## Matgeo-q.4.13.1

#### AI25BTECH11036-SNEHAMRUDULA

September 17, 2025

### Question

#### Consider the lines

$$L_1: x + 3y - 5 = 0,$$
  
 $L_2: 3x - ky - 1 = 0,$   
 $L_3: 5x + 2y - 12 = 0.$ 

Match the statements in Column I with Column II (choices refer to values of k or relations).

### Column I

- $\bullet$   $L_1, L_2, L_3$  are concurrent, if
- One of  $L_1, L_2, L_3$  is parallel to at least one of the other two, if
- $\bullet$   $L_1, L_2, L_3$  form a triangle, if
- $L_1, L_2, L_3$  do not form a triangle, if

### Column II

- k=5

## Solution — (A) Concurrency

(A) Concurrency. Intersection of  $L_1$  and  $L_3$ :

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x_0} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

From row reduction  $\mathbf{x}_0 = (2,1)^{\top}$  lies on  $L_2$  if

$$\mathbf{n}_2^{\top}\mathbf{x}_0 = p_2 \iff 1 \iff k = 5.$$

Thus concurrency  $\iff k = 5$ .

# Solution — (B) Parallelism

Two lines are parallel iff their normals are proportional. Normals of  $L_2$  and  $L_3$ :

$$\mathbf{n}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -k \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{n}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

If  $\mathbf{n}_2 = \lambda \mathbf{n}_3$  then

$$3 = 5\lambda$$
,  $-k = 2\lambda \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{3}{5}$ ,  $k = -2\lambda = -\frac{6}{5}$ .

So a parallel pair (between  $L_2$  and  $L_3$ ) occurs when  $k = -\frac{6}{5}$ . (Analogous checks show no other accidental proportionality with  $L_1$  for these k.)

# Solution — (C) Triangle & (D) Not a triangle

**(C)** Form a triangle: The three lines form a triangle iff no two are parallel and they are not concurrent. Therefore triangle occurs when

$$k \neq 5$$
 and  $k \neq -\frac{6}{5}$ .

(So any explicit example values like k=9 or  $k=\frac{5}{6}$  satisfy the triangle condition.)

(D) Do not form a triangle: This happens when the lines are concurrent or when a parallel pair exists. Hence

no triangle 
$$\iff k = 5$$
 or  $k = -\frac{6}{5}$ .

# Final concise matching

- (A) Concurrency  $\iff k = 5$ .
- (B) One line parallel to another  $\iff k = -\frac{6}{5}$ .
- (C) They form a triangle  $\iff k \neq 5$  and  $k \neq -\frac{6}{5}$ . (Examples:  $k = 9, \ k = \frac{5}{6}$ .)
- (D) They do *not* form a triangle  $\iff k = 5$  or  $k = -\frac{6}{5}$ .

# Graphical Representation

