Radar Parameters:

• Bit Duration 
$$(T_{-bit}) = 0.6 \mu s = 37.5 \text{ ns}$$

• 
$$1 = \frac{c}{6c} = 3.90 \text{ mon}$$

1 Raye resolution Analysis:

$$\Delta R = \frac{c}{2 \cdot B v} = \frac{c \cdot T - b \cdot t}{2} = \frac{(3 \times 10^8)(37.5 \times 10^8)}{2} = \frac{5.625 \, m}{2}$$

Two targets are at 100m and 50m, so their range separation is 50m, which is significantly larger than rouse resolution of 5.625m.

i. The targets are clearly nesolved in nange.

2) Doppler Resolution Analysis:

Dopples Res: DN = 1 ; 
$$\lambda = \frac{C}{6} = 3-9 \, \text{mm} \, (\text{calculated above})$$

The two targets have velocities - somps and 25mps, which giving a velocity difference of 7.5 mps, which is larger than the Doppler nesolution of 2:539 mp.

3) Target nesolved on Doppler velocity.

(3) Joint Deppler-Range Resolution.

Since the targets are resolved both in harge
top (separated by 50 m with a resolution of

5.625 m) and in Deppler (separated by 7.5 m/s

with a resolution of 2.539 m/s); hence, they

appear as distinct peaks in harge-Doppler map.

Torgets are resolved in both name & deppler velocity.

9 Unambigous Range and Velocity Analysis:-

• Remax  $| = C \cdot PRI = 3 \times 10^8 \times 6 \times 10^6 = 900 \text{ m}$ 

· Imax 1 = = = 3-9×163 = 162.5 m/s/.

where = 4. PRI 4×6×10-6 = 162.5 m/s/.

Target 1: Range = 100 m; Nelocity = 5 m/s Target 2: Range = 50 m; Nelocity = 2.5 m/s

Both tolgets have harses (100m and 50m) well withing the max warmyly range of 900m.

Similarly; both torgets have relocities well within me mex. whanking, relocity of 162.5 mps.

o's Both targets are within the unambigous aimers for both nouse and dopples velocity.

A) -