Question:

If

$$\mathbf{a} = \hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$$
 and $\mathbf{b} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$,

find a unit vector perpendicular to both the vectors ${\bf a}$ and ${\bf b}$.

Solution:

We want $\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$ such that

$$\mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{n} = 0, \tag{0.1}$$

1

$$\mathbf{b}^T \mathbf{n} = 0. \tag{0.2}$$

This gives the linear system

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7 & 7 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{0.3}$$

Step 1: Augmented matrix

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c}
1 & -7 & 7 & 0 \\
3 & -2 & 2 & 0
\end{array}\right].$$
(0.4)

Step 2: Row operations

$$R_2 \to R_2 - 3R_1 : \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 19 & -19 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$
 (0.5)

$$R_2 \to \frac{1}{19} R_2 : \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$
 (0.6)

$$R_1 \to R_1 + 7R_2 : \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$
 (0.7)

Step 3: Solution From RREF:

$$x = 0, (0.8)$$

$$y - z = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad y = z. \tag{0.9}$$

Thus the general solution is

$$\mathbf{n} = t \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}. \tag{0.10}$$

Step 4: Unit vector Since

$$||(0,1,1)|| = \sqrt{2}, \tag{0.11}$$

the unit vectors are

$$\hat{n} = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{j} + \hat{k}).$$
(0.12)

$$= \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{j} + \hat{k}). \tag{0.13}$$

Vectors a (red), b (blue), and unit normal n̂ (green)

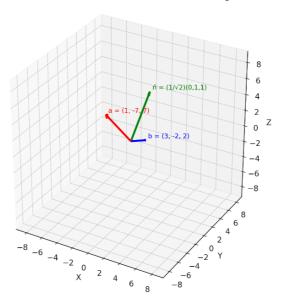


Fig. 0.1: Image Visual