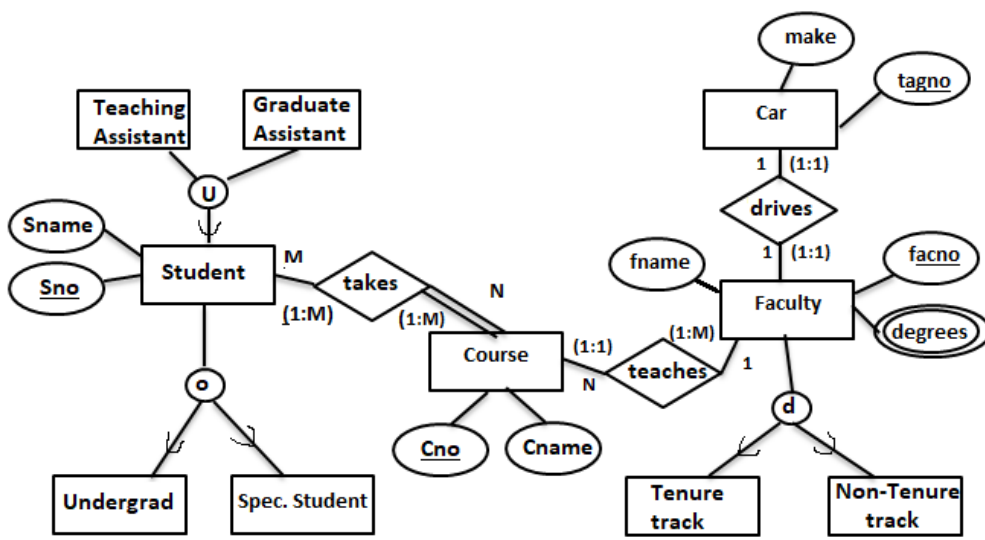
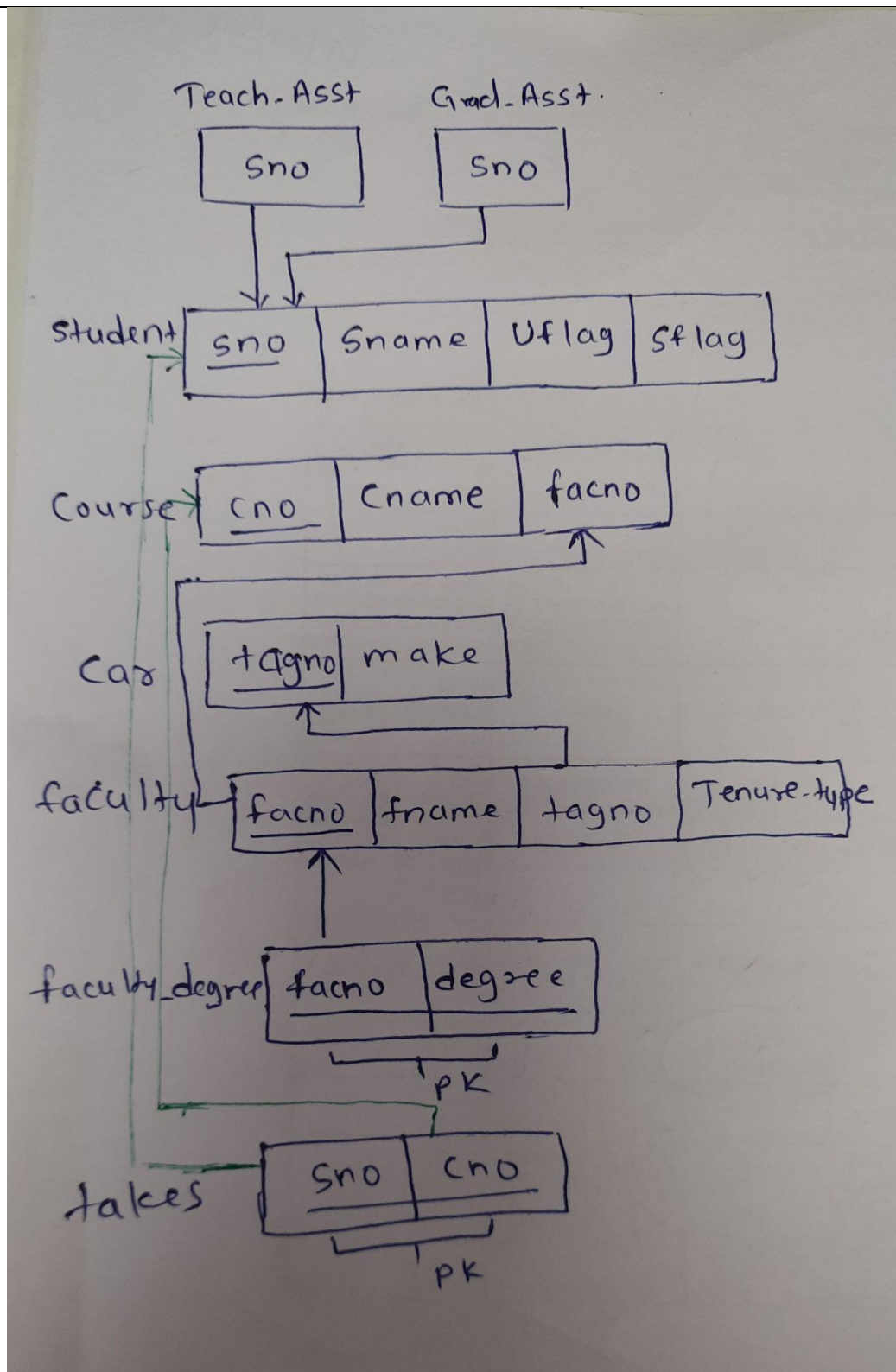


Semester: January 2025-April 2025		
Maximum Marks: 30	Examination: In-Semester Examination	Duration : 1:15 min
Programme code: 01	Class: SY	Semester: IV(SVU 2023)
Programme: B. Tech. in Computer Engineering		
Institute/School/ Department: K. J. Somaiya School of Engineering		Name of the Department: COMP
Course Code: 216U01C403	Name of the Course: Relational Database Management Systems	

Question No.		Max. Marks
Q1.A	<p>What are the responsibilities of the DBA ? Ans: 5 points (1 mark each)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>What is the difference between logical data independence and physical data independence? Which one is harder to achieve? Why? Ans: Difference -2M middle question-1M why?-2M</p>	5
Q1.B	<p>How do UNION types with category differ from a regular shared subclass? What is a category used for? Illustrate your answer with examples Ans: 2.5 M each question</p>	5
Q2.A	<p>Discuss the entity integrity and referential integrity constraints. Why is each considered important? Ans: 2.5 M each</p>	5
Q2.B	<p>Map the given EER diagram to the relational model.</p>  <p>Ans: Marking scheme:</p>	8

	<p>(diagram with explanation)</p> <p>mapping strong entities 1M</p> <p>mapping 1:1 relationship 1M</p> <p>mapping 1:N relationship 1M</p> <p>mapping M:N relationship 1M</p> <p>mapping multivalued attribute 1M</p> <p>mapping overlapping relationship 1M</p> <p>mapping disjoint relationship 1M</p> <p>mapping union/category relationship 1M</p>	
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Q3

Consider the LIBRARY database given below:

member(memb no, name)

book(isbn, title, authors, publisher)

borrowed(memb no, isbn, date)

Write SQL queries for the following:

- Find the author and publisher of the book "Fundamentals of Database System"
- Find the member number and name of each member who has borrowed at least one book published by "McGraw-Hill".

7

	<p>c) Find the member number and name of each member who has borrowed every book published by “McGraw-Hill”.</p> <p>Ans:</p> <p>a) SELECT authors, publisher FROM book WHERE title = 'Fundamentals of Database System'; (2M)</p> <p>b) SELECT DISTINCT memb_no, m.name FROM member where memb_no in(select memb_no from borrowed where isbn in(select isbn from book where publisher = 'McGraw-Hill')); (2M)</p> <p>c) SELECT memb_no, name FROM member WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT isbn FROM book WHERE publisher = 'McGraw-Hill' AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT isbn FROM borrowed WHERE borrowed.memb_no = member.memb_no AND borrowed.isbn = book.isbn)); 3M</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Consider the database schema of ODI Cricket :</p> <p>Match(MatchID, Team1, Team2, Ground, Date, Winner)</p> <p>Player(PlayerID, LName, FName, Country, YearBorn, Bplace, Ftest)</p> <p>Batting(MatchID, PID, Order, Hout, FOW, NRuns, Mts,Nballs, Fours, Sixes)</p> <p>Bowling(MatchID, PID, Novers, Maidens, NRuns, NWickets)</p> <p>Write Relational algebra queries for the following:</p> <p>a) Find the names of all players who played their first test after 2000.</p> <p>b) Find the Match ID’s of all the matches in the database in which Tendulkar batted.</p> <p>c) Find the player IDs of all Indian players who have not batted in any match</p> <p>Ans: 2M+2M + 3M</p>	
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5) $\Pi_{\text{frame, lname}} (\sigma_{\text{ptest} > 2000} (\text{player}))$

b)

TT (Player ~~X~~ Batting)
match-id lname = 'Tendulkar'
playerID = pid

c) Π playerID (Country = 'India')