3.2.30

AI25BTECH11014 - Gooty Suhas

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Question

Construct a triangle $\triangle ABC$ given:

$$\angle B = 105^{\circ}$$
, $\angle C = 90^{\circ}$, $AB + BC + CA = 10$ cm

Matrix Formulation

Let the side lengths be:

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & \cos C & \cos B \\ 0 & \sin C & -\sin B \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Numerical Substitution

Substitute:

$$\cos C = 0$$
, $\sin C = 1$
 $\cos B \approx -0.2588$, $\sin B \approx 0.9659$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & -0.2588 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.9659 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Matrix Solution

Solving the system:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.52 \\ 5.66 \\ 5.86 \end{bmatrix}$$

Conclusion

Since side $a \approx -1.52$ is negative, the triangle is not physically constructible.

Construction is not possible.

Python Code (Part 1)

```
import numpy as np
A = np.array([
  [1, 1, 1],
  [-1, 0, -0.2588],
  [0, 1, -0.9659]
], dtype=np.float32)
b = np.array([10, 0, 0], dtype=np.float32)
x = np.linalg.solve(A, b)
print("Solution[a_{\sqcup}b_{\sqcup}c]:", x)
```

C Code for .so File

```
#include <stdio.h>
void solve_triangle(float* A,
                     float* b.
                     float* x) {
  float invA[9] = \{
    -0.152, 0.332, 0.820,
     0.566, 0.566, -0.132,
     0.586, 0.102, -0.688
  };
```

C Code Continued

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    x[i] = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
        x[i] += invA[3*i+j] * b[j];
    }
}
```

Python Code Using .so File

```
import ctypes
import numpy as np

lib = ctypes.CDLL('./libtriangle.so')
lib.solve_triangle.argtypes = [
   ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_float),
   ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_float),
   ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c_float)
]
```

Python Code Continued

```
A = np.array([
  [1, 1, 1],
  [-1, 0, -0.2588]
  [0, 1, -0.9659]
], dtype=np.float32)
b = np.array([10, 0, 0], dtype=np.float32)
x = np.zeros(3, dtype=np.float32)
lib.solve triangle(
  A.ctypes.data as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c float)),
  b.ctypes.data as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c float)),
  x.ctypes.data as(ctypes.POINTER(ctypes.c float))
print("Solution<sub>□</sub>[a<sub>□</sub>b<sub>□</sub>c]:", x)
```