0.89      0.80      0.84      0.85      0.89      0.74      0.74

df1 %>% dplyr::select(SES1, SES2, SES3_r,
                     SES4, SES5_r, SES6, SES7,
                     SES8, SES9_r, SES10_r) %>%
  cortest.bartlett()

## R was not square, finding R from data

## $chisq
## [1] 4901.013
##
## $p.value
## [1] 0
##
## $df
## [1] 45

```

```

df1 %>% dplyr::select(SSES1, SSES2, SSES3_r,
                      SSES4, SSES5_r, SSES6, SSES7,
                      SSES8, SSES9_r, SSES10_r) %>%
  principal(nfactors=1, score=TRUE)

## Principal Components Analysis
## Call: principal(r = ., nfactors = 1, scores = TRUE)
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##          PC1      h2    u2 com
## SSES1      0.69 0.4744 0.53   1
## SSES2      0.77 0.5893 0.41   1
## SSES3_r     0.53 0.2799 0.72   1
## SSES4      0.70 0.4936 0.51   1
## SSES5_r     0.49 0.2440 0.76   1
## SSES6      0.77 0.5989 0.40   1
## SSES7      0.75 0.5634 0.44   1
## SSES8     -0.10 0.0099 0.99   1
## SSES9_r     0.51 0.2594 0.74   1
## SSES10_r    0.51 0.2642 0.74   1
##
##          PC1
## SS loadings    3.78
## Proportion Var 0.38
##
## Mean item complexity = 1
## Test of the hypothesis that 1 component is sufficient.
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.23
## with the empirical chi square 4779.38 with prob < 0
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.64

```

```
semTools::reliability(model_valid_SES)
```

```
##                v_SES
## alpha  0.7498921
## omega  0.7215033
## omega2 0.7215033
## omega3 0.6300458
## avevar 0.2519320
```

```
M8 <- "
PSES =~ SES1 + SES2 + SES4 + SES6 + SES7

NSES =~ SES3_r + SES5_r + SES8 + SES9_r + SES10_r

GSES =~ SES1 + SES2 + SES3_r + SES4 + SES5_r + SES6 + SES7 + SES8 + SES9_r + SES10_r

PSES ~~ NSES
GSES ~~ 0*NSES
GSES ~~ 0*PSES
"

M8_cfa <- cfa(M8,df1,optim.method="BFGS",optim.force.converged=T,check.post=F)
fitMeasures(M8_cfa, c("chisq", "df", "pvalue","cfi", "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))
```

### 3.2.1.1 自尊量表双因子模型

```
##   chisq      df  pvalue      cfi   rmsea      tli      srmr
## 150.686 24.000   0.000   0.974   0.072   0.951   0.047
```

## 3.3 创新自我效能感

## 3.3.1 信效度分析

```
valid_CSES <- "v_CSES =~ CSES1 + CSES2 +
CSES3 + CSES4"
model_valid_CSES <- cfa(valid_CSES, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_CSES,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))
```

##	chisq	df	pvalue	cfi	rmsea	tli	srmr
##	122.206	2.000	0.000	0.962	0.243	0.885	0.030

```
modindices(model_valid_CSES, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)
```

##	lhs	op	rhs	mi	epc	sepc.lv	sepc.all	sepc.nox
## 15	CSES3	~~	CSES4	99.505	0.218	0.218	0.410	0.410
## 10	CSES1	~~	CSES2	99.505	0.286	0.286	0.883	0.883
## 13	CSES2	~~	CSES3	75.734	-0.199	-0.199	-0.494	-0.494
## 12	CSES1	~~	CSES4	75.734	-0.209	-0.209	-0.489	-0.489
## 14	CSES2	~~	CSES4	0.428	-0.017	-0.017	-0.051	-0.051

## 3.3.1.1 模型修正 一次修正

```
valid_CSES2 <- "v_CSES =~ CSES1 + CSES2 +
CSES3 + CSES4
CSES3    ~~ CSES4
"
model_valid_CSES2 <- cfa(valid_CSES2, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_CSES2,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", 'srmr'))
```

##	chisq	df	pvalue	cfi	rmsea	tli	srmr
##	26.427	1.000	0.000	0.992	0.158	0.951	0.012

```
modindices(model_valid_CSES2, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)
```

```
##      lhs op   rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 14 CSES2 ~~ CSES3 26.086 -0.113 -0.113 -0.310 -0.310
## 15 CSES2 ~~ CSES4 26.086  0.127  0.127  0.417  0.417
## 12 CSES1 ~~ CSES3 26.086  0.106  0.106  0.191  0.191
## 13 CSES1 ~~ CSES4 26.086 -0.119 -0.119 -0.257 -0.257
```

二次修正

```
valid_CSES3 <- "v_CSES =~ CSES1 + CSES2 +
CSES3 + CSES4
CSES3   ~~ CSES4
CSES2   ~~ CSES3
"
model_valid_CSES3 <- cfa(valid_CSES2, data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_CSES3,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr"))
```

```
##  chisq      df pvalue      cfi rmsea      tli      srmr
## 26.427  1.000  0.000  0.992  0.158  0.951  0.012
```

```
modindices(model_valid_CSES3, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)
```

```
##      lhs op   rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 14 CSES2 ~~ CSES3 26.086 -0.113 -0.113 -0.310 -0.310
## 15 CSES2 ~~ CSES4 26.086  0.127  0.127  0.417  0.417
## 12 CSES1 ~~ CSES3 26.086  0.106  0.106  0.191  0.191
## 13 CSES1 ~~ CSES4 26.086 -0.119 -0.119 -0.257 -0.257
```

```
df1 %>% dplyr::select(CSES1:CSES4) %>%
  KMO()
```

```
## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = .)
## Overall MSA = 0.81
```



```
## MSA for each item =
## CSES1 CSES2 CSES3 CSES4
## 0.80 0.77 0.86 0.82

df1 %>% dplyr::select(CSES1:CSES4) %>%
  cortest.bartlett()

## R was not square, finding R from data

## $chisq
## [1] 3122.308
##
## $p.value
## [1] 0
##
## $df
## [1] 6

df1 %>% select(CSES1:CSES4) %>%
  principal(nfactors=1, score=TRUE)

## Principal Components Analysis
## Call: principal(r = ., nfactors = 1, scores = TRUE)
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##      PC1    h2    u2 com
## CSES1 0.90 0.81 0.19  1
## CSES2 0.92 0.85 0.15  1
## CSES3 0.86 0.74 0.26  1
## CSES4 0.90 0.82 0.18  1
##
##              PC1
## SS loadings    3.22
## Proportion Var 0.81
##
## Mean item complexity = 1
## Test of the hypothesis that 1 component is sufficient.
```

```
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.08
## with the empirical chi square 71.52 with prob < 2.9e-16
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.99

semTools::reliability(model_valid_CSES)

##          v_CSES
## alpha 0.9191806
## omega 0.9198976
## omega2 0.9198976
## omega3 0.9176677
## avevar 0.7427416
```

### 3.4 创新行为

#### 3.4.1 信效度分析

```
valid_EIB <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +
          EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8"
model_valid_EIB <- cfa(valid_EIB,
                      data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB,
            c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
              "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea      tli  srmr      gfi
## 446.153 20.000  0.000   0.921  0.145   0.890  0.050  0.878

modindices(model_valid_EIB, sort = TRUE, maximum.number = 5)

##   lhs op  rhs      mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 41 EIB5 ~~ EIB7 85.186 0.141  0.141    0.331    0.331
```

```
## 18 EIB1 ~~ EIB2 84.068 0.094 0.094 0.349 0.349
## 22 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 64.056 -0.094 -0.094 -0.295 -0.295
## 19 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 57.799 0.080 0.080 0.278 0.278
## 43 EIB6 ~~ EIB7 54.929 0.105 0.105 0.269 0.269
```

#### 3.4.1.1 模型修正 一次修正

```
valid_EIB2 <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
EIB5    ~~ EIB7
"
model_valid_EIB2 <- cfa(valid_EIB2,
                        data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB2,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue","cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea    tli   srmr    gfi
## 360.375 19.000  0.000  0.937  0.133  0.907  0.047  0.905

modindices(model_valid_EIB2, sort = T, maximum.number = 5)

##   lhs op  rhs      mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 19 EIB1 ~~ EIB2 64.177 0.081  0.081   0.316   0.316
## 45 EIB7 ~~ EIB8 63.115 0.099  0.099   0.270   0.270
## 23 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 63.059 -0.095 -0.095  -0.297  -0.297
## 43 EIB6 ~~ EIB7 44.845 0.092  0.092   0.222   0.222
## 20 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 40.862 0.066  0.066   0.241   0.241
```

#### 第二次修正

```
valid_EIB3 <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
EIB5    ~~ EIB7
EIB1    ~~ EIB2
"
```

```

model_valid_EIB3 <- cfa(valid_EIB3,
                        data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB3,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea      tli      srmr      gfi
## 296.835 18.000   0.000   0.948  0.124   0.920   0.043   0.924

modindices(model_valid_EIB3, sort = T, maximum.number = 5)

##    lhs op  rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 45 EIB7 ~~ EIB8 51.484  0.089   0.089   0.256   0.256
## 20 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 44.023  0.068   0.068   0.226   0.226
## 43 EIB6 ~~ EIB7 34.988  0.080   0.080   0.204   0.204
## 23 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 33.538 -0.066 -0.066  -0.201  -0.201
## 39 EIB4 ~~ EIB7 32.804 -0.069 -0.069  -0.208  -0.208

valid_EIB4 <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
EIB5      ~~ EIB7
EIB1      ~~ EIB2
EIB7      ~~ EIB8
"
model_valid_EIB4 <- cfa(valid_EIB4,
                        data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB4,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea      tli      srmr      gfi
## 245.635 17.000   0.000   0.958  0.115   0.930   0.040   0.939

modindices(model_valid_EIB4, sort = T, maximum.number = 5)

##    lhs op  rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox

```

```
## 44 EIB6 ~~ EIB7 42.115 0.088 0.088 0.210 0.210
## 21 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 38.415 0.063 0.063 0.218 0.218
## 24 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 33.599 -0.067 -0.067 -0.204 -0.204
## 35 EIB3 ~~ EIB6 27.070 -0.065 -0.065 -0.196 -0.196
## 42 EIB5 ~~ EIB6 25.787 0.073 0.073 0.173 0.173
```

## 第四次修正

```
valid_EIB5 <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
EIB5    ~~ EIB7
EIB1    ~~ EIB2
EIB7    ~~ EIB8
EIB6    ~~ EIB7
"
model_valid_EIB5 <- cfa(valid_EIB5,
                        data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB5,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue","cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))
```

```
##   chisq      df pvalue    cfi  rmsea    tli    srmr    gfi
## 205.441 16.000  0.000  0.965  0.108  0.939  0.036  0.948
```

```
modindices(model_valid_EIB5, sort = T, maximum.number = 5)
```

```
##   lhs op  rhs    mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 43 EIB5 ~~ EIB6 67.400 0.129  0.129   0.302   0.302
## 22 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 36.657 0.062  0.062   0.215   0.215
## 25 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 35.144 -0.067 -0.067  -0.202  -0.202
## 45 EIB6 ~~ EIB8 29.025 0.072  0.072   0.208   0.208
## 35 EIB3 ~~ EIB5 26.099 -0.066 -0.066  -0.178  -0.178
```

## 第五次修正

```
valid_EIB6 <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
```

```

EIB5    ~~    EIB7
EIB1    ~~    EIB2
EIB7    ~~    EIB8
EIB6    ~~    EIB7
EIB5    ~~    EIB6
"

model_valid_EIB6 <- cfa(valid_EIB6,
                        data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB6,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))

##   chisq      df pvalue      cfi  rmsea    tli   srmr    gfi
## 138.602 15.000  0.000   0.977  0.090  0.957  0.029  0.966

modindices(model_valid_EIB6, sort = T, maximum.number = 5)

##    lhs op  rhs      mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 45 EIB6 ~~ EIB8 40.958  0.083   0.083   0.227   0.227
## 23 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 27.098  0.053   0.053   0.195   0.195
## 26 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 26.308 -0.056 -0.056  -0.164  -0.164
## 39 EIB3 ~~ EIB8 10.912 -0.037 -0.037  -0.125  -0.125
## 29 EIB2 ~~ EIB3  9.620  0.032   0.032   0.118   0.118

```

第六次修正

```

valid_EIB7 <- "v_EIB =~ EIB1 + EIB2 +
EIB3 + EIB4 + EIB5 +EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
EIB5    ~~    EIB7
EIB1    ~~    EIB2
EIB7    ~~    EIB8
EIB6    ~~    EIB7
EIB5    ~~    EIB6
EIB6    ~~    EIB8
"

```

```

model_valid_EIB7 <- cfa(valid_EIB7,
                        data = df1)
fitMeasures(model_valid_EIB7,
             c("chisq", "df", "pvalue", "cfi",
               "rmsea", "tli", "srmr", "gfi"))

##  chisq      df pvalue      cfi rmsea      tli      srmr      gfi
## 99.127 14.000 0.000 0.984 0.077 0.969 0.024 0.975

modindices(model_valid_EIB7, sort = T, maximum.number = 5)

##      lhs op  rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 24 EIB1 ~~ EIB3 20.209 0.046 0.046 0.176 0.176
## 45 EIB5 ~~ EIB8 20.098 0.070 0.070 0.168 0.168
## 27 EIB1 ~~ EIB6 15.599 -0.042 -0.042 -0.123 -0.123
## 42 EIB4 ~~ EIB6 14.991 0.045 0.045 0.138 0.138
## 37 EIB3 ~~ EIB5 14.790 -0.047 -0.047 -0.128 -0.128

df1 %>% dplyr::select(EIB1:EIB8) %>%
  KMO()

## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = .)
## Overall MSA = 0.93
## MSA for each item =
## EIB1 EIB2 EIB3 EIB4 EIB5 EIB6 EIB7 EIB8
## 0.92 0.93 0.93 0.94 0.93 0.93 0.91 0.94

df1 %>% dplyr::select(EIB1:EIB8) %>%
  cortest.bartlett()

## R was not square, finding R from data

## $chisq
## [1] 5410.361
##
## $p.value

```

```
## [1] 0
##
## $df
## [1] 28

df1 %>% dplyr::select(EIB1:EIB8) %>%
  principal(nfactors=1, score=TRUE)

## Principal Components Analysis
## Call: principal(r = ., nfactors = 1, scores = TRUE)
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##      PC1    h2    u2 com
## EIB1 0.81 0.66 0.34  1
## EIB2 0.83 0.69 0.31  1
## EIB3 0.78 0.61 0.39  1
## EIB4 0.84 0.70 0.30  1
## EIB5 0.78 0.62 0.38  1
## EIB6 0.80 0.64 0.36  1
## EIB7 0.80 0.64 0.36  1
## EIB8 0.83 0.69 0.31  1
##
##              PC1
## SS loadings    5.25
## Proportion Var 0.66
##
## Mean item complexity = 1
## Test of the hypothesis that 1 component is sufficient.
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.08
## with the empirical chi square 320.2 with prob < 5.9e-56
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.98
```



```
semTools::reliability(model_valid_EIB)
```

```
##              v_EIB
## alpha  0.9242452
## omega  0.9245129
## omega2 0.9245129
## omega3 0.9238404
## avevar 0.6056565
```

## 4 描述性统计和相关性分析

### 4.1 数据各个维度加总

```
df2 <- df1 %>%
  mutate(
    SNS_t = (SNS1 + SNS2 + SNS3 +
             SNS4 + SNS5 + SNS6) / 6,
    SES_t = SES1 + SES2 + SES3_r +
            SES4 + SES5_r + SES6 + SES7 +
            SES8 + SES9_r + SES10_r,
    CSES_t = CSES1 + CSES2 +
            CSES3 + CSES4,
    EIB_t = EIB1 + EIB2 + EIB3 +
            EIB4 + EIB5 +
            EIB6 + EIB7 + EIB8
  ) %>%
  dplyr::select(
    id, IP, sex, grade,
    residence, school,
    SNS_t, SES_t,
    CSES_t, EIB_t
  ) %>% mutate(sex = if_else(sex == 1, "male", "female")) %>%
```

```

mutate(residence = if_else(residence == 1, "city", "rural")) %>%
mutate(school = if_else(school == 1, "public", "private")) %>%
mutate(grade = case_when(
  grade == 1 ~ "freshman",
  grade == 2 ~ "sophomore",
  grade == 3 ~ "junior",
  grade == 4 ~ "senior"
)) %>% mutate(across(IP:school, as.factor))

df2 <- df2 %>%
  mutate(inter_raw = (SES_t - mean(SES_t)) * SNS_t,
         center_SES = scale(SES_t, center = TRUE,
                             scale = FALSE)) %>% mutate(
    IP = str_extract(IP, "[\u4e00-\u9fa5]+")
  )

####3 虚拟编码
df2 <- cbind(df2, dummy.code(df2$sex))
df2 <- cbind(df2, dummy.code(df2$grade))
df2 <- cbind(df2, dummy.code(df2$residence))
df2 <- cbind(df2, dummy.code(df2$school))

```

转换数据类型

```

# df2$sex <- factor(df2$sex)
# df2$grade <- factor(df2$grade)
# df2$school <- factor(df2$school)
df2$inter_raw <- as.numeric(df2$inter_raw)
df2$center_SES <- as.numeric(df2$center_SES)
df2$SNS_t <- as.numeric(df2$SNS_t)
str(df2)

```

```

## 'data.frame':   1014 obs. of  22 variables:
## $ id          : num  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ IP          : chr  "云南" "河北" "云南" "云南" ...

```

```
## $ sex      : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ grade    : Factor w/ 4 levels "freshman","junior",...: 4 3 3 4 4 4 1 4 4 4 ...
## $ residence : Factor w/ 2 levels "city","rural": 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ school   : Factor w/ 2 levels "private","public": 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ SNS_t    : num  0.8186 0.1317 0.3727 0.0709 -2.0149 ...
## $ SES_t    : num  31 34 28 28 31 35 31 25 33 37 ...
## $ CSES_t   : num  25 22 17 22 22 28 15 16 18 28 ...
## $ EIB_t    : num  38 29 27 30 30 35 25 16 22 38 ...
## $ inter_raw : num  1.9996 0.7168 -0.2076 -0.0395 -4.922 ...
## $ center_SES: num  2.443 5.443 -0.557 -0.557 2.443 ...
## $ female   : num  0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 ...
## $ male     : num  1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 ...
## $ freshman : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 ...
## $ sophomore : num  1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 ...
## $ junior   : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ senior   : num  0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ rural    : num  0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 ...
## $ city     : num  1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 ...
## $ private  : num  1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 ...
## $ public   : num  0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 ...
```

写出数据（如果需要的话）

```
# write_xlsx(df2, " 清洗完的数据.xlsx")
# write_csv(df2, " 清洗完的数据.csv")
# write_csv(df2, "abc.csv")
```

## 4.2 描述性统计

```
df_report <- df2 %>%
  dplyr::select(SNS_t, SES_t, CSES_t, EIB_t, IP, sex, grade, residence, school)

report::report(df_report)
```

```
## The data contains 1014 observations of the following 9 variables:
##   - SNS_t: n = 1014, Mean = 8.55e-17, SD = 0.79, Median = 0.07, MAD = 0.86, range: [11, 1014]
##   - SES_t: n = 1014, Mean = 28.56, SD = 4.46, Median = 28.00, MAD = 2.97, range: [11, 1014]
##   - CSES_t: n = 1014, Mean = 19.37, SD = 4.68, Median = 20.00, MAD = 4.45, range: [4, 1014]
##   - EIB_t: n = 1014, Mean = 28.49, SD = 5.90, Median = 28.00, MAD = 5.93, range: [8, 1014]
##   - IP: 29 entries, such as 云南 (59.27%); 广东 (11.05%); 浙江 (9.27%) and 26 others
##   - sex: 2 levels, namely female (n = 536, 52.86%) and male (n = 478, 47.14%)
##   - grade: 4 levels, namely freshman (n = 370, 36.49%), junior (n = 150, 14.79%), senior (n = 100, 9.86%) and sophomore (n = 94, 9.29%)
##   - residence: 2 levels, namely city (n = 486, 47.93%) and rural (n = 528, 52.07%)
##   - school: 2 levels, namely private (n = 599, 59.07%) and public (n = 415, 40.93%)
```

```
df_report %>%
  group_by(sex) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(EIB_t))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   sex      mean
##   <fct>   <dbl>
## 1 female  27.8
## 2 male    29.2
```

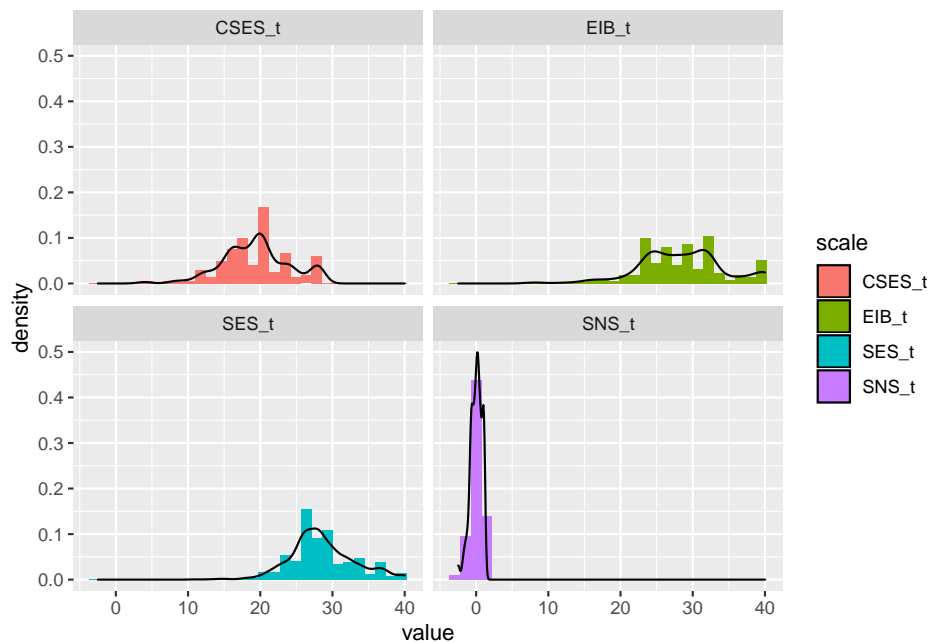
```
df_report %>%
  group_by(grade) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(EIB_t))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   grade      mean
##   <fct>   <dbl>
## 1 freshman  28.0
## 2 junior   29.4
## 3 senior   29.7
## 4 sophomore 28.2
```

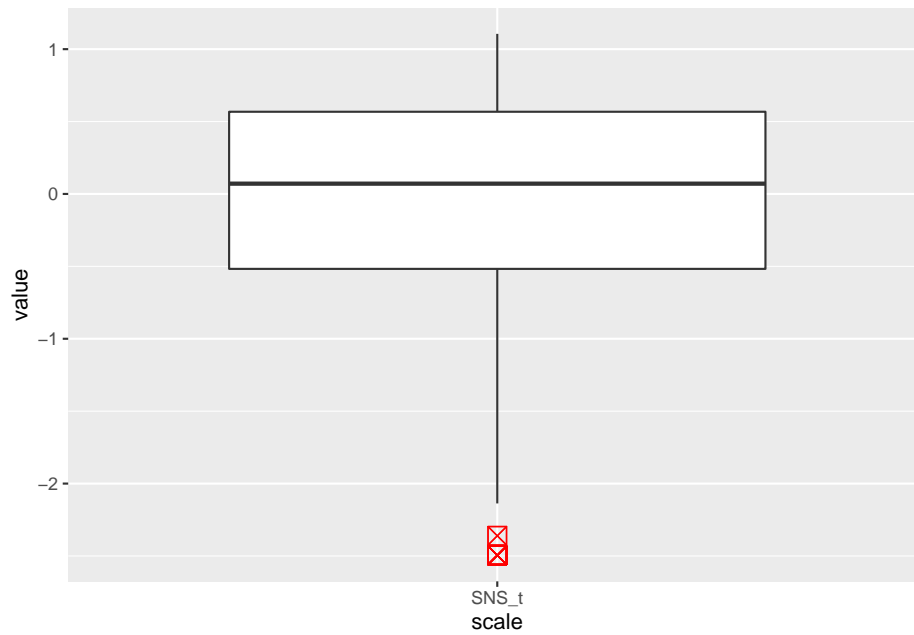
## 4.3 可视化

```
df2 %>%
  select(id, SNS_t, SES_t, CSES_t, EIB_t) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = SNS_t:EIB_t, names_to = "scale",
               values_to = "value") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = value, y = stat(density))) +
  geom_histogram(aes(fill = scale)) +
  geom_density() +
  facet_wrap(~scale)
```

## `stat\_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



```
df2 %>%
  select(id, SNS_t, SES_t, CSES_t, EIB_t) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = SNS_t:EIB_t, names_to = "scale",
               values_to = "value") %>% filter(scale == "SNS_t") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = scale, y = value)) +
  geom_boxplot(outlier.colour="red", outlier.shape=7, outlier.size=4)
```



#### 4.4 相关分析

```
cor(df_report[1:4])
```

```
##           SNS_t    SES_t    CSES_t    EIB_t
## SNS_t    1.0000000 0.1561484 0.3587445 0.3267670
## SES_t    0.1561484 1.0000000 0.4936694 0.4866594
## CSES_t   0.3587445 0.4936694 1.0000000 0.7925201
## EIB_t    0.3267670 0.4866594 0.7925201 1.0000000
```

```
cor_p <- rcorr(as.matrix(df_report[1:4]))
cor_p
```

```
##           SNS_t SES_t CSES_t EIB_t
## SNS_t     1.00  0.16  0.36  0.33
## SES_t     0.16  1.00  0.49  0.49
## CSES_t    0.36  0.49  1.00  0.79
## EIB_t     0.33  0.49  0.79  1.00
```

```
##
## n= 1014
##
##
## P
##      SNS_t SES_t CSES_t EIB_t
## SNS_t      0      0      0
## SES_t    0      0      0
## CSES_t    0      0      0
## EIB_t    0      0      0
```

#### 4.4.1 筛选控制变量

```
t.test(EIB_t ~ sex, df2) # 显著
```

##### 4.4.1.1 性别显著

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: EIB_t by sex
## t = -3.7686, df = 994.38, p-value = 0.0001738
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group female and group male
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -2.1164584 -0.6670613
## sample estimates:
## mean in group female mean in group male
##      27.83209      29.22385
cohens_d(EIB_t ~ sex, data = df2)

## Cohen's d |      95% CI
## -----
## -0.24      | [-0.36, -0.12]
```

```
##
## - Estimated using pooled SD.

summary(aovsex <- aov(EIB_t ~ sex, data=df2))

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## sex              1      489   489.4    14.23 0.000171 ***
## Residuals     1012   34800    34.4
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

eta_squared(aovsex)

## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent to eta squared.
## Returning eta squared.

## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter | Eta2 |          95% CI
## -----
## sex       | 0.01 | [0.00, 1.00]
##
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at (1).
```

```
summary(g_m <- aov(EIB_t ~ grade, df2))
```

#### 4.4.1.2 年级显著

```
##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## grade              3      427   142.20     4.12 0.00645 **
## Residuals     1010   34863    34.52
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```



```
eta_squared(g_m)
```

```
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent to eta squared.
## Returning eta squared.

## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter | Eta2 |          95% CI
## -----
## grade      | 0.01 | [0.00, 1.00]
##
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at (1).
```

```
t.test(EIB_t ~ residence, df2)
```

#### 4.4.1.3 户口不显著

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: EIB_t by residence
## t = 1.0285, df = 995.43, p-value = 0.304
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group city and group rural
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.3471313  1.1117684
## sample estimates:
## mean in group city mean in group rural
##           28.68724           28.30492

cohens_d(EIB_t ~ residence, data = df2)

## Cohen's d |          95% CI
## -----
## 0.06      | [-0.06, 0.19]
```

```
##
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
```

```
t.test(EIB_t ~ school, df2)
```

#### 4.4.1.4 学校性质显著

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: EIB_t by school
## t = -2.7933, df = 863.81, p-value = 0.005333
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group private and group public
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.8016847 -0.3146376
## sample estimates:
## mean in group private mean in group public
## 28.05509 29.11325
```

```
cohens_d(EIB_t ~ school, data=df2)
```

```
## Cohen's d | 95% CI
## -----
## -0.18 | [-0.31, -0.05]
##
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
```

```
aov(EIB_t ~ school, data=df2) %>% summary()
```

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## school      1    274    274.5    7.934 0.00495 **
## Residuals 1012   35015     34.6
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
aov(EIB_t ~ school, data=df2) %>% eta_squared()
```

```
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent to eta squared
## Returning eta squared.
```

```
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
```

```
##
```

```
## Parameter |      Eta2 |      95% CI
```

```
## -----
```

```
## school    | 7.78e-03 | [0.00, 1.00]
```

```
##
```

```
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at (1).
```

## 5 间接效应

### 5.1 有调节的中介

#### 5.1.1 简单中介检验

```
simple_med <- '
EIB_t ~ b1*CSES_t
EIB_t ~ cdash*SNS_t
CSES_t ~ a1*SNS_t
### 控制变量
EIB_t ~ male
EIB_t ~ public
EIB_t ~ freshman
EIB_t ~ sophomore
EIB_t ~ junior

CSES_t ~ male
CSES_t ~ public
```

```

CSES_t ~ freshman
CSES_t ~ sophomore
CSES_t ~ junior
#ind and total
ind := a1*b1
direct := b1

total := a1*b1 + cdash
'

fit_simple_med <- sem(simple_med, data = df2,
                      se = "bootstrap", bootstrap = 5000)
parameterEstimates(fit_simple_med, standardized = TRUE,
                   rsquare = T, output = "text", header = TRUE)

##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors                                Bootstrap
## Number of requested bootstrap draws            5000
## Number of successful bootstrap draws            5000
##
## Regressions:
##           Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|) ci.lower ci.upper
## EIB_t ~
##   CSES_t (b1)    0.967   0.029  33.047   0.000   0.908   1.024
##   SNS_t (cdsh)   0.376   0.170   2.214   0.027   0.045   0.706
## CSES_t ~
##   SNS_t (a1)    2.116   0.214   9.899   0.000   1.691   2.536
## EIB_t ~
##   male          0.492   0.227   2.164   0.030   0.045   0.928
##   public         0.262   0.257   1.018   0.309  -0.226   0.780
##   freshmn       -0.126   0.386  -0.327   0.744  -0.873   0.654

```

```

##      sophomr      -0.400    0.372   -1.075    0.282   -1.127    0.350
##      junior      -0.084    0.449   -0.188    0.851   -0.953    0.796
## CSES_t ~
##      male        1.390    0.277    5.017    0.000    0.861    1.948
##      public       0.073    0.296    0.246    0.806   -0.529    0.643
##      freshmn     -0.784    0.509   -1.541    0.123   -1.791    0.181
##      sophomr     -0.760    0.499   -1.522    0.128   -1.774    0.235
##      junior     -0.028    0.554   -0.051    0.959   -1.143    1.052
## Std.lv Std.all
##
##      0.967    0.767
##      0.376    0.050
##
##      2.116    0.358
##
##      0.492    0.042
##      0.262    0.022
##     -0.126   -0.010
##     -0.400   -0.033
##     -0.084   -0.005
##
##      1.390    0.148
##      0.073    0.008
##     -0.784   -0.081
##     -0.760   -0.078
##     -0.028   -0.002
##
## Variances:
##      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) ci.lower ci.upper
##      .EIB_t    12.784   0.757  16.891   0.000   11.284   14.270
##      .CSES_t    18.550   0.823  22.539   0.000   16.845   20.061
## Std.lv Std.all
##      12.784    0.367

```

```
##      18.550      0.847
##
## R-Square:
##              Estimate
##      EIB_t          0.633
##      CSES_t          0.153
##
## Defined Parameters:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|) ci.lower ci.upper
##      ind              2.046    0.228    8.968    0.000    1.608    2.508
##      direct           0.967    0.029   33.043    0.000    0.908    1.024
##      total            2.421    0.285    8.499    0.000    1.861    2.983
##      Std.lv  Std.all
##      2.046    0.275
##      0.967    0.767
##      2.421    0.325
```

总效应

```
direct_mod <- lm(scale(df2$EIB_t, center = T,
                      scale = T) ~
                 scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T) +
                 male + freshman + sophomore + junior + public,
                 df2)

med_mod <- lm(scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T,
                   scale = T) ~
              scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T)+
              male + freshman + sophomore + junior + public,
              df2)

med_mod2 <- lm(scale(df2$EIB_t, center = T,
                   scale = T) ~
              scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T)+
```

```

        male + freshman + sophomore + junior + public,
        df2)

out_mod <- lm(scale(df2$EIB_t, center = T,
                    scale = T) ~
              scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T) +
              scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T)+
              male + freshman + sophomore + junior + public,
              df2)

summary(direct_mod)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(df2$EIB_t, center = T, scale = T) ~ scale(df2$SNS_t,
##   center = T, scale = T) + male + freshman + sophomore + junior +
##   public, data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.10359 -0.58330  0.01053  0.60108  2.24681
##
## Coefficients:
##                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                   -0.04210     0.09851  -0.427   0.6692
## scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T)  0.32546     0.03008  10.821 < 2e-16
## male                          0.31102     0.05942   5.234 2.02e-07
## freshman                      -0.14972     0.10293  -1.454   0.1461
## sophomore                     -0.19215     0.09870  -1.947   0.0518
## junior                       -0.01894     0.11338  -0.167   0.8674
## public                        0.05627     0.06504   0.865   0.3872
##
## (Intercept)

```

```
## scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T) ***
## male ***
## freshman
## sophomore .
## junior
## public
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9331 on 1007 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1345, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1293
## F-statistic: 26.07 on 6 and 1007 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

summary(med_mod)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T) ~ scale(df2$SNS_t,
##       center = T, scale = T) + male + freshman + sophomore + junior +
##       public, data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.08767 -0.56920 -0.01531  0.60558  2.43906
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -0.025154   0.097429  -0.258   0.7963
## scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T)  0.358475   0.029747  12.051 < 2e-16
## male          0.296848   0.058774   5.051 5.22e-07
## freshman     -0.167337   0.101808  -1.644   0.1006
## sophomore    -0.162217   0.097615  -1.662   0.0969
## junior       -0.006031   0.112142  -0.054   0.9571
## public        0.015548   0.064329   0.242   0.8091
```



```
##
## (Intercept)
## scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T) ***
## male ***
## freshman
## sophomore .
## junior
## public
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9229 on 1007 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1533, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1483
## F-statistic: 30.39 on 6 and 1007 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

summary(mod2)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(df2$EIB_t, center = T, scale = T) ~ scale(df2$CSES_t,
##     center = T, scale = T) + male + freshman + sophomore + junior +
##     public, data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.51937 -0.32943  0.03257  0.45049  2.70631
##
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    -0.01592    0.06430   -0.248   0.8045
## scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T)  0.78483    0.01946  40.330 <2e-16
## male           0.07349    0.03910   1.880  0.0604
## freshman      -0.03387    0.06714  -0.504  0.6141
## sophomore     -0.07265    0.06454  -1.126  0.2605
```

```

## junior                -0.01782    0.07406   -0.241    0.8099
## public                 0.05567    0.04223    1.318    0.1877
##
## (Intercept)
## scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T) ***
## male                  .
## freshman
## sophomore
## junior
## public
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6096 on 1007 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6306, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6284
## F-statistic: 286.5 on 6 and 1007 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

summary(out_mod)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(df2$EIB_t, center = T, scale = T) ~ scale(df2$SNS_t,
##      center = T, scale = T) + scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T) +
##      male + freshman + sophomore + junior + public, data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.52305 -0.33599  0.05121  0.42914  2.64029
##
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -0.02280    0.06421   -0.355   0.7225
## scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T)  0.05048    0.02097    2.407   0.0163
## scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T)  0.76708    0.02077   36.938 <2e-16

```

```

## male                0.08331    0.03922    2.124    0.0339
## freshman            -0.02136    0.06718   -0.318    0.7506
## sophomore           -0.06772    0.06442   -1.051    0.2934
## junior              -0.01431    0.07390   -0.194    0.8464
## public               0.04434    0.04239    1.046    0.2958
##
## (Intercept)
## scale(df2$SNS_t, center = T, scale = T) *
## scale(df2$CSES_t, center = T, scale = T) ***
## male                *
## freshman
## sophomore
## junior
## public
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6082 on 1006 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6327, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6301
## F-statistic: 247.5 on 7 and 1006 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

simple <- '
EIB_t ~ SNS_t + male + freshman + sophomore + junior + public
'

fit_simple <- sem(simple, data = df2, se = "bootstrap",
                  bootstrap = 5000)

summary(fit_simple)

## lavaan 0.6-10 ended normally after 1 iterations
##
## Estimator                ML
## Optimization method      NLMINB
## Number of model parameters 7
##

```

```
##      Number of observations                1014
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic                        0.000
##      Degrees of freedom                    0
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Standard errors                      Bootstrap
##      Number of requested bootstrap draws    5000
##      Number of successful bootstrap draws    5000
##
## Regressions:
##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      EIB_t ~
##      SNS_t           2.421    0.290    8.355    0.000
##      male            1.836    0.356    5.163    0.000
##      freshman       -0.884    0.642   -1.377    0.168
##      sophomore      -1.134    0.623   -1.820    0.069
##      junior         -0.112    0.714   -0.156    0.876
##      public          0.332    0.391    0.849    0.396
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)
##      .EIB_t          30.123    1.369   21.997    0.000
```

### 5.1.2 有调节的中介

```
moderated_model <- '
EIB_t ~ b1*CSES_t
EIB_t ~ cdash*SNS_t
EIB_t ~ male
```

```

EIB_t ~ public
EIB_t ~ freshman
EIB_t ~ sophomore
EIB_t ~ junior
CSES_t ~ a1*SNS_t
CSES_t ~ a2*center_SES
CSES_t ~ a3*inter_raw
CSES_t ~ male
CSES_t ~ public
CSES_t ~ freshman
CSES_t ~ sophomore
CSES_t ~ junior
# 间接效应,Conditional Indirect Effect
ind_low := a1*b1 - a3*b1*4.455127 # 低分组简单效应
ind_med := a1*b1 - a3*b1*0
ind_high := a1*b1 + a3*b1*4.455127
# 之间的差异
dif1 := ind_med - ind_low
dif2 := ind_high - ind_low
dif3 := ind_high - ind_med
# 直接效应和有调节的中介效应
imm := a3*b1
direct := cdash # 直接效应
# 总效应
total_low := cdash + ind_low
total_med := cdash + ind_med
total_high := cdash + ind_high
,

```

### 5.1.3 模型结果

```
fit_mod_model <- sem(moderated_model, data = df2,
                     se = "bootstrap", bootstrap = 5000)
parameterEstimates(fit_mod_model, standardized = TRUE,
                   rsquare = T, output = "text", header = TRUE)
```

```
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors                                Bootstrap
## Number of requested bootstrap draws            5000
## Number of successful bootstrap draws            5000
##
## Regressions:
##           Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  ci.lower ci.upper
## EIB_t ~
##   CSES_t    (b1)    0.967   0.030   32.725   0.000    0.907    1.023
##   SNS_t    (cdsh)   0.376   0.168    2.237   0.025    0.044    0.707
##   male                0.492   0.224    2.196   0.028    0.053    0.920
##   public              0.262   0.250    1.045   0.296   -0.239    0.749
##   freshmn            -0.126   0.382   -0.330   0.742   -0.898    0.608
##   sophomr            -0.400   0.371   -1.078   0.281   -1.143    0.311
##   junior             -0.084   0.445   -0.190   0.849   -0.955    0.784
## CSES_t ~
##   SNS_t    (a1)    1.704   0.179    9.538   0.000    1.354    2.044
##   cnt_SES   (a2)    0.468   0.030   15.465   0.000    0.409    0.525
##   intr_rw   (a3)   -0.073   0.035   -2.059   0.040   -0.143   -0.006
##   male                1.107   0.243    4.550   0.000    0.606    1.584
##   public             -0.022   0.265   -0.083   0.934   -0.548    0.495
##   freshmn            -0.602   0.436   -1.379   0.168   -1.465    0.246
##   sophomr            -0.182   0.424   -0.431   0.667   -1.005    0.633
##   junior             -0.108   0.474   -0.229   0.819   -1.070    0.833
## Std.lv Std.all
##
```

```
##      0.967      0.767
##      0.376      0.050
##      0.492      0.042
##      0.262      0.022
##     -0.126     -0.010
##     -0.400     -0.033
##     -0.084     -0.005
##
##      1.704      0.289
##      0.468      0.445
##     -0.073     -0.062
##      1.107      0.118
##     -0.022     -0.002
##     -0.602     -0.062
##     -0.182     -0.019
##     -0.108     -0.008
```

```
##
```

```
## Variances:
```

```
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  ci.lower ci.upper
##      .EIB_t          12.784    0.760   16.812    0.000    11.232    14.175
##      .CSES_t          14.362    0.668   21.488    0.000    12.909    15.582
##      Std.lv  Std.all
##      12.784    0.367
##      14.362    0.656
```

```
##
```

```
## R-Square:
```

```
##              Estimate
##      EIB_t          0.633
##      CSES_t          0.344
```

```
##
```

```
## Defined Parameters:
```

```
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  ci.lower ci.upper
##      ind_low          1.960    0.257    7.624    0.000    1.458    2.472
```

```
##      ind_med      1.647    0.187    8.804    0.000    1.280    2.011
##      ind_high     1.334    0.225    5.927    0.000    0.896    1.772
##      dif1        -0.313    0.153   -2.045    0.041   -0.626   -0.025
##      dif2        -0.625    0.306   -2.045    0.041   -1.253   -0.050
##      dif3        -0.313    0.153   -2.045    0.041   -0.626   -0.025
##      imm         -0.070    0.034   -2.045    0.041   -0.141   -0.006
##      direct       0.376    0.168    2.237    0.025    0.044    0.707
##      total_low    2.335    0.309    7.560    0.000    1.739    2.939
##      total_med    2.023    0.241    8.397    0.000    1.540    2.497
##      total_high   1.710    0.260    6.587    0.000    1.196    2.214
## Std.lv Std.all
##      1.960    0.432
##      1.647    0.221
##      1.334    0.011
##     -0.313   -0.211
##     -0.625   -0.422
##     -0.313   -0.211
##     -0.070   -0.047
##      0.376    0.050
##      2.335    0.483
##      2.023    0.272
##      1.710    0.061
```

## 5.2 模型比较

```
fitmeasures(fit_mod_model, c("aic", "ecvi", "bic"))
```

```
##      aic      ecvi      bic
## 11074.963    0.067 11158.631
```



## 5.2.1 简单斜率分析

```

simple_slope_m <- lm(CSES_t ~ center_SES*SNS_t + male + freshman +
                    sophomore + junior + public , data = df2)

summary(simple_slope_m)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CSES_t ~ center_SES * SNS_t + male + freshman +
##     sophomore + junior + public, data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -12.4763  -2.4183  -0.0279   2.3518  11.9704
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   19.19801    0.40309  47.627 < 2e-16 ***
## center_SES     0.46776    0.02747  17.028 < 2e-16 ***
## SNS_t          1.70365    0.15655  10.882 < 2e-16 ***
## male           1.10718    0.24309   4.555 5.89e-06 ***
## freshman      -0.60152    0.42044  -1.431  0.1528
## sophomore     -0.18244    0.40429  -0.451  0.6519
## junior        -0.10847    0.46262  -0.234  0.8147
## public        -0.02192    0.26540  -0.083  0.9342
## center_SES:SNS_t -0.07258    0.03017  -2.406  0.0163 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.807 on 1005 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3445, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3393
## F-statistic: 66.02 on 8 and 1005 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```

model_2nd <- lm(scale(EIB_t) ~ scale(SNS_t) + scale(CSES_t) + scale(male) + scale(fresh
                    scale(junior) + scale(public), data = df2)
summary(model_2nd)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(EIB_t) ~ scale(SNS_t) + scale(CSES_t) + scale(male) +
##     scale(freshman) + scale(sophomore) + scale(junior) + scale(public),
##     data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.52305 -0.33599  0.05121  0.42914  2.64029
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   6.372e-16  1.910e-02   0.000   1.0000
## scale(SNS_t)   5.048e-02  2.097e-02   2.407   0.0163 *
## scale(CSES_t)  7.671e-01  2.077e-02  36.938 <2e-16 ***
## scale(male)    4.161e-02  1.959e-02   2.124   0.0339 *
## scale(freshman) -1.029e-02  3.236e-02  -0.318   0.7506
## scale(sophomore) -3.261e-02  3.103e-02  -1.051   0.2934
## scale(junior)  -5.085e-03  2.625e-02  -0.194   0.8464
## scale(public)   2.181e-02  2.086e-02   1.046   0.2958
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6082 on 1006 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6327, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6301
## F-statistic: 247.5 on 7 and 1006 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

sd(df2$center_SES)

## [1] 4.455127

```

```

library(showtext)

## 载入需要的程辑包: sysfonts

## 载入需要的程辑包: showtextdb

showtext_auto()
library(effects)

## 载入需要的程辑包: carData

## Use the command
##   lattice::trellis.par.set(effectsTheme())
##   to customize lattice options for effects plots.
## See ?effectsTheme for details.

Inter.1a<-effect(c("center_SES:SNS_t"),
                 simple_slope_m,
                 xlevels=list(center_SES=c(
                   -4.455127,0, 4.455127)))
font_families()

## [1] "sans"          "serif"          "mono"           "wqy-microhei"

df3 <- as.data.frame(Inter.1a)
new <- "serif"
df3$center_SES <- ifelse(df3$center_SES == -4.455127,
                         " 低自尊组",
                         ifelse(df3$center_SES ==4.455127,
                                " 高自尊组",
                                " 中自尊组"))

df3$center_SES <- factor(df3$center_SES,
                         levels = c(" 高自尊组", " 中自尊组",
                                    " 低自尊组"))

df3 <- df3 %>% rename(" 自尊水平分组" = center_SES)

```

```

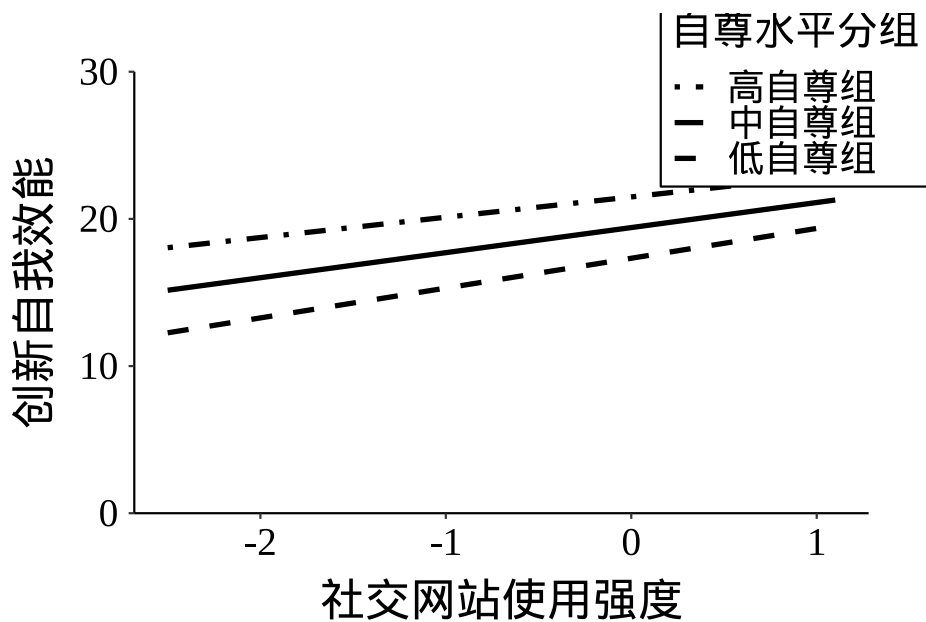
ggplot(data = df3, aes(x = SNS_t, y = fit,
                        group = 自尊水平分组,
                        shape = 自尊水平分组,
                        linetype = 自尊水平分组)) +
  geom_line(size = 1.2) +
  scale_linetype_manual(
    values = c('dotdash', 'solid', 'dashed'))+
  coord_cartesian(ylim = c(0, 30)) +
  scale_y_continuous(expand = expansion(0))+
  theme_classic() +
  labs(
    x = " 社交网站使用强度",
    y = " 创新自我效能",
    fill = NULL,
    title = NULL
  )+
  theme(
    plot.margin = unit(c(1, 1, 1, 1), "cm"),
    panel.background = element_blank(),
    plot.title = element_text(size = 22, face = "bold",
                               hjust = 0.5,
                               margin = margin(b = 15)),
    axis.line = element_line(color = "black"),
    axis.title = element_text(size = 22, color = "black",
                               face = "bold"),
    axis.text = element_text(size = 22, color = "black"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 19, margin = margin(t = 5), family = new),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 19, margin = margin(r = 5), family = new),
    axis.title.y = element_text(margin = margin(r = 10)),
    axis.title.x = element_text(margin = margin(t = 10)),
    legend.position = c(0.9, 0.95),
    legend.background = element_rect(color = "black"),

```

```

    legend.text = element_text(size = 18),
    legend.margin = margin(t = 5, l = 5, r = 5, b = 5),
    legend.title = element_text(size = 20),
    legend.key = element_rect(color = NA, fill = NA)
  ) +
  guides(
    fill = guide_legend(
      keywidth = 1.2,
      keyheight = 1.2,
      default.unit = "cm"
    )
  )
)

```



```
# ggsave("simple_slope.png", width = 10, height = 7, dpi = 1000)
```

## 6 R 方占比

```
simple_m <- "
CSES_t ~ SNS_t
CSES_t ~ center_SES
CSES_t ~ inter_raw
CSES_t ~ male
CSES_t ~ public
CSES_t ~ freshman
CSES_t ~ sophomore
CSES_t ~ junior
"
fit_simple <- sem(simple_m , data = df2,
                  se = "bootstrap",bootstrap = 5000)

parameterEstimates(fit_simple, standardized = TRUE,
                  rsquare = T, output = "text", header = TRUE)
```

```
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Standard errors                      Bootstrap
##      Number of requested bootstrap draws          5000
##      Number of successful bootstrap draws          5000
##
## Regressions:
##
##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  ci.lower  ci.upper
##      CSES_t ~
##      SNS_t      1.704    0.174    9.766    0.000    1.365    2.040
##      center_SES  0.468    0.030   15.695    0.000    0.409    0.525
##      inter_raw  -0.073    0.036   -2.040    0.041   -0.145   -0.005
##      male       1.107    0.247    4.485    0.000    0.610    1.594
##      public     -0.022    0.262   -0.084    0.933   -0.535    0.500
```

```
##      freshman      -0.602    0.434   -1.384    0.166   -1.469    0.251
##      sophomore     -0.182    0.429   -0.425    0.670   -1.017    0.667
##      junior        -0.108    0.471   -0.230    0.818   -1.053    0.809
##      Std.lv  Std.all
##
##      1.704    0.289
##      0.468    0.445
##     -0.073   -0.062
##      1.107    0.118
##     -0.022   -0.002
##     -0.602   -0.062
##     -0.182   -0.019
##     -0.108   -0.008
##
## Variances:
##
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  ci.lower  ci.upper
##      .CSES_t         14.362    0.656   21.899    0.000   12.959   15.516
##      Std.lv  Std.all
##      14.362    0.656
##
## R-Square:
##
##              Estimate
##      CSES_t         0.344
```

```
simple_m_n <- "
CSES_t ~ SNS_t
CSES_t ~ center_SES
CSES_t ~ male
CSES_t ~ public
CSES_t ~ freshman
CSES_t ~ sophomore
CSES_t ~ junior
"
fit_simple_n <- sem(simple_m_n , data = df2,
```

```

                                se = "bootstrap",bootstrap = 5000)

parameterEstimates(fit_simple_n, standardized = TRUE,
                    rsquare = T, output = "text", header = TRUE)

```

```

##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Standard errors                      Bootstrap
##      Number of requested bootstrap draws          5000
##      Number of successful bootstrap draws          5000
##
## Regressions:
##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  ci.lower  ci.upper
##  CSES_t ~
##    SNS_t           1.721    0.182    9.474    0.000    1.368    2.080
##   center_SES       0.465    0.029   15.862    0.000    0.407    0.521
##    male            1.129    0.245    4.611    0.000    0.638    1.603
##   public          -0.015    0.262   -0.059    0.953   -0.544    0.481
##  freshman          -0.563    0.445   -1.266    0.206   -1.442    0.275
##  sophomore          -0.160    0.436   -0.368    0.713   -1.015    0.709
##    junior          -0.122    0.478   -0.255    0.799   -1.082    0.816
##  Std.lv  Std.all
##
##    1.721    0.291
##    0.465    0.443
##    1.129    0.120
##   -0.015   -0.002
##   -0.563   -0.058
##   -0.160   -0.016
##   -0.122   -0.009
##
## Variances:

```



```
##              Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) ci.lower ci.upper
##   .CSES_t          14.445   0.662  21.835   0.000   13.025   15.686
##   Std.lv  Std.all
##   14.445    0.659
##
## R-Square:
##              Estimate
##   CSES_t          0.341

summary(fit_simple_n, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)

## lavaan 0.6-10 ended normally after 1 iterations
##
##   Estimator                      ML
##   Optimization method          NLMINB
##   Number of model parameters      8
##
##   Number of observations          1014
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##   Test statistic                  0.000
##   Degrees of freedom              0
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##   Test statistic                  422.415
##   Degrees of freedom              7
##   P-value                        0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##   Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      1.000
##   Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)        1.000
```

```
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##   Loglikelihood user model (H0)                -2792.661
##   Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)         -2792.661
##
##   Akaike (AIC)                                5601.322
##   Bayesian (BIC)                               5640.695
##   Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)          5615.286
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##   RMSEA                                          0.000
##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower        0.000
##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper        0.000
##   P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                        NA
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##   SRMR                                          0.000
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##   Standard errors                                Bootstrap
##   Number of requested bootstrap draws            5000
##   Number of successful bootstrap draws            5000
##
## Regressions:
##           Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
##   CSES_t ~
##     SNS_t           1.721    0.182    9.474    0.000    1.721    0.291
##     center_SES       0.465    0.029   15.862    0.000    0.465    0.443
##     male             1.129    0.245    4.611    0.000    1.129    0.120
```

```
##      public      -0.015    0.262   -0.059    0.953   -0.015   -0.002
##      freshman    -0.563    0.445   -1.266    0.206   -0.563   -0.058
##      sophomore    -0.160    0.436   -0.368    0.713   -0.160   -0.016
##      junior      -0.122    0.478   -0.255    0.799   -0.122   -0.009
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
##      .CSES_t        14.445    0.662   21.835    0.000   14.445    0.659

simple_mn <- lm(CSES_t ~ center_SES + SNS_t + male + freshman +
               sophomore + junior + public , data = df2)
summary(simple_mn)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CSES_t ~ center_SES + SNS_t + male + freshman +
##     sophomore + junior + public, data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -12.3747  -2.4036   0.0346   2.2885  12.7751
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 19.12454    0.40289  47.468 < 2e-16 ***
## center_SES   0.46529    0.02752  16.910 < 2e-16 ***
## SNS_t        1.72051    0.15677  10.975 < 2e-16 ***
## male         1.12934    0.24349   4.638 3.98e-06 ***
## freshman    -0.56261    0.42113  -1.336  0.182
## sophomore    -0.16024    0.40514  -0.396  0.693
## junior       -0.12196    0.46368  -0.263  0.793
## public       -0.01533    0.26602  -0.058  0.954
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
## Residual standard error: 3.816 on 1006 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3407, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3361
## F-statistic: 74.27 on 7 and 1006 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

simple_slope_m2 <- lm(scale(CSES_t) ~ scale(center_SES) + scale(SNS_t) + scale(inter_raw) +
                      scale(sophomore) + scale(junior) + scale(public) , data = df2)

summary(simple_slope_m2)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(CSES_t) ~ scale(center_SES) + scale(SNS_t) +
##     scale(inter_raw) + scale(male) + scale(freshman) + scale(sophomore) +
##     scale(junior) + scale(public), data = df2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.66413 -0.51640 -0.00597  0.50220  2.55612
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   4.478e-16  2.553e-02   0.000   1.0000
## scale(center_SES)  4.450e-01  2.613e-02  17.028 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(SNS_t)      2.886e-01  2.652e-02  10.882 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(inter_raw) -6.169e-02  2.564e-02  -2.406  0.0163 *
## scale(male)       1.181e-01  2.592e-02   4.555 5.89e-06 ***
## scale(freshman)  -6.186e-02  4.324e-02  -1.431  0.1528
## scale(sophomore) -1.876e-02  4.158e-02  -0.451  0.6519
## scale(junior)    -8.227e-03  3.509e-02  -0.234  0.8147
## scale(public)    -2.302e-03  2.788e-02  -0.083  0.9342
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.8129 on 1005 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3445, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3393
## F-statistic: 66.02 on 8 and 1005 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```