$frame = single, \ breaklines = true, \ columns = full flexible$

5.3.9

ai25btech11015 – M Sai Rithik

Question

If

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = P + Q$$

is a decomposition into a symmetric matrix P and a skew-symmetric matrix Q, then find Q.

Solution

For any square matrix M,

$$P = \frac{M + M^{\top}}{2}, \qquad Q = \frac{M - M^{\top}}{2}.$$

Here,

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad M^{\top} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Thus,

$$Q = \frac{1}{2}(M - M^{\mathsf{T}}) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix}.$$
$$Q = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -5 \\ 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Answer

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$