## EE25BTECH11002 - Achat Parth Kalpesh

## **Question:**

If  $\theta$  is the angle between the two vectors  $\mathbf{a} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  and  $\mathbf{b} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ , find  $\sin \theta$ . **Solution:** 

Let the given vectors be represented by column matrices a and b.

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

The formula to calculate the angle  $\sin \theta$  is given as,

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\left| \mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{b} \right|}{\|\mathbf{b}\| \|\mathbf{a}\|} \right) \tag{0.2}$$

$$\sin \theta = \sin \left( \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{|\mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{b}|}{\|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\|} \right) \right) \tag{0.3}$$

$$= \sin \left( \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\left| \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right|}{\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right\| \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\|} \right) \right)$$
(0.4)

$$= \sin \left( \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{|(3)(1) + (-2)(-2) + (3)(1)|}{\sqrt{1^2 + (-2)^2 + 3^2} \sqrt{3^2 + (-2)^2 + 1^2}} \right) \right)$$
(0.5)

$$= \sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{|3+4+3|}{\sqrt{14}\sqrt{14}}\right)\right) \tag{0.6}$$

$$= \sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{14}\right)\right) \tag{0.7}$$

$$=\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{7}\tag{0.8}$$

Therefore, the value of  $\sin \theta$  is  $\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{7}$ .

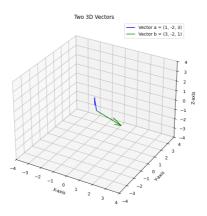


Fig. 0.1: Graph