1.5.34

EE25BTECH11047 - RAVULA SHASHANK REDDY

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Question:

The point *P* which divides the line segment joining the points A(2, -5) and B(5, 2) in the ratio 2 : 3 lies in which quadrant?

Solution:

Given:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 5\\2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

The point P dividing the segment AB in the ratio 2:3 internally, has the position vector:

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A}}{1 + \frac{2}{3}} \tag{3}$$

Thus by the formula

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}}{1 + \frac{2}{3}} \tag{4}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{2\binom{5}{2} + 3\binom{2}{-5}}{5} \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{\binom{10}{4} + \binom{6}{-15}}{5} \tag{6}$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{P} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 16 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix}}{5}.\tag{7}$$

Therefore the co-ordinates of P are

$$\left(\frac{16}{5}, -\frac{11}{5}\right).$$

Since x > 0 and y < 0, P lies in the **IV** (fourth) quadrant.



