Problem 4.13.28

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September 13, 2025

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Problem

Slope of a line passing through P(2,3) and intersecting the line x + y = 7 at a distance of 4 units from P, is

Finding values

Given

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.1}$$

Equation of a line through \mathbf{P} and having slope m is

$$\begin{pmatrix} -m & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x - 2 \\ y - 3 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \tag{2.2}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -m & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \implies \begin{pmatrix} -m & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -m & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -m & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 3 - 2m \tag{2.4}$$

$$x + y = 7 \implies \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} = 7$$
 (2.5)

Solving

$$\begin{pmatrix} -m & 1 & 3-2m \\ 1 & 1 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 7 \\ -m & 1 & 3-2m \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.6}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 7 \\ -m & 1 & 3 - 2m \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \to R_2 + mR_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 + m & 3 + 5m \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.7)

$$y = \frac{3+5m}{1+m} \tag{2.8}$$

Given the point is at a distance of 4 units from point **P**

$$\| \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \| = 4 \implies \| \begin{pmatrix} x - 2 \\ y - 3 \end{pmatrix} \| = 4$$
 (2.9)

$$\sqrt{(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2} = 4 (2.10)$$

$$\sqrt{(7-y-2)^2 + (y-3)^2} = 4 \tag{2.11}$$



Substitution

$$(5-y)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 4^2 = 16 (2.12)$$

$$25 + y^2 - 10y + y^2 + 9 - 6y = 16 (2.13)$$

$$2y^2 - 16y + 18 = 0 \implies y^2 - 8y + 9 = 0$$
 (2.14)

$$y^2 - 8y + 9 + 16 = 16 \implies (y - 4)^2 = 7$$
 (2.15)

$$y - 4 = \pm \sqrt{7} \tag{2.16}$$

$$y = 4 - \sqrt{7}$$
 (or) $4 + \sqrt{7}$ (2.17)

$$\frac{3+5m}{1+m} = \frac{3+5m+2-2}{1+m} = \frac{5+5m-2}{1+m} = \frac{5(m+1)-2}{1+m} = 5 - \frac{2}{1+m}$$
(2.18)



Conclusion

$$5 - \frac{2}{1+m} = 4 - \sqrt{7} \quad \text{(or)} \quad 5 - \frac{2}{1+m} = 4 + \sqrt{7}$$
 (2.19)
$$\frac{2}{1+m} = 1 + \sqrt{7} \quad \text{(or)} \quad \frac{2}{1+m} = 1 - \sqrt{7}$$
 (2.20)

$$\frac{2}{1+m} = 1 + \sqrt{7}$$
 (or) $\frac{2}{1+m} = 1 - \sqrt{7}$ (2.20)

$$1 + m = \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{7}}$$
 (or) $1 + m = \frac{2}{1 - \sqrt{7}}$ (2.21)

$$m = \frac{2 - 1 - \sqrt{7}}{1 + \sqrt{7}}$$
 (or) $m = \frac{2 - 1 + \sqrt{7}}{1 - \sqrt{7}}$ (2.22)

$$m = \frac{1 - \sqrt{7}}{1 + \sqrt{7}}$$
 (or) $m = \frac{1 + \sqrt{7}}{1 - \sqrt{7}}$ (2.23)

Plot

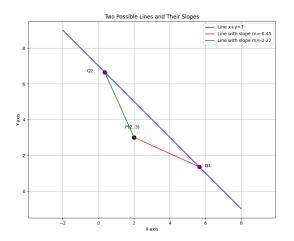


Figure:

C Code

```
#include <math.h>
void calculate_slope_data(double* out_data) {
   double px = 2.0, py = 3.0;
   double a = 1.0, b = -6.0, c = 2.0;
   double discriminant = sqrt(b*b - 4*a*c);
   double q1_x = (-b + discriminant) / (2 * a); // 3 + sqrt(7)
   double q2_x = (-b - discriminant) / (2 * a); // 3 - sqrt(7)
   double q1_y = 7 - q1_x;
   double q2 y = 7 - q2 x;
   double slope1 = (q1 y - py) / (q1 x - px);
   double slope2 = (q2 y - py) / (q2 x - px);
   out_data[0] = px; out_data[1] = py;
   out_data[2] = q1_x; out_data[3] = q1_y;
   out_data[4] = q2_x; out_data[5] = q2_y;
   out_data[6] = slope1; out_data[7] = slope2;
```

Python Code for Calling

```
import ctypes
import numpy as np
def get_data_from_c():
   lib = ctypes.CDLL('./code.so')
   double_array_8 = ctypes.c_double * 8
   lib.calculate_slope_data.argtypes = [ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.
       c double)]
   out_data_c = double_array_8()
   lib.calculate_slope_data(out_data_c)
   all data = np.array(out data c)
   # Unpack the data
   point_p = all_data[0:2]
   point q1 = all data[2:4]
   point q2 = all data[4:6]
   slopes = all data[6:8]
   return point_p, point_q1, point_q2, slopes
```

Python Code for Plotting

```
#Code by GVV Sharma
#September 12, 2023
#Revised July 21, 2024
#released under GNU GPL
import sys #for path to external scripts
sys.path.insert(0, '/workspaces/urban-potato/matgeo/codes/
    CoordGeo/')
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from call import get_data_from_c
# Get the points and slopes from the C library
P, Q1, Q2, slopes = get data from c()
slope1, slope2 = slopes
```

Python Code for Plotting

```
print(f"The two possible slopes are: {slope1:.4f} and {slope2:.4f}
 |x| line given = np.array([-2, 8])
 y line given = 7 - x line given
 # Create points for the two possible solution lines
 x line 1 = np.array([P[0], Q1[0]])
 y line 1 = np.array([P[1], Q1[1]])
 x line 2 = np.array([P[0], Q2[0]])
 y line 2 = np.array([P[1], Q2[1]])
 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 8))
 ax.plot(x_line_given, y_line_given, 'b-', label='Line x+y=7')
 ax.plot(x_line_1, y_line_1, 'r-', label=f'Line with slope m={
     slope1:.2f}')
 ax.plot(x_line_2, y_line_2, 'g-', label=f'Line with slope m={
     slope2:.2f}')
```

Python Code for Plotting

```
ax.scatter(P[0], P[1], color='black', s=80)
 ax.scatter(Q1[0], Q1[1], color='purple', s=80)
 ax.scatter(Q2[0], Q2[1], color='purple', s=80)
 ax.text(P[0] - 0.5, P[1] + 0.5, f'P({P[0]:.0f}, {P[1]:.0f})')
 ax.text(Q1[0] + 0.3, Q1[1], 'Q1')
 ax.text(Q2[0] - 1.0, Q2[1], 'Q2')
 ax.set_title('Two Possible Lines and Their Slopes')
 ax.set xlabel('X-axis')
 ax.set ylabel('Y-axis')
 ax.grid(True)
 ax.axis('equal')
 ax.legend()
 plt.show()
plt.savefig('../figs/fig1.png')
```