# 7.2.18

Pratik R-AI25BTECH11023

October 4, 2025

## Question

Find the equation of the circle passing through (0,0) and making intercepts a and b on the coordinate axes.

Let:

$$\mathbf{x_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{x_2} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{x_3} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$
 (1)

We use the general matrix form of a circle:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2x_1 & 2x_2 & 2x_3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u} \\ f \end{pmatrix} = -\begin{pmatrix} \|x_1\|^2 \\ \|x_2\|^2 \\ \|x_3\|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2)

Substituting the values:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2a & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2b & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ f \end{pmatrix} = -\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ a^2 \\ b^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
(3)

Using augmented matrix and applying  $R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2$  and  $R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a & 0 & 1 & -a^2 \\ 0 & 2b & 1 & -b^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 = R_1 - R_3} \xrightarrow{R_2 = R_2 - R_3} \begin{pmatrix} 2a & 0 & 0 & -a^2 \\ 0 & 2b & 0 & -b^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

we get

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{a}{2} \\ -\frac{b}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad f = 0 \tag{5}$$

So the equation of the circle becomes:

$$x^2 + y^2 + ax + by = 0 (6)$$

