

4.4.27

AI25BTECH110031
Shivam Sawarkar

Question(4.4.27) Find the value of x such that the points $A(3, 2, 1)$, $B(4, x, 5)$, $C(4, 2, -2)$ and $D(6, 5, -1)$ are coplanar.

Solution:

Let the plane (not passing through the origin) be given by

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = 1, \quad \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \\ n_3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.1)$$

Since the points

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.2)$$

lie on the plane, they satisfy

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{A} = 1 \quad (0.3)$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{B} = 1 \quad (0.4)$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{C} = 1 \quad (0.5)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & -2 \\ 6 & 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \\ n_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (0.6)$$

Thus

$$n_1 = \frac{9}{16}, \quad n_2 = -\frac{7}{16}, \quad n_3 = \frac{3}{16}. \quad (0.7)$$

Now require B to lie on the same plane:

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{B} = 1 \quad (0.8)$$

$$\left(\frac{9}{16} \quad -\frac{7}{16} \quad \frac{3}{16} \right) \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ x \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (0.9)$$

$$\frac{36}{16} - \frac{7}{16}x + \frac{15}{16} = 1 \quad (0.10)$$

$$51 - 7x = 16 \quad (0.11)$$

$$x = 5$$

(0.12)

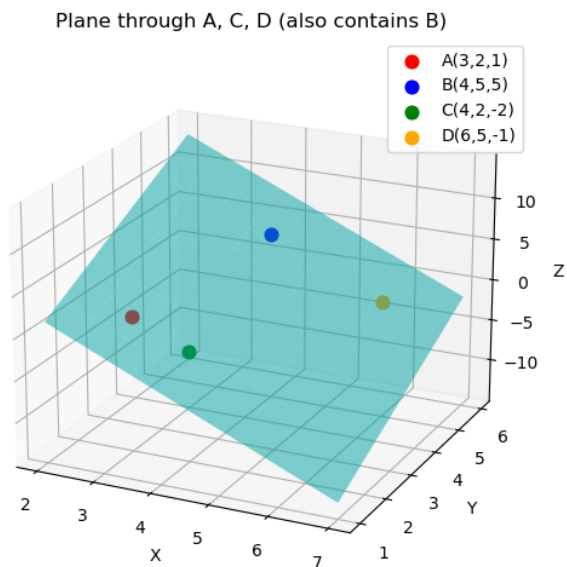


Fig. 0.1