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EE25BTECH11057 - Rushil Shanmukha Srinivas

Question : Find the direction cosines of the line passing through the two points $(-2,4,-5)$ and $(1,2,3)$.

Solution :

| Variable | Description | Values |
|----------|-------------|---------------|
| A | Point | $(-2, 4, -5)$ |
| B | Point | $(1, 2, 3)$ |

TABLE 0: Variables used

Let

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (0.1)$$

Form the 3×2 matrix with these as columns:

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (0.2)$$

Apply the column operation $C_2 \leftarrow C_2 - C_1$ to extract the difference vector as the second column:

$$\mathbf{M} \xrightarrow{C_2 \leftarrow C_2 - C_1} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 4 & -2 \\ -5 & 8 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (0.3)$$

Thus the direction (difference) vector of the line is

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (0.4)$$

The length of \mathbf{v} is

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v}^\top \mathbf{v} &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= 3^2 + (-2)^2 + (8)^2 \\ &= 9 + 4 + 64 = 77 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the norm of \mathbf{v} is

$$\|\mathbf{v}\| \triangleq \sqrt{\mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{v}} = \sqrt{77}$$

The unit vector in the direction of \mathbf{v} is

$$\frac{\mathbf{v}}{\|\mathbf{v}\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{77}} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Let α, β, γ be the angles made by the line with the x, y, z axes respectively. Then, the direction cosines are the elements of the above direction vector

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{3}{\sqrt{77}}, \quad \cos \beta = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{77}}, \quad \cos \gamma = \frac{8}{\sqrt{77}}$$

Line passing through A and B with direction cosines

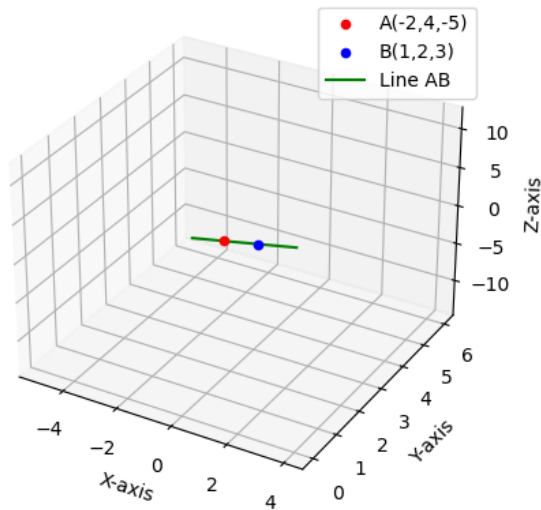


Fig : Vector \mathbf{v}