Question:

If (a, b) is the mid-point of the line segment joining the point **A** (10, -6) and **B** (k, 4) and a - 2b = 18, find the value of a, b and the distance **AB**.

Solution:

Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$. By the (matrix) section formula, the point dividing \mathbf{AB} in the ratio k:1 is

$$R_{\text{int}} = \frac{1}{k+1} [\mathbf{A} \mathbf{B}] {1 \choose k}. \tag{1}$$

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With $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} k \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$ the midpoint (k = 1) is

$$\mathbf{O} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{B} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 10 & k \\ -6 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{10+k}{2} \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{2}$$

Thus,

$$a = \frac{10+k}{2}, \quad b = -1 \tag{3}$$

Using the given condition a - 2b = 18:

$$\frac{10+k}{2} - 2(-1) = 18\tag{4}$$

$$k = 22 \tag{5}$$

So,

$$a = \boxed{16}, \quad b = \boxed{-1}$$

Distance Between AB:

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \sqrt{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})}.$$
 (7)

Given,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{8}$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}) = \begin{pmatrix} -12 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{9}$$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \sqrt{(-12)^2 + (-10)^2}$$
(10)



