

Matgeo Presentation - Bonus Problem

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Question

Given 3 vectors **A**, **B**, **C** are coplanar then show $\det(\mathbf{M}) = 0$ where $\mathbf{M} = (\mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{C})$

Solution

Equation of plane through 3 coplanar points is

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (0.1)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{C} = 0 \quad (0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{M} = (\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{C}) \quad (0.3)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{M} = (\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{C}) \quad (0.4)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{M} = (0 \quad 0 \quad 0) \quad (0.5)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{M} = \mathbf{0} \quad (0.6)$$

From (0.6) it means \mathbf{M} has a non trivial vector in it's null space

$$\implies \text{rank}(\mathbf{M}) < 3. \quad (0.7)$$

For a 3×3 square matrix like \mathbf{M} if $\det(\mathbf{M}) \neq 0$ means \mathbf{M} is invertible which means \mathbf{M} is a full rank matrix

$$\implies \text{rank}(\mathbf{M}) = 3. (\text{if } \det(\mathbf{M}) \neq 0)$$

Solution

From (0.7) $\text{rank}(\mathbf{M}) < 3$

$\implies \mathbf{M}$ is not invertible

$\implies \det(\mathbf{M}) = 0$

proof 2:

3 vectors $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C}$ are coplanar means they are linearly dependent.

let's assume

$$\mathbf{C} = \alpha \mathbf{A} + \beta \mathbf{B}. \quad (0.8)$$

$$\det(\mathbf{M}) = \det((\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{C})) \quad (0.9)$$

$$= \det((\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} \quad \alpha \mathbf{A} + \beta \mathbf{B})) \quad (0.10)$$

$$= \alpha \det((\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{A})) + \beta \det((\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{B})) = 0 \quad (0.11)$$

$$\implies \det(\mathbf{M}) = 0 \quad (0.12)$$