2.2.14

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Question:

The angle between the line

$$\mathbf{r} = \left(5\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 4\hat{k}\right) + \lambda \left(2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}\right) \tag{0.1}$$

and the plane

$$\mathbf{r.} \left(3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - \hat{k} \right) + 5 = 0 \tag{0.2}$$

is

Solution: The given line can be expressed in the form as

$$\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

the normal vector of the given plane is

Hence the vector direction of this line is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{b}}{\|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\|}$$

Thus the cosine of the angle between the two is

$$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{13}}$$

 \therefore The angle between the line and plane is $\sin^{-1} \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{13}}$

(0.4)

(0.5)

(0.6)

(0.7)

