5.7.15

EE25BTECH11002 - Achat Parth Kalpesh

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Question

lf

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

and $A^3 - 6A^2 + 7A + kI = 0$ find k.

Solution

The characteristic equation for the matrix **A**

$$f(\lambda) = |\mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I}| \tag{2}$$

From (2) the characteristic equation is

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 - \lambda & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 - \lambda & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \tag{3}$$

Solution

which can be expanded to obtain

$$\lambda^3 - 6\lambda^2 + 7\lambda + 2 = 0 \tag{4}$$

Upon simplification, by using Cayley-Hamilton theorem,

$$\mathbf{A}^3 - 6\mathbf{A}^2 + 7\mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{I} = 0 \tag{5}$$

Thereby, on comparing (5) with

$$\mathbf{A}^3 - 6\mathbf{A}^2 + 7\mathbf{A} + k\mathbf{I} = 0 \tag{6}$$

$$k=2 \tag{7}$$