ee25btech11063-vejith

Question:

Let the straight line y = 2x touch a circle with center (0, a), a > 0, and radius r at a point A_1 . Let B_1 be the point on the circle such that the line segment A_1B_1 is a diameter of the circle. Let $a + r = 5 + \sqrt{5}$. Match the following:

- (A) a equals (1) (-2,4)
- (B) r equals 2. $\sqrt{5}$
- (C) A_1 equals (3)(-2, 6)
- (D) B_1 equals (4) 5

(5)(2,4)

The correct option is (2024)

- a) A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
- b) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
- c) A-4, B-2, C-5, D-3
- d) A-2, B-4, C-3, D-5

Solution:

The equation of a Conic in Matrix form is

$$\mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{1}$$

For the given circle, let r be the radius of given circle

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -a \end{pmatrix}, f = a^2 - r^2 \tag{2}$$

Equation of Tangent is given by

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} = c \tag{3}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, c = 0 \tag{4}$$

$$\implies (2 - 1) \binom{x}{y} = 0 \tag{5}$$

For a circle, the points of contact are

$$\mathbf{q_j} = \left(\pm r \frac{\mathbf{n_j}}{\|\mathbf{n_j}\|} - \mathbf{u}\right), j = 1, 2 \tag{6}$$

let A_1 be the point of contact

$$\mathbf{A}_1 = \left(-r \frac{\mathbf{n}}{\|\mathbf{n}\|} - \mathbf{u} \right) \tag{7}$$

$$= \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2\\ -1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ -a \end{pmatrix}\right) \quad \text{(given } a \text{ is positive)}$$
 (8)

$$\implies \mathbf{A_1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2r}{\sqrt{5}} \\ \frac{-r}{\sqrt{5}} + a \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

 A_1 lies on (5)

$$\frac{-r}{\sqrt{5}} + a = \frac{4r}{\sqrt{5}} \tag{10}$$

$$\implies a = \sqrt{5}r\tag{11}$$

given

$$a+r=5+\sqrt{5} \tag{12}$$

substitute (11) in (12)

$$\sqrt{5}r + r = 5 + \sqrt{5} \tag{13}$$

$$\implies r = \sqrt{5} \tag{14}$$

From (11)

$$\implies a = 5 \tag{15}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{16}$$

From (9)

$$\mathbf{A_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{17}$$

Given A_1 and B_1 is the diameter of the circle

$$\frac{\mathbf{A}_1 + \mathbf{B}_1}{2} = \mathbf{u} \tag{18}$$

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$$\mathbf{B}_{1} = (\mathbf{u} \quad \mathbf{A}_{1}) \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{19}$$

$$\mathbf{B}_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{20}$$

$$\mathbf{B_1} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{20}$$

Answer is c) A-4, B-2, C-5, D-3

Circle Tangent to y = 2x with Points A₁ and B₁

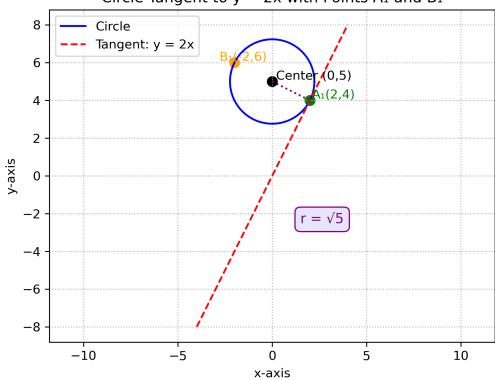


Fig. 4