

## 2.8.6

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# Question

Assuming that the straight lines work as the plane mirror for a point, find the image of the point  $(1, 2)$  in the line  $x - 3y + 4 = 0$ .

# Translation

Translating the system by  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$  so that the line passes through origin:

$$L = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = -4; \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{P}_{trans} = \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$L_{trans} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (3)$$

# Normal Vector

Finding the normal vector:

$$\mathbf{N} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

Finding the unit normal vector:

$$\|\mathbf{N}\| = \sqrt{1^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{10} \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \frac{\mathbf{N}}{\|\mathbf{N}\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

# Reflection Matrix

Calculating the reflection matrix  $R$  is given by the formula  $R = I - 2\mathbf{nn}^T$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - 2 \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \right) \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \\ \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

Reflecting the given point:

$$\mathbf{P}'_{trans} = R.P_{trans} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{26}{5} \\ \frac{7}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

# Conclusion

Inverting the translation:

$$\mathbf{P}' = \mathbf{P}'_{trans} + \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (9)$$

Thus the final image of the given point is  $\mathbf{P}' = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>

typedef struct { double x, y; } Point;
typedef struct { double a, b, c; } Line;

static Point stored_point = {1.0, 2.0};
static Line stored_line = {1.0, -3.0, 4.0};

void get_point(double* x, double* y){ if(x)*x=stored_point.x; if(
    y)*y=stored_point.y; }
void get_line(double* a,double* b,double* c){ if(a)*a=stored_line
    .a; if(b)*b=stored_line.b; if(c)*c=stored_line.c; }
```

```
void reflect_point_across_line(double x0, double y0,
                              double a, double b, double c,
                              double* xr, double* yr)
{
    double denom = a*a + b*b;
    double t = (a*x0 + b*y0 + c) / denom;
    if(xr) *xr = x0 - 2*a*t;
    if(yr) *yr = y0 - 2*b*t;
}

void reflect_stored(double* xr, double* yr){
    reflect_point_across_line(stored_point.x, stored_point.y,
                              stored_line.a, stored_line.b,
                              stored_line.c,
                              xr, yr);
}
```



# Python Code 1

```
import ctypes
from ctypes import c_double, byref
lib = ctypes.CDLL('./problem.so')
lib.reflect_stored.argtypes = [ctypes.POINTER(c_double), ctypes.
    POINTER(c_double)]
lib.get_point.argtypes = [ctypes.POINTER(c_double), ctypes.
    POINTER(c_double)]
lib.get_line.argtypes = [ctypes.POINTER(c_double), ctypes.POINTER
    (c_double), ctypes.POINTER(c_double)]
x0 = c_double(); y0 = c_double()
a = c_double(); b = c_double(); c = c_double()
```

# Python Code 1

```
lib.get_point(byref(x0), byref(y0))
lib.get_line(byref(a), byref(b), byref(c))
xr = c_double(); yr = c_double()
lib.reflect_stored(byref(xr), byref(yr))
def give_data():
    return x0.value, y0.value, a.value, b.value, c.value, xr.
        value, yr.value
print(f"Point P: ({x0.value}, {y0.value})")
print(f"Line: {a.value}*x + {b.value}*y + {c.value} = 0")
print(f"Reflected image: ({xr.value}, {yr.value})")
```

## Python Code 2

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from call import give_data

x1, y1, a, b, c, x_img, y_img = give_data()
a, b, c = 1, -3, 4

x_vals = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
y_vals = -(a*x_vals + c)/b
plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals, 'k-', label='Mirror Line')
```

## Python Code 2

```
plt.scatter([x1, x_img], [y1, y_img], c=['r', 'b'])
plt.text(x1, y1, 'P(1,2)', fontsize=12)
plt.text(x_img, y_img, "P'", fontsize=12)
plt.plot([x1, x_img], [y1, y_img], 'g--', label='Perpendicular')

plt.axis('equal')
plt.grid(True)
plt.title("Reflection of Point (1,2) in Line  $x - 3y + 4 = 0$ ")
plt.savefig("../figs/plot.png")
plt.show()
```

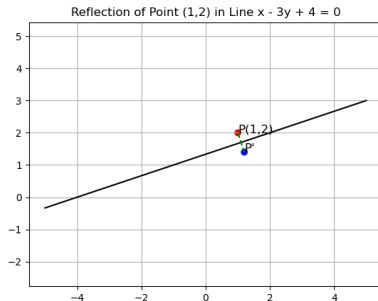


Figure: Plot of orthogonal vectors **a** and **b**.