Apply filters to SQL queries

Project description

A task is assigned to me to examine the organization's data in our **employees** and **log_in_attempts** tables. So I will need to use the following steps using SQL filters to retrieve records from different datasets and investigate the potential security issues.

Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

Our team is investigating failed login attempts that were made after business hours. You want to retrieve this information from the login activity. We'll identify all unsuccessful attempts after 18:00.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM log in attempts WHERE login time > '18:00' AND
success = 0;
 event id | username | login date | login time | country | ip address
        2 | apatel
                     | 2022-05-10 | 20:27:27
                                                         | 192.168.205.12
                                               CAN
       18 | pwashing | 2022-05-11 | 19:28:50
                                               US
                                                         | 192.168.66.142
       20 | tshah
                     | 2022-05-12 | 18:56:36
                                               | MEXICO | 192.168.109.50
       28 | aestrada | 2022-05-09 | 19:28:12
                                                        | 192.168.27.57
                                               MEXICO
                     | 2022-05-11 | 21:02:04
                                                         | 192.168.45.93
       34 | drosas
                                               US
       42 | cgriffin | 2022-05-09 | 23:04:05
                                               US
                                                         | 192.168.4.157
       52 | cjackson | 2022-05-10 | 22:07:07
                                               CAN
                                                         | 192.168.58.57
```

19 failed login attempts occurred after 18:00

Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

Our team is investigating a suspicious event that occurred on '2022-05-09'. You want to retrieve all login attempts that occurred on this day and the day before ('2022-05-08').

75 login attempts were made on these two days?

Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

My team is investigating logins that did not originate in Mexico, and we need to find this information. Note that the country field includes entries with 'MEX' and 'MEXICO'. We should use the NOT and LIKE operators and the matching pattern 'MEX%'.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
   -> FROM log in attempts
   -> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
 event id | username | login date | login time | country | ip address
        1 | jrafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27 | CAN
                                                     | 192.168.243.140 |
        2 | apatel | 2022-05-10 | 20:27:27
                                            CAN
                                                     | 192.168.205.12 |
        3 | dkot | 2022-05-09 | 06:47:41
                                            USA
                                                     | 192.168.151.162 |
        4 | dkot
                    | 2022-05-08 | 02:00:39
                                            USA
                                                     | 192.168.178.71 |
```

Retrieve employees in Marketing

We need to retrieve the information from the department and office columns in the employees table. We need to obtain the information about employees in the

'Marketing' department who are located in all offices in the East building (such as 'East-170' or 'East-320').

The first condition is the department = 'Marketing' portion, which filters for employees in the Marketing department. The second condition is the office LIKE 'East%' portion, which filters for employees in the East building.

Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

To retrieve records for employees in the 'Finance' or the 'Sales' department.

```
MariaDB [orqanization]> SELECT *FROM employees WHERE department = 'Finance' OR depart
ment = 'Sales';
 employee id | device id
                            | username | department | office
        1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore | Finance
                                                    | South-153
        1007 | h174i497j413 | wjaffrey | Finance
                                                    | North-406
        1008 | i858j583k571 | abernard | Finance
                                                    | South-170
        1009 | NULL | lrodrigu | Sales
                                                    | South-134
        1010 | k2421212m542 | jlansky | Finance
                                                    | South-109
        1011 | 1748m120n401 | drosas
                                       Sales
                                                    South-292
        1015 | p611q262r945 | jsoto
                                       | Finance
                                                    | North-271
        1017 | r550s824t230 | jclark
                                      | Finance
                                                    | North-188
        1018 | s310t540u653 | abellmas | Finance
                                                    | North-403
        1022 | w237x430y567 | arusso | Finance
                                                    | West-465
        1024 | y976z753a267 | iuduike | Sales
                                                    | South-215
        1025 | z381a365b233 | jhill
                                       | Sales
                                                    | North-115
        1029 | d336e475f676 | ivelasco | Finance
                                                    | East-156
        1035 | j236k3031245 | bisles | Sales
                                                    | South-171
        1039 | n253o917p623 | cjackson | Sales
                                                    | East-378
        1041 | p929q222r778 | cgriffin | Sales
                                                    | North-208
```

. The first condition is department = 'Finance', which filters for employees from the Finance department. The second condition is department = 'Sales', which filters for employees from the Sales department.

Retrieve all employees not in IT

To retrieve records for employees who are not in the 'Information Technology' department.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *FROM employees WHERE NOT department = 'Information Te
chnology';
 employee id | device id
                             username
                                        | department
                                                          | office
        1000 | a320b137c219 | elarson | Marketing
                                                          | East-170
        1001 | b239c825d303 | bmoreno | Marketing
        1002 | c116d593e558 | tshah
                                        | Human Resources | North-434
         1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore | Finance
        1004 | e218f877g788 | eraab
                                        | Human Resources | South-127
        1005 | f551g340h864 | gesparza | Human Resources | South-366
        1007 | h174i497j413 | wjaffrey | Finance
        1008 | i858j583k571 | abernard | Finance
                                                          | South-170
        1009 | NULL
                              lrodriqu | Sales
                                                           South-134
```

all data selected from the employees table.a WHERE clause with NOT to filter for employees not in this department.

Summary

- run SQL queries to retrieve information from a database and
- apply AND, OR, and NOT operators to filter SQL queries.
- LIKE and wild card %for pattern filters