

2.10.1

AI25BTECH11012 - GARIGE UNNATHI

Question:

Consider 3 points :

$$\mathbf{P} = (-\sin(\beta - \alpha), -\cos \beta), \mathbf{Q} = (\cos(\beta - \alpha), \sin \beta)$$

$$\mathbf{R} = (\cos(\beta - \alpha + \theta), \sin(\beta - \theta))$$

where $\theta < \alpha, \beta, \theta < \frac{\pi}{4}$ Then,

- 1) P lies on the line segment RQ
- 2) Q lies on the line segment PR
- 3) R lies on the line segment QP
- 4) P,Q,R are non-collinear

Solution:

First we have to check if points can be collinear for the values satisfying the given conditions :

The equation for colinearity of the given points are :

$$\text{Rank} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q} \\ \mathbf{R} - \mathbf{Q} \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (4.1)$$

$$\text{Rank} \begin{pmatrix} -\sin(\beta - \alpha) - \cos(\beta - \alpha) & -\cos \beta - \sin \beta \\ \cos(\beta - \alpha + \theta) - \cos(\beta - \alpha) & \sin(\beta - \theta) - \sin \beta \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (4.2)$$

$$(4.3)$$

$$R_2 = R_2 - R_1 \quad (4.4)$$

$$\text{Rank} \begin{pmatrix} -\sin(\beta - \alpha) - \cos(\beta - \alpha) & -\cos \beta - \sin \beta \\ \cos(\beta - \alpha + \theta) - \sin(\beta - \alpha) & \sin(\beta - \theta) - \cos \beta \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (4.5)$$

For the rank to be 1 R_2 must be zero :

$$\cos(\beta - \alpha + \theta) - \sin(\beta - \alpha) = 0 \quad (4.6)$$

$$(4.7)$$

This will only be satisfied if :

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi K \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\pi}{2} - 2\pi K \quad (4.8)$$

But ,given that :

$$0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{4} \quad (4.9)$$

Which is contradictory :

Hence the points P,Q,R are not collinear .