ee25btech11063-vejith

Question

Find the equation of conic if ends of the major axis are $(\pm 3,0)$ and ends of the minor axis are $(0,\pm 2)$

The equation of conic is represented as

$$\mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{V} = \|\mathbf{n}\|^2 \mathbf{I} - e^2 \mathbf{n} \mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}} \tag{2}$$

As the major axis is along the X-axis

$$\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{e}_1 \tag{3}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - e^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

as the centre of ellipse is c = 0

$$\implies \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0} \tag{5}$$

let

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

P satisfy (1)

$$\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{P} + 2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{P} + f = 0 \tag{7}$$

$$(0 2)\begin{pmatrix} 1 - e^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + f = 0 (8)$$

$$4 + f = 0 \tag{9}$$

$$\implies f = -4 \tag{10}$$

End of the ellipse $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ also satisfy (1)

$$(3 0) \begin{pmatrix} 1 - e^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + f = 0 (11)$$

$$\implies 9\left(1 - e^2\right) + f = 0 \tag{12}$$

from (10)

$$1 - e^2 = \frac{4}{9} \tag{13}$$

$$\implies e^2 = \frac{5}{9} \tag{14}$$

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$$\implies \mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{9} & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(13)
$$(14)$$

Equation of conic is

$$\mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{9} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{X} - 4 = 0 \tag{16}$$

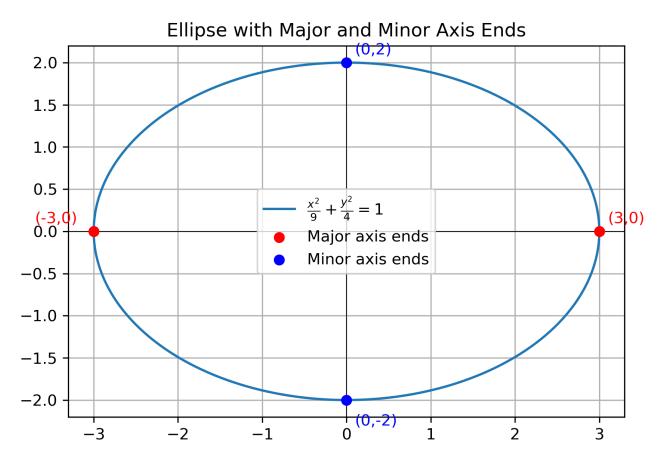


Fig. 0: Caption