AI25BTECH11010 - Dhanush Kumar

If the sum of two unit vectors is a unit vector, prove that the magnitude of their difference is $\sqrt{3}$.

Solution:

Let

$$\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \quad ||\mathbf{u}|| = 1, \ ||\mathbf{v}|| = 1.$$
 (1)

Form the matrix

$$M = (\mathbf{u} \quad \mathbf{v}),\tag{2}$$

1

whose Gram matrix is

$$G = M^T M (3)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{v} \\ \mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{v} \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{pmatrix},\tag{5}$$

where $\rho = \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{v}$.

Now,

$$\|\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}\|^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} G \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

$$=2+2\rho. \tag{8}$$

Since $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ is a unit vector,

$$2 + 2\rho = 1 \implies \rho = -\frac{1}{2}.$$
 (9)

Next,

$$\|\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}\|^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} G \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (10)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{11}$$

$$=2-2\rho. \tag{12}$$

Substituting $\rho = -\frac{1}{2}$,

$$\|\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}\|^2 = 2 - 2\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 (13)

$$=3. (14)$$

Hence,

$$\|\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}\| = \sqrt{3}.\tag{15}$$

... The required result is proved.

