Problems

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1 Precalculus

1. The real numbers m and c are such that the equation

$$x^2 + (mx + c)^2 = 1$$

has a double root at x = a and the equation

$$x^2 + (mx + c - 1)^2 = 1$$

has a double root at x - b where a, b are not necessarily distinct. Find the number of possible pairs of (m, c) such that these constraints are satisfied.

- 2. Let a,b,c be complex numbers with magnitude 1. Find the maximum value of |a-b|+|a-c|+b-c|
- 3. How many values of z satisfy the equation $z^{2000} = \overline{z}$?
- 4. Find the minimum integer value of $\Re(z)$ if |z-4| < |z-2|
- 5. For certain real values of a, b, c, and d, the equation $x^4 + ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$ has four non-real roots. The product of two of these roots is 13 + i and the sum of the other two roots is 3 + 4i, where $i = \sqrt{-1}$. Find b.

2 Calculus

1.

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^n}{x^n + (x-1)^n}$$

2. Let x, y, and z be positive real numbers such that xyz=32. Find the minimum value of

$$x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2 + 2z^2$$
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3 Precalculus Answers

- 1. $\boxed{4}$ (Oxford MAT 2022)
- 2. $\boxed{3\sqrt{3}}$ (AoPS)
- 3. 2002 (AoPS)
- 4. 4 (AoPS)
- 5. 51 (AoPS)

4 Calculus Answers

 $\frac{1}{2}$ (Selfmade -; u=1-x)

96 (MSE)