# 4.8.25

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# Question

Find the coordinates of the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the point  $\mathbf{A}(-1,8,4)$  to the line joining the points  $\mathbf{B}(0,-1,3)$  and  $\mathbf{C}(2,-3,-1)$ . Hence find the image of the point  $\mathbf{A}$  in the line BC.

# Solution

#### **Direction Vector of Line BC**

$$\mathbf{d} = \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

#### Parametric Form of Line BC

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \mathbf{B} + t\mathbf{d} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2t \\ -1 - 2t \\ 3 - 4t \end{pmatrix}$$
(2)

## Solution

### **Orthogonality Condition**

$$\mathbf{r}(t) - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2t+1\\ -2t-9\\ -4t-1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$(\mathbf{r}(t) - \mathbf{A}) \cdot \mathbf{d} = 0$$

$$(2t+1)(2) + (-2t-9)(-2) + (-4t-1)(-4) = 0$$
 (4)

$$4t + 2 + 4t + 18 + 16t + 4 = 0 (5)$$

$$24t + 24 = 0 \Rightarrow t = -1 \tag{6}$$

## Solution

### Foot of Perpendicular

$$\mathbf{r}(-1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + (-1) \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

### Image of A in Line BC

$$\mathbf{A}_{\text{image}} = 2\mathbf{r}_{\perp} - \mathbf{A} = 2 \begin{pmatrix} -2\\1\\7 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -1\\8\\4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (8)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -4\\2\\14 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1\\-8\\-4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\-6\\10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

# Plot

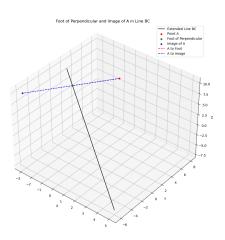


Figure: