1.5.16

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Question

Question: Find the point A if AB is a diameter of the circle with center C = (3, -1) and point B = (2, 6).

given data

Point	Vector
В	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$
С	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

Section Formula

If a point P divides the line joining A and B internally in the ratio m:n, then

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{k\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A}}{k+1} = (\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B}) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{k+1} \\ \frac{k}{k+1} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (1)

Here, C is the midpoint of AB, i.e. ratio 1:1.

$$\mathbf{C} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}. \tag{2}$$

Express A in terms of B and C:

$$C = \frac{A + B}{2} \Rightarrow 2C = A + B \Rightarrow A = 2C - B.$$
 (3)

Using matrix notation,

$$\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B} = \left(\mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{C}\right) \begin{pmatrix} -1\\2 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{4}$$

substitute values :

Given

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix},$$

we have,

$$\mathbf{A} = 2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} . \tag{6}$$

Figure

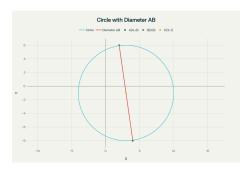


Figure:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 # Center C = (3, -1)
 \# B = (2, 6)
= # Let A = (x, y). Midpoint formula: center = (A + B) / 2 =>
 | # 3 = (x + 2) / 2, -1 = (y + 6) / 2
 # Solve for (x, y):
| # x = 2*3 - 2 = 4 |
 | # y = 2*(-1) - 6 = -8 
 A = np.array([4, -8])
B = np.array([2, 6])
 C = np.array([3, -1])
```

```
# For the circle, radius = distance(center, B)
import numpy as np
def dist(P, Q):
    return np.sqrt((P[0] - Q[0])**2 + (P[1] - Q[1])**2)
radius = dist(C, B)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(7,7))
# Plot the circle
circle = plt.Circle(C, radius, color='blue', fill=False,
    linestyle='dotted', label='Circle')
ax.add patch(circle)
# Plot A, B, C
ax.scatter(*A, color='red', label='A (unknown, solved)')
ax.scatter(*B, color='green', label='B (2, 6)')
| ax.scatter(*C, color='orange', label='Center (3, -1)')
```

```
# Plot line AC
ax.plot([A[0], C[0]], [A[1], C[1]], [A[2], C[2]], color='purple',
    label='Line AC')

# Annotate points
ax.text(*A, ' A', color='red', fontsize=10)
ax.text(*B, ' B', color='green', fontsize=10)
ax.text(*C, ' C', color='blue', fontsize=10)
```

```
# Draw diameter AB
 ax.plot([A[0], B[0]], [A[1], B[1]], color='purple', linewidth=2,
     linestyle='--', label='Diameter AB')
 # Annotate
 ax.annotate('A'+str(A), (A[0], A[1]), xytext=(10, -10),
     textcoords='offset points')
 ax.annotate('B'+str(B), (B[0], B[1]), xytext=(-40, 10),
     textcoords='offset points')
 ax.annotate('C'+str(C), (C[0], C[1]), xytext=(5, -10), textcoords
     ='offset points')
 ax.set xlim(C[0] - radius - 2, C[0] + radius + 2)
 ax.set ylim(C[1] - radius - 2, C[1] + radius + 2)
 ax.set aspect('equal')
 ax.grid(True)
plt.legend()
 plt.title('Circle with Diameter AB')
| plt.xlabel('x')
```

C Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   // Given values
    int xB = 2, yB = 6;
    int xC = 3, yC = -1; // Center of the circle
   // Calculate coordinates of A using midpoint formula
    int xA = 2 * xC - xB;
    int yA = 2 * yC - yB;
   // Print result
   printf("Coordinates of point A are: (%d, %d)\n", xA, yA);
   // Verify midpoint
   float midX = (xA + xB) / 2.0;
   float midY = (yA + yB) / 2.0;
    printf("Midpoint of A and B is: (%.1f, %.1f)\n", midX, midY)?
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```

Python and C Code

```
import subprocess
# Compile the C program
subprocess.run(["gcc", "midpoint.c", "-o", "midpoint"])
# Run the compiled C program
result = subprocess.run(["./midpoint"], capture_output=True, text
    =True)
# Print the output from the C program
print(result.stdout)
```

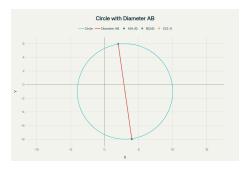


Figure: