## **GATE 2018**

1

## EE25BTECH11065 - YOSHITA.J

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<ul><li>a) principle,</li><li>b) principal,</li></ul>			iple, principle ipal, principal	
				(GATE EY 2018)
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a) cleanlines	s b) punctualit	y c) fruga	lity	d) greatness
				(GATE EY 2018)
	nes take 7 minutes to ald it take for 100 mag		•	ame rate, how many
a) 1	b) 7	c) 100		d) 700
				(GATE EY 2018)
5 m, respect	becomes a square who ively. During this pro he original rectangle i	cess, the rectang	le loses 650 i	
a) 1125	b) 2250	c) 2924		d) 4500
				(GATE EY 2018)

5) A number consists of two digits. The sum of digits is 9. If 45 is subtracted from the

number, its digits are interchanged. What is the number?

a) 63

b) 72

c) 81

d) 90

Q. 6 - Q. 10 carry one mark each.

- 6) For integers a, b and c, what would be the minimum and maximum values respectively of a + b + c if log|a| + log|b| + log|c| = 0?
  - a) -3 and 3
- b) −1 and 1
- c) -1 and 3
- d) 1 and 3

(GATE EY 2018)

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 7) Given that a and b are integers and  $a + a^2b^3$  is odd, which one of the following statements is correct?
  - a) a and b are both odd

c) a is even and b is odd

b) a and b are both even

d) a is odd and b is even

(GATE EY 2018)

- 8) From the time the front of a train enters a platform, it takes 25 seconds for the back of the train to leave the platform, while traveling at a constant speed of 54 km/h. At the same speed, it takes 14 seconds to pass a man running at 9 km/h in the same direction as the train. What is the length of the train and that of the platform in meters, respectively?
  - a) 210 and 140

c) 245 and 130

b) 162.5 and 187.5

d) 175 and 200

(GATE EY 2018)

9) Which of the following functions describe the graph shown in the below figure?

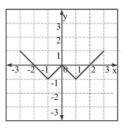


Fig. 9.1

a) 
$$y = ||x| + 1| - 2$$

b) 
$$y = ||x| - 1| - 1$$

c) 
$$y = ||x| + 1| - 1|$$

d) 
$$y = ||x - 1| - 1|$$

- 10) Consider the following three statements:
  - (i) Some roses are red.
  - (ii) All red flowers fade quickly.
  - (iii) Some roses fade quickly.

Which of the following statement can be logically inferred from the above statements?

- a) If (i) is true and (ii) is false, then (iii) is false.
- b) If (i) is true and (ii) is false, then (iii) is true.
- c) If (i) and (ii) are true, then (iii) is true.
- d) If (i) and (ii) are false, then (iii) is false.

(*GATE EY* 2018)

## END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

## Q. 1 – Q. 25 carry one mark each.

1)	During the	Pleistocene,	which	of the	following	groups	experienced	the	largest	mass
	extinction?									

- a) Large dinosaurs
- b) Large mammals
- c) Reptiles
- d) Trilobites

(GATE EY 2018)

- 2) In gropu living species, the term "dilution effect" refers to
  - a) reduction in aggression among individuals with increasing group size
  - b) reduction in the mobility of individuals with increasing group size
  - c) reduction in the reproductive success of individuals with increasing group size
  - d) reduction in the risk of predation with increasing group size

(*GATE EY* 2018)

3) Which of the following diversity indices best captures species turnover across habitats?

a)  $\alpha$ 

b) β

c)  $\gamma$ 

d)  $\delta$ 

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 4) A duck egg is removed from its mother's nest and incubated by a barnyard hen. The duckling hatches out in the presence of the barnyard hen and stays in her nest. After a couple of days, the duckling is presented with a choice between its biological mother and the hen that incubated it. The duckling approaches and follows the hen. This set of observations demonstrates the phenomenon of
  - a) habituation
  - b) imprinting
  - c) instinct
  - d) sensitization

(GATE EY 2018)

- 5) If both of your ears were located next to each other in the middle of your face, you would have difficulty in resolving the
  - a) direction of a sound
  - b) duration of a sound
  - c) loudness of a sound
  - d) pitch of a sound

- 6) Forager bees communicate the distance of a food source using a waggle dance upon return to the hive. It is observed that the number of waggles of a dance increases linearly with the distance to the food source. This tells us that the
  - a) number of waggles and distance to food source is negatively correlated
  - b) number of waggles and distance to food source is positively correlated
  - c) number of waggles affects the distance to the food source
  - d) number of waggles and the distance to the food source are uncorrelated

- 7) Male frogs display to females by producing loud acoustic signals. The use of these signals by bats to locate frogs and prey upon them is an example of
  - a) aposematism
  - b) deception
  - c) eavesdropping
  - d) mimicry

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 8) A non-venomous, non-toxic species of snake is brightly colored and closely resembles a venomous snake species in the same habitat. This is most likely a case of
  - a) aggressive mimicry
  - b) batesian mimicry
  - c) masquerade
  - d) mullerian mimicry

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 9) The value of the resting membrane potential of a typical neuron is closest to the equilibrium potential of which of the following ions?
  - a)  $Ca^{++}$
- b) *K*<sup>+</sup>
- c)  $Mg^{++}$
- d)  $Na^+$

(*GATE EY* 2018)

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 10) A plant species found in India produces flowers that are white, fragrant, and tubular. Which of the following is the most likely pollinating agent?
  - a) Hummingbirds

c) Moths

b) Lorises

d) Wind

- 11) Which of the following can be used to test differences between mean tree heights in a tropical versus a temperate forest?
  - a) Binomial test
  - b) Linear regression

<ul><li>c) Pearson's corre</li><li>d) Student's t-test</li></ul>			
d) Student's t-test			(GATE EY 2018)
	suming a relatively sho petition will result in a	ort tome scale	and no evolution, increased
<ul><li>a) larger fundame</li><li>b) larger realized</li></ul>		<ul><li>c) smaller fu</li><li>d) smaller re</li></ul>	indamental niche calized niche
			(GATE EY 2018)
<ul><li>13) In which of the f</li><li>a) Monoandry</li><li>b) Monogamy</li><li>c) Polyandry</li><li>d) Polygyny</li></ul>	ollowing mating system	s is sperm con	npetition likely to evolve?
, , ,			(GATE EY 2018)
14) Copies of genes known as	that arrive in a particul	ar genome by	horizontal gene transfer are
a) analogs	b) homologs	c) ohnologs	d) xenologs
			(GATE EY 2018)
15) In which of the f	following plants is the d	ominant stage	of the life cycle haploid?
<ul><li>a) Cycads</li><li>b) Ferns</li></ul>		<ul><li>c) Gymnospe</li><li>d) Mosses</li></ul>	erms
			(GATE EY 2018)
	owing is NOT typically a late successional plants		of carly successional pioneer ain forest?
<ul><li>a) Higher shade t</li><li>b) Smaller seed s</li></ul>		<ul><li>c) Smaller si</li><li>d) Wind disp</li></ul>	ize at maturity persed seeds
			(GATE EY 2018)

17) Natural populations often deviate from Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium. One possible

reason for this is

- a) no migration
- b) no selection

- c) random mating
- d) small population sizes

- 18) Which of the following is NOT an example of phenotypic plasticity?
  - a) Density-dependent swarming behavior in locusts
  - b) Increase in DDT resistance in mosquitos
  - c) Seasonal variation in plumage coloration in birds
  - d) Temperature-dependent sex determination in turtles

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 19) Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of r-selected species?
  - a) Early sexual maturity
  - b) High juvenile mortality
  - c) High parental care
  - d) Large number of offspring

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 20) A scientist finds a new species of insect and sends a sample to a museum for confirmation. The curator of the museum designates it as a holotype for the newly identified species and asks the scientist to also provide samples of the opposite sex. This sample of the opposite sex is called the
  - a) allotype
- b) isotype
- c) karyotype
- d) neotype

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 21) Which of the following is NOT essential for a behavioural trait to evolve by natural selection?
  - a) The behavioral trait differs among individuals
  - b) The behavioral trait is determined at least in part by genes
  - c) The behavioral trait influences reproductive success
  - d) The behavioral trait is determined entirely by genes

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 22) El Nino Southern Oscillation (*ENSO*) events have occurred approximately every 3-7 years over the last century. The cause of these ENSO events is related to
  - a) large-scale air-sea interactions in the Pacific Ocean
  - b) strong monsoon winds in the Indian Ocean
  - c) the melting of icebergs in the Antarctic Ocean
  - d) unsustainable overfishing in North Atlantic Ocean

23) If the mean of a sample is 5, and the variance is 25, the PERCENT coefficient of variation is

(*GATE EY* 2018)

24) Consider a diploid population at Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium. For a locus with two alleles, the frequency of the  $A_1A_2$  genotype is 0.01. The frequency of heterozygotes  $A_1A_2$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (answer up to 2 decimal places)

(*GATE EY* 2018)

25) In a food chain, the efficiency of transfer of energy from one trophic level to the next is 10%. The PERCENTAGE of energy that is expected to transfer from the second to the fourth level is

(GATE EY 2018)

Q. 26 - Q. 55 carry one mark each.

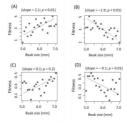
- 26) Which of the following is an adaptation for osmoregulation in freshwater teleost fish?
  - a) Excreting large quantities of dilute urine
  - b) Excreting large quantities of uric acid
  - c) Having high concentration of blood urea
  - d) Excreting large quantities of uracil

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 27) The latitudinal diversity gradient is defined as the decrease in the number of species from the equator to the poles. This can result from
  - a) greater energy input at the poles
  - b) greater land mass at the poles
  - c) greater seasonal variation at the poles
  - d) greater speciation rates at the poles

(*GATE EY* 2018)

28) Identify the graph in which natural selection on beak size is LEAST likely to be occurring? For each of the graphs, the slope of the regression line and the associated p-value is given.



- 29) Some species of spiders add additional silk 'decorations' to their webs. It is hypothesized that these decorations serve either to lure flies (*prey*) or to decrease bird (*predator*) attacks on the spiders. The appropriate way to test these hypotheses would be to compare numbers of
  - a) predators and prey approaching decorated webs
  - b) predators and prey approaching undecorated webs
  - c) predators approaching decorated webs with prey approaching undecorated webs
  - d) predators and prey approaching both decorated and undecorated webs

30) The figure below shows mean annual temperatures (°C) and mean annual precipitation (*cm per year*) from multiple sites in four regions in India.

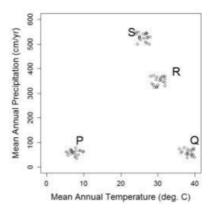


Fig. 30.1

- a) P:Andaman, Q:Meghalaya, R:Ladakh, S:Rajasthan
- b) P:Ladakh, Q:Rajasthan, R:Andaman, S:Meghalaya
- c) P:Meghalaya, Q:Ladakh, R:Rajasthan, S:Andaman
- d) P:Rajasthan, Q:Andaman, R:Meghalaya, S:Ladakh

(GATE EY 2018)

- 31) For a pair of interacting species, increased specialization and decreased niche breadth in both species would result in
  - a) decreased intraspecific competition and increased interspecific competition
  - b) decreased intraspecific competition and decreased interspecific competition
  - c) increased intraspecific competition and increased interspecific competition
  - d) increased intraspecific competition and decreased interspecific competition

- 32) Males of a bird species provide parental care by feeding nestlings before they fledge. Which of the following is a PROXIMATE explanation for this behaviour?
  - a) Feeding nestlings increases their survivorship after fledging
  - b) High prolactin levels cause males to feed their nestlings
  - c) Males from all species in this genus provide parental care
  - d) Males that provide parental care have higher fitness

33) The courtship display of a spider species consists of both visual and vibrational signals. Females respond to the display by approaching males. In an experiment, females were presented with 3 treatments: i) only videos of displaying males, ii) only vibrational signals of the display, and iii) both videos of displaying males and vibrational signals. The results are given below:

Treatment	Percent of responding
	females
Videos only	55%
Vibrational signals only	0%
Videos plus vibrational signals	95%

Fig. 33.1

Results from this experiment show that

- a) vibrational signals are necessary to evoke a response
- b) vibrational signals are sufficient to evoke a response
- c) visual and vibrational signals are necessary to evoke a response
- d) visual signals are necessary to evoke a response

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 34) Moth cars typically consist of a membranous cardrum backed by an air cavity. Ears in different phylogenetic groups of moths have evolved on different body parts. Moth ears are thus best described as
  - a) convergent organs
  - b) homologous organs
  - c) maladaptive organs
  - d) vestigcal organs

- 35) Increased anthropogenic disturbance has resulted in an overall decrease in densities of trees and an increase in fragmentation of forests. Which of the following types of trees will have the greatest reduction in reproductive success?
  - a) Dioecious species
  - b) Monoceious species
  - c) Self-compatible hermaphrodites

d) Self-incompatible hermaphrodites

(GATE EY 2018)

36) A study examined the effect of neighbours on plants when grown at low or high altitudes. The researcher measured Relative Neighbour Effect (*RNE*), defined as: RNE = Biomass with neighbours - Biomass without neighbours.

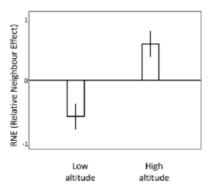


Fig. 36.1

- a) competition at both altitudes
- b) competition at high altitudes, and facilitation at low altitudes
- c) competition at low altitudes, and facilitation at high altitudes
- d) facilitation at both altitudes

(*GATE EY* 2018)

37) Match the combination of flora and fauna from the list, to the state where they are found.

Combination	Fauna; Flora
P	Red panda; Rhododendron
Q	Pygmy hog; Elephant grass
R	Tiger; Mangrove
S	Hangul; Chinar

Fig. 37.1

- a) P:Assam, Q:Jammu & Kashmir, R:West bengal, S:Sikkim
- b) P:Jammu & Kashmir, Q:Assam, R:West bengal, S:Sikkim
- c) P:Sikkim, Q:Assam, R:West bengal, S:Jammu & kashmir
- d) P:Sikkim, Q:West bengal, R:Assam, S:Jammu & Kashmir

38) A parent population (P) is split into three daughter populations (Q, R, andS) which grow in three different habitats. After 1000 generations, the equilibrium frequency distribution of a trait in each of the daughter populations is shown in the figure below. For reference, the vertical line represents the mean of the parent population. From

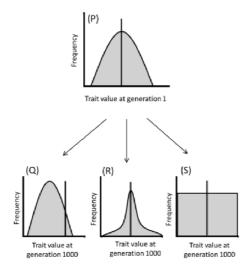


Fig. 38.1

this information, one can infer that the subpopulations experienced the following selection regimes

a) Q: Directional; R: Stabilizing; S: No selection

b) Q: Directional; R: Stabilizing; S: Stabilizing

c) Q: Directional; R: Directional; S: Stabilizing

d) Q: Stabilizing; R: Directional; S: No selection

(GATE EY 2018)

39) The character matrix below lists four taxa brakP - S and their nine characters braki - ix. A character state is designated as '0' if it is ancestral and '1' if it is derived. Which of the following phylogenetic trees is obtained by cladistic analysis of these data?



Fig. 39.1

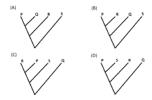


Fig. 39.2

40) The reactions below (*R*1 *and R*2) represent different carbon fixation pathways in photosynthesis.

RuBP represents Ribulose bisphosphate. Rubisco represents RuBP carboxylase-oxygenase. PGA represents Phosphoglyceric acid. PEP represents Phosphocnolpyruvate. Which of the following is CORRECT?

R1. 
$$CO_2 + RuBP \xrightarrow{Rubisco} PGA$$
  
R2.  $CO_2 + PEP \xrightarrow{PEP-Carboxylase} Malic Acid$ 

Fig. 40.1

- a) R1 and R2 both occur in C-3 and CAM photosynthesis
- b) R1 occurs in C-4 photosynthesis; R2 occurs in C-3 photosynthesis
- c) R1 occurs in C-3 photosynthesis; R2 occurs in C-4 photosynthesis
- d) Rl occurs in C-4 and CAM photosynthesis; R2 occurs in C-3 photosynthesis

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 41) A fish species is sexually dimorphic: males possess ultraviolet (*UV*) spots on their bodies which are lacking in females. Females prefer males with larger and more intense UV spots as mates. Which of the following statements is a plausible reason for the spots being colored ultraviolet?
  - a) Females assess males from long distances
  - b) Females are not sensitive to UV light
  - c) Ultraviolet spots are a poor indicator of male quality
  - d) Ultraviolet spots are more conspicuous to predators

- 42) A climate scientist notices a trend in atmospheric *CO*2 concentrations (*in ppm*) at a research station. Although overall *CO*2 is rising over decades, there are intra-annual fluctuations, as shown in the figure below. These fluctuations can be attributed to
  - a) burning of fossil fuels by automobiles and industry

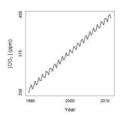


Fig. 42.1

- b) oscillations due to El Nino and La Nina events
- c) rising sea levels due to melting of polar ice-caps
- d) seasonal trends in photosynthesis and respiration

43) Four islands differ in size ( $small = 10km^2$ ,  $large = 100km^2$ ) and distance from the mainland (near = 50km, far = 500 km). Island P is small and near the mainland; Island Q is small and far from the mainland; Island R is large and near the mainland; Island S is large and far from the mainland

Let  $N_p$ ,  $N_Q$ ,  $N_R$  and  $N_s$  denote the number of species on islands P, Q, R and S, respectively. Which of the following is consistent with the theory of island biogcography?

a) 
$$N_O > N_s > N_p > N_R$$

c) 
$$N_Q > N_p > N_s > N_R$$

b) 
$$N_R > N_O > N_p > N_s$$

d) 
$$N_R > N_p > N_s > N_O$$

(GATE EY 2018)

44) The rate of population growth  $(\frac{dN}{dt})$  over time (t) is shown below

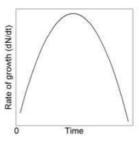


Fig. 44.1

For the above population, which of the following plots of population (Popn.) size (N) vs. time (t) is CORRECT? ( $GATE\ EY\ 2018$ )

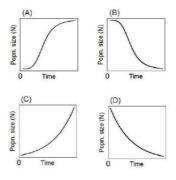


Fig. 44.2

45) The pedigree below details a late onset genetic disease among humans. Males are represented as squares and females as circles. Individuals with the disease arc depicted as black, and those without it are depicted as white. Which of the following best describes the pattern of inheritance of the disease-causing gene?

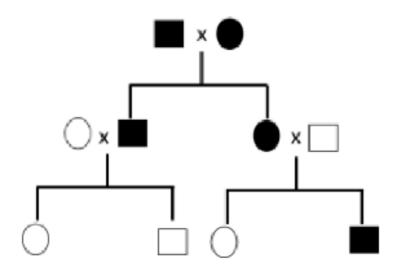


Fig. 45.1

- a) Mitochondrial
- b) X-linked dominant
- c) X-linked recessive
- d) Y-linked

46) Match the following scientists with the concepts or theories they are associated with.

(P) WD Hamilton	(i) Neutral Theory of Molecular Evolution
(Q) RA Fisher	(ii) Island Biogeography
(R) M Kimura	(iii) Inclusive Fitness
(S) RH MacArthur	(iv) Runaway Sexual Selection

Fig. 46.1

- a) P-iii, Q-i, R-iv, S-ii
- b) P-ii, Q-iii, R-iv, S-i
- c) P-iii, Q-iv, R-i, S-ii
- d) P-ii, Q-iii, R-i, S-iv

(*GATE EY* 2018)

- 47) Which of the following is an example of complete intrinsic post-zygotic reproductive isolation between two species P and Q?
  - a) P and Q can mate and have fertile offspring
  - b) P and Q can mate but their offspring are inviable
  - c) P and Q have breeding seasons during different times of the year
  - d) P and Q have different courtship behaviour

(GATE EY 2018)

48) Match the animals to their locomotor adaptation

Adaptation	Animal
(P) Volant	(i) Ostrich
(Q) Fossorial	(ii) Slow Loris
(R) Arboreal	(iii) Naked Mole Rat
(S) Cursorial	(iv) Bat

Fig. 48.1

a) P-iv, Q-i, R-iii, S-ii

c) P-iii, Q-iv, R-i, S-ii

b) P-iv, Q-iii, R-ii, S-i

d) P-ii, Q-iii, R-i, S-ii

(GATE EY 2018)

49) Paralogs are genes that are the products of gene duplication events within a species. Orthologs are genes in different species that share a common ancestral gene. The figure below describes the evolutionary history of a hypothetical gene X in organism Y. This gene undergoes a duplication event. Later, Y splits into two species Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>2</sub>, and this gives rise to four copies of the gene - P, Q, R and S. Which option best describes the relationships between the four copies of the gene X?

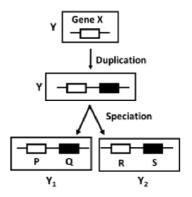


Fig. 49.1

- a) P & Q are orthologs, Q & R are paralogs
- b) R & S are orthologs, S & Q are paralogs
- c) R & S are orthologs, Q & R are paralogs
- d) P & R are orthologs, R & S are paralogs

50)	The frequency distribution of beak sizes of a bird species is symmetric but not normally distributed. If the mean value of beak size is 6 mm, standard deviation is 25 mm and kurtosis is 10, then the median is mm.
	(GATE EY 2018)
51)	An altruist provides help worth 10 units of fitness to a recipient, at a personal cost of 1 unit of fitness. As per kin-selection theory, the minimum value of genetic relatedness between the actors and the recipients that is necessary to maintain altruism in the population is (answer up to 1 decimal place).
	(GATE EY 2018)
52)	A population grows from a size of 100 individuals at $t=0$ , to 1000 individuals at $t=100$ , following density-independent growth. The ratio of per-capita growth rates at the initial ( $at\ t=0$ ) to the final ( $t=100$ ) time is
	(GATE EY 2018)
53)	The probability that a bush has a cricket is 0.1. The probability of a spider being present on a bush is 0.2. When both a spider and a cricket are present on a bush, the probability of encountering each other is 0.2. The probability of a spider consuming a cricket it encounters is 0.5. Assuming that predation only occurs on bushes, the probability that a cricket is preyed on by a spider is (answer up to 3 decimal places).
	(GATE EY 2018)
54)	A plant produces seeds that can be dispersed by birds or mammals. The probability that a seed is dispersed by a bird is 0.25, and by a mammal is 0.5. The bird can disperse a seed to three patches A, B, or C with a probability 0.5, 0.4 or 0.1, respectively. On the other hand, the mammal disperses a seed to the same patches A, B, or C, with a probability 0.15, 0.8 and 0.05, respectively. The probability that a given seed is dispersed to patch B is brakanswerupto1decimalplace.
	(GATE EY 2018)
55)	The species area relationship of trees in Mudumalai Tiger Reserve is given by $S = 0.1 * A^{0.3}$ , where $S$ is the number of species in a given area $A$ . When $logS$ is plotted against $logA$ , the slope of the resulting relationship is (answer up to 1 decimal place). (GATE EY 2018)
	· /

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER