## AI25BTECH11036-SNEHAMRUDULA

**Ouestion:** 

Consider the lines given by

$$L_1: x + 3y - 5 = 0,$$
  
 $L_2: 3x - ky - 1 = 0,$   
 $L_3: 5x + 2y - 12 = 0.$ 

Match the Statements/Expressions in Column I with the Statements/Expressions in Column П.

## Column I

## Column II

- (A)  $L_1, L_2, L_3$  are concurrent, if
- (B) One of  $L_1, L_2, L_3$  is parallel to at least one of the other two, if
- at (b)  $k = \frac{-6}{5}$ (c)  $k = \frac{5}{6}$
- (C)  $L_1, L_2, L_3$  form a triangle, if
- (D)  $L_1, L_2, L_3$  do not form a triangle, if

**Solution.** The three line equations can be written in matrix form as

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -k \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{4.1}$$

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(A) Concurrency: The lines are concurrent when all three equations admit a common solution. This happens if

$$\operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -k \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & -k & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & 12 \end{pmatrix} = 2. \tag{4.2}$$

Expanding the augmented determinant condition gives

$$k = 5. (4.3)$$

(B) Parallelism: Two lines are parallel when their normals are proportional. Equivalently, rank of the normals is 1:

$$\operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{n}_2 & \mathbf{n}_3 \end{pmatrix} = 1. \tag{4.4}$$

This gives

$$k = -\frac{6}{5}. (4.5)$$

(C) Triangle condition: Three lines form a triangle if they intersect pairwise but are not concurrent. That is,

$$\operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{n}_1 & \mathbf{n}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{n}_2 & \mathbf{n}_3 \end{pmatrix} = \operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{n}_3 & \mathbf{n}_1 \end{pmatrix} = 2, \quad k \neq 5, \ k \neq -\frac{6}{5}. \tag{4.6}$$

So among the given options,

$$k = 9$$
 or  $k = \frac{5}{6}$ . (4.7)

(D) Do not form a triangle: This occurs if either concurrent or parallel, i.e.

$$k = 5$$
 or  $k = -\frac{6}{5}$ . (4.8)

Final Match:

$$(A) \to (d) : k = 5,$$
 (4.9)

$$(B) \to (b): k = -\frac{6}{5},$$
 (4.10)

$$(C) \rightarrow (a) \text{ or } (c) : k = 9 \text{ or } \frac{5}{6},$$
 (4.11)

$$(D) \to (d) \text{ or } (b) : k = 5 \text{ or } -\frac{6}{5}.$$
 (4.12)

## Graphical Representation

