

Matrices in Geometry 5.8.35

EE25BTECH11037 - Divyansh

Question: The cost of 4 kg onion, 3 kg wheat and 2 kg rice is ₹60. The cost of 2 kg onion, 4 kg wheat, and 6 kg rice is ₹90. The cost of 6 kg onion, 2 kg wheat, and 3 kg rice is ₹70. Find the cost of each item per kilogram.

Solution:

Let the cost of 1 kg of onion, wheat and rice be ₹ x , ₹ y and ₹ z , respectively.

The given information is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 60 \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 90 \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 70 \quad (3)$$

Stacking them in a single matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 6 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 60 \\ 90 \\ 70 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

Writing the augmented matrix

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 3 & 2 & 60 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 90 \\ 6 & 2 & 3 & 70 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[R_2 \rightarrow R_2/2]{R_1 \rightarrow R_1/4, R_2 \rightarrow R_2/2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3/4 & 1/2 & 15 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 45 \\ 6 & 2 & 3 & 70 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 6R_1]{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_1} \quad (5)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3/4 & 1/2 & 15 \\ 0 & 5/4 & 5/2 & 30 \\ 0 & -5/2 & 0 & -20 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[R_2 \rightarrow 4R_2/5]{R_2 \rightarrow 4R_2/5} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3/4 & 1/2 & 15 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 24 \\ 0 & -5/2 & 0 & -20 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + 5R_2/2]{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - 3R_2/4} \quad (6)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 24 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 40 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[R_3 \rightarrow R_3/5]{R_3 \rightarrow R_3/5} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 24 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_3]{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_3} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 \end{array} \right) \quad (7)$$

This implies that

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

Therefore, the cost of 1 kg of onion, wheat, rice is ₹5, ₹8 and ₹8.

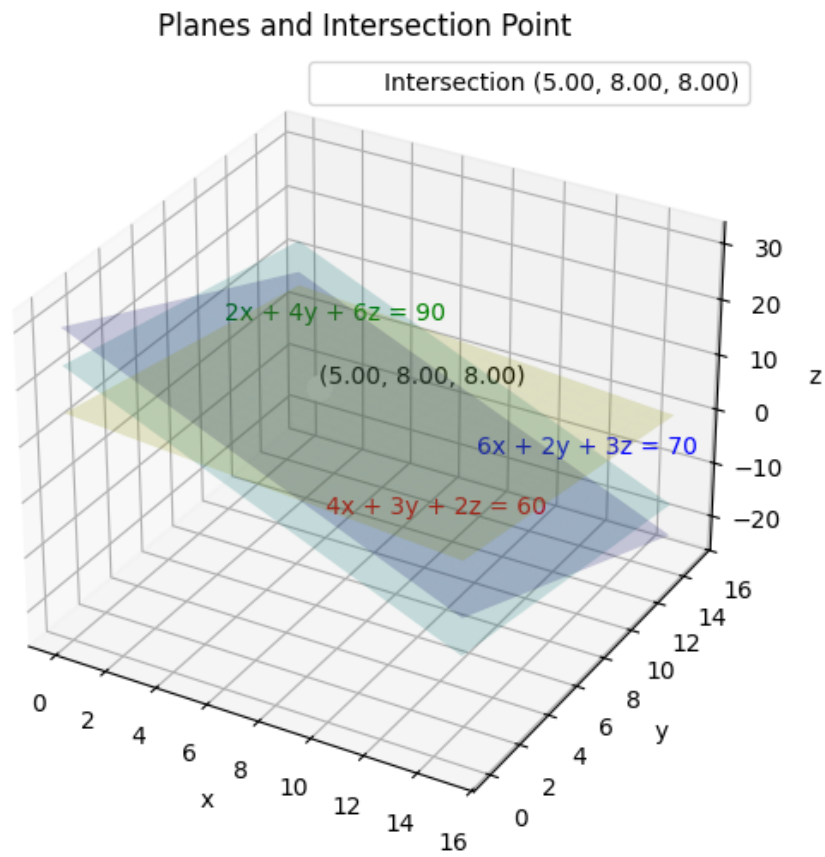


Fig. 1: Graph for 5.8.35