

## Free Space

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = 0$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} = - \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{B} = \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\rho = 0$$

$$\vec{J} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla^2 \vec{E} &= \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial t^2} \\ \nabla^2 \vec{B} &= \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 \vec{B}}{\partial t^2} \end{aligned}$$

Three dimensional  
Wave equation

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial x^2}}_{=0} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial y^2}}_{=0} + \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial z^2} = \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial t^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial z^2} = \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial t^2}$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$-k^2 \vec{E}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t) = \epsilon_0 \mu_0 (-\omega^2) \vec{E}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$\boxed{k^2 = \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \omega^2}$$

$$k = \sqrt{\epsilon_0 \mu_0} \omega$$

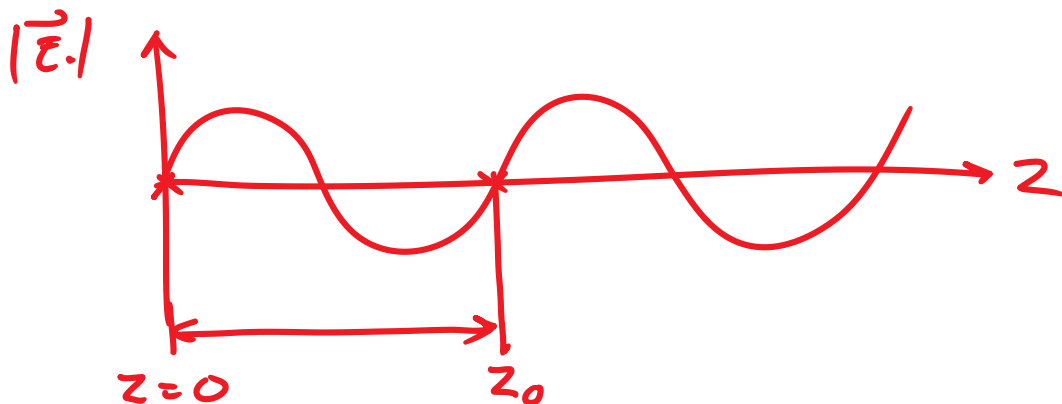
$$c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0 \mu_0}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\omega = ck}$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

t=0

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \sin kz$$

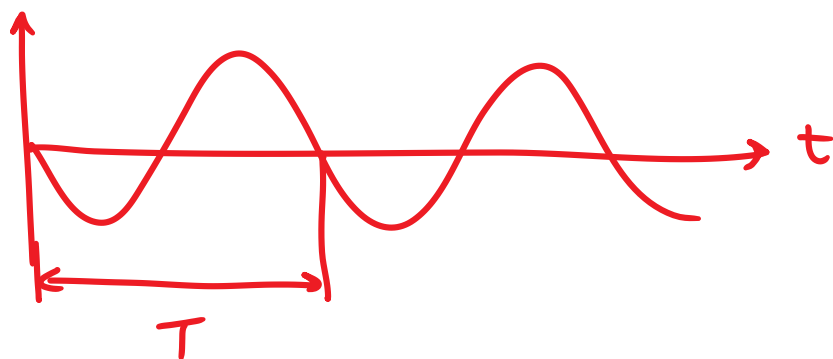


$$\sin kz_0 = 0 \Rightarrow kz_0 = 2\pi$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k} \Rightarrow \boxed{k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}}$$

$$\underline{z=0}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{E} &= \vec{E}_0 \sin(-\omega t) \\ &= -E_0 \sin \omega t\end{aligned}$$



$$\omega T = 2\pi \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2\pi \nu$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \sin \left[ \underbrace{\frac{2\pi}{\lambda}}_{kz} z - \underbrace{2\pi \nu t}_{\omega t} \right]$$

$$= \vec{E}_0 \sin \left[ 2\pi \left( \frac{z}{\lambda} - \nu t \right) \right]$$

$$\omega = ck ; \quad \omega = 2\pi \nu ; \quad k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$2\pi \nu = c \cdot \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \boxed{c = \nu \lambda}$$

Visible

$$400 \text{ nm} < \lambda < 750 \text{ nm}$$

$$\lambda = 500 \text{ nm} = 500 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}$$

$$\nu = \frac{c}{\lambda} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{5 \times 10^{-7}} = 6 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}; \quad \omega = 2\pi\nu; \quad \omega = ck$$

$$c = \nu\lambda$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = 0$$

$$\vec{E} = (E_{0x}\hat{x} + E_{0y}\hat{y} + E_{0z}\hat{z}) \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$E_{0z} k \cos(kz - \omega t) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E_{0z} = 0}$$

$$\vec{E} = \underline{\hat{x}} E_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{B} = \vec{B}_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

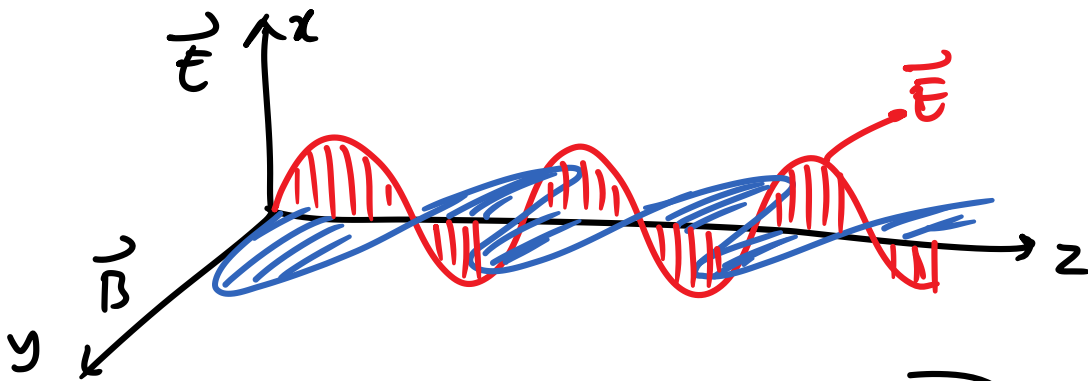
$$\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} = \vec{B}_0 (-\omega) \cos(kz - \omega t)$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} = E_0 \hat{y} k \cos(kz - \omega t)$$

$$E_0 \hat{y} k = \vec{B}_0 \omega$$

$$\vec{B}_0 = \hat{y} \frac{E_0 k}{\omega} = \hat{y} \frac{E_0}{c}$$

$$\omega = ck$$



$$[\vec{E}, \vec{B}, z(\text{Prop direction})]$$

$$\vec{E} = \hat{y} E_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

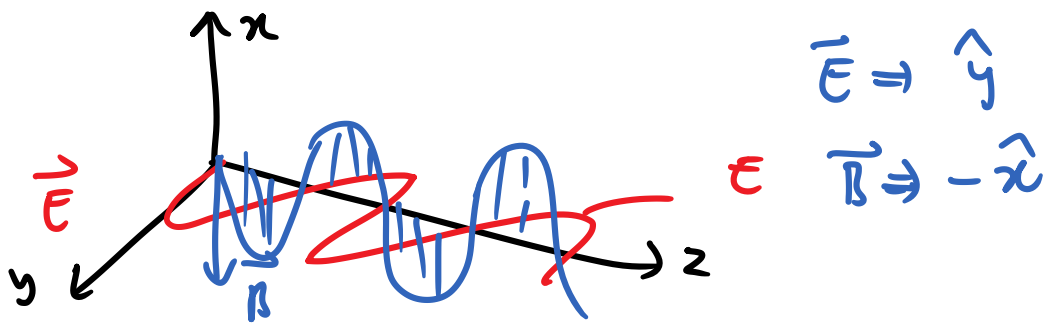
$$\vec{B} = \hat{x} \frac{E_0}{c} \sin(kz - \omega t)$$

$$\omega = ck$$

$$\lambda = 1 \mu\text{m} ; \quad \vec{E} \text{ along } \hat{y}, \text{ Prop along } z$$

$$\vec{E} = \hat{y} E_0 \sin(2\pi \times 10^6 z - 6\pi \times 10^{14} t) \quad k = 2\pi \times 10^6 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

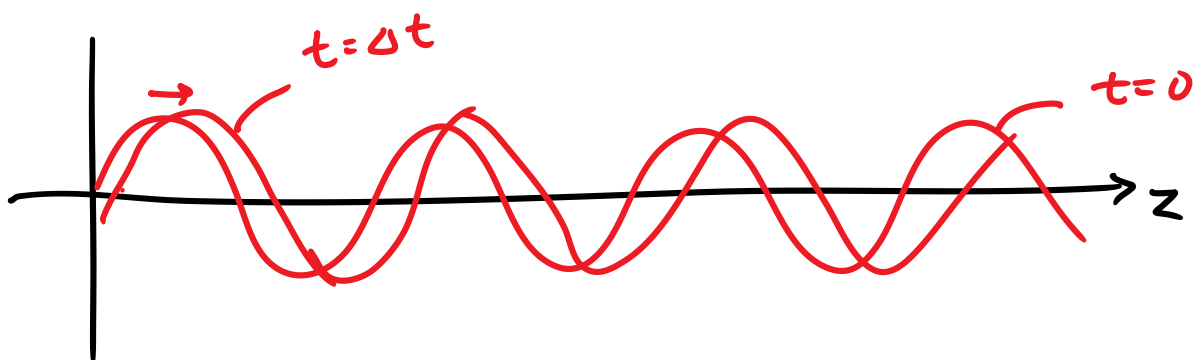
$$\vec{B} = -\hat{x} \frac{E_0}{c} \sin(2\pi \times 10^6 z - 6\pi \times 10^{14} t)$$



$k$  : Propagation vector  $\frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$   $(\text{Length})^{-1}$

$\omega$  : Angular frequency  $= 2\pi\nu$   $(\text{Time})^{-1}$

$c \approx 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$  PHASE VELOCITY



$$\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{x} \sin(kz) \quad t=0$$

$$\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{x} \sin(kz - \omega \Delta t)$$