## Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering 2022

## EE25BTECH11057-Srinivas

1) Mr. X speaks	Japanese	Chinese.		
(A) neither / or	(B) either / nor	(C) neither / nor	(D) also / but	
			(GATE NM 202	:2)
	s to be distributed among I nore than S, what is the s		rtion 5:2:4:3, respective	ly.
(A) 500	(B) 1000	(C) 1500	(D) 2000	
			(GATE NM 202	22)
, <u>*</u>		•	nticlockwise). The side PQ $RS = 6$ cm and $SP = 3$ c	
-	st distance between PQ a			
(A) 1.80	(B) 2.40	(C) 4.20	(D) 5.76	
			(GATE NM 202	22)
4) The figure shows a represents a hole.	a grid formed by a collecti	ion of unit squares. The un	shaded unit square in the gr	rid

Fig. 1.

What is the maximum number of squares without a "hole in the interior" that can be formed within the  $4 \times 4$  grid using the unit squares as building blocks?

(A) 15

(B) 20

(C) 21

(D) 26

(GATE NM 2022)

5) An art gallery engages a security guard to ensure that the items displayed are protected. The diagram below represents the plan of the gallery where the boundary walls are opaque. The location the security guard posted is identified such that all the inner space (shaded region in the plan) of the gallery is within the line of sight of the security guard.

If the security guard does not move around the posted location and has a 360° view, which one of the following correctly represents the set of **ALL** possible locations among the locations P, Q, R and S, where the security guard can be posted to watch over the entire inner space of the gallery.

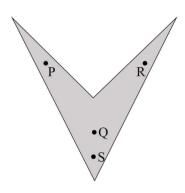


Fig. 2.

- (A) P and Q
- (B) Q

- (C) Q and S
- (D) R and S

(GATE NM 2022)

6) Mosquitoes pose a threat to human health. Controlling mosquitoes using chemicals may have undesired consequences. In Florida, authorities have used genetically modified mosquitoes to control the overall mosquito population. It remains to be seen if this novel approach has unforeseen consequences.

Which one of the following is the correct logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

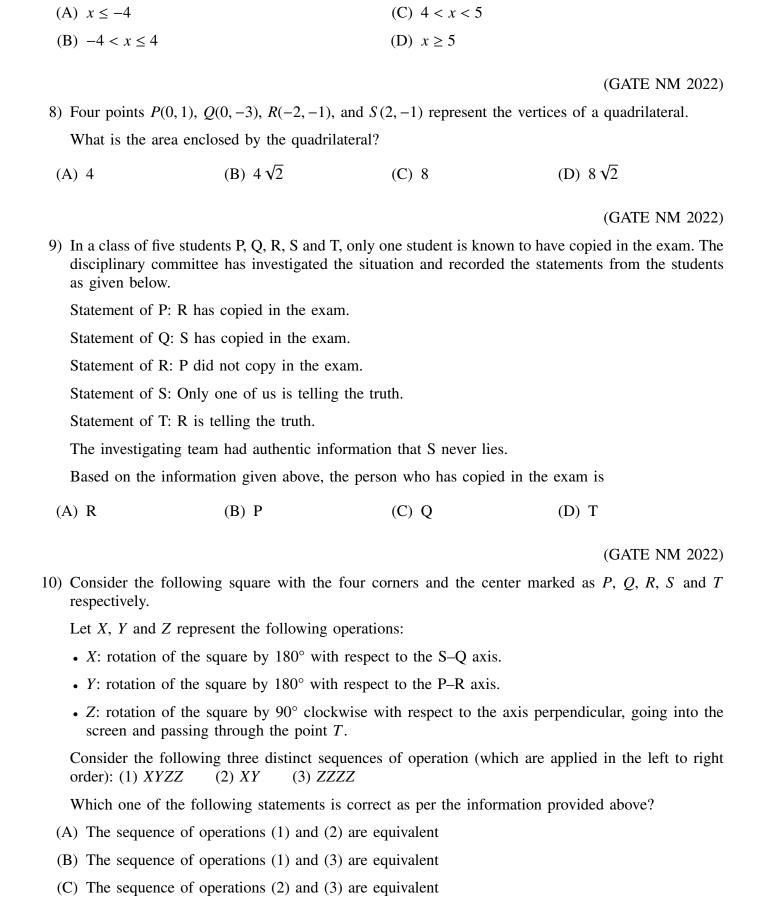
- (A) Using chemicals to kill mosquitoes is better than using genetically modified mosquitoes because genetic engineering is dangerous
- (B) Using genetically modified mosquitoes is better than using chemicals to kill mosquitoes because they do not have any side effects
- (C) Both using genetically modified mosquitoes and chemicals have undesired consequences and can be dangerous
- (D) Using chemicals to kill mosquitoes may have undesired consequences but it is not clear if using genetically modified mosquitoes has any negative consequence

(GATE NM 2022)

7) Consider the following inequalities: (i) 2x - 1 > 7

(ii) 
$$2x - 9 < 1$$

Which one of the following expressions below satisfies the above two inequalities?



(D) The sequence of operations (1),(2) and (3) are equivalent

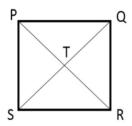


Fig. 3.

- 11) Let A be a real non-zero square matrix of order n. If the homogeneous system of linear equations Ax = 0 has only trivial solution, then
  - (A) the matrix A is singular
  - (B) the determinant of A is zero
  - (C)  $\lambda = 0$  is an eigenvalue of A
  - (D) for any *n*-vector b, the system of linear equations Ax = b has a unique solution

(GATE NM 2022)

12) Let z = x + iy, where x and y are real numbers. Consider the complex functions:

$$f(z) = (x^2 - y^2) + i 2xy$$

and

$$g(z) = 2xy + i(x^2 - y^2).$$

Then on the complex plane,

- (A) f(z) is analytic and g(z) is not analytic
- (B) both f(z) and g(z) are analytic
- (C) both f(z) and g(z) are not analytic
- (D) f(z) is not analytic and g(z) is analytic

(GATE NM 2022)

- 13) If a population has exponential distribution with mean 1, then its median is
  - (A) e

(B) 1

- (C) log 2
- (D) log 3

(GATE NM 2022)

- 14) Let  $\omega_f$  be the excitation frequency of a sinusoidal load and  $\omega_n$  be the natural frequency of a single degree of freedom system. Then the dynamic response of the system is highly affected by the stiffness of the system when
  - (A)  $\omega_f = \omega_n$

(C)  $0 < \omega_n < \omega_f$ 

(B)  $0 < \omega_f < \omega_n$ 

(D)  $\omega_f = 0$ 

15)			_	horizontal acceleration a. The by the free surface with the
(/	A) $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{g}\right)$	(B) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{g}{a}\right)$	(C) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{g}\right)$	(D) $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{g}{a}\right)$
				(GATE NM 2022)
16)	Which one of the follo submerged circular cyl	_	<u> </u>	nd to an ideal flow past a deeply
(/	A) Source, sink and un	iform flow		
(I	B) Doublet, uniform flo	ow and vortex		
((	C) Doublet and vortex			
(I	O) Source and uniform	flow		
				(GATE NM 2022)
17)	MW and its service sp	peed is 25 knots. Con		has a brake power equal to 46 e power as double the effective n between kN.
(/	A) 3285 and 3315		(C) 885 and 915	
(I	B) 6785 and 6815		(D) 1785 and 1815	
				(GATE NM 2022)
18)	The margin line used	for the floodable leng	gth calculation of a ship is	S
(/	A) 76 mm above the sh	nip's baseline		
(I	3) 76 mm inside the ze	ero-buttock line in th	e profile view of the ship	's lines plan
((	C) a line drawn 76 mm	n parallel to and belo	w the watertight main dec	ck at side
(I	O) a line drawn 76 mm the ship has camber	-	w the watertight main dec	ek along the ship's centerline if
				(GATE NM 2022)
19)	draught of 10 m. Assi	ume that the heave ac	dded mass of the vessel is	depth 15 m floating at an even equal to its mass displacement iod of the vessel lies in between
(/	A) 1 and 5	(B) 6 and 10	(C) 11 and 15	(D) 16 and 20
				(GATE NM 2022)
20)	A 1:20 scaled model of	of a surface ship is to	ested in a towing tank. Th	ne model is towed at 3 m/s and
		10N. The velocity of		g force acting on the prototype,

(A) 60.4 and 80	(B) 13.4 and 80	(C) 13.4 and 4	(D) 60.4 and 4
			(GATE NM 2022)
21) In a diesel engine, t	the ignition is initiated by	the	
(A) spark		(C) heating due to the	he compression of intake air
(B) preheating of the	fuel	(D) preheating of the	e intake air
			(GATE NM 2022)
22) In an internal comb	ustion engine, supercharg	ing is the process of sup	plying intake air at a pressure
(A) higher than that of	of the ambient		
(B) lower than that or	f the fuel		
(C) higher than that of	of the fuel		
(D) lower than that or	f the ambient		
			(GATE NM 2022)
23) The most desirable	property amongst the foll	owing for a lubricating of	oil is
(A) high density		(C) low density	
(B) high dynamic vis	cosity	(D) low dynamic vis	scosity
			(GATE NM 2022)
24) If $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(n)$	(x) is the Fourier cosine s	eries of the function	,
2 <b>—</b> n=1 ··· ·		$n x, \qquad 0 < x < \pi,$	
then which of the fo	ollowing are TRUE?		
(A) $a_0 + a_1 = \frac{4}{\pi}$	(B) $a_0 = \frac{4}{\pi}$	(C) $a_0 + a_1 = \frac{2}{\pi}$	(D) $a_1 = \frac{2}{\pi}$
			(GATE NM 2022)
	d beam is loaded with a of the following statemen	~	load (UDL) acting vertically d to strain energy?
(A) It increases with	increase in UDL		
(B) It increases with	increase in cross-sectional	l area of the beam	
(C) It is independent	of the length of the beam	1	
(D) It is dependent or	n Young's modulus of ela	sticity	
			(GATE NM 2022)
26) Which of the follow	ving flows are represented	by the velocity field, $V$	$= (x^2 - y^2)\hat{i} - 2xy\hat{j}?$

(A) Incompressible flow	(C) Irrotational flow
(B) Compressible flow	(D) Rotational flow
	(GATE NM 2022)
27) If a ship enters shallow water from deep following are TRUE?	water, maintaining the same speed, then which of the
(A) Resistance increases	(C) Resistance decreases
(B) Trim changes	(D) Draught increases
	(GATE NM 2022)
28) For a rigid vessel at sea, which of the follow	wing statements are TRUE?
(A) Static and dynamic environmental loads a	are dependent on the structural strength of the vessel
(B) Static and dynamic environmental loads ar	re NOT dependent on the structural strength of the vessel
(C) Static and dynamic environmental loads a	are dependent on the geometry of the vessel
(D) Static and dynamic environmental loads a	are NOT dependent on the geometry of the vessel
	(GATE NM 2022)
29) Which of the following are TRUE for pressur	re, temperature and density of a thermodynamic system?
(A) path functions	(C) inexact differentials
(B) point functions	(D) exact differentials
	(GATE NM 2022)
30) Let $f(x, y, z) = xy + yz + xz$ . If a point $(0, 0, at the point (1, 1, 1), then the value of \lambda is$	$\lambda$ ) lies on the tangent plane to the surface $f(x, y, z) = 3$
	(GATE NM 2022)
an internal hinge and a concentrated load of	orted at $C$ with a roller is shown in the figure. If $B$ is f 10 kN is acting at $D$ and a uniformly distributed load $B$ , then the magnitude of bending moment at the fixed
UDL (10 kN/m)  A 3m	Hinge 10 kN

Fig. 4.

(GATE NM 2022)

32) The laminar and turbulent boundary layer thickness of a flat plate are given by  $\frac{5x}{\text{Re}_x^{1/2}}$  and  $\frac{0.37x}{\text{Re}_x^{1/5}}$ , respectively, where x is the distance from the leading edge and  $\text{Re}_x$  is the Reynolds number at x-location.

				plate is moving at a speed of s m (rounded off to
				(GATE NM 2022)
33)		to be performed in a	towing tank with a propelle	and 120 RPM, respectively. er model of 300 mm diameter.
				(GATE NM 2022)
34)	<u> </u>	ship exhibits a steady	turning diameter of $6L$ , th	ed $U = 12$ m/s. If in a turning en the yaw rate of the ship is
				(GATE NM 2022)
35)	If the maximum static Ritz method is			critical speed using Rayleigh-
				(GATE NM 2022)
36)	The value of the line	integral		
		$\oint_C (-1)^{n}$	3ydx + 3xdy + zdz)	
	along the circle $C: x^2$	$z^2 + y^2 = 1$ , $z = 1$ orie	nted in the clockwise sense	as seen from the origin, is
(1	A) $2\pi$	(B) 4π	(C) 6π	(D) 8π
				(GATE NM 2022)
37)		a is $3.255 \times 10^{-4} \ m^4$ ,		of elasticity is $17 \times 10^9 \ N/m^2$ of buckling of the column lies
(1	A) 501 and 520	(B) 521 and 540	(C) 541 and 560	(D) 561 and 580
				(GATE NM 2022)
38)	In a potential flow fie	ld, if the stream func	etion $\psi = xy^2$ , then the velocities	city potential $\phi$ is
(1	A) $\frac{x^2-y^2}{2}$		(C) $y(x^2 + \frac{y^2}{3})$	
(]	B) $\frac{x^2+y^2}{2}$		(D) $y(x^2 - \frac{y^2}{3})$	
				(GATE NM 2022)

39) For a container ship, the propeller open water efficiency, thrust deduction fraction and wake fraction are 0.60, 0.19 and 0.25, respectively. If the relative rotative efficiency of the propeller is 1.0, then the hull efficiency and quasi-propulsive efficiency of the propeller, respectively, are

(A) 1.080 and 0.648

(C) 0.926 and 0.648

(B) 0.608 and 0.556

(D) 0.926 and 0.556

(GATE NM 2022)

40) Consider the wave elevation spectrum  $S_{\eta\eta}(\omega)$  as shown in the figure. Then, the significant wave height is \_\_\_\_ m.

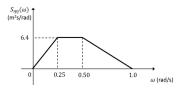


Fig. 5.

(A) 2

(B) 4

(C) 6

(D) 8

(GATE NM 2022)

41) If  $\Delta h_m$  and  $\Delta h_f$  are the enthalpy drops across the moving and fixed blades of a turbine stage, then the degree of reaction is

- (A)  $\frac{\Delta h_m}{\Delta h_f}$
- (B)  $\frac{\Delta h_f}{\Delta h_{m}}$
- (C)  $\frac{\Delta h_m}{\Delta h_m + \Delta h_f}$  (D)  $\frac{\Delta h_f}{\Delta h_m + \Delta h_f}$

(GATE NM 2022)

42) Let 
$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

Which of the following are TRUE?

- (A) M is singular
- (B)  $M^{-1} = \frac{1}{4}M^2 \frac{3}{2}M + \frac{9}{4}I$ , where *I* is the identity matrix of order 3
- (C) M has three distinct eigenvalues
- (D) M has three linearly independent eigenvectors

(GATE NM 2022)

- 43) Which of the following statements are TRUE about the assumptions adopted in Euler's column theory?
  - (A) Length of the column is very large in comparison to its cross-sectional dimensions
  - (B) Effect of the axial compressive stress is smaller than the effect of bending stress on column buckling
  - (C) Column fails only by transverse loads
  - (D) Column fails only by buckling

44) An autonomous underwater vehicle is made of a long cylinder with a semi-ellipsoid at the forward end and a hemisphere at the aft end as shown in the figure. The origin of the reference frame is located at the centroid of the cylinder.

The positive x, y and z axes, respectively, are pointing towards forward, port and upward directions. The surge, sway and heave motions are represented by indices 1-2-3 and roll, pitch and yaw motions are represented by indices 4-5-6, respectively.

If  $A = [A_{ij}]$  is the added mass matrix, then which of the following are NOT zero?

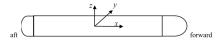


Fig. 6.

(A)  $A_{15}$ 

(B)  $A_{35}$ 

(C)  $A_{46}$ 

(D)  $A_{26}$ 

(GATE NM 2022)

- 45) If a ship hull is subdivided into different watertight compartments, which of the following statements are TRUE?
  - (A) It improves the ship stability in damaged conditions
  - (B) It increases the ship hull strength
  - (C) It reduces the ship intact stability
  - (D) It provides more options to carry different types of cargo

(GATE NM 2022)

46) Consider the midship section of a vessel with the centerline (CL) and neutral axis (NA) as shown in the figure. Assume that the cross-section is symmetric about the centerline, the plate thickness is uniform throughout the section and  $h_1 < h_2$ .

When the vessel is subjected to a vertical bending moment in its upright condition, which of the following statements are TRUE?

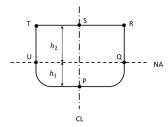


Fig. 7.

- (A) Magnitude of shear stress is maximum at points P and S
- (B) Magnitude of shear stress is minimum at points Q and U
- (C) Magnitude of bending stress is maximum at points S and T
- (D) Magnitude of bending stress is minimum at points Q and U

47) For a simple vapour compression refrigeration, which of the following thermodynamic cycles (1-2-3-4) are possible? Here, T, P, s and h indicate temperature, pressure, specific entropy and specific enthalpy, respectively.

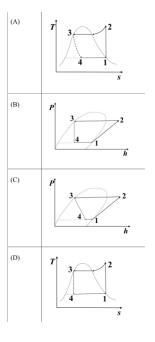


Fig. 8.

(GATE NM 2022)

- 48) Which of the following statements are TRUE for a fluid flow over a deeply submerged body?
  - (A) D'Alembert's paradox states that a deeply submerged body in a real fluid flow experiences no drag force
  - (B) D'Alembert's paradox states that a deeply submerged body in an ideal fluid flow experiences no drag force
  - (C) The wall shear stress at the point of flow separation on the body is zero
  - (D) Dimples/dentures on a body surface facilitate earlier transition to turbulent flow which delays the boundary layer separation

(GATE NM 2022)

49) An Otto cycle has states 1 and 2 at the beginning and the end of the compression stroke, respectively. The states 3 and 4 are at the beginning and the end of the expansion stroke, respectively.

Let the compression ratio of the cycle be r, specific heat ratio of air be  $\gamma$ , specific heat of air at constant volume be  $C_{\nu}$ , and P,  $\nu$ , and T be pressure, specific volume and temperature of the air, respectively. Then, which of the following expressions represent the thermal efficiency of the cycle?

(A) 
$$1 - \frac{1}{r^{\gamma - 1}}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{(P_3v_3 - P_4v_4) - (P_2v_2 - P_1v_1)}{C_v(T_3 - T_2)(\gamma - 1)}$$

(B) 
$$1 - \frac{T_3 - T_4}{T_2 - T_1}$$

(D) 
$$1 - r^{\gamma - 1}$$

50) Let y(x) be the solution of the differential equation

$$y'' - 4y' - 12y = 3e^{5x}$$

satisfying  $y(0) = \frac{18}{7}$  and  $y'(0) = \frac{-1}{7}$ .

Then y(1) is (rounded off to nearest integer).

(GATE NM 2022)

51) We have two coins. One is biased with the probability for head being 1.0 and the other is a fair coin. One coin is chosen at random and is tossed twice. If we obtain head both times, then the probability of the chosen coin being a fair coin is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to one decimal place).

(GATE NM 2022)

52) An element, as shown in the figure, is subjected to stresses  $\sigma_x = 500N/m^2$ ,  $\sigma_y = 300N/m^2$  and  $\tau_{xy} = 120N/m^2$ .

If  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_2$  are the principal stresses, then the absolute value of the angle  $\phi$  is \_\_\_ degree (rounded off to one decimal place).

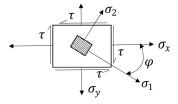


Fig. 9.

(GATE NM 2022)

53) An under-damped single degree of freedom system is freely oscillating with an initial amplitude A. The initial velocity of the system is zero. After five cycles of oscillation, the amplitude reduces to A/2.

Then the damping ratio of the system is  $\_\_\_$  % (rounded off to one decimal place) of critical damping.

(GATE NM 2022)

54) A system with two degrees of freedom, as shown in the figure, has masses  $m_1 = 200$  kg and  $m_2 = 100$  kg , and stiffness coefficients  $k_1 = k_2 = 200$  N/m .

Then the lowest natural frequency of the system is \_\_\_\_ rad/s (rounded off to one decimal place).



Fig. 10.

55) A horizontal cylinder of diameter 1.0 m is placed transversely at the aft of a ship and is completely immersed in water. The cylinder rotates at 100 RPM and the inflow velocity is 10 m/s. Water density is  $1000kg/m^3$ .

Assuming an ideal planar flow, the lift force per unit length acting on the cylinder is  $\_\_\_\_ kN/m$  (rounded off to one decimal place).

(GATE NM 2022)

56) Consider a steady flow through a horizontal nozzle. The nozzle inlet area is  $1m^2$  and the outlet area is 0.05 m. At the outlet, the flow discharges to atmosphere.

Assuming the flow to be incompressible and frictionless, and the density of the fluid as  $1kg/m^3$ , the gauge pressure required at the nozzle inlet to produce an outlet speed of  $100 \ m/s$  is \_\_\_\_\_  $N/m^2$  (rounded off to nearest integer).

(GATE NM 2022)

57) A rectangular barge has length L = 100 m, breadth B = 18 m and depth D = 10 m. It is subdivided transversely into four equal compartments of equal length, with the end compartments loaded fully with oil of density  $0.9 \ tonne/m^3$ . The barge floats in water having a density of  $1000 kg/m^3$ . If the hull structural weight is ignored, then the transverse metacentric height of the barge is \_\_\_\_\_ metacentric to two decimal places).

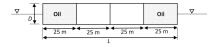


Fig. 11.

(GATE NM 2022)

58) A propeller rotating at a speed of 108 *RPM* behind the ship produces a thrust of 720 kN with a torque of 700 kNm, when it travels at a speed of 15 knots.

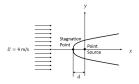
In open water, this propeller rotating at the same speed, produces the same thrust at an advance speed of 12 knots, and develops the same torque at an advance speed of 12.3 knots.

Then, the average of the wake fractions is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).

(GATE NM 2022)

59) Consider a point source in a uniform flow of velocity U = 4 m/s along the positive x-axis as shown in the figure. Assume a two-dimensional steady potential flow. The potential due to the point source is given by  $\log_e(r)$ , where  $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$ .

Then the magnitude of the distance d between the point source and the stagnation point is \_\_\_\_\_ m (rounded off to two decimal places).



60) Consider a ship with one half of its midship cross-section, as shown in the figure, with moulded breadth B = 30 m and moulded depth D = 9 m.

Assume the following: - The deck, side shell, and bottom plate have the same thickness. - The yield stress of the material is 240 MPa. - The section is subjected to a vertical bending moment of 712.8 MNm . - Ignore the self-moment of inertia of the deck and bottom plating in calculations. - The distance of the fiber farthest from the neutral axis can be considered excluding the plate thickness.

If the maximum bending stress is equal to the yield stress, then the plate thickness is \_\_\_\_\_ mm (rounded off to one decimal place).

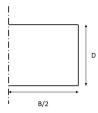


Fig. 13.

(GATE NM 2022)

61) Consider a ship with a forward speed of U = 9.81 m/s. A wave is incident at an angle  $\beta = 120^{\circ}$  to the longitudinal axis of the ship, as shown in the figure. Assume acceleration due to gravity  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

If a person onboard the ship observes the encounter period of the incident wave to be  $4.187 \, s$ , then the actual period of the wave is \_\_\_\_ s (rounded off to one decimal place).

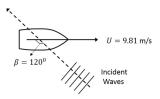


Fig. 14.

(GATE NM 2022)

62) An air standard Otto cycle has a compression ratio of 6 and a mean effective pressure of 1000 kPa. Assume that the specific heat ratio γ as 1.4 and specific gas constant *R* as 0.287 kJ/kgK for the air. If the pressure and temperature at the beginning of the compression stroke are 100 kPa and 300 K, respectively, then the specific work output of the cycle is \_\_\_\_\_ kJ/kg (rounded off to one decimal place).

(GATE NM 2022)

63) If methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) gas reacts with air at a stoichiometric proportion, then the air-fuel ratio of the combustion process is \_\_\_\_ (rounded off to one decimal place).

64) In a vapour compression refrigeration cycle using R134 as the refrigerant, the enthalpies are: (i) 240 kJ/kg at the beginning of the compression, (ii) 275 kJ/kg at the end of the compression, and (iii) 96 kJ/kg at the beginning of the throttling.

Then the coefficient of performance (COP) of the cycle is \_\_\_\_ (rounded off to one decimal place).

(GATE NM 2022)

65) Consider a steady incompressible laminar flow between two parallel long plates separated by a distance h = 1 m as shown in the figure. The bottom plate is fixed, and the flow is driven by the motion of the upper plate alone. No externally imposed pressure exists.

If the upper plate has a velocity of U = 10 m/s, the kinematic viscosity of the fluid is  $10^{-6}$   $m^2/s$ , and the density of the fluid is  $10^3$   $kg/m^3$ , then the shear stress at the bottom plate is \_\_\_\_\_  $N/m^2$  (correct to two decimal places).



Fig. 15.

Q. No.	Session	Question Type	Subject Name	Key / Range	Mark
1	3	MCQ	GA	C	1
2	3	MCQ	GA	D	1
3	3	MCQ	GA	В	1
4	3	MCQ	GA	В	1
5	3	MCQ	GA	С	1
6	3	MCQ	GA	D	2
7	3	MCQ	GA	С	2
8	3	MCQ	GA	С	2
9	3	MCQ	GA	В	2
10	3	MCQ	GA	В	2
11	3	MCQ	NM	D	1
12	3	MCQ	NM	A	1
13	3	MCQ	NM	СВ	1
14 15	3	MCQ MCQ	NM NM	С	1
16	3	MCQ MCQ	NM	В	1
17	3	MCQ	NM	D	1
18	3	MCQ	NM	С	1
19	3	MCQ	NM	В	1
20	3	MCQ	NM	В	1
21	3	MCQ	NM	C	1
22	3	MCQ	NM	A	1
23	3	MCQ	NM	В	1
24	3	MSQ	NM	A, B	1
25	3	MSQ	NM	A, D	1
26	3	MSQ	NM	A, C	1
27	3	MSQ	NM	A, B, D	1
28	3	MSQ	NM	B, C	1
29	3	MSQ	NM	B, D	1
30	3	NAT	NM	3 to 3	1
31	3	NAT	NM	15 to 15	1
32	3	NAT	NM	0.58 to 0.59	1
33	3	NAT	NM	600 to 600	1
34	3	NAT NAT	NM NM	0.02 to 0.02 422 to 424	1
36	3	MCQ	NM NM	C 422 to 424	2
37	3	MCQ	NM	C	2
38	3	MCQ	NM	D	2
39	3	MCQ	NM	A	2
40	3	MCQ	NM	D	2
41	3	MCQ	NM	C	2
42	3	MSQ	NM	B, D	2
43	3	MSQ	NM	A, B, D	2
44	3	MSQ	NM	B, D	2
45	3	MSQ	NM	A, B, D	2
46	3	MSQ	NM	C, D	2
47	3	MSQ	NM	A, B	2
48	3	MSQ	NM	B, C, D	2
49	3	MSQ	NM	A, C	2
50	3	NAT	NM	339 to 341	2
51	3	NAT	NM	0.2 to 0.2	2
52	3	NAT	NM	24.5 to 25.5	2
53	3	NAT	NM NM	2.1 to 2.3	2
54 55	3	NAT NAT	NM NM	0.7 to 0.8 163.3 to 165.5	2 2
56	3	NAT NAT	NM NM	4987 to 4988	2
57	3	NAT NAT	NM NM	3.25 to 3.25	2
58	3	NAT	NM	0.19 to 0.19	2
59	3	NAT	NM	0.19 to 0.19 0.24 to 0.26	2
60	3	NAT	NM	9.5 to 10.5	2
61	3	NAT	NM	6.2 to 6.4	2
62	3	NAT	NM	716.5 to 718.5	2
63	3	NAT	NM	16.7 to 17.7	2
64	3	NAT	NM	4.0 to 4.2	2
65	3	NAT	NM	0.01 to 0.01	2
			-		