Matrices in Geometry - 1.9.26

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Problem Statement

Find the value of k, if the point P(2,4) is equidistant from point A(5,k) and B(k,7)

Solution

Given: $P \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, $A \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ and a point $B \begin{pmatrix} k \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ such that P is equidistant from A and B.

$$\therefore \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\| = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}\| \tag{1}$$

$$\|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 \tag{3}$$

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A})^{\top} (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}) = (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B})^{\top} (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B})$$
(4)

Solution

$$\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{P} - 2\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{P} - 2\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{B} \quad (5)$$

$$\|\mathbf{A}\|^2 - \|\mathbf{B}\|^2 = 2\mathbf{P}^{\top} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})$$
 (6)

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ k \end{pmatrix} \right\| - \left\| \begin{pmatrix} k \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \right\| = 2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 - k \\ k - 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (7)

$$25 + k^2 - 49 - k^2 = 2(10 - 2k + 4k - 28)$$
 (8)

$$-24 = 2(2k - 18) \implies -12 = 2k - 18 \implies 2k = 6 \implies k = 3$$
 (9)

Final Answer

Hence, the final answer is k = 3

 $= 3 \tag{10}$

