

5.8.2

EE25BTECH11004 - Aditya Appana

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Question

10 students of Class X took part in a Mathematics quiz. If the number of girls is 4 more than the number of boys, find the number of boys and girls who took part in the quiz.

Solution

Let the number of girls in the class be g , and the number of boys be b . Let the vector representing this data be

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} g \\ b \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

Since the total number of students in the class is 10, $g + b = 10$ which can be expressed as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} = 10 \quad (2)$$

Since there are 4 more girls than boys, $b + 4 = g$, which can be expressed as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} = -4 \quad (3)$$

Organising these two equations into the form $\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}$:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

Normalising \mathbf{A} :

$$\sqrt{2} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

\mathbf{A} is orthogonal, so we $\mathbf{AA}^T = \mathbf{I}$

Multiplying by \mathbf{A}^T on both the sides:

$$\sqrt{2} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

Solving we get:

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$$g = 7 \quad (9)$$

$$b = 3 \quad (10)$$

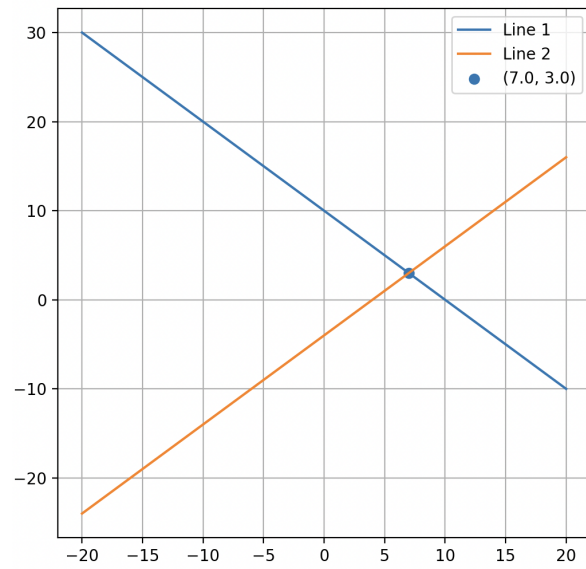


Figure 1: Plot