

Assignment 3: 2.5.18

EE25BTECH11055 - Subhodeep Chakraborty

Question:

Let $\mathbf{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$. Show that the vectors $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ are perpendicular to each other.

Solution:

Given vectors:

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

\therefore We have:

$$\mathbf{C} = (\mathbf{a} \quad \mathbf{b}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{D} = (\mathbf{a} \quad \mathbf{b}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

For two perpendicular vectors \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{Q} :

$$\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{Q} = 0 \quad (5)$$

For vectors \mathbf{C} and \mathbf{D} :

$$\mathbf{C}^T \mathbf{D} = (1 \quad 1) (\mathbf{a} \quad \mathbf{b})^T (\mathbf{a} \quad \mathbf{b}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$= (1 \quad 1) \begin{pmatrix} \|\mathbf{a}\|^2 & \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{b} \\ \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{b} & \|\mathbf{b}\|^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

$$= \|\mathbf{a}\|^2 - \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\|^2 \quad (8)$$

$$= 14 - 14 = 0 \quad (9)$$

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