

# 10.5.8

EE25BTECH11041 - Naman Kumar

**Question:**

Draw two concentric circles of radii 3 cm and 5 cm. Taking a point on outer circle construct the pair of tangents to the other. Measure the length of a tangent and verify it by actual calculation.

**Solution:**

General equation of conic

$$g(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f \quad (1)$$

Equation of circle,

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} - r^2 = 0, r = \text{radius of circle} \quad (2)$$

$$r_1 = 3\text{cm}, r_2 = 5\text{cm} \quad (3)$$

A point lies on the tangent to the conic if it satisfies the following equation

$$\mathbf{m}^T \left[ (\mathbf{V}\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u})(\mathbf{V}\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u})^T - \mathbf{V}g(\mathbf{h}) \right] \mathbf{m} = 0 \quad (4)$$

Assuming a point on outer circle as  $\mathbf{A}(5, 0)$

putting  $\mathbf{A}$  in (2) for inner circle

$$\mathbf{A}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{A} - (r_1)^2 \quad (5)$$

$$25 - 9 = 16 \quad (6)$$

$$g(\mathbf{A})_1 = 16 \quad (7)$$

Calculating  $(\mathbf{V}\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{u})$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (9)$$

putting in (4)

$$\mathbf{m}^T [(\mathbf{V}\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{u})(\mathbf{V}\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{u})^T - \mathbf{V}g(\mathbf{A})_1] \mathbf{m} = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$\mathbf{m}^T \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^T - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times 16 \right] \mathbf{m} = 0 \quad (11)$$

$$\mathbf{m}^T \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & -16 \end{pmatrix} \right] \mathbf{m} = 0 \quad (12)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & -16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (13)$$

$$9 - 16m^2 = 0 \quad (14)$$

$$m = \pm \frac{3}{4} \quad (15)$$

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \pm \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix} \quad (16)$$

Using following formula to find point of contact of tangent

$$\mathbf{q}_j = \left( \pm r \frac{\mathbf{n}_j}{\|\mathbf{n}_j\|} - \mathbf{u} \right), j = 1, 2 \quad (17)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \left( \pm 3 \frac{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + 1}} \right) \quad (18)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \pm \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{5} \\ \frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (19)$$

$$\text{Similarly, } \mathbf{q}_2 = \pm \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{5} \\ -\frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (20)$$

To take the ones passing through  $\mathbf{A}$  taking  $\mathbf{q}_1$  and  $\mathbf{q}_2$  as

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{5} \\ \frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (21)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{5} \\ -\frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (22)$$

Length of both tangent will be equal and will be

$$\|\mathbf{q}_1 - \mathbf{A}\| \quad (23)$$

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{5} \\ \frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\| \quad (24)$$

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{16}{5} \\ \frac{12}{5} \end{pmatrix} \right\| \quad (25)$$

$$= 4 \quad (26)$$

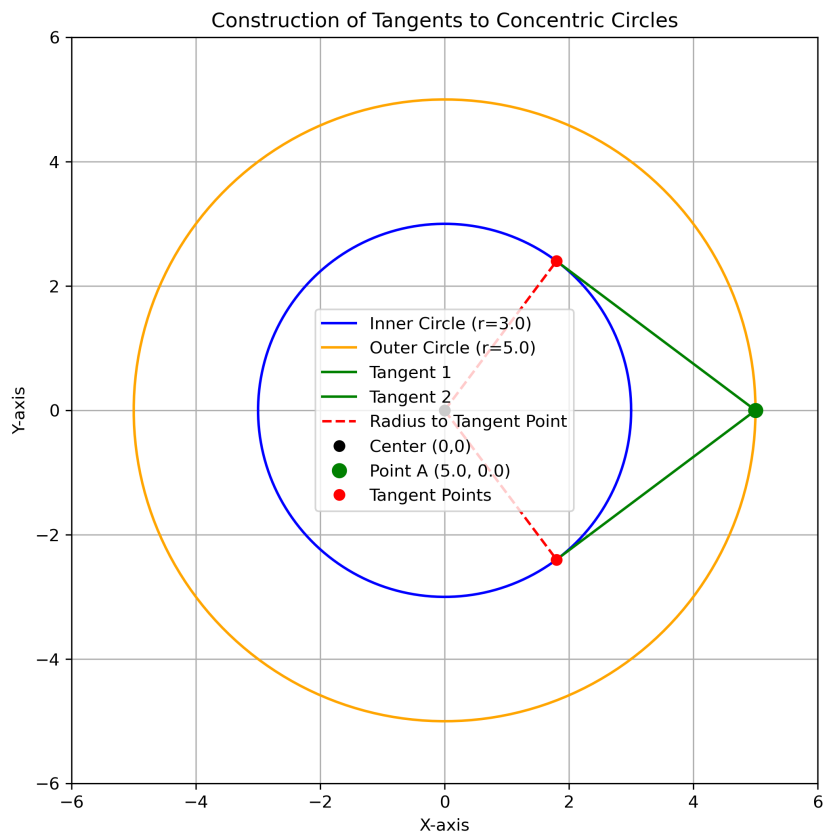


Figure 1