

10.7.76

INDHIRESH S- EE25BTECH11027

Question. The number of common tangents to the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 8y = 24$ is

- 1) 0
- 2) 1
- 3) 2
- 4) 3

Solution:

Let us solve the given equation theoretically and then verify the solution computationally.
Let the equation of 1st circle be:

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 + 2\mathbf{u}_1^T \mathbf{x} + f_1 = 0 \quad (1)$$

Let the equation of 2nd circle be

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 + 2\mathbf{u}_2^T \mathbf{x} + f_2 = 0 \quad (2)$$

From the given information:

$$\mathbf{u}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } f_1 = -4 \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{u}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } f_2 = -24 \quad (4)$$

The intersection of two curves can be given as :

$$\mathbf{x}^T (\mathbf{V}_1 + \mu \mathbf{V}_2) \mathbf{x} + 2(\mathbf{u}_1 + \mu \mathbf{u}_2)^T \mathbf{x} + (f_1 + \mu f_2) = 0 \quad (5)$$

Given conic is a circle. So,

$$\mathbf{V}_1 = \mathbf{V}_2 = \mathbf{I} \quad (6)$$

Now substituting the given values:

$$(\mu + 1)\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} + 2\mu \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} + (-4 - 24\mu) = 0 \quad (7)$$

$$(\mu + 1)\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 - 2\mu \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} - 4(1 + 6\mu) = 0 \quad (8)$$

\mathbf{x} lies on the circle 1. So,

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 = 4 \quad (9)$$

$$4(\mu + 1) - 2\mu \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} - 4(1 + 6\mu) = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$4\mu - 2\mu \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} - 24\mu = 0; \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} = -10 \quad (12)$$

Which is the equation of a single line
So the number of common tangents is 1

From the figure it is clearly verified that the theoretical solution matches with the computational solution.

