## 1.8.9

## Al25BTECH11033 - Spoorthi N

September 9, 2025

## Question:

The distance of the point P(-6,8) from the origin is solution:

Let the point be represented as a column matrix or (vector).

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

Consider

$$\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} -6\\8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

Transpose the vector

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O})^T = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

multiply the transpose with the original vector.

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O}) = (-6)^2 + 8^2$$
 (0.4)  
= 36 + 64 (0.5)  
= 100 (0.6)

$$d = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O}\| = \sqrt{100} = 10 \tag{0.7}$$

The distance of the point P(-6,8) from the origin is 10 units

## **Graphical Represetation**

