CodeJAM 2

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Approach

Detection of Bots

- \rightarrow Detection of bots is done by detecting **motion** of the bots.
- \rightarrow In this approach two consecutive frames are taken and the change in movement is detected.
- \rightarrow For this, some basic image processing techniques are applied.
- \rightarrow Such as, changing to grayscale, blurring, thresholding, dilation.
- \rightarrow Then the contours in the image are detected and they are sorted according to area.
- \rightarrow And the two largest contours are the ones that are covering the motion of the two bots.
- \rightarrow Then for the detection of the bot, centroid is marked and tracked.
- \rightarrow For this **centroid tracking** is used.
- \rightarrow Then a bounding rectangle for both contours is found and drawn.
- \rightarrow And labels, **bot 1 and bot 2** is put on the centroid coordinate.
- \rightarrow The centroid, is sadly, selected **manually**.
- \rightarrow I tried applying template matching, aruco codes and contour based approach but no effective results were obtained.
- \rightarrow So I had to go for manually assignment of two centroids to their respective bot numbers.

Algorithm

 \rightarrow No specific algorithms used.

Results

- \rightarrow Results can be found in this repo in a file named **output.avi**:
- \rightarrow Frame rate of the solution is same as the original video, 24 fps.
- \rightarrow The source code can also be found in this repo under **source.py**.
- \rightarrow Here is the source code for reference purposes:

```
1 from cv2 import cv2
2 import numpy as np
3 import math
5
  def dist(x1,y1,x2,y2):
      '', Function to compute Euclidean Distance'',
      return np.linalg.norm(np.array([x2-x1,y2-y1]))
  def mind(x1o,y1o,x1n,y1n,x2n,y2n):
1.1
      '', This function finds closest point among two new
12
      centroid points of two bots''
      per = 70/100 #this is the error criteria
13
      if dist(x1o,y1o,x1n,y1n) > dist(x1o,y1o,x2n,y2n):
14
          if x1o*(1+per) > x2n and x1o*(1-per) < x2n and
      y1o*(1+per) > y2n \text{ and } y1o*(1-per) < y2n:
               return (x2n,y2n)
          else :
               return (x1o,y1o)
18
      elif dist(x1o,y1o,x1n,y1n) <= dist(x1o,y1o,x2n,y2n</pre>
19
     ):
          if x1o*(1+per) > x1n and x1o*(1-per) < x1n and
20
      y1o*(1+per) > y1n and y1o*(1-per) < y1n:
               return (x1n,y1n)
21
          else :
22
               return (x1o,y1o)
24
25
cap = cv2.VideoCapture('sentry3.mkv')
27
28 fourcc = cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'XVID')
out = cv2. VideoWriter('output.avi', fourcc, 24.0,
     (1440,810))
31
32 ret, frame1 = cap.read()
ret, frame2 = cap.read()
34
35 count = 0
  while cap.isOpened():
38
          diff = cv2.absdiff(frame1,frame2)
40
      except:
```

```
break
42
43
      gray = cv2.cvtColor(diff,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
44
      blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(gray,(5,5),0)
      _, thresh = cv2.threshold(blur, 20, 255, cv2.
46
     THRESH_BINARY)
      dilated = cv2.dilate(thresh, None, iterations = 3)
47
      contours, heirarchy = cv2.findContours(dilated, cv2.
48
     RETR_TREE, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
      contours = sorted(contours, key=cv2.contourArea,
     reverse=True)[0:2]
      m2 = cv2.moments(contours[1])
      a,b,c,d = cv2.boundingRect(contours[1])
      x2_n = a+c/2
53
      y2_n = b+d/2
54
      m1 = cv2.moments(contours[0])
56
      a,b,c,d = cv2.boundingRect(contours[0])
      x1_n = a+c/2
58
      y1_n = b+d/2
59
60
      if count == 0:
61
          x1_0, x2_0, y1_0, y2_0 = x1_n, x2_n, y1_n, y2_n
62
          count += 1
      else :
64
           (x1_0, y1_0), (x2_0, y2_0) = mind(x1_0, y1_0, x1_n,
65
     y1_n,x2_n,y2_n),mind(x2_o,y2_o,x1_n,y1_n,x2_n,y2_n)
          #print('x1_o=',x1_o,'y1_o=',y1_o,'x2_o=',x2_o
66
      ,'y2_o=',y2_o,'x1_n=',x1_n,'y1_n=',y1_n,'x2_n=',
     x2_n, 'y2_n = ', y2_n)
          if x1_o == x2_o and y1_o == y2_o:
67
               print()
68
      #cv2.circle(frame1, (x2_o, y2_o), 5, (0, 0, 255),
69
      for cnt in (contours):
70
          (x,y,w,h) = cv2.boundingRect(cnt)
71
          #if cv2.contourArea(cnt) < 3000 :</pre>
73
                continue
          cv2.rectangle(frame1,(x,y),(x+w,y+h),(0,255,0)
      ,2)
          cv2.putText(frame1, 'bot 1', (int(x1_o), int(
76
     y1_o)+100), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.9,
      (0,255,0), 2)
```

```
cv2.putText(frame1, 'bot 2', (int(x2_o), int(
77
     y2_o)+100), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.9,
     (0,255,0), 2)
      out.write(frame1)
79
      cv2.imshow('feed',frame1)
81
      frame1 = frame2
83
      ret,frame2 = cap.read()
      if cv2.waitKey(42) == 27:
86
          break
87
89 cap.release()
90 out.release()
91 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

Listing 1: Source Code