## 1

## 1.8.9

## AI25BTECH11033 - SPOORTHI

## **Question:**

The distance of the point P(-6, 8) from the origin is solution:

Let the point be represented as a column matrix or (vector).

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

Consider

$$\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} -6\\8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

Transpose the vector

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O})^T = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

multiply the transpose with the original vector.

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O}) = (-6)^2 + 8^2 \tag{4}$$

$$=36+64$$
 (5)

$$= 100 \tag{6}$$

$$d = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O}\| = \sqrt{100} = 10 \tag{7}$$

The distance of the point P(-6,8) from the origin is 10 units

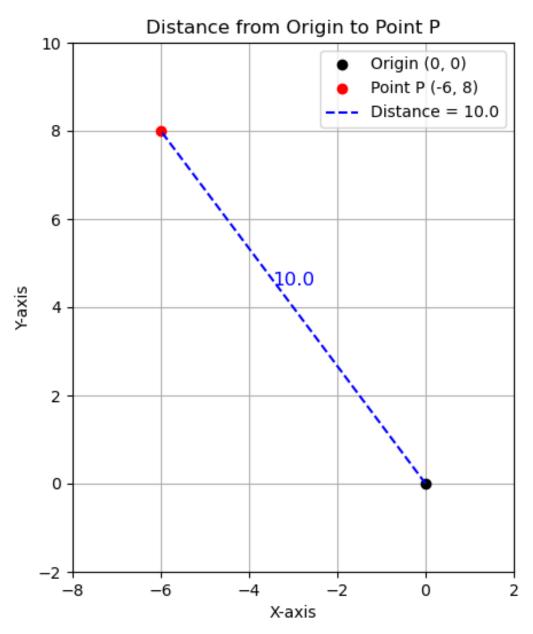


Fig. 1