

Activity 11: Retrieving Data Correctly From Databases

1. Connect to petsDB and check whether the connection has been successful.

```
In [1]: import sqlite3
```

```
In [2]: con = sqlite3.connect("petsdb")
```

```
In [3]: # Function to ensure a successful connection

def is_opened(con):
    try:
        con.execute("SELECT * FROM persons LIMIT 1")
        return True
    except sqlite3.ProgrammingError as err:
        print('Connection closed : ', err)
        return False

print(is_opened(con))
```

True

```
In [4]: con.close()
```

```
In [5]: print(is_opened(con))
```

Connection closed : Cannot operate on a closed database.
False

2. Find the different age groups in the persons database.

```
In [6]: with sqlite3.connect('petsdb') as con: #Connect to the petsdb
        cur = con.cursor()
        rows= cur.execute("PRAGMA table_info([persons])") #Get table info
        for row in rows:
            print(row)
```

```
(0, 'id', 'INTEGER', 0, None, 0)
(1, 'first_name', 'TEXT', 0, None, 0)
(2, 'last_name', 'TEXT', 0, None, 0)
(3, 'age', 'INTEGER', 0, None, 0)
(4, 'city', 'TEXT', 0, None, 0)
(5, 'zip_code', 'INTEGER', 0, None, 0)
```

```
In [7]: with sqlite3.connect('petsdb') as con:
        cur = con.cursor()
        rows= cur.execute("SELECT age, count(1) FROM persons GROUP BY age")
        print('AGE', '    COUNT', '\n---    ', '-----')
        for row in rows:
            print(row[0], '\t', row[1])
```

AGE	COUNT
---	-----
5	2
6	1

7	1
8	3
9	1
11	2
12	3
13	1
14	4
16	2
17	2
18	3
19	1
22	3
23	2
24	3
25	2
27	1
30	1
31	3
32	1
33	1
34	2
35	3
36	3
37	1
39	2
40	1
42	1
44	2
48	2
49	1
50	1
51	2
52	2
53	2
54	2
58	1
59	1
60	1
61	1
62	2
63	1
65	2
66	2
67	1
68	3
69	1
70	1
71	4
72	1
73	5
74	3

3. Find the age group that has the maximum number of people.

```
In [8]: for age, people in cur.execute("SELECT age, count(1) FROM persons GROUP BY age ORDER BY  
      print("We have {} people aged {}".format(people, age))
```

We have 5 people aged 73

4. Find the people who do not have a last name.

```
In [9]: rows= cur.execute("select * from persons where last_name is null")
print(len(cur.fetchall()))
```

60

5. Find out how many people have more than one pet.

```
In [10]: rows= cur.execute("select count(1) from (select * from persons where last_name is null)"
#print(len(cur.fetchall()))
for count in rows:
    print(count[0])
```

60

6. Find out how many pets have received treatment.

```
In [11]: #Understand the table fields
rows= cur.execute("PRAGMA table_info([pets])")
for row in rows:
    print(row)
```

```
(0, 'owner_id', 'INTEGER', 0, None, 0)
(1, 'pet_name', 'TEXT', 0, None, 0)
(2, 'pet_type', 'REAL', 0, None, 0)
(3, 'treatment_done', 'INTEGER', 0, None, 0)
```

```
In [12]: #Check the different values for treatment_done
rows= cur.execute("select treatment_done, count(1) from pets group by treatment_done")
for treatment, count in rows:
    print(treatment , ' ' , count)
```

```
0    114
1     36
```

```
In [13]: #Get the number of pets that received treatment
rows= cur.execute("select count(1) from pets where treatment_done = 1")
for count in rows:
    print("Number of pets that received treatment = {}".format(count[0]))
```

Number of pets that received treatment = 36

7. Find out how many pets have received treatment and the type of pet is known.

```
In [14]: #Check the different values for pet_type
rows= cur.execute("select pet_type, count(1) from pets group by pet_type")
for pet_type, count in rows:
    print(pet_type , ' ' , count)
```

```
None    82
1.0     68
```

```
In [15]: #Get the number of pets that received treatment whose type is known
rows= cur.execute("select count(1) from pets where treatment_done = 1 and pet_type = 1")
for count in rows:
    print("There are {} pets which received treatment and the type of pet is known".form
```

There are 16 pets which received treatment and the type of pet is known

8. Find out how many pets are from the city called east port.

```
In [16]: rows= cur.execute("select count(a.owner_id) from pets as a inner join persons as b on a.  
for count in rows:  
    print("There are {} pets from the city east port".format(count[0]))
```

There are 49 pets from the city east port

9. Find out how many pets are from the city called east port and who received a treatment.

```
In [17]: rows= cur.execute("select count(a.owner_id) from pets as a inner join persons as b on a.  
for count in rows:  
    print("There are {} pets from the city east port that received treatment".format(cou
```

There are 11 pets from the city east port that received treatment