#### 1.5.20

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#### Question

The midpoint of the line segment joining  $\mathbf{A}(2a,4)$  and  $\mathbf{B}(-2,3b)$  is (1,2a+1). Find the values of a and b.

#### Equation

The midpoint M of line segment AB, with  $\mathbf{A}(x_1, y_1)$  and  $\mathbf{B}(x_2, y_2)$ , is:

$$\mathbf{M} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}}{2} \tag{1}$$

Given details:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2a \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3b \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2a+1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2)

Substituting the points:

$$\frac{\binom{2a}{4} + \binom{-2}{3b}}{2} = \binom{\frac{2a-2}{2}}{\frac{(4+3b)}{2}}$$
 (3)

Equating coordinates, we get two equations:

$$\frac{2a-2}{2} = 1 {(4)}$$

$$\frac{4+3b}{2} = 2a+1 \tag{5}$$

Using (3)

$$a=2 \tag{6}$$

Using (3) and (6)

$$b=2 (7$$

Therefore Values of a and b are both 2

# C Code (1) - Function to generate a line segment

```
#include <stdio.h>
void line_segment_gen(double *X, double *Y, double *A, double *B,
     int n)
   double dx = (B[0] - A[0]) / (double)n;
   double dy = (B[1] - A[1]) / (double)n;
   for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)
   {
       X[i] = A[0] + dx * i;
       Y[i] = A[1] + dy * i;
   }
```

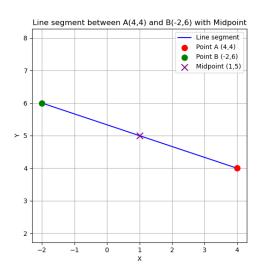
```
import ctypes
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load shared library
lib = ctypes.CDLL("./line segment.so")
# Define argument types for the C function
lib.line_segment_gen.argtypes = [
   np.ctypeslib.ndpointer(dtype=np.double, ndim=1, flags="
       C CONTIGUOUS"), # X
   np.ctypeslib.ndpointer(dtype=np.double, ndim=1, flags="
       C CONTIGUOUS"), # Y
   np.ctypeslib.ndpointer(dtype=np.double, ndim=1, flags="
       C CONTIGUOUS"), # A
```

```
np.ctypeslib.ndpointer(dtype=np.double, ndim=1, flags="
     C CONTIGUOUS"), # B
    ctypes.c_int
# Define start & end points
A = np.array([4.0, 4.0], dtype=np.double) # Point (4,4)
B = np.array([-2.0, 6.0], dtype=np.double) # Point (-2,6)
n = 20 \# number of segments
# Allocate space for results
X = np.zeros(n+1, dtype=np.double)
Y = np.zeros(n+1, dtype=np.double)
# Call the C function
lib.line segment gen(X, Y, A, B, n)
# Compute midpoint
midpoint = np.array([(A[0] + B[0]) / 2, (A[1] + B[1]) / 2])
```

```
# ----- Plotting -----
 plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
 # Draw line segment
 |plt.plot(X, Y, 'b-', label="Line segment")
 # Mark endpoints
plt.scatter(A[0], A[1], color='red', s=80, zorder=3, label="Point")
      A(4.4)")
p | plt.scatter(B[0], B[1], color='green', s=80, zorder=3, label="
     Point B (-2,6)")
 # Mark midpoint
 plt.scatter(midpoint[0], midpoint[1], color='purple', s=100,
     marker='x', zorder=4, label="Midpoint (1,5)")
```

```
# Labels & grid
plt.xlabel("X")
plt.ylabel("Y")
plt.title("Line segment between A(4,4) and B(-2,6) with Midpoint"
    )
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.axis("equal")
plt.savefig('figs/line_segment.png')
subprocess.run(shlex.split("termux-open figs/line_segment.png"))
```

### Plot-Using Both C and Python



## Python Code

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Define points
A = np.array([4.0, 4.0])
B = np.array([-2.0, 6.0])
# Generate line segment points
n = 20
X = np.linspace(A[0], B[0], n+1)
Y = np.linspace(A[1], B[1], n+1)
```

## Python Code

```
# ----- Plotting -----
 plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
 # Line
 |plt.plot(X, Y, 'b-', label="Line segment")
 # Endpoints
 plt.scatter(A[0], A[1], color='red', s=80, zorder=3, label="Point"
      A(4.4)")
p | plt.scatter(B[0], B[1], color='green', s=80, zorder=3, label="
     Point B (-2,6)")
 # Midpoint
 plt.scatter(midpoint[0], midpoint[1], color='purple', s=100,
     marker='x', zorder=4, label="Midpoint (1,5)")
```

## Python Code

```
# Midpoint
midpoint = (A + B) / 2
# Labels & grid
plt.xlabel("X")
plt.ylabel("Y")
plt.title("Line segment between A(4,4) and B(-2,6) with Midpoint"
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.axis("equal")
plt.savefig('figs/line_segment2.png')
subprocess.run(shlex.split("termux-open figs/line_segment2.png"))
```

### Plot-Using only Python

