Question 2.6.37:

The vector from origin to the points A and B are

$$\mathbf{a} = 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$$
 and $\mathbf{b} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, (1)

respectively, then the area of $\triangle OAB$ is ______.

Solution:

Given

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}. \tag{2}$$

$$Area(\triangle OAB) = \frac{1}{2} \| \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} \|$$
 (3)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\| -9 \,\hat{\imath} + 2 \,\hat{\jmath} + 12 \,\hat{k} \right\| = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(-9)^2 + 2^2 + 12^2} = \frac{\sqrt{229}}{2} \tag{4}$$

1

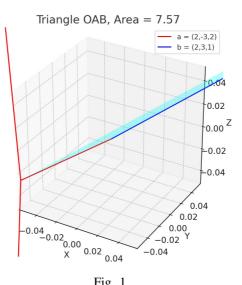


Fig. 1