#### 1.11.2

Yoshita J - EE25BTECH11065

August 28,2025

#### Question

Unit vector along PQ, where coordinates of P and Q respectively are

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} \text{ is.}$$



#### **Table**

Let the coordinates of the points be P(2,1,-1) and Q(4,4,-7).

Point	Name
$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	Р
$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$	Q

Table: Vectors

#### Theoretical Solution

We find the vector  $\mathbf{PQ}$  by subtracting the coordinates of P from the coordinates of Q.

$$PQ = Q - P \tag{1}$$

$$= (4-2)\mathbf{i} + (4-1)\mathbf{j} + (-7-(-1))\mathbf{k}$$
 (2)

$$= 2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 6\mathbf{k} \tag{3}$$

#### Theoretical Solution

Magnitude (or norm) of the vector PQ,

$$||\mathbf{PQ}|| = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (3)^2 + (-6)^2}$$
 (4)

$$= \sqrt{4 + 9 + 36} \tag{5}$$

$$=\sqrt{49}\tag{6}$$

$$=7$$

#### **Equation**

The unit vector in the direction of PQ, denoted as  $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ , is found by dividing the vector by its magnitude.

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}} = \frac{\mathbf{PQ}}{||\mathbf{PQ}||} \tag{8}$$

$$=\frac{1}{7}(2\mathbf{i}+3\mathbf{j}-6\mathbf{k})\tag{9}$$

$$=\frac{2}{7}\mathbf{i}+\frac{3}{7}\mathbf{j}-\frac{6}{7}\mathbf{k}\tag{10}$$

Thus, the unit vector along PQ is  $\frac{1}{7}(2i + 3j - 6k)$ .

#### C Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
typedef struct {
   float x, y, z;
} Vector3D;
Vector3D find unit vector(Vector3D P, Vector3D Q) {
   Vector3D PQ;
   PQ.x = Q.x - P.x;
   PQ.y = Q.y - P.y;
   PQ.z = Q.z - P.z;
```

#### C Code

```
float magnitude = sqrtf(PQ.x * PQ.x + PQ.y * PQ.y + PQ.z * PQ
     .z);
Vector3D unit_vector = {0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f};
 if (magnitude > 0) {
    unit vector.x = PQ.x / magnitude;
    unit vector.y = PQ.y / magnitude;
    unit vector.z = PQ.z / magnitude;
 }
 return unit vector;
```

```
import ctypes
import os
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
class Vector3D(ctypes.Structure):
   fields = [(x, ctypes.c float),
              (y, ctypes.c_float),
              (z, ctypes.c float)]
C_SOURCE_FILE = 'c_unit_vector_code.c'
SHARED_LIBRARY = './unit_vector.so'
```

```
if not os.path.exists(SHARED_LIBRARY):
   print(fShared library '{SHARED_LIBRARY}' not found.)
   if os.path.exists(C_SOURCE_FILE):
       print(fAttempting to compile '{C_SOURCE_FILE}'...)
       compile_command = fgcc -shared -o {SHARED_LIBRARY} -fPIC
           {C SOURCE FILE}
       print(fRunning: {compile_command})
       exit_code = os.system(compile_command)
       if exit code != 0:
           print(\n--- COMPILATION FAILED ---)
           print(Please ensure you have a C compiler (like gcc)
               installed.)
           print(You may need to compile the C code from the
               Canvas manually.)
           exit(1)
       print(Compilation successful.)
```

```
else:
       print(f\nError: C source file '{C_SOURCE_FILE}' not found
       print(Please save the C code from the Canvas as '
           c_unit_vector_code.c' in the same directory.)
       exit(1)
try:if not os.path.exists(SHARED LIBRARY):
   print(fShared library '{SHARED LIBRARY}' not found.)
```

```
if os.path.exists(C_SOURCE_FILE):
      print(fAttempting to compile '{C_SOURCE_FILE}'...)
      compile_command = fgcc -shared -o {SHARED_LIBRARY} -fPIC
          {C SOURCE FILE}
      print(fRunning: {compile_command})
      exit code = os.system(compile command)
      if exit code != 0:
         print(\n--- COMPILATION FAILED ---)
         print(Please ensure you have a C compiler (like gcc)
             installed.)
         print(You may need to compile the C code from the
             Canvas manually.)
         exit(1)
      print(Compilation successful.)
```

```
c_lib = ctypes.CDLL(SHARED_LIBRARY)
except OSError as e:
    print(fError loading shared library: {e})
    exit(1)
c lib.find unit vector.argtypes = [Vector3D, Vector3D]
c lib.find unit vector.restype = Vector3D
P coords = Vector3D(x=2.0, y=1.0, z=-1.0)
Q coords = Vector3D(x=4.0, y=4.0, z=-7.0)
unit vector result = c lib.find unit vector(P coords, Q coords)
print(--- Results from C Function ---)
```

```
print(fUnit Vector x: {unit_vector_result.x:.6f})
print(fUnit Vector y: {unit_vector_result.y:.6f})
print(fUnit Vector z: {unit_vector_result.z:.6f})
print(-----\n)
print(Generating 3D plot...)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
ax = fig.add subplot(111, projection='3d')
p np = np.array([P coords.x, P coords.y, P coords.z])
| q np = np.array([Q coords.x, Q coords.y, Q coords.z])
```

```
ax.scatter(*p np, color='blue', s=100, label='Point P (2, 1,
     -1)')
ax.scatter(*q_np, color='red', s=100, label='Point Q (4, 4, -7)')
ax.text(*(p_np + 0.3), 'P', size=15, color='k')
ax.text(*(q_np + 0.3), 'Q', size=15, color='k')
vector_pq = q_np - p_np
ax.quiver(*p_np, *vector_pq, color='gray', linestyle='dashed',
    arrow length ratio=0.1, label='Vector PQ')
unit_vec_np = np.array([unit_vector_result.x, unit_vector_result.
    v, unit vector result.z])
ax.quiver(0, 0, 0, *unit vec np, color='green', length=1.0,
    arrow length ratio=0.2, label='Unit Vector (from C)')
```

```
ax.set xlabel('X-axis', fontsize=12)
ax.set ylabel('Y-axis', fontsize=12)
ax.set zlabel('Z-axis', fontsize=12)
ax.set_title('Visualization of Vector and its Unit Vector (
    Calculated in C)', fontsize=14)
ax.legend()
ax.grid(True)
ax.set_xlim([0, 5])
ax.set_ylim([0, 5])
ax.set_zlim([-8, 2])
ax.view init(elev=20., azim=-50) # Set a nice viewing angle
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
```

### Plot

