

- Use FIR filters to filter images
- multi-dimensional signals can be filtered separately by rows and columns using linearly separable filters
- Use code structure from last lab

Image Processing II Lab

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- Filter smooths pixels by averaging them together
- Low-pass filter that keeps slow spatial frequencies
- Effect is to blur an image
- Reduces noise since its effects tend to cancel out

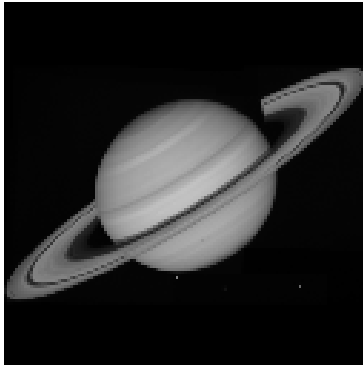
Averaging Filters

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- Public domain image courtesy of NASA, Voyager 2 image, 1981-08-24,
- NASA catalog #PIA01364



Original Image

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Gaussian



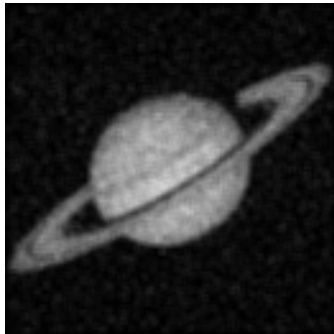
Salt and Pepper

Additive Noise

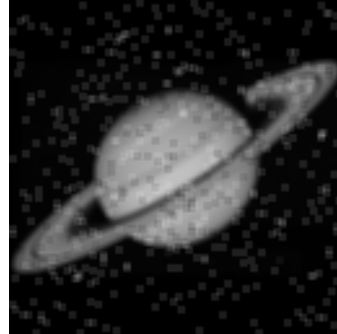
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M=3



M=3

Example Low Pass Filter

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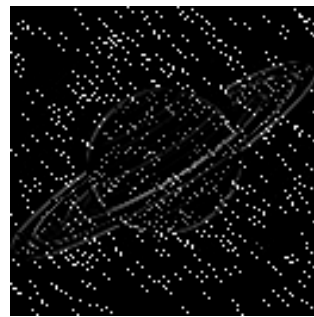
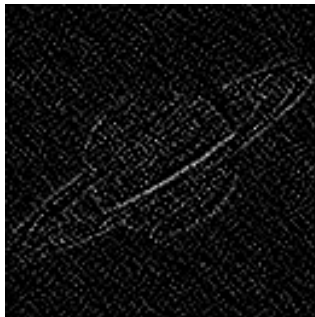
- Takes the form of a derivative, looking for change in a signal.
- Sudden changes in images are usually **edges**.
- Examples: $[1 \ 0 \ -1]$
- Highly susceptible to noise degradation

High-Pass Filter

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$H = [1 \ 0 \ -1]$ in both directions

Image Processing: Edges

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- Since high-pass filters find edges, but are susceptible to noise
- Common approach: blur first, then find edges and general shape

Edge Finding

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- Image file doesn't need to have proper suffix for Matlab, just let program know that it is a Matlab file
 - `load fn -mat`



Problems and Notes