

4.13.66

EE25BTECH11062 - Vivek K Kumar

Question:

A straight line L with negative slope passes through the point $(8, 2)$ and cuts the positive coordinate axes at points P and Q . Find the absolute minimum value of $OP + OQ$, as L varies, where O is the origin.

Solution:

Point	Value
\mathbf{m}	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{pmatrix} \quad m > 0$
\mathbf{h}	$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE 0: Variables used

It is known that

$$\mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{P} = 0 \quad (0.1)$$

$$\mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{Q} = 0 \quad (0.2)$$

Given line L can be represented as

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h} + k\mathbf{m} \quad (0.3)$$

$$\mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{P} = \mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{h} + k_1 \mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{m} \quad (0.4)$$

$$k_1 = -\frac{\mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{h}}{\mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{m}} \quad (0.5)$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{h} - \frac{\mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{h}}{\mathbf{e}_1^\top \mathbf{m}} \mathbf{m} \quad (0.6)$$

$$\mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{h} + k_2 \mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{m} \quad (0.7)$$

$$k_2 = -\frac{\mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{h}}{\mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{m}} \quad (0.8)$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{h} - \frac{\mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{h}}{\mathbf{e}_2^\top \mathbf{m}} \mathbf{m} \quad (0.9)$$

Substituting values

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - 8 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.10)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 + 8m \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.11)$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{2}{m} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.12)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 8 + \frac{2}{m} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.13)$$

We have to find the minimum of $\|\mathbf{P}\| + \|\mathbf{Q}\|$

$$\|\mathbf{P}\| + \|\mathbf{Q}\| = 2 + 8m + 8 + \frac{2}{m} \quad (0.14)$$

$$= 10 + 8m + \frac{2}{m} \quad (0.15)$$

Applying AM-GM inequality

$$\frac{8m + \frac{2}{m}}{2} \geq \sqrt{8m \cdot \frac{2}{m}} \quad (0.16)$$

$$\geq 4 \quad (0.17)$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 + 8m + \frac{2}{m} \geq 18 \quad (0.18)$$

Hence we can write

$$\|\mathbf{P}\| + \|\mathbf{Q}\| \geq 18 \quad (0.19)$$

Hence, $\min(\|\mathbf{P}\| + \|\mathbf{Q}\|) = 18$

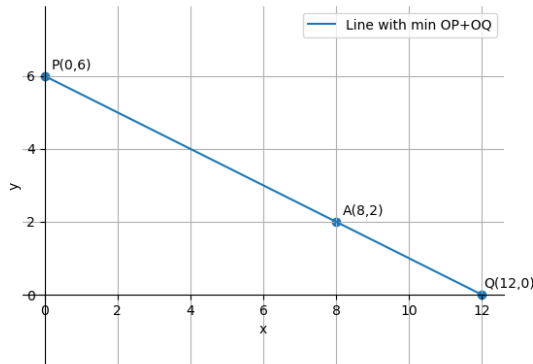


Fig. 0.1: Given points on a line