

4.7.53

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Question : If \mathbf{O} is the origin and $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$, then find the equation of the plane passing through \mathbf{P} and perpendicular to OP .

Solution :

Description	Value
Normal vector	$\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$
Point on plane	$\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

Table : Plane

The normal vector to the plane is

$$\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

The plane equation is written in the form

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{h} \quad (2)$$

where \mathbf{h} is a point on the plane. Here $\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{P}$

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = (1 \ 2 \ -3) \mathbf{P} \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = (1 \ 2 \ -3) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

Hence, the equation of the plane is

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = 14 \quad (5)$$

$$(1 \ 2 \ -3) \mathbf{x} = 14 \quad (6)$$

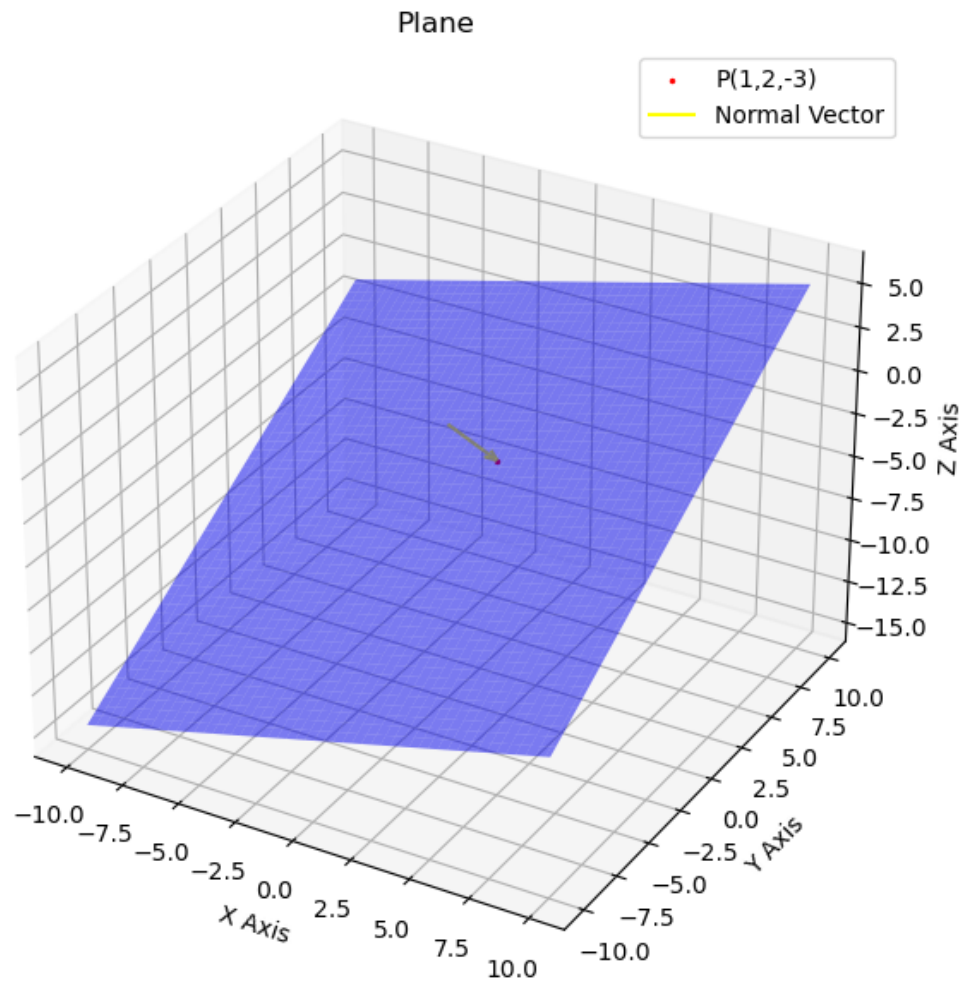


Fig : Plane