## EE25BTECH11054 - Soma Harsha Vardhan Reddy

## **Question:**

Find the unit vector in the direction of the sum of the vectors,  $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{b} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$ 

## **Solution:**

Given the vectors **a** and **b** 

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

The formula for finding unit vector along a given vector we use

$$\mathbf{p} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\|\mathbf{P}\|} \tag{0.4}$$

$$\|\mathbf{P}\|^2 = PP^{\mathsf{T}} = \begin{pmatrix} 4\\3\\-2 \end{pmatrix} (4 \quad 3 \quad -2) = 29$$
 (0.5)

$$\mathbf{p} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{29}} \begin{pmatrix} 4\\3\\-2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{\sqrt{29}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{29}} \\ \frac{-2}{\sqrt{29}} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.7}$$

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