

# 1.5.24

EE25BTECH11036 - M Chanakya Srinivas

**1.5.24** A line intersects the  $Y$ -axis and  $X$ -axis at the points  $P = (0, b)$  and  $Q = (c, 0)$  respectively. If  $(2, -5)$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{PQ}$ , then find the coordinates of  $P$  and  $Q$ .

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ b \end{pmatrix}, \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

**(i) Rank/collinearity:**

$$\text{Since } \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{M} \text{ are collinear, } \text{rank}(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{M} \quad \mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{M})^\top = 1. \quad (4)$$

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{M} \quad \mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{M})^\top = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & c-2 \\ b+5 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow -2R_2 - (b+5)R_1} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & c-2 \\ 0 & -10 - (b+5)(c-2) \end{pmatrix}. \quad (5)$$

For rank = 1, the last entry must be 0:

$$-10 - (b+5)(c-2) = 0 \implies (b+5)(c-2) = -10. \quad (6)$$

**(ii) Midpoint:**

$$\mathbf{M} = \frac{\mathbf{P} + \mathbf{Q}}{2} \implies \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ b \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} c \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} c \\ b \end{pmatrix} \implies \begin{pmatrix} c \\ b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (7)$$

Thus  $c = 4$ ,  $b = -10$ , and these satisfy ??.

**Answer:**

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

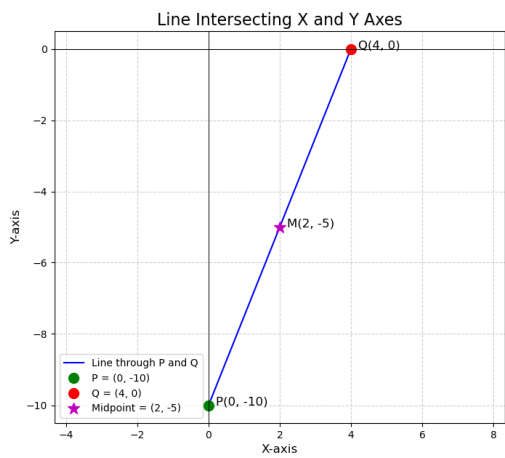


Fig. 1: Plot using Shared output

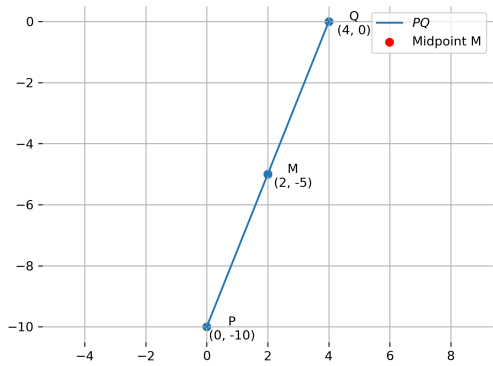


Fig. 2: Plot using Python