## 1

## 1.3.7

## AI25BTECH11028 -R.Manohar

**Question**: Find the coordinates of the vertex A of an ABCD parallelogram whose three vertices are given as B(0,0),C(3,0), and D(0,4). (10,2024)

**Solution**: From the given information:

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

In a paralleleogram,

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C} \tag{2}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3\\4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

Therefore, Co-ordinates of A(-3,4)

From the figure it is clearly verified that the theoretical solution matches with the computational solution.

