

1. A is a  $2 \times 2$  matrix with  $\det A = 2$ . The  $\det(2A)$  is

(a) 4 (b) 8 (c) 32 (d) 16

(GATE EE 2025)

2. A is a  $2 \times 2$  matrix given below:  $\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  The eigenvalues of A are

(a)  $-2, -2$  (b)  $-3, -1$  (c)  $2, 2$  (d)  $3, 1$

(GATE EE 2025)

3. In a production facility, iron rods are made with a mean diameter of 6 cm and standard deviation of 0.02 cm. If a large number of rods are tested, the approximate percentage of rods whose sizes fall in the range of 5.98 cm to 6.02 cm is

(a) 68 (b) 75 (c) 90 (d) 99.7

(GATE EE 2025)

4. Which one of the following methods is NOT used for numerical integration?

(a) Rectangular rule (b) Trapezoidal rule (c) Simpson's rule (d) Cramer's rule

(GATE EE 2025)

5. How many boundary conditions are required to solve the following equation?

$$\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

(a) Two in  $r$ -direction (c) Two in  $r$ -direction and one for time  
(b) One in  $r$ -direction and one for time (d) Three in  $r$ -direction and one for time

(GATE EE 2025)

6. When a zinc metal rod is immersed in dilute hydrochloric acid, it results in

(a) Evolution of hydrogen (c) Evolution of oxygen  
(b) Evolution of chlorine (d) No evolution of any gas

(GATE EE 2025)

7. A fluid is flowing with a velocity of 0.5 m/s on a plate moving with a velocity of 0.01 m/s in the same direction. The velocity at the interface of the fluid and plate is

(a) 0.0 m/s (b) 0.01 m/s (c) 0.255 m/s (d) 0.50 m/s

(GATE EE 2025)

8. Hot metal at 1700 K is poured in a sand mould that is open at the top. Heat loss from the liquid metal takes place by

- |                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| (a) Radiation only                | (c) Radiation and convection only        |
| (b) Radiation and conduction only | (d) Radiation, conduction and convection |

(GATE EE 2025)

9. Which one of the following is an equilibrium defect?

- |               |                  |                     |                      |
|---------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| (a) Vacancies | (b) Dislocations | (c) Stacking faults | (d) Grain boundaries |
|---------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|

(GATE EE 2025)

10. Floatation beneficiation is based on the principle of

- |                                    |                              |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| (a) Mineral surface hydrophobicity | (c) Chemical reactivity      |
| (b) Gravity difference             | (d) Particle size difference |

(GATE EE 2025)

11. Copper can be reduced from acidic copper sulphate solution by

- |            |          |            |          |
|------------|----------|------------|----------|
| (a) Silver | (b) Iron | (c) Carbon | (d) Lead |
|------------|----------|------------|----------|

(GATE EE 2025)

12. Which one is NOT an agglomeration process?

- |                |                 |              |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| (a) Nodulizing | (b) Briquetting | (c) Roasting | (d) Pelletizing |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|

(GATE EE 2025)

13. During LD blow in steelmaking the impurity that gets removed first is

- |            |                 |               |             |
|------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| (a) Carbon | (b) Phosphorous | (c) Manganese | (d) Silicon |
|------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|

(GATE EE 2025)

14. During the solidification of a pure metal, it was found that dendrites are formed. Assuming that the liquid-solid interface is at the melting temperature, the temperature from the interface into the liquid

- |               |                                  |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| (a) Decreases | (c) Remains constant             |
| (b) Increases | (d) Increases and then decreases |

(GATE EE 2025)

15. A peak in the X-ray diffraction pattern is observed at  $2\theta = 78^\circ$ , corresponding to  $\{311\}$  planes of an fcc metal, when the incident beam has a wavelength of 0.154 nm. The lattice parameter of the metal is approximately

- (a) 0.6 nm                      (b) 0.4 nm                      (c) 0.3 nm                      (d) 0.2 nm

(GATE EE 2025)

16. If  $d$  is the inter-planar spacing of the planes  $\{hkl\}$ , the inter-planar spacing of the planes  $\{nhnkn\}$ ,  $n$  being an integer, is

- (a)  $d$                       (b)  $d/n$                       (c)  $nd$                       (d)  $d/n^2$

(GATE EE 2025)

17. As temperature increases, the electrical resistivities of pure metals ( $\rho_m$ ) and intrinsic semiconductors ( $\rho_s$ ) vary as follows

- (a) Both  $\rho_m$  and  $\rho_s$  increase                      (c)  $\rho_m$  increases and  $\rho_s$  decreases  
(b) Both  $\rho_m$  and  $\rho_s$  decrease                      (d)  $\rho_m$  decreases and  $\rho_s$  increases

(GATE EE 2025)

18. At equilibrium spacing in a crystalline solid, which of the following is true for net inter-atomic force ( $F$ ) and potential energy ( $U$ )

- (a)  $F$  is zero and  $U$  is zero                      (c)  $F$  is minimum and  $U$  is zero  
(b)  $F$  is zero and  $U$  is minimum                      (d)  $F$  is minimum and  $U$  is minimum

(GATE EE 2025)

19. The property of a material that CANNOT be significantly changed by heat treatment is

- (a) Yield strength                      (c) Ductility  
(b) Ultimate tensile strength                      (d) Elastic modulus

(GATE EE 2025)

20. A unit dislocation splits into two partial dislocations. The correct combination of the Burgers vectors of the partial dislocations for a given unit dislocation having Burgers vector  $\frac{a}{2}[\bar{1}10]$  is

- (a)  $\frac{a}{6}[2\bar{1}1]$  and  $\frac{a}{6}[12\bar{1}]$                       (c)  $\frac{a}{6}[1\bar{1}2]$  and  $\frac{a}{6}[21\bar{1}]$   
(b)  $\frac{a}{6}[1\bar{1}2]$  and  $\frac{a}{6}[\bar{1}21]$                       (d)  $\frac{a}{6}[211]$  and  $\frac{a}{6}[12\bar{1}]$

(GATE EE 2025)

21. A polymer matrix composite is reinforced with long continuous ceramic fibres aligned in one direction. The Young's moduli of the matrix and fibres are  $E_m$  and  $E_f$  respectively, and the volume fraction of the fibres is  $f$ . Assuming iso-stress condition, Young's modulus of the composite  $E_c$  in a direction perpendicular to the length of fibres, is given by the expression

- (a)  $E_c = (1 - f)E_m + fE_f$                       (c)  $\frac{1}{E_c} = \frac{(1-f)}{E_m} + \frac{f}{E_f}$   
(b)  $E_c = fE_m + (1 - f)E_f$                       (d)  $\frac{1}{E_c} = \frac{f}{E_m} + \frac{(1-f)}{E_f}$

(GATE EE 2025)

22. Which of the following is NOT a fusion welding process?

- |                 |                           |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| (a) Arc welding | (c) Resistance welding    |
| (b) Gas welding | (d) Friction stir welding |

(GATE EE 2025)

23. Tungsten filament used in electric bulb is processed by

- |                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Extrusion    | (c) Casting           |
| (b) Wire drawing | (d) Powder metallurgy |

(GATE EE 2025)

24. The riser is designed such that the melt in the riser solidifies

- (a) Before casting solidifies
- (b) At the same time as casting solidifies
- (c) After casting solidifies
- (d) Irrespective of the solidification of the casting

(GATE EE 2025)

25. Radiography technique of detecting defects is based on the principle of

- |                 |                |                  |                |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| (a) Diffraction | (b) Reflection | (c) Interference | (d) Absorption |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|

(GATE EE 2025)

26. At  $x = 0.5$ , the polynomial  $x^2(1 - x^2)$  has

- |                |                    |              |              |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| (a) No extrema | (b) A saddle point | (c) A minima | (d) A maxima |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|

(GATE EE 2025)

27. Given that  $\mathbf{v}$  is a vector field and  $f$  is a scalar field, match the equations in **Group I** with their physical meaning in **Group II**

Group 1

- (P)  $\text{div}(\mathbf{v}) = 0$
- (Q)  $\text{curl}(\text{grad}(f)) = 0$
- (R)  $\text{div}(\text{grad}(f)) = 0$
- (S)  $\mathbf{v} = \text{grad}(f)$

- (a) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4
- (b) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3

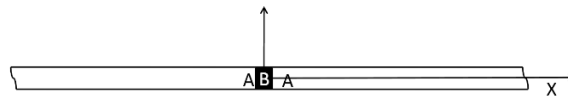
Group 2

- (1) Irrotational
- (2) Incompressible
- (3) Potential
- (4) Laplace equation

- (c) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4
- (d) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4

(GATE EE 2025)

28. The temperature field of a slab is given by  $T = 400 - 50z \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$ . The temperature gradient in  $y$ -direction is



- (a)  $100yz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$  (c)  $100xz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$   
 (b)  $-100yz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$  (d)  $-100xz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$

(GATE EE 2025)

29. What does the solution of the following ordinary differential equation represent?

$$y \frac{dy}{dx} + x = 0 \quad (1)$$

- (a) A parabola (c) An ellipse  
 (b) A circle (d) A hyperbola

(GATE EE 2025)

30. A thin layer of material B (of total amount  $m$ ) is plated on the end faces of two long rods of material A. These are then joined together on the plated side (see the figure below) and heated to a high temperature. Assuming the diffusion coefficient of B in A is  $D$ , the composition profile  $c_B$  along the rod axis  $x$  after a time  $t$  is described by

- (a)  $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} \exp\left[-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}\right]$  (c)  $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} \left[1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}\right)\right]$   
 (b)  $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} \operatorname{erf}\left[-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}\right]$  (d)  $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} t$

(GATE EE 2025)

31. Match the principles given in **Group I** with corresponding corrosion terminology in **Group II**

Group 1

- (P) Electrode polarization  
 (Q) Passivity  
 (R) Selective leaching  
 (S) Grain boundary precipitation

- (a) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2  
 (b) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

Group 2

- (1) Dezinification  
 (2) Intergranular attack  
 (3) Over voltage  
 (4) Surface oxide film

- (c) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3  
 (d) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3

(GATE EE 2025)

32. Identify the correct combination of the following statements

- P. Hydrogen electrode is a standard used to measure redox potentials  
 Q. Activation polarization refers to electrochemical processes controlled by reaction sequence at metal-solution interface  
 R. Potential-pH diagrams can be used to predict corrosion rates of metals  
 S. Cathodic protection can use sacrificial anodes such as magnesium

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| (a) P, Q and R | (c) P, Q and S |
| (b) Q, R and S | (d) P, R and S |

(GATE EE 2025)

33. Consider a reaction with activation energy of 8.314 kJ/mol that takes place at 300 K. If the reaction rate is to be tripled, the temperature of the reaction should be

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| (a) 174.5 K | (c) 600.5 K |
| (b) 447.5 K | (d) 847.5 K |

(GATE EE 2025)

34. Match the processes in **Group I** with the objectives in **Group II**

Group 1

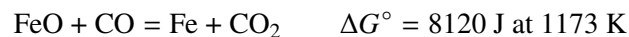
- (P) Vacuum Arc Degassing (VAD)  
 (Q) LD  
 (R) COREX  
 (S) Blast Furnace  
 (a) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1  
 (b) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2

Group 2

- (1) Primary iron making  
 (2) Secondary steel making  
 (3) Direct smelting  
 (4) Primary steel making  
 (c) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4  
 (d) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

(GATE EE 2025)

35. The reduction of FeO with CO gas in co-current flow is given by the following equation:



The ratio of  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$  for this reaction at 1173 K is

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| (a) 0.0  | (c) 0.44 |
| (b) 0.25 | (d) 2.3  |

(GATE EE 2025)

36. The sulphide capacity ( $C_S$ ) of liquid slag of composition 55 wt.% CaO, 20 wt.% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 15 wt.% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and 10 wt.% MgO is given by the following equation

$$\log C_S = -3.44 (X_{\text{CaO}} + 0.1X_{\text{MgO}} - 0.8X_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} - X_{\text{SiO}_2}) - \frac{9894}{T} + 2.05$$

where,  $X$  is mole fraction of the respective components. Atomic weights of Ca, Mg, Si, Al and O are 40, 24, 28, 27 and 16 respectively.

The value of  $C_S$  at 1900 K is

- |            |          |
|------------|----------|
| (a) 0.0009 | (c) 0.09 |
| (b) 0.009  | (d) 0.9  |

(GATE EE 2025)

37. Match the processes given in **Group I** with the corresponding metals in **Group II**

Group 1

- (P) Matte smelting  
 (Q) Cyanide leaching  
 (R) Carbothermic reduction  
 (S) Fused salt electrolysis

(GATE EE 2025)

- (a) P-1, Q-2, R-1, S-4  
 (b) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4

Group 2

- (1) Lead  
 (2) Copper  
 (3) Aluminium  
 (4) Gold  
 (c) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4  
 (d) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1

(GATE EE 2025)

38. Identify the correct combination of the following statements

- P. Bessemer converter can be used in copper smelting  
 Q. The Mond process for nickel involves reaction of metal with  $H_2$  gas  
 R. Roasted  $ZnS$  concentrates can be smelted in a blast furnace  
 S. Magnesium metal can be produced by electrolysis of sea water

- (a) P, R and S  
 (b) P, Q and R  
 (c) P and Q  
 (d) Q and S

(GATE EE 2025)

39. Match the phases of steel in **Group I** with the crystal structures in **Group II**Group 1

- (P) Martensite  
 (Q) Cementite  
 (R) Austenite  
 (S) Ferrite

- (a) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2  
 (b) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4

Group 2

- (1) bcc  
 (2) fcc  
 (3) bct  
 (4) Orthorhombic  
 (c) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1  
 (d) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1

(GATE EE 2025)

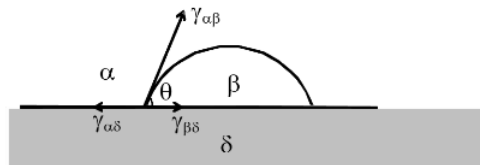
40. Arrange the following in terms of increasing severity of quench

- P. Oil quenching  
 Q. Water quenching  
 R. Water quenching with agitation  
 S. Brine quenching

- (a)  $P_i Q_i R_i S$   
 (b)  $Q_i R_i P_i S$   
 (c)  $P_i Q_i S_i R$   
 (d)  $Q_i P_i R_i S$

(GATE EE 2025)

41. Regarding recrystallization, which one of the following statements is NOT correct?



- (a) Higher the amount of cold work, lower is the recrystallization temperature
- (b) Higher the recovery, higher is the recrystallization temperature
- (c) Higher the temperature of cold work, higher is the recrystallization temperature
- (d) Finer the initial grain size, higher is the recrystallization temperature

(GATE EE 2025)

42. A liquid droplet ( $\beta$ ) is on a substrate ( $\delta$ ) and is surrounded by air ( $\alpha$ ), as shown below. The angle of contact ( $\theta$ ) is determined using the following expression:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad \theta &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\gamma_{\alpha\delta} - \gamma_{\beta\delta}}{\gamma_{\alpha\beta}} \right) & \text{(c)} \quad \theta &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\gamma_{\alpha\delta} - \gamma_{\beta\delta}}{\gamma_{\alpha\delta}} \right) \\ \text{(b)} \quad \theta &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\gamma_{\delta\delta} - \gamma_{\alpha\beta}}{\gamma_{\alpha\beta}} \right) & \text{(d)} \quad \theta &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\gamma_{\alpha\delta} - \gamma_{\beta\delta}}{\gamma_{\beta\delta}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

(GATE EE 2025)

43. Match the phenomena listed in **Group I** with the possible mechanisms in **Group II**

Group 1

- (P) Fatigue
- (Q) Creep
- (R) Strain hardening
- (S) Yield point phenomenon

- (a) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1
- (b) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

Group 2

- (1) Grain boundary sliding
- (2) Slip band extrusion and intrusion
- (3) Cottrell atmosphere
- (4) Dislocation interaction

- (c) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3
- (d) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3

(GATE EE 2025)

44. Fracture stress for a brittle material having a crack length of  $1 \mu\text{m}$  is 200 MPa. Fracture stress for the same material having a crack length of  $4 \mu\text{m}$  is

- (a) 200 MPa
- (b) 150 MPa
- (c) 100 MPa
- (d) 50 MPa

(GATE EE 2025)

45. The flow stress ( $\bar{\sigma}$ ) of an alloy varies with strain rate ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ ) as  $\bar{\sigma} = 100(\dot{\epsilon})^{0.1}$  MPa. When the alloy is hot extruded from 10 cm diameter to 5 cm diameter at a speed of 2 cm/s, the flow stress is



- |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| (a) 1000 MPa | (c) 150 MPa  |
| (b) 105 MPa  | (d) 1050 MPa |

(GATE EE 2025)

46. Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following **Assertion (a)** and **Reason (r)**.

*Assertion:* During rolling, front tension and (or) back tension are (is) employed to decrease rolling load.

*Reason:* Roll pressure decreases due to lowering of flow stress as a result of front tension/back tension.

- (a) A is false but R is true  
 (b) A is true and R is also true, but r is not the reason for a  
 (c) A is true and R is also true, and r is the reason for a  
 (d) A is true but R is false

(GATE EE 2025)

47. Match the defects listed in **Group I** with the processes listed in **Group II**

Group 1

- (P) Cold shut  
 (Q) Earing  
 (R) Alligatoring  
 (S) Shrinkage porosity  
 (a) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-4  
 (b) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

Group 2

- (1) Rolling  
 (2) Forging  
 (3) Deep drawing  
 (4) Fusion welding  
 (c) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4  
 (d) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3

(GATE EE 2025)

**Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:**

A steel ball (density  $\rho_{steel} = 7200 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) is placed in an upward moving liquid Al (density  $\rho_{Al} = 2360 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , viscosity  $\mu_{Al} = 1 \times 10^3 \text{ Pa.s}$  and Reynolds number  $= 5 \times 10^5$ ). The force ( $F$ ) exerted on the steel ball is expressed as

$$F = f\pi R^2 \left( \rho_{Al} v^2 / 2 \right)$$

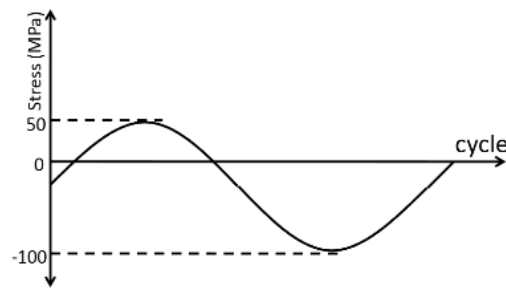
where  $f$  is friction factor ( $=0.2$ ),  $v$  is the velocity of liquid Al and  $R$  is the radius of steel ball.

48. The force exerted on the steel ball is

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| (a) 8.32 N | (c) 1.67 N |
| (b) 6.70 N | (d) 0.52 N |

(GATE EE 2025)

49. The terminal velocity of a fine spherical steel particle having diameter  $d_p$ , in  $\mu\text{m}$  range, if allowed to fall in a quiescent liquid Al bath, is



- (a)  $5.2 \times 10^6 d_p^2$  m/s                      (c)  $1.3 \times 10^6 d_p^2$  m/s  
 (b)  $2.6 \times 10^6 d_p^2$  m/s                      (d)  $6.6 \times 10^5 d_p^2$  m/s

(GATE EE 2025)

**Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:**

For the above stress cycle:

50. Stress ratio is

- (a) 4    (c) -2  
 (b) 2    (d) -4

(GATE EE 2025)

51. Amplitude ratio is

- (a) 3    (c)  $-1/3$   
 (b)  $1/3$     (d) -3

(GATE EE 2025)

**Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:**

A material with grain size of ASTM No. 6 has a lattice frictional stress  $100 \text{ MN/m}^2$  and locking parameter (Hall-Petch constant)  $0.10 \text{ MN/m}^{3/2}$

52. Grain size of the material is approximately

- (a)  $45 \mu\text{m}$                                       (c)  $4.5 \mu\text{m}$   
 (b)  $35 \mu\text{m}$                                       (d)  $3.5 \mu\text{m}$

(GATE EE 2025)

53. Yield strength of the material is approximately

- (a) 100 MPa                                      (c) 165 MPa  
 (b) 115 MPa                                      (d) 215 MPa

(GATE EE 2025)

**Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:**

The strain hardening behaviour of an annealed rod during cold rolling is given by  $\bar{\sigma} = 700(\epsilon)^{0.2}$  MPa, where  $\bar{\sigma}$  is the flow stress at strain  $\epsilon$ .

54. Flow stress after 50% reduction in area of the annealed rod on cold rolling is approximately

- (a) 750 MPa (c) 609 MPa  
(b) 650 MPa (d) 559 MPa

(GATE EE 2025)

55. If a wire of 5 mm diameter is drawn from the above cold rolled rod of 10 mm diameter, the drawing stress, neglecting the effect of friction and redundant work, is approximately

- (a) 650 MPa (c) 450 MPa  
(b) 550 MPa (d) 400 MPa

(GATE EE 2025)

56. Which one of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word given below?

**Latitude**

- (a) Eligibility (c) Coercion  
(b) Freedom (d) Meticulousness

(GATE EE 2025)

57. Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence:

**Given the seriousness of the situation that he had to face, his \_\_\_ was impressive.**

- (a) beggary (c) jealousy  
(b) nomenclature (d) nonchalance

(GATE EE 2025)

58. Choose the most appropriate alternative from the options given below to complete the following sentence:

**If the tired soldier wanted to lie down, he \_\_\_ the mattress out on the balcony.**

- (a) should take (c) should have taken  
(b) shall take (d) will have taken

(GATE EE 2025)

59. If  $(1.001)^{1259} = 3.52$  and  $(1.001)^{2062} = 7.85$ , then  $(1.001)^{3321} =$

- (a) 2.23 (c) 11.37  
(b) 4.33 (d) 27.64

(GATE EE 2025)

60. One of the parts (A, B, C, D) in the sentence given below contains an **ERROR**. Which one of the following is **INCORRECT**?

**I requested that he should be given the driving test today instead of tomorrow.**

- (a) requested that (c) the driving test  
(b) should be given (d) instead of tomorrow

(GATE EE 2025)

61. The data given in the following table summarizes the monthly budget of an average household.

Category	Amount (Rs.)
Food	4000
Clothing	1200
Rent	2000
Savings	1500
Other expenses	1800

The approximate percentage of the monthly budget **NOT** spent on savings is

- (a) 10% (c) 81%  
(b) 14% (d) 86%

(GATE EE 2025)

62. There are eight bags of rice looking alike, seven of which have equal weight and one is slightly heavier. The weighing balance is of unlimited capacity. Using this balance, the minimum number of weighings required to identify the heavier bag is

- (a) 2 (c) 4  
(b) 3 (d) 8

(GATE EE 2025)

63. Raju has 14 currency notes in his pocket consisting of only Rs. 20 notes and Rs. 10 notes. The total money value of the notes is Rs. 230. The number of Rs. 10 notes that Raju has is

- (a) 5 (c) 9  
(b) 6 (d) 10

(GATE EE 2025)

64. **One of the legacies of the Roman legions was discipline. In the legions, military law prevailed and discipline was brutal. Discipline on the battlefield kept units obedient, intact and fighting, even when the odds and conditions were against them.** Which one of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage?

- (a) Thorough regimentation was the main reason for the efficiency of the Roman legions even in adverse circumstances. (c) Discipline was the armies' inheritance from their seniors.  
(b) The legions were treated inhumanly as if the men were animals. (d) The harsh discipline to which the legions were subjected to led to the odds and conditions being against them.

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65. A and B are friends. They decide to meet between 1 PM and 2 PM on a given day. There is a condition that whoever arrives first will not wait for the other for more than 15 minutes. The probability that they will meet on that day is

(a)  $1/4$ (c)  $7/16$ (b)  $1/16$ (d)  $9/16$ 

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**END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**