Puni Aditya - EE25BTECH11046

Question:

The sum of three numbers is 6. If we multiply the third number by 3 and add the second number to it, we get 11. By adding the first and third numbers, we get double of the second number. Find the numbers.

Solution: Given

$$x + y + z = 6 \tag{1}$$

$$0x + y + 3z = 11\tag{2}$$

$$x - 2y + z = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 11 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \to R_3 - R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 11 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$
(4)

$$\stackrel{R_3 \to -\frac{1}{3}R_3}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & | & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & | & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & | & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & | & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$
(5)

$$\stackrel{R_1 \to R_1 - R_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \stackrel{1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & | & 9 \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{R_3 \to \frac{1}{3}R_3}{\longleftrightarrow} \stackrel{1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
(6)

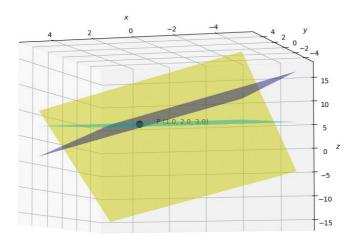
$$\stackrel{R_1 \to R_1 - R_3}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
(7)

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

 \therefore The required numbers are 1,2 and 3.

1

The Planes and their Solution



Plot