## Question 4.4.36

Al25BTECH11040 - Vivaan Parashar

September 24, 2025

## Question:

The area of the triangle formed by the lines  $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$  and the coordinate axes is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Solution:

Let the origin be  $\mathbf{O}$ , the x-intercept be  $\mathbf{A}$ , and the y-intercept be  $\mathbf{B}$ . We then need the area of triangle OAB. The x-intercept is found by setting y=0 in the equation of the line, written as  $\mathbf{m}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{x}=1$ , where  $\mathbf{m}=\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{a}\\ \frac{1}{b} \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{x}$  represents a point on the line. Similarly, the y-intercept is found by setting x=0.

$$\therefore \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ y \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

Putting **A** and **B** in the equation of the line, we get

$$x = a, \quad y = b \tag{2}$$



Clearly, the triangle formed is a right angled triangle, with the right angle at  $\mathbf{O}$  (due to the axes being perpendicular). The area of the triangle is given by

$$\Delta OAB = \frac{1}{2} \times base \times height, in this case$$
 (3)

$$\Delta \mathsf{OAB} = \frac{1}{2} \times \mathit{OA} \times \mathit{OB} \tag{4}$$

$$\Delta \mathsf{OAB} = \frac{1}{2} \times |\mathsf{a}| \times |\mathsf{b}| \tag{5}$$

$$\therefore \Delta \mathsf{OAB} = \left| \frac{ab}{2} \right| \tag{6}$$

## Plot:

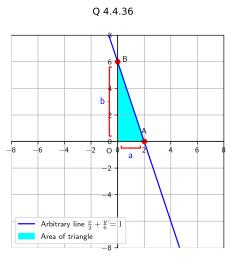


Figure: Graph of line and triangle formed by intercepts with axes