

2.4.27

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Question

Three vectors \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} satisfy the condition $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{0}$. Evaluate the quantity $\mu = \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{a}$. If $|\mathbf{a}| = 3$, $|\mathbf{b}| = 4$ and $|\mathbf{c}| = 2$.

Solution

Given:

$$\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{0} \text{ and } \|\mathbf{a}\| = 3, \|\mathbf{b}\| = 4, \|\mathbf{c}\| = 2 \quad (1)$$

To find

$$\mu = \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{a} \quad (2)$$

Solution

Multiplying $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} = 0$ with \mathbf{a}^\top on both sides

$$\mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{c} = 0 \quad (3)$$

Similarly, upon multiplying with \mathbf{b}^\top and \mathbf{c}^\top , we get

$$\mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{c} = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{c} = 0 \quad (5)$$

Adding the above three equations,

$$2 \left(\mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{a} \right) + \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{c} = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\implies 2\mu + \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c}^\top \mathbf{c} = 0 \quad (7)$$

By using $\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} = \|\mathbf{x}\|^2$ we get

$$2\mu + \left(\|\mathbf{a}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{b}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{c}\|^2 \right) = 0 \quad (8)$$

Substituting the values of $\|\mathbf{a}\|$, $\|\mathbf{b}\|$, $\|\mathbf{c}\|$ we get

$$\mu = \frac{-29}{2} \quad (9)$$

\therefore The value of μ is $\frac{-29}{2}$.