

Batch: C1-1 Roll No.: 16010123012

Experiment / assignment / tutorial No. 3

Grade: AA / AB / BB / BC / CC / CD / DD

Signature of the Staff In-charge with date

TITLE: Write a program in C to demonstrate use of looping control structures

AIM: Write a menu driven program for following option

- To find whether a number is palindrome or not. (e.g. 1221 is palindrome) using while loop
- To calculate the sum of the Fibonacci series up to 'n' terms(use do-while loop only)
- Write a program in C to make such a pattern like a right angle triangle with a number which will repeat a number in a row. (Pattern is given below)

Expected OUTCOME of Experiment:

Apply basic concepts of C programming for problem solving.(CO1 and CO2).

Books/ Journals/ Websites referred:

- Programming in C, second edition, Pradeep Dey and Manas Ghosh, Oxford University Press.
- Programming in ANSI C, fifth edition, E Balagurusamy, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Introduction to programming and problem solving , G. Michael Schneider ,Wiley India edition.

Problem Definition:

The program accepts a choice from the user using a switch case statement and generates output accordingly.

Choice a: The program checks whether a given number by user is palindrome or not. If a number remains same, even if we reverse its digits then the number is known as palindrome number. For example, 12321 is a palindrome number because it remains same if we reverse its digits.

Choice b: Sum of Fibonacci series up to n terms will be generated. Fibonacci series is a series in which each number is the sum of the last two preceding numbers. The first two terms of a Fibonacci series are 0 and 1.(use while loop only)

Example:

Input: n = 5

Output: 7

Explanation: $0 + 1 + 1 + 2 + 3 = 7$

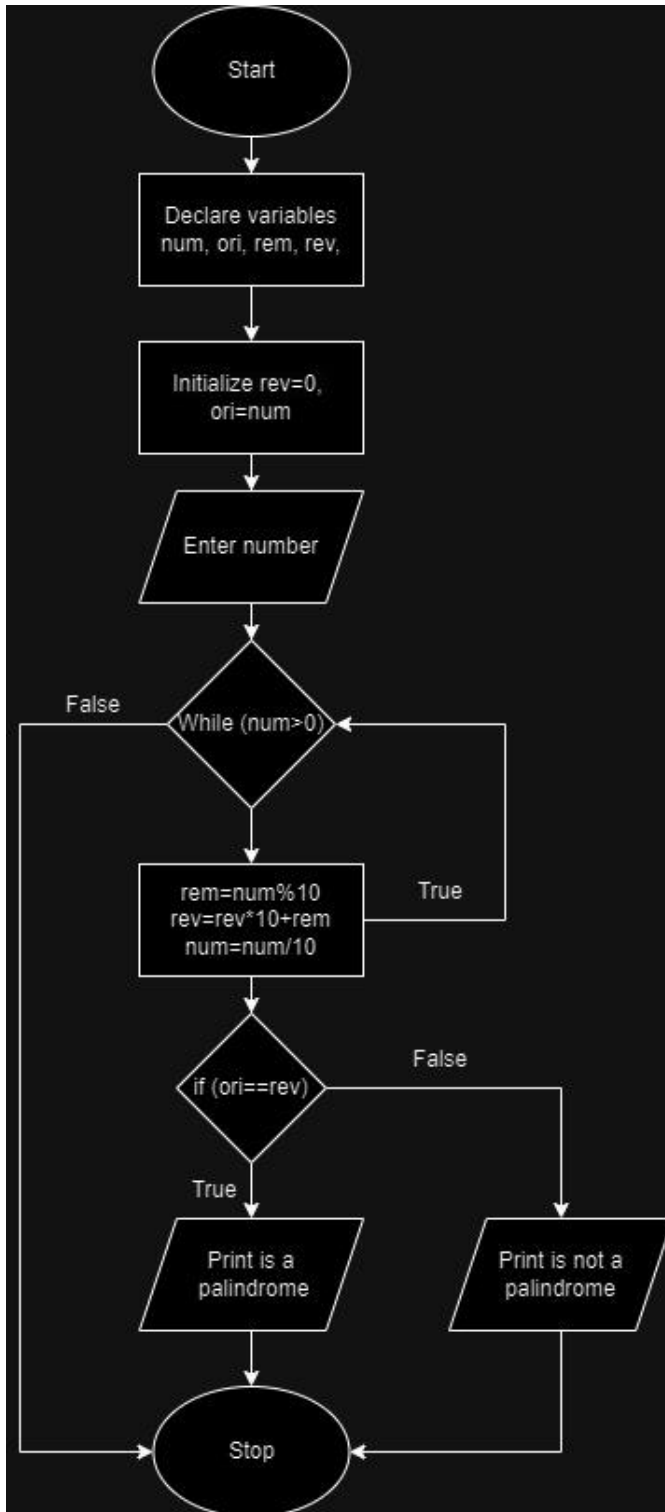
Choice c: Write a program in C to make such a pattern like right angle triangle with a number which will repeat a number in a row.

The pattern like :

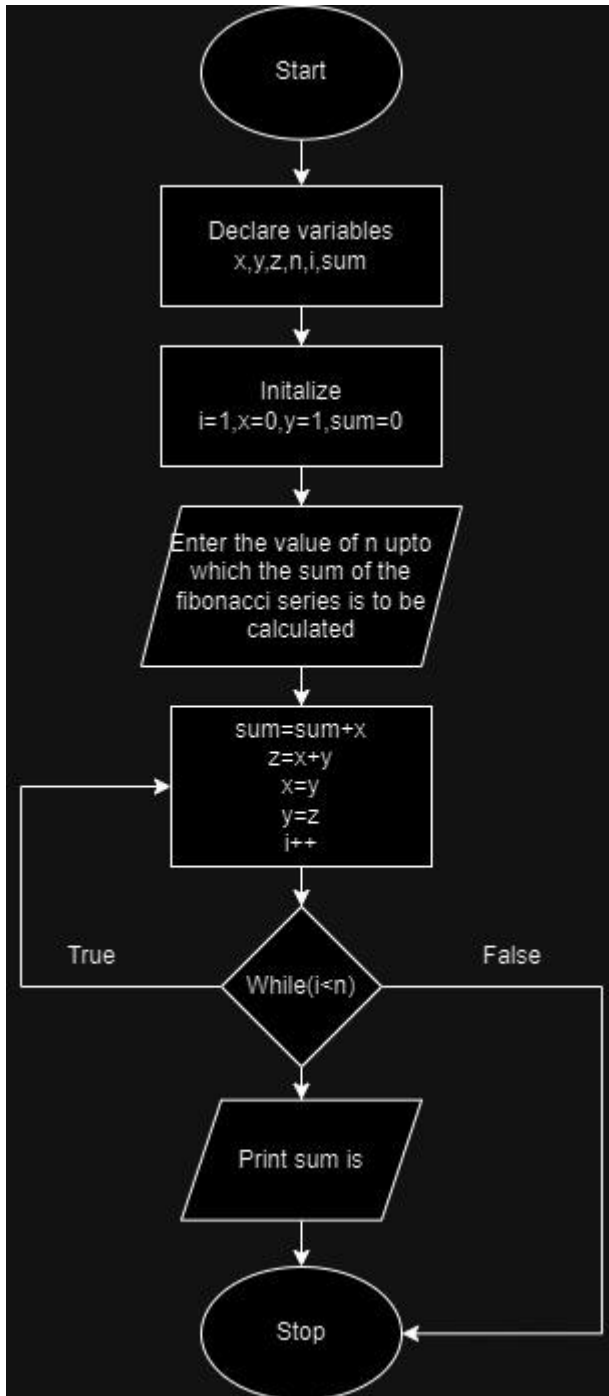
```
1
22
333
4444
```

Algorithm:

Q1



Q2



Implementation details:

Q1

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
printf("16010123012\n");

int num,ori,rem,rev=0;
printf("Enter number: ");
scanf("%d",&num);
ori=num;

while(num>0)
{
    rem=num%10;
    rev=rev*10+rem;
    num=num/10;
}
if(ori==rev)
{
    printf("%d is a palindome",ori);
}
else
{
    printf("%d is not a palindrome",ori);
}
return 0;
}
```

Q2

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
printf("16010123012\n");

int x=0,y=1,sum=0;
int n,z;
printf("Enter the value of n upto which the sum of the fibonacci series is to be
calculated: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int i=0;
do
{
    printf("%d",x);
```

```
sum=sum+x;
z=x+y;
x=y;
y=z;
i++;
}
while(i<n);
{
printf("\nSum is : %d",sum);
}
return 0;
}
```

Q3

5)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
printf("16010123012\n");
int r;
printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
scanf("%d", &r);
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= r; i++)
{
for (int space = 1; space <= r - i; space++)
{
printf(" ");
}
for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++)
{
printf("*");
}
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

6)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
    printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
    printf("16010123012\n");
    int r;
    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);

    for (int i = r; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j <= i ; j++)
        {
            printf("*");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

12)
#include <stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
    printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
    printf("16010123012\n");
    int r;
    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);

    for(int i=1; i<=r*3; i++)
    {
        if(i%3==0)
        {
            printf("%d\n", i);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("%d\t",i);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
13)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
    printf("16010123012\n");
    int r;
    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);

    for (int i = 1; i <= r; i++)
    {
        for (int space = 1; space <= r - i; space++)
        {
            printf(" ");
        }
        for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++)
        {
            printf("%d", i);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
14)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");
    printf("16010123012\n");
    int r;
    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);
    for (int i=0;i<r;i++){
        for (int j=1;j<=r*2-1;j++){
            if ((j==r-i) || (j==r+i) ){
                printf("*");
            }else{
                if (i==r-1){
```



```
        if(j%2!=0){
            printf("*");
        }else{
            printf(" ");
        }
    }else{
        printf(" ");
    }
}
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

Output(s):

Q1

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter number: 1221
1221 is a palindome
Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 5.101 s

Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter number: 123
123 is not a palindrome
Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 6.164 s

Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter number: 12321
12321 is a palindome
Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.740 s
```

Q2



```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the value of n upto which the sum of the fibonacci series is to be calculated: 1
0,
Sum is : 0
Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.306 s
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the value of n upto which the sum of the fibonacci series is to be calculated: 5
0,1,1,2,3,
Sum is : 7
Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.356 s
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the value of n upto which the sum of the fibonacci series is to be calculated: 7
0,1,1,2,3,5,8,
Sum is : 20
```

Q3.5)

[illegible]

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 5
  *
 **
***
****
*****

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.726 s
```

6)

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 5
*****
*****
****
***
**
*

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.021 s
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 10
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
****
***
**
*

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 2.189 s
```

12)

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 3
1      2      3
4      5      6
7      8      9

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.086 s
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 6
1      2      3
4      5      6
7      8      9
10     11     12
13     14     15
16     17     18

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 0.947 s
```

13)

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 5
1
22
333
4444
55555

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.351 s
```

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 9
  1
 22
333
4444
55555
666666
7777777
88888888
999999999

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.079 s
```

14)

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter the number of rows: 5
  *
 * *
*   *
*   *
* * * * *

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 1.640 s
```



```
        positive++;
    } else if (num < 0) {
        negative++;
    } else {
        zero++;
    }

    printf("Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): ");
    scanf(" %c", &more);

} while (more == 'y' || more == 'Y');

printf("\nCount of Positive Numbers: %d\n", positive);
printf("Count of Negative Numbers: %d\n", negative);
printf("Count of Zeroes: %d\n", zero);

return 0;
}
```

```
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012
Enter a number: 4
Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): y
Enter a number: -4
Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): y
Enter a number: 0
Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): y
Enter a number: 2
Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): y
Enter a number: -24
Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): y
Enter a number: 0
Do you want to enter more numbers? (y/n): n

Count of Positive Numbers: 2
Count of Negative Numbers: 2
Count of Zeroes: 2

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 18.963 s
```

- Write a program to print all the ASCII values and their equivalent characters using a while loop. The ASCII values vary from 0 to 255.
#include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {  
    int aV = 0;  
  
    printf("ASCII Values and Equivalent Characters:\n");  
  
    while (aV <= 255) {  
        printf("ASCII Value: %d, Character: %c\n", aV, aV);  
        aV++;  
    }  
    printf("Aaryan Sharma\n");  
    printf("16010123012\n");  
    return 0;  
}
```



```
ASCII Value: 232, Character:  $\Phi$ 
ASCII Value: 233, Character:  $\Theta$ 
ASCII Value: 234, Character:  $\Omega$ 
ASCII Value: 235, Character:  $\delta$ 
ASCII Value: 236, Character:  $\infty$ 
ASCII Value: 237, Character:  $\phi$ 
ASCII Value: 238, Character:  $\varepsilon$ 
ASCII Value: 239, Character:  $\eta$ 
ASCII Value: 240, Character:  $\equiv$ 
ASCII Value: 241, Character:  $\pm$ 
ASCII Value: 242, Character:  $\geq$ 
ASCII Value: 243, Character:  $\leq$ 
ASCII Value: 244, Character:  $\int$ 
ASCII Value: 245, Character:  $\int$ 
ASCII Value: 246, Character:  $\div$ 
ASCII Value: 247, Character:  $\approx$ 
ASCII Value: 248, Character:  $^{\circ}$ 
ASCII Value: 249, Character:  $\bullet$ 
ASCII Value: 250, Character:  $\cdot$ 
ASCII Value: 251, Character:  $\sqrt{\phantom{x}}$ 
ASCII Value: 252, Character:  $^n$ 
ASCII Value: 253, Character:  $^2$ 
ASCII Value: 254, Character:  $\blacksquare$ 
ASCII Value: 255, Character:
Aaryan Sharma
16010123012

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 0.524 s
```

Date: 26/01/24

Signature of faculty in-charge

Department of Science and Humanities

