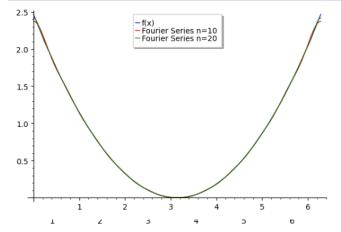


## FOURIER SERIES:

Q.1 Find all the Fourier Coefficients and Fourier Series for the following functions. Also plot the graph of the function and the Fourier series:

```
In [11]: var('x n')
L = pi
f(x) = ((pi - x)/2)^2
a0 = (1/L) * integrate(f(x), x, 0, 2*pi)
an = (1/L) * integrate(f(x) * cos(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
bn = (1/L) * integrate(f(x) * sin(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
s1=a0/2 + sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 10)
s2=a0/2 + sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 20)
p1 = plot(f(x), (x, 0, 2*L), color="blue", legend_label="f(x)")
p2 = plot(s1, (x, 0, 2*L), color="blue", legend_label="Fourier Series n=10")
p3 = plot(s2, (x, 0, 2*L), color="green", legend_label="Fourier Series n=20")
(p1 + p2 + p3).show()
show(a0)
show(an)
show(bn)
print("Fourier series for n=10 is \n")
show(s1)
print("Fourier series for n=20 is \n")
show(s2)
```



$$\frac{1}{6}\pi^2$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2}$$

Fourier series for n=10 is

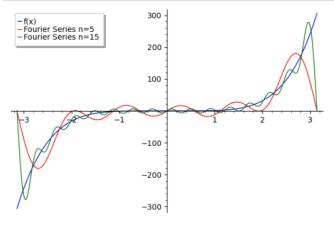
$$\frac{1}{12}\pi^2 + \frac{1}{100}\cos(10x) + \frac{1}{81}\cos(9x) + \frac{1}{64}\cos(8x) + \frac{1}{49}\cos(7x) + \frac{1}{36}\cos(6x) + \frac{1}{25}\cos(5x) + \frac{1}{16}\cos(4x) + \frac{1}{9}\cos(3x) + \frac{1}{4}\cos(2x) + \cos(x)$$

Fourier series for n=20 is

$$\frac{1}{12}\pi^{2} + \frac{1}{400}\cos(20x) + \frac{1}{361}\cos(19x) + \frac{1}{324}\cos(18x) + \frac{1}{289}\cos(17x) + \frac{1}{256}\cos(16x) + \frac{1}{225}\cos(15x) + \frac{1}{196}\cos(14x) + \frac{1}{169}\cos(13x)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{144}\cos(12x) + \frac{1}{121}\cos(11x) + \frac{1}{100}\cos(10x) + \frac{1}{81}\cos(9x) + \frac{1}{64}\cos(8x) + \frac{1}{49}\cos(7x) + \frac{1}{36}\cos(6x) + \frac{1}{25}\cos(5x) + \frac{1}{16}\cos(4x) + \frac{1}{9}\cos(3x) + \frac{1}{4}\cos(2x) + \cos(x)$$

```
In [12]: var('x n')
L = pi
f(x) = x^5
a0 = (1/L) * integrate(f(x) * cos(n'pi*x/L), x, -L, L)
an = (1/L) * integrate(f(x) * cos(n'pi*x/L), x, -L, L)
bn = (1/L) * integrate(f(x) * sin(n'pi*x/L), x, -L, L)
s1 = a0/2+sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 15)
s2 = a0/2+sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 15)
p1 = plot(f(x), (x, -L, L), color="blue", legend_label="f(x)")
p2 = plot(s1, (x, -L, L), color="red", legend_label="Fourier Series n=5")
p3 = plot(s2, (x, -L, L), color="green", legend_label="Fourier Series n=15")
(p1 + p2 + p3).show()
show(a0)
show(an)
show(bn)
print("Fourier series for n=5 is \n")
show(s1)
print("Fourier series for n=15 is \n")
show(s2)
```



0

0

$$-\frac{2\left(120\,\pi+\pi^5n^4-20\,\pi^3n^2\right)(-1)^n}{\pi n^5}$$

Fourier series for n=5 is

$$\frac{2}{625} \left(125 \pi^4 - 100 \pi^2 + 24\right) \sin(5 x) - \frac{1}{64} \left(32 \pi^4 - 40 \pi^2 + 15\right) \sin(4 x) + \frac{2}{81} \left(27 \pi^4 - 60 \pi^2 + 40\right) \sin(3 x) - \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \pi^4 - 10 \pi^2 + 15\right) \sin(2 x) + 2 \left(\pi^4 - 20 \pi^2 + 120\right) \sin(x)$$

Fourier series for n=15 is

$$\frac{2}{50625} \left(3375 \,\pi^4 - 300 \,\pi^2 + 8\right) \sin(15 \,x) - \frac{1}{33614} \left(4802 \,\pi^4 - 490 \,\pi^2 + 15\right) \sin(14 \,x) + \frac{2}{371293} \left(28561 \,\pi^4 - 3380 \,\pi^2 + 120\right) \sin(13 \,x) - \frac{1}{5184} \left(864 \,\pi^4 - 120 \,\pi^2 + 5\right) \sin(12 \,x) + \frac{2}{161051} \left(14641 \,\pi^4 - 2420 \,\pi^2 + 120\right) \sin(11 \,x) - \frac{1}{1250} \left(250 \,\pi^4 - 50 \,\pi^2 + 3\right) \sin(10 \,x) + \frac{2}{19683} \left(2187 \,\pi^4 - 540 \,\pi^2 + 40\right) \sin(9 \,x) - \frac{1}{2048} \left(512 \,\pi^4 - 160 \,\pi^2 + 15\right) \sin(8 \,x) + \frac{2}{16807} \left(2401 \,\pi^4 - 980 \,\pi^2 + 120\right) \sin(7 \,x) - \frac{1}{162} \left(54 \,\pi^4 - 30 \,\pi^2 + 5\right) \sin(6 \,x) + \frac{2}{625} \left(125 \,\pi^4 - 100 \,\pi^2 + 24\right) \sin(5 \,x) - \frac{1}{64} \left(32 \,\pi^4 - 40 \,\pi^2 + 15\right) \sin(4 \,x) + \frac{2}{81} \left(27 \,\pi^4 - 60 \,\pi^2 + 40\right) \sin(3 \,x) - \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \,\pi^4 - 10 \,\pi^2 + 15\right) \sin(2 \,x) + 2 \left(\pi^4 - 20 \,\pi^2 + 120\right) \sin(x)$$

Q.2 Find the Half range cosine series for  $f(x) = x \cdot 0 < x < 2$  for n = 20. Also plot the graph of the function and the cosine series.

```
In [13]: var('x') var('n')
                  var('n')
assume(n,'integer')
L = 2
f(x) = x
a0 = (2/L) * integrate(f(x), x, 0, 2)
an = (2/L) * integrate(f(x) * cos(n * pi * x / L), x, 0, 2)
S=a0/2 + sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L),n,1,20)
**hom/fa0/*
                   show(a0)
show(an)
                  show(S)
plot(f(x),0,L,legend_label="x") + plot(S,0,L,color = "red",legend_label="Fourier series n=20")
                   \frac{4\,(-1)^n}{\pi^2n^2}-\frac{4}{\pi^2n^2}
                      8 \left(586396035225 \cos \left(\frac{19}{2} \pi x\right) + 732487781025 \cos \left(\frac{17}{2} \pi x\right) + 940839860961 \cos \left(\frac{15}{2} \pi x\right) + 1252597448025 \cos \left(\frac{13}{2} \pi x\right) + 1749495609225 \right) \right)
                         \left(\frac{11}{2}\pi x\right) + 2613444058225\cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\pi x\right) + 4320183035025\cos\left(\frac{7}{2}\pi x\right) + 8467558748649\cos\left(\frac{5}{2}\pi x\right) + 23520996524025\cos\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi x\right)
                         +211688968716225 \cos(\frac{1}{2}\pi x)
                                                                                                                      211688968716225 \pi^2
                                                                                                                                   +1
Out[13]:
                            Fourier series n=20
                    1.5
                   1.0
                    0.5
                                                                                                                     1.5
                                                                                                                                                   2.0
                                                       0.5
                                                                                      1.0
```

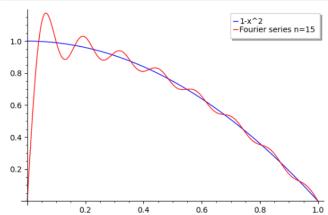
Q.3 Find the Half range sine series for  $f(x) = 1-x^2$  in (0,1) for n=15. Also plot the graph of the function and the sine series.

```
In [14]:
    var('x')
    var('n')
    assume(n,'integer')
    L = 1
    f(x) = 1-x^2
    bn=(2/L)*integrate(f(x)*sin(n*pi*x/L),x,0,L)
    s = sum(bn*sin(n*pi*x/L),n,1,15)
    show(bn)
    show(s)
    plot(f(x),0,L,legend_label="1-x^2") + plot(s,0,L,color = "red",legend_label="Fourier series n=15")
```

```
\frac{2\left(\pi^2 n^2 + 2\right)}{\pi^3 n^3} - \frac{4\left(-1\right)^n}{\pi^3 n^3}
```

 $52227799123500 \pi^{2} \sin(14\pi x) + 60932432310750 \pi^{2} \sin(12\pi x) + 73118918772900 \pi^{2} \sin(10\pi x) + 91398648466125 \pi^{2} \sin(8\pi x)$   $+ 121864864621500 \pi^{2} \sin(6\pi x) + 182797296932250 \pi^{2} \sin(4\pi x) + 365594593864500 \pi^{2} \sin(2\pi x) + 216648648216 (225 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(15\pi x)$   $+ 332812557000 (169 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(13\pi x) + 549353259000 (121 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(11\pi x) + 1003003001000 (81 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(9\pi x) + 2131746903000$   $(49 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(7\pi x) + 5849513501832 (25 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(5\pi x) + 27081081027000 (9 \pi^{2} + 4) \sin(3\pi x) + 731189187729000 (\pi^{2} + 4) \sin(\pi x)$   $- 365594593864500 \pi^{3}$ 

Out[14]:



## Q.4 Find the Fourier series (n=15) , a10 and b15 for f(x)=x( $\pi$ -x) in (- $\pi$ , $\pi$ ).

```
In [15]: \frac{\text{var}('x \, n')}{\text{assume}(n, 'integer')} \frac{1}{(x)^{2} \times '(p1 \, x)} \frac
```