# Matrices in Geometry - 10.5.5

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## Problem Statement

Construct a tangent to a circle of radius 4cm from a point on the concentric circle of radius 6cm and measure its length. Also verify the measurement by actual calculation.

Let center be the origin. Then the circle with radius 4 cm is

$$\mathbf{C} : \mathbf{x}^{\top} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{x} + f = 0 ; \mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} , \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} , f = -16$$
 (1)

Let the external point from which the tangent is drawn be  $\mathbf{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Let us calculate the matrix  $\Sigma$ 

$$\Sigma = (\mathbf{V}\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u})(\mathbf{V}\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u})^{\top} - g(\mathbf{h})\mathbf{V}$$
 (2)

$$g(\mathbf{h}) = \mathbf{h}^{\top} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{h} + f = \|\mathbf{h}\|^{2} + f = 36 - 16 = 20$$
 (3)

$$\Sigma = \mathbf{h} \mathbf{h}^{\top} - g(\mathbf{h}) \mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix} - 20 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (4)

$$\implies \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 0 \\ 0 & -20 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

The eigenvalues of the matrix  $\Sigma$  are clearly  $\lambda_1=16$  and  $\lambda_2=-20$ 

The normalized eigenvectors form the matrix  $\mathbf{P}$ .

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

The direction vectors of the two tangents are

$$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} |\lambda_2| \\ \pm \sqrt{|\lambda_1|} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{5} \\ \pm 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

The length of the tangent is given by

$$\|\mathbf{T} - \mathbf{h}\| = |\mu| \|\mathbf{m}\|$$
, ( $\mu$  is a parameter) (8)

$$\mu = -\frac{\mathbf{m}^{\top} (\mathbf{V}\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u})}{\|\mathbf{m}\|^{2}} = -\frac{\left(2\sqrt{5} \quad 4\right) \begin{pmatrix} 6\\0 \end{pmatrix}}{\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{5}\\4 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^{2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$$
(9)

$$\|\mathbf{T} - \mathbf{h}\| = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \times 6 = 2\sqrt{5} \approx 4.47 \ cm$$
 (10)

From the figure given below, we can verify that both lengths are equal and equal to 4.47 cm.

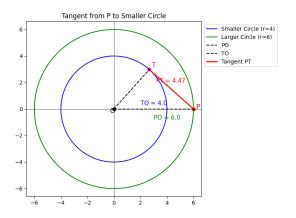


Figure: Graph for 10.5.5