4.3.20

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Question

Find the ratio in which the Y-axis divides the line segment joining the points (5,-6) and (-1,-4). Also find the point of intersection.

Given points are

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

Let **P** be a point on the Y-axis. We can assume it to be

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ y \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

A, B and P are collinear.

$$\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ y + 6 \end{pmatrix} , \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (3)

$$\left(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\right)^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -6 \\ y + 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{T} \tag{4}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -5 & y+6 \\ -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

Converting into echelon form using row operations

$$\begin{pmatrix} x-1 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \to R_2 - \frac{6}{5}R_1} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & y+6 \\ 0 & \frac{-6y-26}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (6)

The points are collinear. Hence the rank of the above matrix must be 1. So.

$$\frac{6y + 26}{5} = 0\tag{7}$$

$$\frac{6y+26}{5} = 0 \tag{7}$$

$$\implies y = -\frac{13}{3} \tag{8}$$

Let **P** divide the line joining points **A** and **B** in the ratio k:1.

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{k\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A}}{k+1} \tag{9}$$

$$k\left(\mathbf{P}-\mathbf{B}\right) = \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P} \tag{10}$$

$$k = \frac{(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B})^{T} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})}{|| (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}) ||^{2}}$$
(11)

$$k = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & y+4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -y-6 \end{pmatrix}}{\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ y+4 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2}$$
 (12)

Substituting the value of y as $-\frac{13}{3}$, we get the value of k as

$$k = 5 \tag{13}$$

.. The point $\mathbf{P}\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{13}{3} \end{pmatrix}$ on the X-axis divides the line segment in the ratio 5:1.

C Code - Function to Find y Coordinate of P

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
double Solve_for_y(double A[2], double B[2]){
       double k = -A[0]/B[0];
       double y = (A[1]+(k*B[1]))/(k+1);
       return y;
```

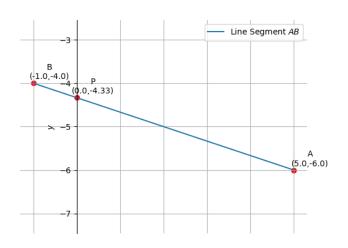
```
import numpy as np
import numpy.linalg as LA
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import ctypes
c lib=ctypes.CDLL('./code.so')
c_lib.Solve_for_y.argtypes = [
       ctypes.c_double*2,
       ctypes.c_double*2
c_lib.Solve_for_y.restype = ctypes.c_double
A = (\text{ctypes.c\_double*2})(5.0, -6.0)
B = (ctypes.c_double*2)(-1.0, -4.0)
```

```
y = c_lib.Solve_for_y(A,B)
y = np.round(y,2)
A = np.array([5,-6]).reshape(-1,1)
B = np.array([-1,-4]).reshape(-1,1)
P = np.array([0.0,y]).reshape(-1,1)
plt.plot([A[0,0], B[0,0]], [A[1,0], B[1,0]], label="Line Segment"
    $AB$")
x = np.array([A[0,0], B[0,0], P[0,0]])
y = np.array([A[1,0], B[1,0], P[1,0]])
```

```
plt.scatter(x,y, c='red')
vert labels = ['A', 'B', 'P']
for i,txt in enumerate(vert_labels):
   plt.annotate(f'\{txt\}\setminus n(\{x[i]\}, \{y[i]\})',
                  (x[i],y[i]),
                  textcoords = "offset points",
                  xytext = (20,5),
                 ha = 'center')
```

```
ax = plt.gca()
ax.spines['top'].set_color('none')
ax.spines['left'].set_position('zero')
ax.spines['right'].set_color('none')
ax.spines['bottom'].set position('zero')
plt.xlabel('$x$')
plt.ylabel('$y$')
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.grid()
plt.axis('equal')
plt.savefig("../Figs/plot(py+C).png")
plt.show()
```

Plot-Using Both C and Python



```
import math
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy.linalg as LA
A = np.array([5,-6])
B = np.array([-1,-4])
k = -(A[0])/(B[0])
y = (A[1] + k*B[1])/(k+1)
y = np.round(y,2)
```

```
P = np.array([0.0,y]).reshape(-1,1)
A = A.reshape(-1,1)
B = B.reshape(-1,1)
plt.plot([A[0,0], B[0,0]], [A[1,0],B[1,0]], label = "Line Segment
     $AB$")
x = np.array([A[0,0], B[0,0], P[0,0]])
y = np.array([A[1,0], B[1,0], P[1,0]])
plt.scatter(x,y, c='red')
```

```
ax = plt.gca()
ax.spines['top'].set color('none')
ax.spines['bottom'].set position('zero')
ax.spines['right'].set color('none')
ax.spines['left'].set position('zero')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.grid()
plt.axis('equal')
plt.savefig("../Figs/plot(py).png")
plt.show()
```

Plot-Using Python only

