

1.3.3

AI25BTECH11024 - Pratyush Panda

Question:

Points $\mathbf{A}(3, 1)$, $\mathbf{B}(5, 1)$, $\mathbf{C}(a, b)$, and $\mathbf{D}(4, 3)$ are vertices of a parallelogram $ABCD$. Find the values of a and b .

Solution:

Given:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

The point \mathbf{C} can be found by equating the mid-point of both the diagonals of the parallelogram:

$$\frac{\mathbf{D} + \mathbf{B}}{2} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{C}}{2} \quad (0.1)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{D} + \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} \quad (0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.3)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.4)$$

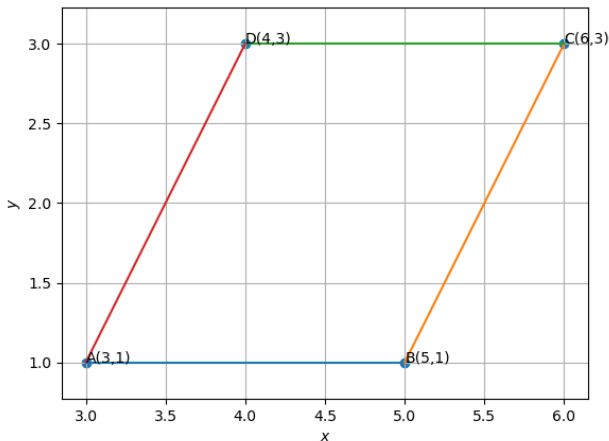


Fig. 0.1