## EE25BTECH11026-Harsha

## **Question:**

Find the distance of the line 4x - y = 0 from the point P(4, 1) measured along the line making an angle of  $135^{\circ}$  with the positive x-axis.

## **Solution:**

Let us solve the given question theoretically and then verify the solution computationally.

According to the question,

Equation of target line: 
$$(4 -1)\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0$$
 (0.1)

and

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 4\\1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

As the direction of line makes an angle of  $135^{\circ}$  with the +x axis, the unit direction vector of the line is given by

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 135^{\circ} \\ \sin 135^{\circ} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

Parametrize the required line using P, yielding

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{P} + \kappa \mathbf{m} \tag{0.4}$$

Inserting the parametric form in the equation of target line,

$$(4 -1)(\mathbf{P} + \kappa \mathbf{m}) = 0 (0.5)$$

$$\therefore \kappa = \frac{-\left(4 - 1\right) \begin{pmatrix} 4\\1 \end{pmatrix}}{\left(4 - 1\right) \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\\\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}} \tag{0.6}$$

$$\implies \kappa = 3\sqrt{2} \tag{0.7}$$

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Since **m** is a unit vector, the norm of vector **P** from the given line along the line with  $\mathbf{m} = \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{\mathsf{T}}$  is

$$\kappa = 3\sqrt{2} \text{ units} \tag{0.8}$$

From the figure, it is clearly verified that the theoretical solution matches with the computational solution.

