5.2.55

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Question

Solve the following system of linear equations.

$$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{y} = 13$$
 $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{4}{y} = -2$

Let

$$u = \frac{1}{x}, \quad v = \frac{1}{y}.\tag{1}$$

The given system becomes

$$2u + 3v = 13 \tag{2}$$

$$5u + 4v = -2 \tag{3}$$

In matrix form:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{4}$$

Let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{5}$$

We solve using the inverse:

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = A^{-1}\vec{b}. \tag{6}$$

We start with the augmented matrix [A|I].

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \to \frac{1}{2}R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (7)

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \to R_2 - 5R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{7}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} & 1 \end{array} \right] \tag{8}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \to -\frac{2}{7}R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{7} & -\frac{2}{7} \end{array} \right] \tag{9}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \to R_1 - \frac{3}{2}R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & -\frac{4}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{7} & -\frac{2}{7} \end{array} \right]$$
 (10)

The inverse matrix is:

$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{4}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ \frac{5}{7} & -\frac{2}{7} \end{pmatrix} = -\frac{1}{7} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (11)

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = A^{-1}\vec{b} = -\frac{1}{7} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{12}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{7} \begin{pmatrix} 52+6\\ -65-4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{13}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{7} \begin{pmatrix} 58 \\ -69 \end{pmatrix} \tag{14}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{58}{7} \\ \frac{69}{7} \end{pmatrix} \tag{15}$$

Back substituting:

$$u = \frac{1}{x} = -\frac{58}{7} \implies x = -\frac{7}{58},$$

$$v = \frac{1}{y} = \frac{69}{7} \implies y = \frac{7}{69}.$$
(16)

$$v = \frac{1}{y} = \frac{69}{7} \implies y = \frac{7}{69}.$$
 (17)

Thus, the solution is

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{7}{58} \\ \frac{7}{69} \end{pmatrix}. \tag{18}$$

Plot

