#### 2.8.15

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#### Question

Find the position vector of a point **A** in space such that **OA** is inclined at  $60^\circ$  with **OX** and  $45^\circ$  to **OY** and  $\left| \textbf{OA} \right| = 10$ units.

Given, Let  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{O}$  be represented as  $\mathbf{R}$ 

$$\|\mathbf{R}\| = 10$$
, Angle with x-axis = 60° and y-axis = 45° (1)

#### Theory

If I, m and n are the direction cosines of a given vector then ,

$$l^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 1 (2)$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \|\mathbf{R}\| \begin{pmatrix} I \\ m \\ n \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$I = \cos 60^{\circ} = \frac{1}{2}, m = \cos 45^{\circ} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 (4)

$$I^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 1 (5)$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + n^2 = 1 \tag{6}$$

$$\implies n = \pm \frac{1}{2} \tag{7}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = 10 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \pm \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 5\sqrt{2} \\ +5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 5\sqrt{2} \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (9)

Hence,

$$\mathbf{A}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 5\sqrt{2} \\ +5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{A}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 5\sqrt{2} \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (10)

are the position vector for point A

# C Code (1)

```
#include <math.h>
double calc(double 1 , double m)
{
    double n = sqrt(1 - pow(1,2) - pow(m,2));
    return n;
}
```

# C Code (2)

```
void linegen(double *X, double *Y , double *Z , double *A ,
    double *B , int n , int m )
{
   double temp[m] ;
   for (int i = 0 ; i < m ; i++)</pre>
    {
       temp [ i ] = (B[i] - A[i]) / (double) n;
    for (int i = 0 ; i <= n ; i++ )</pre>
       X[i] = A[0] + temp[0] * i ;
       Y[i] = A[1] + temp[1] * i ;
       Z[i] = A[2] + temp[2] * i ;
   }
```

```
import ctypes
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
handc1 = ctypes.CDLL("./func.so")
handc1.calc.argtypes=[
   ctypes.c double,
   ctypes.c double
1 = np.cos(np.deg2rad(60))
m = np.cos(np.deg2rad(45))
handc1.calc.restype = ctypes.c double
n = handc1.calc(l, m)
```

```
def line cre(P: np.ndarray, Q: np.ndarray, str):
   handc2 = ctypes.CDLL("./line_gen.so")
   handc2.linegen.argtypes = [
       ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double),
       ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double),
       ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double),
       ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double),
       ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double),
       ctypes.c_int , ctypes.c_int
   handc2.linegen.restype = None
```

```
n = 200
X l = np.zeros(n,dtype=np.float64)
Y 1 = np.zeros(n,dtype=np.float64)
Z_1 = np.zeros(n,dtype=np.float64)
handc2.linegen (
   X_1.ctypes.data_as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c double)),
   Y_1.ctypes.data_as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double)),
   Z_l.ctypes.data_as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c double)),
   P.ctypes.data_as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c double)),
   Q.ctypes.data_as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_double)),
   n,2
ax.plot([X_1[0],X_1[-1]],[Y_1[0],Y_1[-1]],[Z_1[0],Z_1[-1]],
    str)
```

```
A1 = 10 * np.array([[1],[m],[n]],dtype=np.float64).reshape(-1,1)
A2 = 10 * np.array([[1],[m],[-n]], dtype= np.float64).reshape
    (-1,1)
B = np.array([[0],[0],[0]]).reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111,projection="3d")
line_cre(A1,B,"g-")
line cre(A2,B,"r-")
coords = np.block([[A1,A2,B]])
ax.scatter(coords[0,:],coords[1,:],coords[2,:])
vert labels = [r'$A 1$',r'$A 2$','0']
```

```
for i, txt in enumerate(vert labels):
    if (coords[0,i] == 0):
       ax.text(coords[0,i], coords[1,i], coords[2,i],txt, ha='
           center', va = 'bottom')
    else :
       ax.text(coords[0,i], coords[1,i] , coords[2,i],f'{txt}\n
           ({coords[0,i]:.1f}, {coords[1,i]:.1f}, {coords[2,i]:.1
           f})',ha='center', va = 'bottom')
ax.scatter(coords[0,2], coords[1,2], coords[2,2], color="b",
    label="0 : ORIGIN")
ax.legend(loc = "best")
ax.set_xlabel('$x$')
ax.set_ylabel('$y$')
ax.set zlabel('$z$')
```

```
ax.grid()
ax.set xlim([-2, 7])
ax.set ylim([-2,8])
ax.set zlim([-6,6])
plt.title("Fig:2.8.15")
\#ax.set box aspect([1,1,1])
fig.savefig("../figs/vector1.png")
fig.show()
#plt.savefig('figs/triangle/ang-bisect.pdf')
#subprocess.run(shlex.split("termux-open figs/triangle/ang-bisect
    .pdf"))
```

```
import math
import sys
sys.path.insert(0, '/home/kartik-lahoti/matgeo/codes/CoordGeo')
import numpy as np
import numpy.linalg as LA
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
from line.funcs import *
#from triangle.funcs import *
#from conics.funcs import circ_gen
#if using termux
#import subprocess
#import shlex
```

```
1 = np.cos(np.deg2rad(60))
m = np.cos(np.deg2rad(45))
 | n = np.sqrt(1 - 1**2 - m**2)
 A1 = 10 * np.array([1,m,n]).reshape(-1,1)
 A2 = 10 * np.array([1,m,-n]).reshape(-1,1)
 0 = \text{np.array}([0,0,0]).\text{reshape}(-1,1)
 def plot_it(P,Q,str):
     x l = line gen num(P,Q,20)
     ax.plot(x 1[0,:],x 1[1,:],x 1[2,:], str)
 fig = plt.figure()
 ax = fig.add subplot(111,projection = "3d")
 |plot it(A1,0,"g-")|
 plot it(A2,0,"r-")
```

```
coords = np.block([[A1,A2,0]])
plt.scatter(coords[0,:],coords[1,:],coords[2,:])
vert labels = [r'$A 1$',r'$A 2$','0']
for i, txt in enumerate(vert labels):
    if (coords[0,i] == 0 ) :
       ax.text(coords[0,i], coords[1,i], coords[2,i],txt, ha='
           center', va = 'bottom')
   else:
       ax.text(coords[0,i], coords[1,i], coords[2,i],f'{txt}\n
           ({coords[0,i]:.1f}, {coords[1,i]:.1f}, {coords[2,i]:.1
           f})',ha='center', va = 'bottom')
ax.scatter(coords[0,2], coords[1,2], coords[2,2], color="b",
    label="0 : ORIGIN")
ax.legend(loc = "best")
```

```
ax.set xlabel('$x$')
ax.set ylabel('$y$')
ax.set zlabel('$z$')
ax.grid()
ax.set xlim([-2, 7])
ax.set ylim([-2,8])
ax.set_zlim([-6,6])
plt.title("Fig:2.8.15")
#ax.set_box_aspect([1,1,1])
fig.savefig("../figs/vector2.png")
fig.show()
#plt.savefig('figs/triangle/ang-bisect.pdf')
#subprocess.run(shlex.split("termux-open figs/triangle/ang-bisect
    .pdf"))
```

