

# 5.6.9

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## QUESTION

Let  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ , show that  $(a\mathbf{I} + b\mathbf{A})^n = a^n\mathbf{I} + na^{n-1}b\mathbf{A}$ .

## *Solution:*

Given

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.1)$$

calculating  $\mathbf{A}^2$  we get

$$\mathbf{A}^2 = \mathbf{0} \quad (0.2)$$

Using binomial expansion

$$(a\mathbf{I} + b\mathbf{A})^n = \binom{n}{0}(a\mathbf{I})^n + \binom{n}{1}(a\mathbf{I})^{n-1}(b\mathbf{A})^1 + \binom{n}{2}(a\mathbf{I})^{n-2}(b\mathbf{A})^2 + \dots \binom{n}{n}(b\mathbf{A})^n \quad (0.3)$$

Since  $\mathbf{A}^2 = 0, \mathbf{A}^3 = 0, \mathbf{A}^4 = 0, \dots \mathbf{A}^n = 0$

$$\therefore (a\mathbf{I} + b\mathbf{A})^n = \binom{n}{0}(a\mathbf{I})^n + \binom{n}{1}(a\mathbf{I})^{n-1}(b\mathbf{A})^1 \quad (0.4)$$

$$= a^n\mathbf{I} + na^{n-1}b\mathbf{A} \quad (0.5)$$

Hence proved.