

Department of ECE, Bennett University

EECE105L: Fundamentals of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Tutorial Sheet-9

Topics Covered: Mesh and Nodal Analysis

1. Consider the circuits shown in fig. 1 through fig. 6. Using Nodal analysis, solve for currents and voltages across all the resistances in a given circuit.

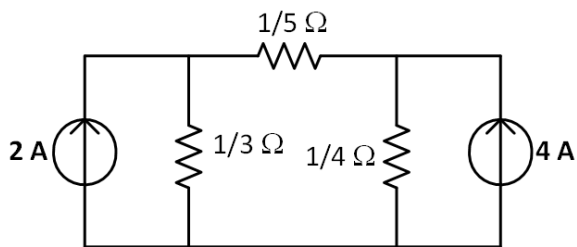


Fig. 1

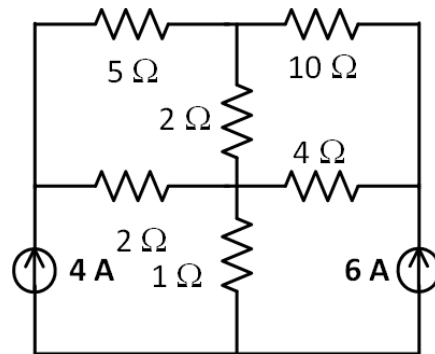


Fig. 2

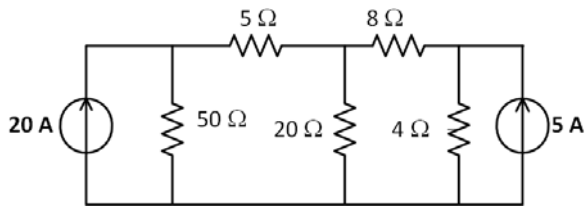


Fig. 3

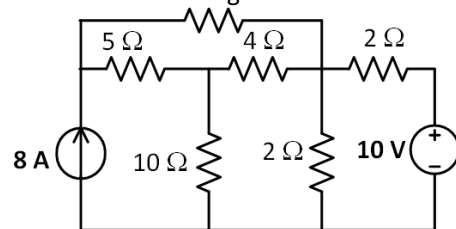


Fig. 4

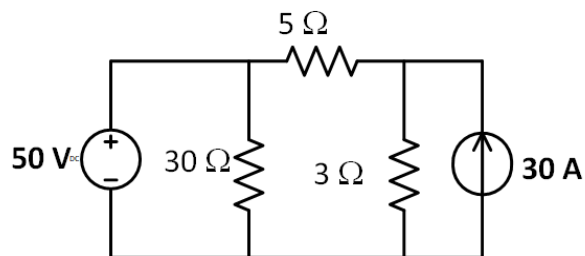


Fig. 5

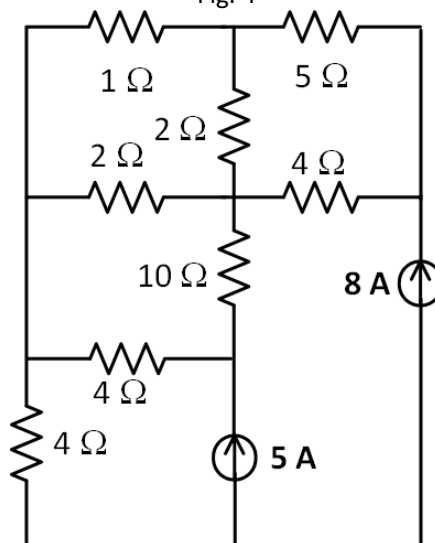


Fig. 6

2. Consider the circuits shown in fig. 7 through fig. 12. Using Nodal analysis, solve for currents and voltages across all the resistances in a given circuit.

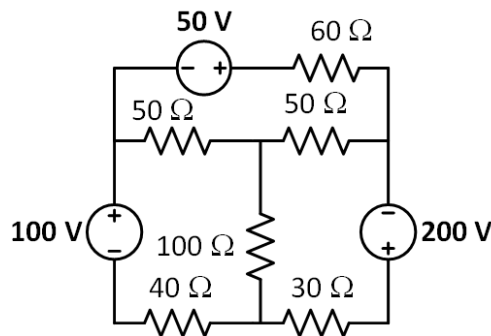


Fig. 7

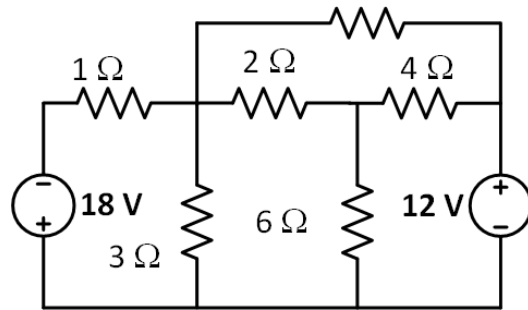


Fig. 8

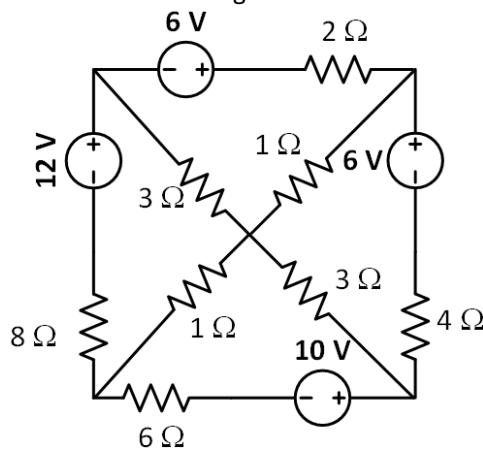


Fig. 9

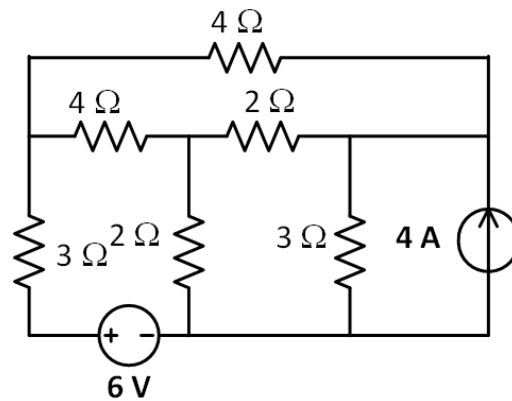


Fig. 10

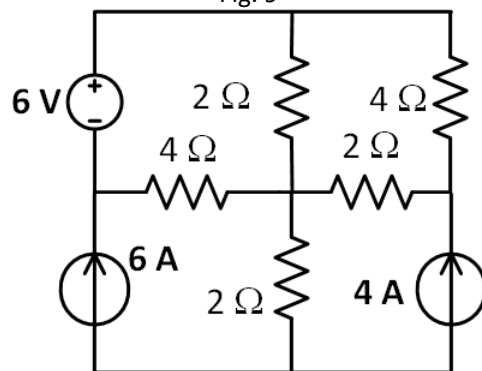


Fig. 11

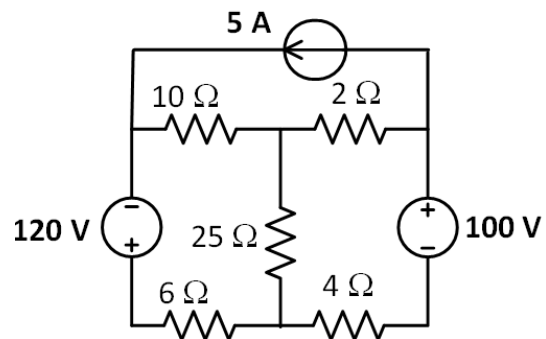


Fig. 12

----- END OF QUESTIONS -----

Answers:

- Fig. 1: $V_1 = 0.8085 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = 0.8936 \text{ V}$; $I_{0.2\Omega} = -0.4255 \text{ A}$; $I_{0.33\Omega} = 2.4255 \text{ A}$, $I_{0.25\Omega} = -3.5744 \text{ A}$
 Fig. 2: $V_1 = 16.8571 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = 28.2857 \text{ V}$, $V_3 = 14 \text{ V}$, $V_4 = 10 \text{ V}$; $I_{2\Omega} = 3.43 \text{ A}$, $I_{2\Omega} = 0.57 \text{ A}$, $I_{4\Omega} = 4.57 \text{ A}$, $I_{2\Omega} = 1.43 \text{ A}$, $I_{2\Omega} = 2 \text{ A}$, $I_{1\Omega} = 10 \text{ A}$

Fig. 3: $V_1 = 190 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = 109 \text{ V}$, $V_3 = 23 \text{ V}$; $I_{5\Omega} = 16.2 \text{ A}$, $I_{50\Omega} = 3.8 \text{ A}$, $I_{8\Omega} = 10.75 \text{ A}$, $I_{20\Omega} = 5.45 \text{ A}$, $I_{4\Omega} = 5.75 \text{ A}$

Fig. 4: $V_1 = 34.43 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = 11.24 \text{ V}$, $V_3 = 17.63 \text{ V}$; $I_{5\Omega} = 3.36 \text{ A}$, $I_{10\Omega} = 1.763 \text{ A}$, $I_{4\Omega} = 1.5975 \text{ A}$, $I_{5\Omega} = 4.838 \text{ A}$, $I_{2\Omega} = 5.62 \text{ A}$

Fig. 5: $V_1 = 50 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = 75 \text{ V}$; $I_{5\Omega} = 5 \text{ A}$, $I_{30\Omega} = 1.67 \text{ A}$, $I_{3\Omega} = 25 \text{ A}$, $I_{\text{source}} = 3.33 \text{ A}$

Fig. 6: $V_1 = 52 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = 57.09 \text{ V}$, $V_3 = 59.6 \text{ V}$, $V_4 = 68.46 \text{ V}$, $V_5 = 76.26 \text{ V}$; $I_{1\Omega} = -5.09 \text{ A}$, $I_{2\Omega} = -3.8 \text{ A}$, $I_{4\Omega} = -4.115 \text{ A}$, $I_{4\Omega} = 13 \text{ A}$, $I_{5\Omega} = -3.834 \text{ A}$, $I_{4\Omega} = -4.165 \text{ A}$

2. **Fig. 7:** $I_1 = 2.873 \text{ A}$, $I_2 = 3.333 \text{ A}$, $I_3 = 2.252 \text{ A}$

	40 Ω	100 Ω	60 Ω	50 Ω	50 Ω	30 Ω
I (A)	2.873	-0.46	2.252	-1.081	-0.621	3.333
V (V)	114.92	-46	135.12	-54.05	-31.05	100

Fig. 8: $I_1 = -9.182 \text{ A}$, $I_2 = -6.243 \text{ A}$, $I_3 = -5.987 \text{ A}$, $I_4 = -2.602 \text{ A}$

	1 Ω	3 Ω	6 Ω	8 Ω	2 Ω	4 Ω
I (A)	-9.182	-2.939	-0.256	-2.602	3.641	3.385
V (V)	-9.182	-8.817	-1.536	-20.816	9.884	13.54

Fig. 9: $I_1 = -1.1754 \text{ A}$, $I_2 = 1.2687 \text{ A}$, $I_3 = 1.4664 \text{ A}$, $I_4 = -1.0075 \text{ A}$

	6 Ω	8 Ω	2 Ω	4 Ω	1 Ω	1 Ω	3 Ω	3 Ω
I (A)	-1.1754	1.2687	1.4664	-1.0075	-2.4441	.4739	-0.1977	-0.1679
V (V)	-7.0524	10.1496	2.9328	-4.03	-2.4441	2.4739	-0.5931	-0.5037

Fig. 10: $I_1 = -1.7561 \text{ A}$, $I_2 = 0.1469 \text{ A}$, $I_3 = -0.2927 \text{ A}$

	3 Ω	2 Ω	2 Ω	3 Ω	4 Ω	4 Ω
I (A)	-1.7561	-1.9023	-1.4634	.1463	0.139	-0.2927
V (V)	-5.2683	-3.8046	-2.9268	0.4369	1.756	-1.1708

Fig. 11: $I_1 = 5.09 \text{ A}$, $I_2 = 0.273 \text{ A}$, $I_3 = -4 \text{ A}$, $I_4 = 6 \text{ A}$

	2 Ω	4 Ω	4 Ω	2 Ω	2 Ω
I (A)	5.09	-0.91	0.273	4.273	10
V (V)	10.18	-3.64	1.092	8.546	20

Fig. 12: $I_1 = -4.675 \text{ A}$, $I_2 = -0.867 \text{ A}$, $I_3 = -5 \text{ A}$

	10 Ω	2 Ω	4 Ω	25 Ω	6 Ω
I (A)	-0.325	-4.133	-0.867	-3.808	-4.675
V (V)	-3.25	-8.266	-3.468	-95.2	-28.05