Matgeo-q.4.13.1

AI25BTECH11036-SNEHAMRUDULA

September 27, 2025

Question

Consider the lines

$$L_1: x + 3y - 5 = 0,$$

 $L_2: 3x - ky - 1 = 0,$
 $L_3: 5x + 2y - 12 = 0.$

Match the statements in Column I with Column II (choices refer to values of k or relations).

Column I

- \bullet L_1, L_2, L_3 are concurrent, if
- One of L_1, L_2, L_3 is parallel to at least one of the other two, if
- \bullet L_1, L_2, L_3 form a triangle, if
- L_1, L_2, L_3 do not form a triangle, if

Column II

- $k = \frac{-6}{5}$
- $k = \frac{5}{6}$
- k=5

The three line equations can be written in matrix form as

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -k \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{1}$$

(A) Concurrency The lines are concurrent when all three equations admit a common solution. This happens if

$$\operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -k \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \operatorname{rank} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & -k & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & 12 \end{pmatrix} = 2. \tag{2}$$

Expanding the augmented determinant condition gives

$$k=5. (3)$$

(B) Parallelism Two lines are parallel when their normals are proportional. Equivalently, rank of the normals is 1:

$$\operatorname{rank}\begin{pmatrix}\mathbf{n}_2 & \mathbf{n}_3\end{pmatrix} = 1. \tag{4}$$

This gives

$$k = -\frac{6}{5}. (5)$$

(C) Triangle condition Three lines form a triangle if they intersect pairwise but are not concurrent. That is,

$$\operatorname{rank}\begin{pmatrix}\mathbf{n}_1 & \mathbf{n}_2\end{pmatrix} = \operatorname{rank}\begin{pmatrix}\mathbf{n}_2 & \mathbf{n}_3\end{pmatrix} = \operatorname{rank}\begin{pmatrix}\mathbf{n}_3 & \mathbf{n}_1\end{pmatrix} = 2, \quad k \neq 5, \ k \neq -\frac{6}{5}. \tag{6}$$

So among the given options,

$$k = 9$$
 or $k = \frac{5}{6}$. (7)

(D) Do not form a triangle This occurs if either concurrent or parallel, i.e.

$$k = 5$$
 or $k = -\frac{6}{5}$. (8)

$$(A) \rightarrow (d): k = 5, \tag{9}$$

$$(B) \to (b): k = -\frac{6}{5},$$
 (10)

$$(C) \rightarrow (a) \text{ or } (c) : k = 9 \text{ or } \frac{5}{6},$$
 (11)

$$(D) \to (d) \text{ or } (b) : k = 5 \text{ or } -\frac{6}{5}.$$
 (12)

Graphical Representation

