Matgeo-2.7.11

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Question

Q 2.7.11. Find the area of the triangle with vertices $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$,

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Solution

Given: The vertices of the triangle are

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The area of a triangle with vertices A, B, C is given by

$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \left| \det \left(\left(B - A \quad C - A \right) \right) \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left\| \left(B - A \right) \times \left(C - A \right) \right\|,$$

where the cross product in 2D is interpreted as the determinant of a 2×2 matrix.

$$B-A=\begin{pmatrix}-4\\6\end{pmatrix}-\begin{pmatrix}1\\-1\end{pmatrix}=\begin{pmatrix}-5\\7\end{pmatrix},\quad C-A=\begin{pmatrix}-3\\-5\end{pmatrix}-\begin{pmatrix}1\\-1\end{pmatrix}=\begin{pmatrix}-4\\-4\end{pmatrix}.$$

Now,

$$\det\begin{pmatrix} -5 & -4 \\ 7 & -4 \end{pmatrix} = (-5)(-4) - (7)(-4) = 20 + 28 = 48.$$

Solution

Hence,

$$\Delta=\frac{1}{2}\left|48\right|=24.$$

Final Answer:

24

Plot

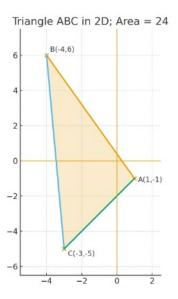


Figure: Triangle ABC with A(1,-1), B(-4,6), C(-3,-5); area = 24.