Building RCP Apps with MPS

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Abstract.

1 Introduction

The term RCP is borrowed from the Eclipse ecosystem and stands for Rich Client Application. It refers to a stripped down version of the IDE that only contains those artifacts that are necessary for a given business purpose. In the MPS world it refers to a stripped down version of MPS that only contains those artifacts that are necessary to use a small domain-specific set of languages. Various aspects of MPS can be removed or customized to deliver a custom user experience for a given group of users. This article describes how. In particular, the following aspects of MPS can be customized:

- various icons, slogans, splash screens and images
- the help URL
- the set of languages available to the users
- the set of plugins available in MPS

2 Process Overview

To build a custom RCP version of MPS, you have to create a solution that contains a so-called *build script*. A build script is written in MPS' build language which is optimized for building RCP applications (as well as IntelliJ plugins and in the future, Eclipse plugins). When running the generator for this build script, MPS generates an ant file that creates the actual RCP distribution.

3 Building an example RCP build

In this document we describe the development of an RCP build script for the mbeddr project. mbeddr is a set of languages for embedded software development based on MPS. The project is available at http://mbeddr.com. It is Open Source, so all the code, including the RCP build script is available from the respository at https://github.com/mbeddr/mbeddr.core/. The project that contains the build script can be found in /code/rcp-build/MPSIDE-build.mpr.

3.1 Creating the Solution and the Build Script

In an arbitrary project create a new solution with a new model inside. In the model, configure as used languages

```
jetbrains.mps.buildjetbrains.mps.build.mps
```

Also import the jetbrains.mps.ide.build model. You can now create a new build project in the model (the name is confusing: it is not actually a new build *project*, just a build script). Fig. 1 shows the resulting, empty build script.

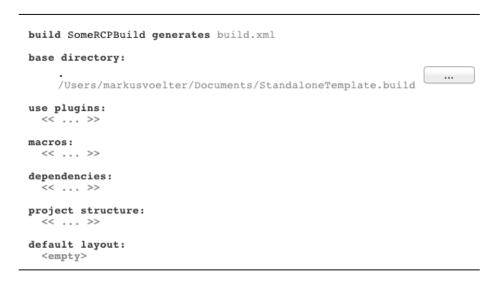


Fig. 1. An empty build script after directly after creation.

Let us look at the various sections of a build script:

base directory The base directory defines an absolute path relative to which all other paths are specified. By default, this is the directory in which the resulting ant file will be generated, and in which it will be executed.

use plugins The build language itself can be extended via plugins¹. These plugins contribute additional build language syntax. Typically, the java and mps plugins are required. We will use syntax contributed by these plugins below.

 $^{^{1}}$ Note that these are not the plugins that make up MPS itself; those will be configured later.

- macros Macros are essentially name-value pairs (similar to \${something} in ant). In the Macros section, these names are defined and values are assigned. In the remainder of the build script these macro variables will be used. MPS supports two kinds of Macros: var macros are strings and can be assigned any value. folder represents paths, relative to the base directory defined above. Note that MPS provides code completion for the path components in folder macros.
- dependencies This section defines dependencies to other build scripts. MPS bundles a set of build scripts (e.g. buildStandalone, buildWorkbench or buildMPS). By establishing a dependency to any one of them, the structures defined in that references build script can be used in the referencing build script. For example, the macros defined in the referenced build scripts can be used.
- **project structure** This section defines the actual contents of the to-be-built RCP application. Such contents may be JAR files, plugins, branding or MPS languages.
- **default layout** This section creates the directory, file and JAR structure of the new RCP distribution. It references and includes the artifacts defined in the project structure section.

3.2 Building the script for mbeddr

Macros We start by defining a couple of macros. The first two represent string variables we will use in the build, the set of folders represent the directory for MPS itself as well as the two root directories where mbeddr languages are stored. These languages will become part of the RCP distribution. Note how all of these folders are relative to the base directory.

```
macros:
  var date = date 20120601
  var build.number = 1.0
  folder mps_home = ./../../tools/MPS2.5.app
  folder mbeddr.core.home = ./../languages/com.mbeddr.core
  folder mbeddr.mpsutil.home = ./../languages/com.mbeddr.mpsutil
```

Dependencies Next, we define the dependencies. We need dependencies to buildStandalone (it represents the minimal set of a standalone MPS installation), buildDebuggerPlugin (because mbeddr requires debugger integration) and buildExecutionPlugin (because one the mbeddr languages uses the execution framework to run an external executable). Most RCPs will likely just use buildStandalone.

```
dependencies:
buildStandalone (artifacts location $mps_home)
buildDebuggerPlugin (artifacts location $mps_home)
buildExecutionPlugin (artifacts location $mps_home)
```

The artifacts location specifies from where the artifacts will be copied. The build scripts work by copying code from an existing MPS installation, so you don't have to check out the MPS sources. The artifacts location should hence be pointing to the MPS home directory.

Project Structure In the project structure we start with the branding. The idea branding section supports the definition of all kinds of icons, splash screens and the like. It is a good idea to take those from the MPS distribution and modify the pictures to suit your needs, while retaining the sizes and transparency values. You can also specify a help file and an update website.

TODO(Explain how to hook in a help file; not clear what the three arguments mean)

```
idea branding MBEDDR
  codename MBEDDR
  version 1.0, eap false
 full name mbeddr-IDE
 build number ${build.number}, date ${date}
   16x16 ./icons/MPS_16.png
   32x32 ./icons/MPS_32.png
   32x32 opaque ./icons/MPS_32.png
  splash screen ./icons/splash.png textcolor 002387
  about screen ./icons/mpsAbout.png
 dialog image ./icons/mpsNewProject.png
 welcome screen
   caption ./icons/mpsWelcomeCaption.png
   slogan ./icons/mpsSlogan.png
  <no updateWebsite>
  <no help>
```

In the mbeddr case we have copied the MPS icons into the ./icons folder and changed them accordingly without changing the names — this is why most of them start with ${\tt mps}$.

Next we define an idea plugin that contains the mbeddr languages. An idea plugin is a plugin to the IDEA platform on which MPS is built.

```
idea plugin MBEDDRStuff
  name mbeddr
  short (folder) name mbeddr
  version 1.0
  content:
    mbeddr.core
    mpsutil
  dependencies:
    jetbrains.mps.core
```

You can define a name and a version, dependencies to other plugins **TODO**(why do we need the mps.core thing here?) as well as the actual contents. The mbeddr.core and mpsutil entries in the contents are references to mps groups defined below. An mps groups is a group of MPS artifacts. Since we have included the mps plugin (at the very top of the build script) we can use MPS-specific language constructs. mps groups are an example.

Let us look at the mpsutil group. It references a set of languages. A language reference points to a language defined in an MPS project. A language reference in a group consists of the name (which must be the same as the name of the actual language) and a pointer to the respective mpl file. The simplest way to enter it is to start with the path to the mpl file and then use the load required information from file intention to adjust the name of the reference.

```
mps group mpsutil
  language com.mbeddr.mpsutil.bldoc
   load from $mbeddr.mpsutil.home/languages/com.mbeddr.mpsutil.bldoc/bldoc.mpl
  language com.mbeddr.mpsutil.blutil
   load from $mbeddr.mpsutil.home/languages/com.mbeddr.mpsutil.blutil/blutil.mpl
  ...
```

Note that a group has to contain the transitive closure of all languages. For example, if you have references a language A which references another language B, then B must also be included in the group. This makes sense, because otherwise the resulting RCP application would not run because dependencies could not be resolved. If a language is missing, then an error will be reported in the build script (red squiggly line)².

In addition to languages, you can also reference solutions with the solution construct and devkits with the devkit construct.

Default Layout The layout constructs the directory and file structure of the RCP distribution. It copies in files from various sources, and in particular from the project structure discussed in the previous section. It can also refer to artifacts defined in other build scripts on which this script depends. We start out with the following code:

```
default layout:
import buildStandalone::languages
import buildStandalone::license
```

² After adding the required languages you may have to rerun the load required information from file intention on the language with the error to make it "notice" that something has changed.

Those two imported are folder elements in the referenced buildStandalone build script. By importing them, the contents of these folders are imported (i.e. copied into) our RCP distribution.

Next up, we create a new folder lib into which we import all the stuff from from buildStandalone::lib except the MPS sources and the existing branding.jar (which contains the default MPS splash screen etc.). We then create a new jar file branding.jar³ into which we put all the files defined in the branding section of the project structure defined above.

```
folder lib
import files from buildStandalone::lib
exclude MPS-src.zip
exclude branding.jar
jar branding.jar
files of idea branding MBEDDR
```

We then create a folder plugins.

```
folder plugins
import buildStandalone::plugins/cvsIntegration
import buildStandalone::plugins/git4idea
import buildStandalone::plugins/svn4idea
import buildStandalone::plugins/mps-core
import buildDebuggerPlugin::plugins/mps-debugger-api
```

³ It has to have this name to work; the IDEA platform expects it this way.