



"Launcher" Premium Template By iDangero.us Documentation

Thank you for purchasing this item. If you have any questions that are beyond the scope of this help file, please feel free to contact us via support ticket form here.

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1. About "Launcher"

Launcher is the premium Ajax based template. It is designed for temporary usage until the main site is under construction. It contains a countdown to the grand opening date, brief information about the main site (or company) and social links.

Also, there is an opportunity for visitors to leave their email address to be informed when the site will be opened.

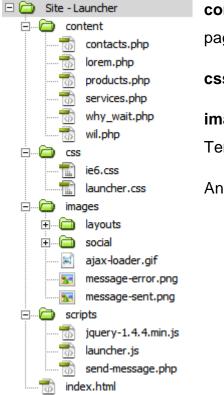
All content is loaded "on the fly" into popup window.

Smooth and good looking animation and Ajax features of this template are realized with the JavaScript jQuery library.

This template is easy to redesign, it has very simple and clear API.

2. Launcher Files & Folders Structure

Launcher files are located in the **launcher/** folder from the downloaded archive:



content: in this folder there are .php files with a html content pages.

css: folder with a .css files

images: here you can find layouts images and icons used in this Template

And the main index.html in the root folder

3. Installation

To install **Launcher** template you have to copy all files & folders from the **launcher**/ folder to your web-site root folder on the server (It could be a real server or local testing server).

4. HTML Structure

Let's look at the main HTML structure of the Launcher template. Open index.html file with a text editor (Highly recommended to use Adobe® Dreamweaver® or Notepad ++ editors). Index.html structure:

```
CSS and JavaScript files attachment
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/launcher.css" />
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/jquery-1.4.4.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/launcher.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
                                      We have to define isIE6 JavaScript variable equal to false by default.
var isIE6=false;
</script>
                                         CSS style sheet file used for IE6 browser only
<!--[if IE 6]>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/ie6.css" />
<script type="text/javascript">
                                         And if the visitor' browser is IE6 then the isIE6 variable will be equal to
var isIE6=true;
</script>
                           Site Title
                                       Section with an additional big clock background
<![endif]-->
<title>Launcher</title>
                                                  Wrapper div contains whole site content
</head>
<body>
<div id="background"></div>
<div id="wrapper">
                               clock section contains the countdown clock
  <div class="clock">
    <h1 class="will-open">We will open after</h1>
    <div class="clock-inner">
                                              Blinking colon
      <div class="divider">:</div>
                                                                   Div block with a "days" class
       <div class="days">
                                                                   contains a number of days to the
         Days
                                                                   target date
         <div class="d-bg">
           <div class="d-wrap">
                                                                         Number of days will be placed here
             <div class="day" style="top:0px;"></div>
                                                                         by JavaScript.
           </div>
           <div class="mask3"></div>
                                                        Mask laver is used to simulate
         </div>
                                                        obfuscation
       </div>
```

```
contains a number of hours to the
           <div class="hours">
                                             target date
             Hours
                                                                       Number of hours will be placed here
             <div class="h-bg">
                                                                       by JavaScript.
               <div class="h-wrap">
                 <div class="hour" style="top:0px;"></div>
                                                                   Mask layer is used to simulate
               </div>
                                                                   obfuscation
               <div class="mask2"></div>
             </div>
                                             Div block with a "minutes" class
           </div>
                                             contains a number of minutes to the
           <div class="minutes">
                                             target date
             Minutes
                                                                       Number of minutes will be placed
             <div class="m-bg">
                                                                       here by JavaScript.
               <div class="m-wrap">
                 <div class="minute" style="top:0px;"></div>
                                                                   Mask layer is used to simulate
               <div class="mask2"></div>
                                                                   obfuscation
             </div>
                                          Div block with a "seconds" class contains a
           </div>
                                           number of seconds to the target date
           <div class="seconds">
             Seconds
             <div class="s-bg">
                                                                         First character of seconds' number will be
               <div class="s-wrap">
                                                                         placed into the div with a "second1" class
                                                                         and second character into the div with a
                 <div class="second1" style="top:0px;"></div>
                                                                         "second2" class
                 <div class="second2" style="top:0px;"></div>
               </div>
               <div class="mask2"></div>
                                                  Mask layer is used to simulate obfuscation
             </div>
           </div>
                                                 "Won't wait" button
         </div>
64
       </div>
       <div class="button-bg"> <span id="openContent" class="button-1"><span class="button-m">
     <span style="padding:0px 60px" class="button">Won't wait?</span></span></span> </div>
       <div class="content-wrap">
                                                "content-wrap" section contains main content which is hidden by
         <div class="content-top">
                                                default
           <div class="content-bot">
             <div class="content-mid">
                                                Left content column with information links inside.
               <div class="left-col">
                 <h2 class="heading" style="color:#555">About Launcher</h2>
                 <a class="popup" href="#wil">What is Launcher</a>
                   <a class="popup" href="#why wait">Why you should wait</a>
                   <a class="popup" href="#products">Launcher featured products</a>
                   <a class="popup" href="#services">Launcher Services</a>
                   <a class="popup" href="#contacts">How to find us</a>
                   <a class="popup" href="#lorem">Lorem ipsum dolor</a>
                 Right content column with "send email address" form and social links
               </div>
                                            inside.
               <div class="right-col">
                 <h2 class="heading">Be the first to know</h2>
                 <give us your email address and we will inform you when our site will open:</p>
                                                  Send Email form with one input field and span button
84
                 <div class="sendEmail"> -
                   <input value="Your email here" type="text" id="email" onkeyup=</pre>
     "validateEmail()" size="20" />
                   <span class="button-1" id="sendEmail"><span class="button-m"><span style="</pre>
     padding:0px 40px" class="button">Send</span></span></span>
                                                                                  JavaScript email validation will be
                   <div class="message-status"></div>
                                                                                  executed on "onkeyup" event.
                 </div>
                 <div class="clear"></div>
```

After the message with visitor' email address will be sent, the status message will be added to the div block with a

"message-status" class.

Div block with a "hours" class

Section with social icons. Just specify your social URL in the appropriate link in the HREF attribute. Link description located in the hidden by default **span** element.

```
<h2 class="heading">Launcher.Social</h2>
                  <div class="bar-icons"> >
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/twitter.png" width="40"
     alt="Twitter" title="Twitter" /> <span>Twitter</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/facebook.png" width="40"
      height="63" alt="Facebook" title="Facebook" /> <span>Facebook</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/flickr.png" width="40"
     height="63" alt="Flickr" title="Flickr" /> <span>Flickr</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/delicious.png" width=
      "40" height="63" alt="Delicious" title="Delicious" /> <span>Delicious</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/blogger.png" width="40"
     height="63" alt="Blogger" title="Blogger" /> <span>Blogger</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/myspace.png" width="40"
     height="63" alt="My Space" title="My Space" /> <span>My&nbsp;Space</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/digg.png" width="40"
     height="63" alt="DIGG" title="DIGG" /> <span>DIGG</span> </a>
                    <a href="#"> <img class="bar-icon" src="images/social/ytube.png" width="40"
     height="63" alt="YouTube" title="YouTube" /> <span>You&nbsp;Tube</span> </a> </div>
                </div>
                <div class="clear"></div>
              </div>
            </div>
         </div>
                   Dark layer will fade in after the popup window is opened
       </div>
     </div>
                                         Popup window container
                                                                     Close image
     <div class="dark-layer"></div>
     <div id="popup">
       <img class="close-popup" src="images/layouts/close.png" width="32" height="32" alt="X" />
110
       <div class="popup-content"></div>
                                                    Content of the popup window will be placed here
111
     </div>
112
     <div style="display:none;" class="dummy-block"></div>
113
     </body>
114
     </html>
                                                        Here will be placed the same content as inside
                                                        the popup window to calculate popup window
                                                        size before it is opened. Dummy block is always
                                                        hidden.
```

5. Inner Linking (Popup Window)

As the Launcher is one-page template, all additional content should be loaded into Popup Window. So let's see how the Inner Linking works. This you should to know first:

All files with HTML content you want to put into Popup Window with Ajax request must be located in the **content**/ folder.

All files must have a .php extension.

Example. We want to put HTML content from the **content/about.php** file into the Popup Window. We should use the following formatting:



As you can see it is very easy to use Inner Linking. All you need is to specify filename in the HREF attribute after the hash character and to specify the "**popup**" class to load content into Popup Window with Ajax.

6. CSS Files and Structure

There are two CSS files used in this Template. You can find css attachment in the HEAD section of index.html file.

```
<head>
-----
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/launcher.css" />
-----
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/ie6.css" />
-----
</head>
```

By default it is located in the **css/** folder. You can easily change the path or filename in the **href** attribute of **link** tag.

launcher.css file contains all general layouts for the template. It is separated into sections:

```
/* --- Common Rules --- */

There are common rules in this section, such as font size, fonts, link colors, layout images etc.

/* --- Clock--- */

All styling rules for clock timer

/* --- Content--- */

All styling rules for content pages

/* --- Headings --- */

Rules for headings.

/* --- Forms--- */

This section contains style rules for buttons and send email form

/*--- Popup Window----*/

Styling rules for the popup window

/*--- Social Bar----*/

Social icons styling

/*---End of CSS File---*/
```

If you would like to edit a specific section of the site, simply find the appropriate section in the CSS file, and then scroll down until you find the appropriate style that needs to be edited.

And the second CSS file ie6.css contains few rules for Internet Explorer 6 browser.

7. JavaScripts

Launcher template uses two JavaScript files

Attachment of JavaScript files can be found in the HEAD section of index.html file:

```
<head>
-----
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/jquery-1.4.4.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/launcher.js"></script>
-----
</head>
```

You can easily change the path or filename in the src attribute of script tag.

The first script file is the jQuery (JavaScript library that greatly reduces the amount of code that you must write).

The second script file (launcher.js) is the custom script used for animation, effects and Ajax requests. You can learn more about jQuery methods used here (fadeOut(), fadeIn(), fadeTo(), animate(), jQuery.get(), html(), delay(), hover() etc.) by visiting this jQuery Documentation Site.

Let's look at the custom script more closely.

The first part of the script is used for Ajax loader image initialization, to set target date, to get current date and to calculate difference between them.

```
In these variables you need to set
// JavaScript Document
                                                                       target time according to UTC time
/*-----*/
                                                                       zone. On this screenshot target date
var ajaxLoader = new Image();
                                                                       equal to 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2011 00:00 (New
   ajaxLoader.src = 'images/ajax-loader.gif';
                                                                       Year)
/*-----Current and target dates----- */
                                                     Current date
var currentDate = new Date();
var targetDate = new Date();
   targetDate.setUTCFullYear(2012); // Target year in UTC time zone
   targetDate.setUTCMonth(0); // Target month in UTC time zone (from O(Jan) to 11(Dec))
   targetDate.setUTCDate(1); // Target day in UTC time zone (from 1 to 31)
   targetDate.setUTCHours(0); // Target hours in UTC time zone (from 0 to 23)
   targetDate.setUTCMinutes(0); // Target minute in UTC time zone (from 0 to 59)
   targetDate.setUTCSeconds(0); // Target second in UTC time zone (from 0 to 59)
/*-----Difference between target and current date----- */
var diff = {};
   diff.ms = targetDate.getTime() - currentDate.getTime()
   diff.days = Math.floor((diff.ms)/(1000 * 60 * 60 * 24));
   diff.hours = (diff.ms - diff.days*(1000 * 60 * 60 * 24))/(1000 * 60 * 60);
   diff.fullHours = Math.floor(diff.hours);
                                                     Some math to calculate difference between target and current
   diff.mins = (diff.hours - diff.fullHours) *60;
   diff.fullMins = Math.floor(diff.mins);
   diff.seconds = (diff.mins - diff.fullMins)*60;
   diff.fullSec = Math.floor(diff.seconds);
```

```
if (diff.fullHours<10) diff.fullHours = "0"+diff.fullHours;
if (diff.fullMins<10) diff.fullMins = "0"+diff.fullMins;
if (diff.fullSec<10) diff.fullSec = "0"+diff.fullSec;
if (diff.days<100 && diff.days>=10) diff.days = "0"+diff.days;
if (diff.days<10) diff.days = "0"+diff.days;
```

Next part of the script is executed when the document is loaded. Here are animation functions for the clock timer, some effects for links, rules for handling popup links, send email form handling and animation of social bar icons:

```
Here we have to insert calculated difference values inside div blocks with "day", "hour" and "minute" classes.
```

```
$ (function() {
       $(".day").html(diff.days);
                                                  Here we have to insert calculated seconds difference. But first of all we have
       $(".hour").html(diff.fullHours);
                                                  to split seconds number by characters, because first and second characters
       $(".minute").html(diff.fullMins);
                                                  are in different div blocks.
34
       if ((diff.fullSec+"").length==2) {
               var second1 = (diff.fullSec+"").substr(0,1);
                var second2 = (diff.fullSec+"").substr(1,1);
       }
                                                    Here we have to insert first seconds character inside div
       else {
                                                    block with "second1" class, and second character inside the
                var second1 = 0;
                                                    "second2" div.
                var second2 = diff.fullSec;
                                                                             changeDay() function is used to change
       $(".second1").html(second1);
                                                                             day number when the hour' number is
       $(".second2").html(second2);
                                                                             changing from 0 to 23.
       function changeDay() {
               var currentDay = $(".day:first").html()*1;
                var newDay = currentDay-1;
                if (newDay < 100 && newDay >= 10) newDay = "0"+newDay;
                if (newDay < 10) newDay = "00"+newDay;</pre>
                $(".d-wrap").prepend('<div class="day">'+newDay+'</div>');
                $(".day:eq(0),.day:eq(1)").animate({top:"+=80px"},2500,function(){$('.day:eq(1)')
  ).remove()});
                                                                             changeHour() function is used to change
                                                                             hours number when the minutes' number is
       function changeHour() {
                                                                             changing from 0 to 59.
                var currentHour = $(".hour:first").html()*1;
54
                var newHour = currentHour-1;
                if (newHour < 0) {
                    newHour = 23;
                    changeDay();
                if (newHour < 10 && newHour >= 0) newHour = "0"+newHour;
                $(".h-wrap").prepend('<div class="hour">'+newHour+'</div>');
                $(".hour:eq(0),.hour:eq(1)").animate({top:"+=80px"},2000,function(){$(
   '.hour:eq(1)').remove()});
                                                                             changeMinute() function is used to change
                                                                             minutes number when the first seconds'
       function changeMinute(){
                                                                             character is changing from 0 to 5.
64
               var currentMin = $(".minute:first").html()*1;
                var newMin = currentMin-1;
                if (newMin < 0) {
                    newMin = 59;
                    changeHour();
                if (newMin < 10 && newMin >= 0) newMin = "0"+newMin;
                $(".m-wrap").prepend('<div class="minute">'+newMin+'</div>');
                $(".minute:eq(0),.minute:eq(1)").animate({top:"+=80px"},1500,function() {$(
    .minute:eq(1)').remove()});
       }
```

```
changeSecond1() function is used to
       function changeSecond1(){
                                                                              change first seconds' character when the
                var currentSecond = $(".second1:first").html()*1;
                                                                              2<sup>nd</sup> seconds' character is changing from 0
                var newSecond = currentSecond-1;
                                                                              to 9.
                if (newSecond <0 ) {
                    newSecond = 5;
                    changeMinute();
                $ (".s-wrap").prepend('<div class="second1">'+newSecond+'</div>');
                $(".second1:eq(0),.second1:eq(1)").animate({top:"+=80px"},500,function() {$(
   '.second1:eq(1)').remove()});
                                                                         This is the main timer function, which is used to
                                                                         animate (scroll) 2<sup>nd</sup> character of seconds' number.
84
       setInterval(function(){
                                                                         It is executing with 1 second interval. With every
                var currentSecond = $(".second2:first").html()*1;
                                                                         second this function adds div block with a new
                                                                         second inside before existing character, then it
86
                var newSecond = currentSecond-1;
                                                                         animates them (scroll), and after, old second'
                if (newSecond <0 ) {
                                                                         character will be removed. If new second is < 0,
                    newSecond = 9;
                                                                         then it will be equal to 9 and changeSecond1()
                    changeSecond1();
                                                                         function will be executed.
                $(".s-wrap").prepend('<div class="second2">'+newSecond+'</div>');
                $(".second2:eq(0),.second2:eq(1)").animate({top:"+=80px"},500,function(){$(
   '.second2:eq(1)').remove()});
94
       1,1000);
                                                                          These function are used to animate
       setTimeout(function() {$(".divider").hide()},500)
                                                                           "colon", to make it blink with every second.
96
       setInterval(function(){
97
                $(".divider").show()
                setTimeout(function() {$(".divider").hide()},500)
       },1000)
                                                                   When we'll click on the "won't wait" button, then the
       /*----"Won't wait" animation-----
                                                                    "clock" will be animated to top position equal to "-70px"
       $("#openContent").click(function(){
                                                                    for 600ms, "won't wait" button will be hided and content
            $(".clock").animate({top: "-70px"},600);
                                                                    section will fade in for 600ms.
            $(".button-bg").fadeOut(600)
            $(".content-wrap").delay(600).fadeIn(600)
       1)
       /*----"About" links animation----
                                                                    Animation for list links. First function will be executed
       $(".ul-links li a").hover(
                                                                    when we'll take the mouse cursor on the list element
            function(){
                                                                    and second one is used when we'll take the mouse
                $(this).animate({marginLeft:"5px"},150)
                                                                    cursor away from it.
            function() {
                $(this).animate({marginLeft:"0px"},150)
                                                                   Handling rule for links with a "popup" class. When we'll
                                                                    click on it, then the filename value will be equal to
                                                                    HREF attribute of this link. Then the popUp() function
                                                                    will be executed to load .php file from content/ folder.
       /*----Popup Window-----
       $ ("a.popup").click(function(e) {
                                                                              When we'll click on the "dark-layer" or on
            e.preventDefault();
                                                                              the image with a "close-popup" class, then
            var filename = $(this).attr('href').substr(1);
                                                                              the closePopup() function will be executed.
            popUp("content/"+filename+".php");
       })
                                                                              When we'll click on the email field its value
       $ (".dark-layer,.close-popup").click(function() {closePopup()})
                                                                              will be removed
       /*----- Send Email form----- */
       $("input#email").click(function(){
                                                                        When we'll click on the sendEmail button
                                                                       validateEmail() function will be executed. And if the
            if($(this).val() == "Your email here") $(this).val("")
                                                                       entered email is correct then the input field and
                                                                       "submit" button will be hided. Ajax-loader image will
       $("#sendEmail").click(function(){
                                                                       be added to "sendEmail" block. Then - Ajax request
            validateEmail();
                                                                       to "send email" php script, and after request is
            if(!$("input#email").hasClass("invalid")) {
                                                                       completed, the message with a sending status will
                $("input#email, #sendEmail").hide()
                                                                       be added to "message-status" block.
                $(".sendEmail").append('<img class="ajax-loader" src="'+ajaxLoader.src+''</pre>
   width="'+ajaxLoader.width+'" height="'+ajaxLoader.height+'" />')
                jQuery.get("scripts/send-message.php", {email:$("input#email").val()}, function(
   status) {
                    $(".sendEmail .ajax-loader").fadeOut(300, function() {$(".sendEmail
   .ajax-loader").remove()})
                    $(".message-status").html(status)
                     $(".message-status").delay(400).fadeIn(600)
                })
            }
```

})

```
Animation for social icons. When we'll take the mouse cursor on it, then the children "span" element will be faded in for 150ms.

$ (".bar-icons a").hover(

function() {

$ (this).children("span").fadeIn(150)

},

function() {

$ (this).children("span").fadeOut(150)

}

144

}

Animation for social icons. When we'll take the mouse cursor on it, then the children "span" element will be faded in for 150ms.
```

The next part of code contains functions which could be called from any place of the document. These functions are used to validate email address, to call and to close a popup window:

validateEmail() function is used to validate input field with an "email" id attribute. Validation is based on the regular expressions. If the email address is wrong then the "invalid" class will be added to the email field. Otherwise it will be removed.

```
function validateEmail() {
       var email = $("input#email").attr("value");
       -9]+[-]?))+[a-z0-9]+\.([a-z]{2}|(com|net|org|edu|int|mil|gov|arpa|biz|aero|name|coop|info|
   pro|museum|mobi|travel))$/i;
       if(re.test(email)) $("input#email").removeClass("invalid");
       else $("input#email").addClass("invalid");
                                  popUp() function provides an opportunity to call a Popup Window. First of all function
                                  calculates window size to set it in the center of screen with Ajax loader inside of it.
   function popUp(location) {
       var popupWidth = 700;
156
       var popUpContent = $('.popup-content');
157
       var popupLeftPadding = popUpContent.css("padding-left").split('px')[0]
158
       popUpContent.html('<img class="ajax-loader" src="'+ajaxLoader.src+'" width="'+ajaxLoader
   .width+'" height="'+ajaxLoader.height+'" />').show()
159
        $('#popup').css({marginLeft:-ajaxLoader.width/2-popupLeftPadding-10,top:$(window).
   scrollTop()+100}).show()
                                              Ajax GET request to specified file.
                                                                             Then we have to add loaded HTML
160
       jQuery.get(location, function(data){
                                                                             content to the dummy block to calculate
161
            $(".dummy-block").css({width:popupWidth}).html(data);
                                                                             window size for animation. Then Ajax
                                                                             loader will be hided
            $(".ajax-loader").fadeTo(0,0)
            popUpContent.delay(400).animate({width:$(".dummy-block").width()-popupLeftPadding*2,
   height: $(".dummy-block").height()},600,function(){
                                                             "width" and "height" properties will be animated for 600ms,
                popUpContent.html (data);
                                                             and after - loaded content will be inserted into the "popup-
                                                             content" container
                if(isIE6) {
166
                    $('.dark-layer').css({position:"absolute",height:$(window).height(),top:$(
   window).scrollTop()})
                    $ (window).scroll(function() {
                                                                               This case is for IE6 browser, we have
                                                                               to add "absolute" position to "dark-
                        $('.dark-layer').css({top:$(window).scrollTop()})
                                                                               layer" because the IE6
                                                                                                       browser
                    })
                                                                               doesn't support "fixed" value.
                $('.dark-layer').delay(300).fadeTo(300,0.7);
            $('#popup').delay(400).animate({marginLeft:-$(".dummy-block").width()/2-10},600)
        1)
                                                             Also we have to animate "margin-left" property of the
                                                             "popup" container
   function closePopup() {
        $('.dark-layer').fadeOut(200)
        $('#popup').delay(200).fadeOut(300, function() {
            $('.popup-content').html("").css({width:"auto",height:"auto"});
        });
                           closePopup() function provides an opportunity to close a Popup Window.
                           Window will be closed using fade animation for 0.3 seconds after the 200ms
                           delay, and after it is closed, HTML content from the "popup-content"
                           container will be removed.
```

8. "Send Email" Script

If the all fields are correct **sendEmail** script will send and Ajax request to the php mailing script located in the **scripts/send_message.php** file. This script will send a message and will return mailing status message. Let's look at this script more closely:

```
<?php
                                                             Checking for existence of $email variable
if (isset($_POST['email'])) $email = $_POST['email'];
                                                                            Message will be sent to
$mail to = "demo@idangero.us"; //change this email to yours
                                                                            this e-mail address. So
$subject = "Launcher subscription";
                                                                            you have to change it to
$message = "
                                                                            yours
New Launcher' visitor want to know whent the site will be opened.
His email: $email
$headers = "From: ".$email.">\r\n";
                                                                     Standard headers for the e-mail
$headers .= "Reply-To: ".$email."\r\n";
                                                                     message.
$headers .= "X-Mailer: PHPMailer"."\r\n";
$headers .= "Content-Type: text/plain; charset=\"utf-8\"";
if (mail($mail to, $subject, $message, $headers)) {
<div class="mail-sent">
 <img style="margin-right:10px" align="left" src="images/message-sent.png" width="80"</p>
height="39" alt="0k" />Thanks! Your email has been successfully sent!
</div>
<?php
                                                             If the message was
    }
                                                             successfully sent, the
                                                             script will return this
else {
                                                             HTML message.
?>
<div class="mail-error">
 <img style="margin-right:10px" align="left" src="images/message-error.png" width="80"
height="39" alt="Error" />Error Occured. Try again later.
</div>
<?php
    }
                                                           Otherwise script will return this
                                                           HTML code with an error
                                                           message.
```

You can easily edit this status messages using any HTML formatting.

9. PSD Files & Structure

There are **three** layered **.psd** files comes with the **Launcher** template. You can locate them into the **psd/** folder form the downloaded archive. Using these files you can easily redesign template. To edit these files you'll need an Adobe™ Photoshop™ (Recommended is CS4 or higher version)

First .psd file is the **launcher.psd**. It contains all general layouts for template styling:



Second psd file is the **social-bar.psd**, which contains social icons styling:

And the final psd file is the ajax-loader.psd, which will help you to redesign Ajax loader.

All layers in these file are well organized and easy to understand and redesign.

10. Licensing Terms

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RL gives you as a customer non-exclusive & non-transferable right to use the product you've bought, in this case is the **Launcher** (further "**Item**")

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