

4.7.62

AI25BTECH11001 - ABHISEK MOHAPATRA

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Question: If $\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & 1+a^3 \\ b & b^2 & 1+b^3 \\ c & c^2 & 1+c^3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$ and the vectors $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ a \\ a^2 \end{pmatrix}$,

$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ b \\ b^2 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c \\ c^2 \end{pmatrix}$ are co-planar, then the product $abc = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Solution: Let equation of the plane be $\mathbf{n}^\top \mathbf{x} = 0$.

so,

$$\mathbf{n}^\top \mathbf{A} = 0, \mathbf{n}^\top \mathbf{B} = 0, \mathbf{n}^\top \mathbf{C} = 0 \quad (0.1)$$

so ,

$$(\mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{C})^\top \mathbf{n} = 0, \quad (0.2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c & c^2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{n} = 0, \quad (0.3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c & c^2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - R_1]{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 0 & b - a & b^2 - a^2 \\ 0 & c - a & c^2 - a^2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.4)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - \frac{c-a}{b-a} R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 0 & b - a & b^2 - a^2 \\ 0 & 0 & (c - a)(c - b) \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.5)$$

Product of the eigen values is $(b - a)(c - a)(c - b)$. And, for the no non-trivial solution of \mathbf{n} to exist,

$$(b - a)(c - a)(c - b) \neq 0 \quad (0.6)$$

Reducing the given determinant to ref,

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & 1 + a^3 \\ b & b^2 & 1 + b^3 \\ c & c^2 & 1 + c^3 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - \frac{c}{a} R_1]{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - \frac{b}{a} R_1} \begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & 1 + a^3 \\ 0 & b^2 - ab & 1 - \frac{b}{a} + b^3 - a^2 b \\ 0 & c^2 - ca & 1 - \frac{c}{a} + c^3 - a^2 c \end{vmatrix} \quad (0.7)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - \frac{c^2 - ca}{b^2 - ba} R_2} \begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & 1 + a^3 \\ 0 & b^2 - ab & 1 - \frac{b}{a} + b^3 - a^2 b \\ 0 & 0 & (1 - \frac{c}{a})(1 - \frac{c}{b}) + c(c - a)(c - b) \end{vmatrix} \quad (0.8)$$

Product of the eigen values

$$(b - a)(a - c)(b - c) + abc(b - a)(c - a)(c - b) = 0 \quad (0.9)$$

$$(1 + abc)(b - a)(c - a)(c - b) = 0 \quad (0.10)$$

From eq 7

$$1 + abc = 0 \Rightarrow abc = -1 \quad (0.11)$$