Question 4.13.5

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1 Question:

The set of lines ax + by + c = 0, where 3a + 2b + 4c = 0 are concurrent at the point

2 Solution:

We are given the fact that 3a + 2b + 4c = 0. This can be written as:

$$\implies (3 \ 2 \ 4) \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = 0 \tag{1}$$

Any arbitrary point on the line ax + by + c = 0 satisfies the equation:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^{\mathrm{T}} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = 0 \tag{2}$$

Let the point of concurrency be **P**, at coordinates $\begin{pmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \end{pmatrix}$. We can therefore write the following system of equations:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ x & y & 1 \\ p_x & p_y & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

For any (x, y) on the line ax+by+c=0, the above equation must not have a unique solution as there are infinite values of a, b, c satisfying the equation. Therefore, the

rank of the coefficient matrix must be less than 3. Applying row reduction:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ x & y & 1 \\ p_x & p_y & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \to R_3 - \frac{R_1}{4}} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ x & y & 1 \\ p_x - \frac{3}{4} & p_y - \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
(4)

Clearly, for the rank to be less than 3, the last row must be all zeros. Therefore the point of concurrency \mathbf{P} is $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$.

3 Plot:

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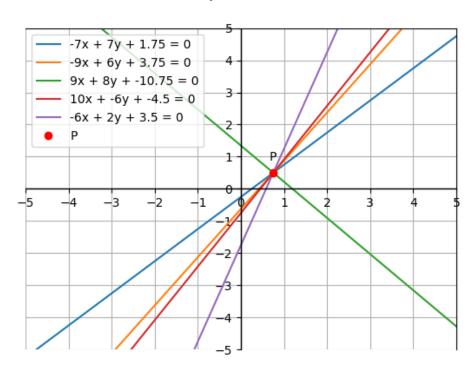


Figure 1: Graph of lines with randomly generated values of a and b satisfying 3a + 2b + 4c = 0. All lines are concurrent at the point $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ (marked in red).