

FIRST SEMESTER 2019-2020

Course Handout

01.08.2019

Course No: CHEM F212

Course Title: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY -I

Instructor-in-charge: Manab Chakravarty

1. Scope and objective of the course: To familiarize the students with basic mechanistic aspects of organic reactions including mechanistic types, thermodynamics and kinetics, the important intermediates involved in organic reactions, functional group chemistry.

2. Text Book: R. T. Morrison, R. Boyd and S. K. Bhattacharjee, Organic Chemistry, 7th edition. **(T1)**

Reference Books: J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, P. Wothers, Organic Chemistry, OUP, 1st ed.,

2000. **(R1)**

Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 4th ed., 1992.

carbocation in organic

(R2)

G Marc Loudon, Organic Chemistry, Oxford, 4th Edition, 2002.

Francis A Carey, Organic Chemistry, Tata McGrawHill, 7th edition, 2008.

3. Course Plan:

| Lec. | Learning | Topics to be Covered Learning Outcomes | | Text book , Chapter, Page |
|------|----------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| No. | objectives | | | no. |
| 1-2 | Basic | Homolytic, heterolytic | Understanding of basic | T1: Ch. 4, pg. 55-59 |
| | terminology | fission of bonds, concept of | organic reactions | R1: Ch. 5, pg. 116-131. |
| | and | electrophiles and | and drawing reactions | |
| | representation | nucleophiles; how to write | realistically towards | |
| | of organic | organic reaction | creative organic | |
| | reactions | mechanisms; movement of | chemistry; Representing | |
| | | arrows; curved and fish- | the movement of | |
| | | hook arrows; examples | electrons in reactions by | |
| | | | curly arrows | |
| 3-4 | Reactive | Carbocations: Structure & | Detailed analysis on the | T1: Ch. 4, pg. 64-69. |
| | intermediates: | stability, generation and | generation, character, | |
| | carbocations | reactions | type and role of the | |
| | | | useful intermediate | |

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| | | | reactions, application in | |
| | | | organic synthesis with | |
| | | | stereochemical outcome | |
| 5 | Reactive | Carbanions: Structure & | Idea about another | T1: Ch. 4, pg. 69-72. |
| | intermediates: | stability, generation and | intermediate and | |
| | carbanions | reactions | difference between | |
| | | | cation and anion | |
| | | | intermediates in terms | |
| | | | of the synthesis, | |
| | | | behavior etc. Use of such | |
| | | | intermediate in organic | |
| | | | reactions | |
| 6-7 | Reactive | Free radicals: Structure & | Intermediate with a free | T1: Ch. 4, pg. 81-86. |
| | intermediates: | stability, generation and | electron and their | 710 |
| | free radicals | reactions | reactions follow | |
| | | | different rules than ionic | |
| | | | intermediates, Idea of | |
| | | | polymerization. | |
| 8-10 | Reactive | Carbenes; nitrenes: | Substrate Conditions to | T1: Ch. 4, pg. 72-78. |
| | intermediates: | generation, stability, and | generate carbenes, | ,18 |
| | others | fate | Carbenes are neutral | |
| | | | species with only six | |
| | | | electrons, electrophilic | |
| | | | nature, insertion | |
| | | | reaction and application | |
| | | | in organic synthesis and | |
| | | | modern development; | |
| | | | How different these are | |
| | | | with the ionic | |
| | | | intermediates. | |
| | | | Same information | |
| | | | related to nitrene is | |
| | | | expected to be gained as | |
| | | | nitrenes are the nitrogen | |
| | | | analogue of carbenes. | |
| 11- | Aromatic | Aromatic nucleophilic | Concept of aromaticity, | T1: Ch. 5C, pg. 262-283; |
| 13 | chemistry | substitutions; Aromatic | Understanding the ways | Ch. 9, pg. 488-502. |
| | chemistry | electrophilic substitutions; | to functionalize the | R1: Ch. 23, pg. 589-604. |
| | | S _N Ar mechanism; benzyne | aromatic ring and its | 11. Cit. 25, pg. 505 004. |
| | | mechanism; | usefulness to generate | |
| | | incontantion, | medicines and | |
| | | | functional materials | |
| 14- | Thermodynami | Thermodynamic and kinetic | Importance in proposing | T1: Ch. 4, pg. 97-102. |
| 17 | cs and kinetics | control; Hammond | mechanism, how the | R1 : Ch. 13, pg.319-330. |
| - | of reactions | postulate; methods to | thermodynamic and | Ch. 22, pg. 554-556. |
| | | determine mechanisms | kinetic parameters help | Ch. 41, pg.1090-1101. |
| | | (Hammett equation, kinetic | to determine the | R2: Ch. 6, pg. 208-215, |
| | | (Tallilliett equation, Milette | to acternme the | 100 Cit. 0, pg. 200 210, |

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| | | isotopic effect); examples | feasibility of reactions (the speed and energy), how a reaction rate can vary with different substitution. | 217-219, 226. | |
| 18- 21 | Alkyl and aryl halides | Synthesis and reactions of alkyl and aryl halides | How this halides are related to our daily needs and the chemistry behind the fact | T1: Ch. 8, pg. 426-462. Ch. 9, pg. 482-485. | |
| 22- 25 | Alcohols, phenol and ethers | Synthesis, reactivity; applications of Grignard reagents for synthesis; diols, acid/base catalysed ring opening | The chemistry involved in the naturally occurring functional groups that contain polar C-O bond, the distinct reactivity of these functional groups will be understood. | T1: Ch. 10, pg. 507-537. Ch. 11, pg. 545-562. Lecture notes (epoxides) | |
| 26- 28 | Amines and nitro compounds | Synthesis, basicity and reactions | Many interesting natural products and widely used drugs are amines; hence such functional group chemistry will be learnt. | T1: Ch. 15, pg. 696-736. and Lecture Notes (Nitro compounds) | |
| 37 | Carbonyl | Synthesis, reactivity, enolates, malonate and ethyl acetoacetate synthesis Aldol, Crossed Aldol and Claisen condensation; Conjugate addition reactions of α, β-unsaturated carbonyl compounds with special reference to Michael addition, Mannich reaction, Wittig reaction | Concept about the most important functional group because its electon-deficient carbons and easily broken π -bond . The important name reactions and their applications in organic synthesis to synthesize medicinally useful molecules. | T1: Ch. 12, pg. 571-611. R1: Ch. 21, pg. 524-541. Lecture notes (malonate & ethyl acetoacetate) | |
| 38- 40 | Carboxylic acid & derivatives | Synthesis, reactions, conversion for acid to other derivatives | Enrich with this interesting functional groups in terms of preparation, features important products such as aspirin | res | |
| 41-42 | Carbohydrates | Introduction and their reactions | Concept on the largest group of organic molecules in nature, the basic structures and reactions of carbohydrates | T1: Ch. 26, pg. 1228-1236, 1244-1253. | |

4. Evaluation:

| Component | Duration | Weightage (%) | Date and Time | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Mid Sem test | 90 min. | 25 | 4/10 11.00 12.30 | Closed Book |
| | | | PM | |
| Tutorial tests | 15 min. | 25 | Continuous | Closed Book |
| Seminar/interaction/ | continuous | 10 | | Open book |
| assignment | | | | |
| | | | | Open book (10%) |
| Comprehensive Examination | 3 hr | 40 | 11/12 AN | + Closed book |
| | | | | (30%) |

- 5. Make-up(s) will be granted only for genuine reasons.
- 6. Chamber consultation hours: : To be anounced
- **7. Notices:** All the notices pertaining to this course will be displayed on **Department of Chemistry Notice Board only**.
- 8. **Academic Honesty and Integrity Policy**: Academic honesty and integrity are to be maintained by all the students throughout the semester and no type of academic dishonesty is acceptable.

Instructor-inCharge
Organic Chemistry I

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