

Matgeo-2.7.11

Harichandana Varanasi-ai25btech11039

September 8, 2025

Question

Q 2.7.11. Find the area of the triangle with vertices $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$,
 $B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$, $C = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$.

Solution

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{AB} = B - A = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 7 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{AC} = C - A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{AB} \times \mathbf{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ (-5)(-4) - (7)(-4) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 48 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

$$\therefore \text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{AB} \times \mathbf{AC}\| = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 48 = 24. \quad (4)$$

Plot

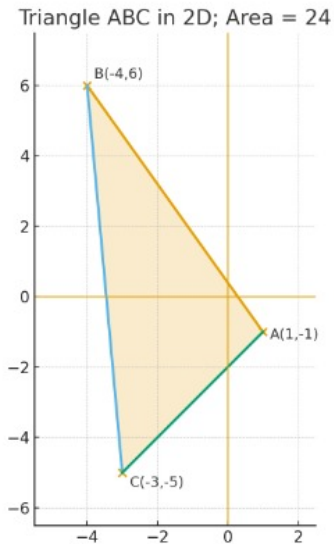


Figure: Triangle ABC with $A(1, -1)$, $B(-4, 6)$, $C(-3, -5)$; area = 24.