

## 4.10.8

EE25BTECH11008 - Anirudh M Abhilash

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### Question

Show that the area of the triangle formed by the lines  $y = m_1x + c_1$ ,  $y = m_2x + c_2$  and  $x = 0$  is

$$\frac{(c_1 - c_2)^2}{2|m_1 - m_2|}.$$

### Solution

Vertices:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c_1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Intersection of the two lines (RREF):

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} m_1 & -1 & -c_1 \\ m_2 & -1 & -c_2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - R_1} \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} m_1 & -1 & -c_1 \\ m_2 - m_1 & 0 & -(c_2 - c_1) \end{array} \right] \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow (m_2 - m_1)x = -(c_2 - c_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow x^* = \frac{c_2 - c_1}{m_1 - m_2}, \quad y^* = m_1x^* + c_1. \quad (2)$$

Vectors:

$$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c_2 - c_1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} x^* \\ y^* - c_1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Observe that  $y^* - c_1 = m_1x^*$ , hence

$$\mathbf{v} = x^* \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m_1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Compute norms and dot product:

$$\|\mathbf{u}\|^2 = (c_2 - c_1)^2, \quad (3)$$

$$\|\mathbf{v}\|^2 = x^{*2}(1 + m_1^2), \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = (c_2 - c_1)(m_1 x^*). \quad (5)$$

Using  $\|\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{u}\|^2\|\mathbf{v}\|^2 - (\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v})^2$ :

$$\|\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}\|^2 = (c_2 - c_1)^2 x^{*2} (1 + m_1^2) - (c_2 - c_1)^2 m_1^2 x^{*2} \quad (6)$$

$$= (c_2 - c_1)^2 x^{*2}. \quad (7)$$

Thus,

$$\|\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}\| = |c_2 - c_1| |x^*| = |c_2 - c_1| \left| \frac{c_2 - c_1}{m_1 - m_2} \right| \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{(c_2 - c_1)^2}{|m_1 - m_2|}. \quad (9)$$

Area:

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}\| = \frac{(c_1 - c_2)^2}{2|m_1 - m_2|}. \quad (10)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(c_1 - c_2)^2}{2|m_1 - m_2|}}$$

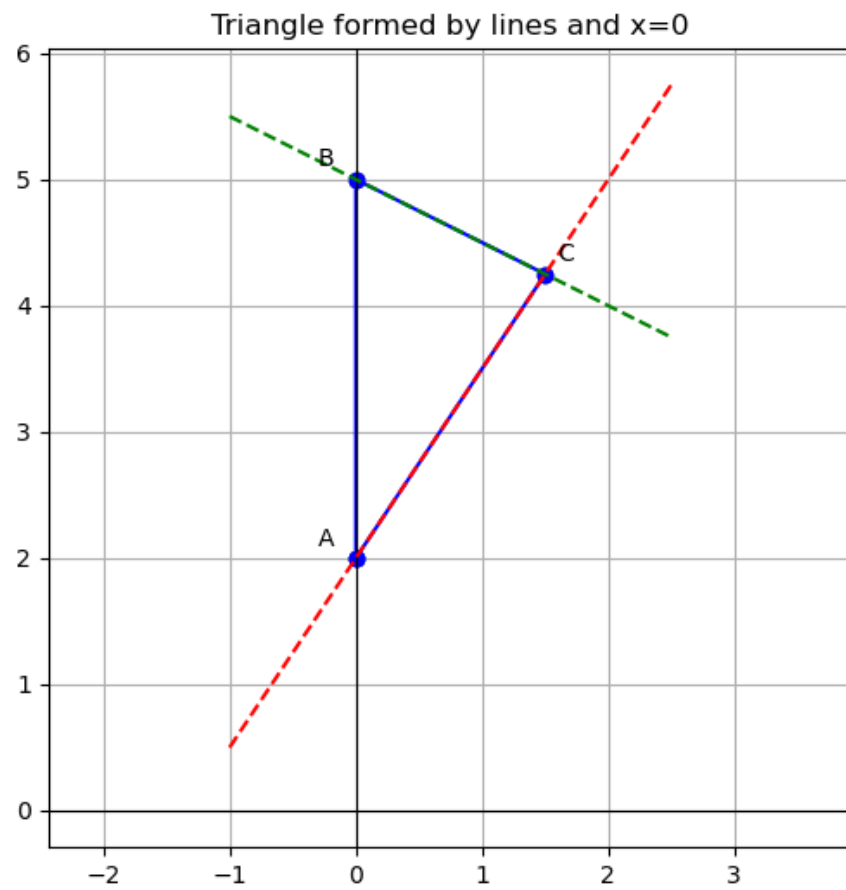


Figure 1: Triangle formed by the lines and  $x = 0$