Al25BTECH11034 - SUJAL CHAUHAN

Problem 1.4.4

Problem Statement

Find the coordinate of the point which divides the line segment joining the point

$$\vec{P}(4,3)$$
 and $\vec{Q}(8,5)$

in the ratio 3:1 internally.

Input Data

Input variable	Value
\vec{p}	[4]
r	[3]
\vec{O}	[8]
Q	[5]
PR : RQ	3:1

Solution

Let the position vectors be

$$\vec{P} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad \vec{Q} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

If \vec{R} is the position vector of R, then

$$\vec{R} = \frac{3\vec{Q} + \vec{P}}{3+1} \tag{2}$$

(1)

Calculation

So,

$$\vec{R} = \frac{3\begin{bmatrix} 8\\5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4\\3 \end{bmatrix}}{4} \tag{3}$$

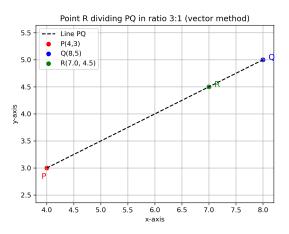
Therefore, the required point is

$$\vec{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 7\\ \frac{9}{2} \end{bmatrix} \tag{4}$$

which indeed satisfies

$$\vec{R} - \vec{P} = 3(\vec{Q} - \vec{P}). \tag{5}$$

Figure



Visualization of point R dividing PQ in the ratio 3:1