



"Designia" Premium Template By iDangero.us Documentation

Thank you for purchasing this item. If you have any questions that are beyond the scope of this help file, please feel free to contact us via support ticket form here.

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1. About "Designia"

Designia is a premium Ajax based animated website template, designed by the iDangero.us team. This template is perfect for small design studios, projects, or it can be used as a fashion site.

The main advantage of this template is that it uses only one page. All content pages are loading "on the fly", so your users do not need to wait the reloading of entire site. Template is fully animated without the use of Flash technology. Smooth and good looking animation and Ajax features of this template are realized with the JavaScript jQuery library.

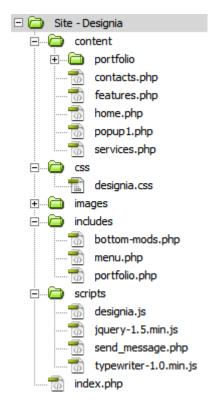
This template is easy to redesign, it has very simple and clear API.

Also **Designia** is powered with an Ajax Contact Form with validation and a Popup Engine.

Here is a couple of screenshots:



2. Designia Files Structure



Designia files are located in the **designia**/ folder from the downloaded archive:

content: in this folder there are .php files with a html content pages.

css: folder with a .css files

images: here you can find layouts images used in this Template

includes: php files with menu, bottom modules and portfolio content.

scripts: JavaScripts & PHP scripts used in this template

And the main index.php in the root folder

3. Installation

To install **Designia** template you have to copy all files & folders from the **designia/** folder to your web-site root folder on the server (It could be a real server or local testing server).

4. HTML Structure

Let's look at the main HTML/PHP structure of Designia Template. Open **index.php** file with a text editor (Highly recommended to use Adobe® Dreamweaver® or Notepad ++ editors). **Index.php**
body> structure:

```
<body>
                                    Ajax loader container
<div class="wrapper">
  <div class="ajax-loader">
    Loading...
                                                                   Menu section, menu HTML content
  </div>
                                                                   located in the includes/menu.php file
  <div id="menu">
    <?php include("includes/menu.php")?>
                                                         potfolio-bg contains big "portfolio" title image
  </div>
 <div class="portfolio-bg"></div>
                                                                     Portfolio container
  <div id="portfolio">
    <div class="folio-left"></div>
                                              folio-left and folio-right divs contain arrow images to slide portfolio
    <div class="folio-right"></div>
    <div class="folio-top">
                                                                  Portfolio HTML content located in
      <div class="folio-bot">
                                                                  the includes/portfolio.php file
        <div class="folio-mid">
          <?php include("includes/portfolio.php")?>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="main-content">
    <div class="content-wrap">
                                                All pages content will be loaded in this div
      <div class="dummy-content"></div>
      <div class="content">
          <div class="content-inner">
                                                                               Home page content must be
          <?php
                                                                               included by default, but if the
          if(empty($ GET['content'])) include ("content/home.php");
                                                                               URL "content" variable is not
          else include ("content/".$ GET['content'].".php");
                                                                               empty then the appropriate file
                                                                               will be included here
          2>
          </div>
      </div>
                                     Bottom modules section, their HTML content located in
    </div>
                                     the includes/bottom-mods.php file
  </div>
  <div id="bottomMods">
                                                               Footer Section.
    <?php include("includes/bottom-mods.php")?>
  </div>
  <div class="footer">
    © 2011 Designia Premium Template by iDangero.us. All Rights Reserved.
  </div>
                          Popup window
</div>
<div class="window">
 <div class="close"><img src="images/close.png" width="34" height="34" alt="x" onclick=</pre>
                                                All "popup" content will be placed here
"closePopup()" /></div>
 <div class="pop-content"></div>
</div>
<div id="p-layer"></div>
                                   This is the dark layer, which will fade in when the
                                   popup window is opened
</body>
```

Menu Section

Menu HTML content located in the includes/menu.php file:

```
<1i>>
   <span class="link-bg"></span>
   <a href="?content=home">Home</a>
 <1i>>
   <span class="link-bg"></span>
   <a href="?content=features">Features</a>
   <span class="linkDescr" title="Learn more about Designia features"></span>
 class="openFolio">
   <span class="link-bg"></span>
   <a href="#">Portfolio</a>
   <span class="linkDescr" title="Check out latest works made by Designia"></span>
 <1i>>
   <span class="link-bg"></span>
   <a href="?content=services">Services</a>
   <span class="linkDescr" title="Awesome Designia services"></span>
 <1i>)
   <span class="link-bg"></span>
   <a href="?content=contacts">Contacts</a>
```

To create your own menu link, first of all you have to create list element inside the **ul** list with a "menu" class using the **li>** tag. Then, add an empty span element with a "link-bg" class. After that put the link title inside using **<a> and ** tags. If you want to use typewriter effect to display link's description you have to add one more span element with a "linkDescr" class and to specify link's description inside of "title" attribute of this span tag.

Then you have to create new PHP file inside the **content/** folder with a HTML content of new page. Name it for example – **mypage.php**. So all you have to do is to specify link to this file in the created link with a HREF attribute. But you should use the following rule: You have to specify dynamic path to this file, not direct.

So your new link will look like this one:

```
<span class="link-bg"></span>
  <a href="?content=mypage">My Page</a>
  <span class="linkDescr" title="My Page description"></span>
```

Don't need to write it like this: **href="content/mypage.php"** Use it like in example above. JavaScript automatically will include content from the **PHP** file which is located in the **content/** folder with filename specified in **content** variable (in this case is the **mypage**)

We need to use such formatting to make these pages visible for search engines and users with disabled JavaScript.

Portfolio Section

Read more about portfolio section in chapter 7

Bottom Modules

HTML content of Bottom Modules is located in the includes/bottom-mods.php file:

```
Additional "first" class must be added to the first module
                                                  Any HTML content here
<div class="module first">
 <h3 class="module-title">First Module Title</h3>
  --- Firt Module Content --- -
                                                  You can add additional "yellow" class to make module
</div>
                                                 title yellow.
<div class="module">
 <h3 class="module-title yellow">Second Module Title</h3>
  --- Second Module Content ---
</div>
<div class="module">
  <h3 class="module-title">Third Module Title</h3>
  --- Third Module Content ---
                                      Additional "last" class must be added to the last module
<div class="module last ">-
 <h3 class="module-title yellow">Fourth Module Title</h3>
  --- Fourth Module Content ---
</div>
<div class="clear"></div>
```

Popup Window

All content pages (files) will be loaded into the div block with a "pop-content" class.

Footer Section

Footer section is used for copyrights information of you company or project. It will be automatically added to any loaded page.

```
<!-- Footer Section -->
<div class="footer">
   --- Footer Content --- 
</div>
```

Change --- Footer Content --- to something like this: © 2010 My Company. All Rights Reserved

5. Typography

Headings

This is the content heading. You should use the following formatting: <h2 class="content-heading"> ... Some Heading ... </h2>

Designia Features

Animated Page Loading

This is the inner heading. You should use the following formatting: <h3 class="inner-heading"> ... Some Heading ... </h3>

Every page is loading with a nice smooth fade and slide animation. Try these links for content with a different size: Home, Services, Contacts

Button

Send Message

This is the button. You should use the following formatting: ... Button text ... <input type="submit" class="button" value="Button Text" />

Sidebar

If you are using page WITHOUT sidebar you have to use following formatting:

But if you want to use sidebar you have to put page content into the DIV block with a "main-col" class, like here:

This page will look like this:

This is the module title. You should use the following formatting: <h3 class="module-title"> ... Some Heading ... </h3>

Welcome to Designia

Designia is a premium Ajax based animated website template, designed by the iDangero.us team. This template is perfect for small design studios, projects, or it can be used as a fashion site.

The main advantage of this template is that it uses only one page. All content pages are loading "on the fly", so your users do not need to wait the reloading of entire site. Template is fully animated without the use of Flash technology. Smooth and good looking animation and Ajax features of this template are realized with the JavaScript jQuery library.

This template is easy to redesign, it has very simple and clear API. Buying this template you will also get all .PSD sources and detailed documentation.

So, it's time to checkout the main pages of the site:

- Template Features
- · Ajax Contact Form with validation
- · Portfolio with a popup projects

Great Offer

Buying this template you will also get TypeWriter premium JavaScript library for FREE:



Lear more about TypeWriter

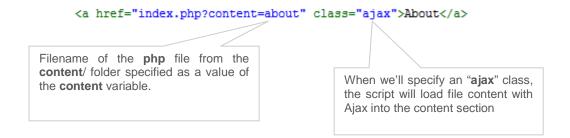
6. Inner Linking (How it works?)

So let's see how the Inner Linking works. This you should to know first:

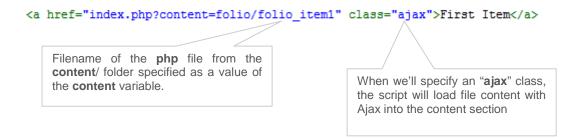
All files with HTML content you want to load with Ajax must be located in the content/ folder*.

All files must have a .php extension.

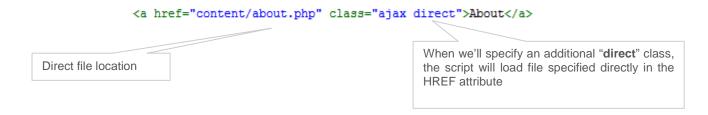
Example 1. We want to load HTML content from the **content/about.php** file directly from the simple link in the text. We should use the following formatting:



Example 2. We want to load HTML content from the **content/folio/folio_item1.php** file directly from the simple link in the text. We should use the following formatting:



*Example 3. We want to load HTML content from the **content/about.php** file directly from the simple link in the text. We also can use the following formatting:

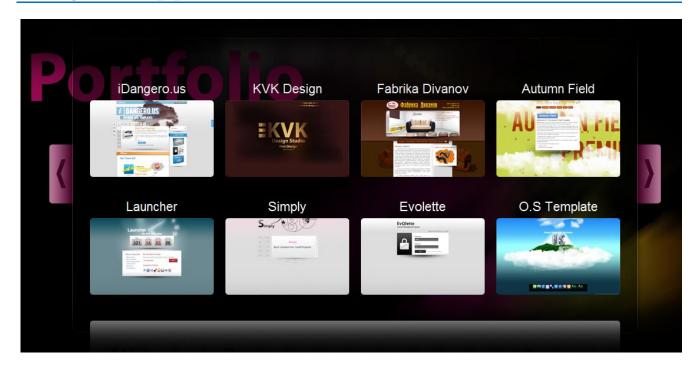


But this way (with direct file location) is highly not recommended to use

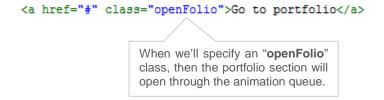
As you can see it is very easy to use Inner Linking. All you need is to specify filename as a value of the content variable using the **href** attribute and to specify the "**ajax**" class to load page with Ajax.

7. Portfolio Section

Portfolio appearance



To open portfolio you can click on the "Portfolio" menu link or use inline link with a special class like this one:



To slide portfolio slides you need to click on the pink arrows on both sides of portfolio.

Portfolio HTML Content

Now let's look at the portfolio HTML content which is located in the "includes/portfolio.php" file:

"folio-slides-wrap" and "folio-slides" containers are used for styling and to make hidden overflow for other portfolio slides.

```
Each "folio-slide" div container contains 8 folio items
     <div class="folio-slides-wrap">
       <div class="folio-slides">
                                                              This is a dummy container used to add additional spacing
         <div class="folio-slide">
           <div style="height:50px"></div>
                                                             "folio-item" div contains one folio item. Use additional "first"
           <div class="folio-item first">
                                                             class to the first folio-item in the line.
             <h3 class="folio-title">iDangero.us</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/id" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/id.png" width="210"</pre>
     height="130" alt="id" /></a> </div>
                                                             Folio item title here
           <div class="folio-item">
             <h3 class="folio-title">KVK Design</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/kvk" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/kvk.png" width=
     "210" height="130" alt="kvk" /></a> </div>
                                                                   Link to folio-item file with HTML content. Use
                                                                   "popup" class to open it in the popup window, or
           <div class="folio-item">
                                                                   "ajax" class to place it inside of content section
12
             <h3 class="folio-title">Fabrika Divanov</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/fabrika" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/fabrika.png"</pre>
     width="210" height="130" alt="fabrika" /></a> </div>
                                                              Use additional "last" class to the last folio-item in the line.
           <div class="folio-item last">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Autumn Field</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/autumn" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/autumn.png"</a>
     width="210" height="130" alt="autumn" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item first">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Launcher</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/launcher" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/launcher.png"</pre>
      width="210" height="130" alt="launcher" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Simply</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/simply" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/simply.png"</pre>
     width="210" height="130" alt="simply" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Evolette</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/evolette" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/evolette.png"</pre>
      width="210" height="130" alt="evolette" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item last">
             <h3 class="folio-title">0.S Template</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/os" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/os.png" width="210"
     height="130" alt="os" /></a> </div>
                                               Second "folio-slide" div container with another 8 folio items
         </div>
         <div class="folio-slide">
           <div style="height:50px"></div>
           <div class="folio-item first">
             <h3 class="folio-title">iDangero.us</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/id" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/id.png" width="210"</pre>
      height="130" alt="id" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item">
             <h3 class="folio-title">KVK Design</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/kvk" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/kvk.png" width=
     "210" height="130" alt="kvk" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Fabrika Divanov</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/fabrika" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/fabrika.png"</pre>
     width="210" height="130" alt="fabrika" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item last">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Autumn Field</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/autumn" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/autumn.png"</pre>
     width="210" height="130" alt="autumn" /></a> </div>
           <div class="folio-item first">
             <h3 class="folio-title">Launcher</h3>
             <a href="?content=portfolio/launcher" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/launcher.png"</a>
      width="210" height="130" alt="launcher" /></a> </div>
```

```
<div class="folio-item">
        <h3 class="folio-title">Simply</h3>
        <a href="?content=portfolio/simply" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/simply.png"</pre>
width="210" height="130" alt="simply" /></a> </div>
     <div class="folio-item">
        <h3 class="folio-title">Evolette</h3>
        <a href="?content=portfolio/evolette" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/evolette.png"</pre>
width="210" height="130" alt="evolette" /></a> </div>
      <div class="folio-item last">
        <h3 class="folio-title">0.S Template</h3>
       <a href="?content=portfolio/os" class="popup"><img src="images/folio-s/os.png" width="210"</pre>
 height="130" alt="os" /></a> </div>
   </div>
  </div>
</div>
<div class="clear"></div>
```

As you can see it's easy to add (change) your own folio items into the portfolio section.

8. CSS Files and Structure

There is one CSS file used in this Template. You can find css attachment in the HEAD section of index.php file.

```
<head>
-----
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/designia.css" />
-----
</head>
```

By default it is located in the **css/** folder. You can easily change the path or filename in the **href** attribute of **link** tag.

designia.css file contains all general layouts for the template. It is separated into appropriate sections.

If you would like to edit a specific section of the site, simply find the appropriate section in the CSS file, and then scroll down until you find the appropriate style that needs to be edited.

9. JavaScripts

Designia Template uses three JavaScript files

Attachment of JavaScript files can be found in the HEAD section of index.php file:

```
<head>
-----
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/jquery-1.5.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/typewriter-1.0.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="scripts/designia.js"></script>
------
</head>
```

You can easily change the path or filename in the src attribute of script tag.

The first script file is the jQuery (JavaScript library that greatly reduces the amount of code that you must write).

Second script file (typewriter-1.0.min.js) is the premium JavaScript library. But you got it for free. You can learn more about this library and its usage from the **typewriter/** folder from the downloaded archive.

And the third script file (designia.js) is the custom script used for animation, effects and Ajax requests. You can learn more about jQuery methods used here (fadeOut(), fadeIn(), fadeTo(), animate(), jQuery.get(), html(), delay(), hover() etc.) by visiting this jQuery Documentation Site.

First of all let's look at the custom script more closely.

The first part of the script is executed when the document is loaded. Here are the effects and rules for handling menu links, its animation, Ajax loader, Content pages initialization, function used for popup window etc.

We have to load this function (see below) to active some features for inline content such as ajax loading for links, popup for links etc.

```
// JavaScript Document
   jQuery (document) . ready (function () {
                                                         "Blink" effect for links with a "blink" class, when we'll
       pageScript()~
                                                        hover such link it will fade to opacity 0.5 for 300ms
       /*----Blink Effect---
       $("a.blink").hover(
            function() {$ (this).fadeTo(300,0.5)},
            function() {$ (this) .fadeTo (300, 1, function() {$ (this) .css ("filter", "") }) }
                                                       To make the Typewriter work we need to add unique "id"
       /*----*/
                                                       attribute to every "linkDescr" span equal to its index
       var linkDescr, linkIndex, menuLink;
       $("#menu li").each(function(){
            $ (this) .children(".linkDescr") .attr({"id":"linkDescr"+$(this) .index()});
                                                           We need to remove "divider" bg image from the last menu link,
       $ ("#menu li:last").css ('background', 'none') and to add additional margin and padding for the first link
       $("#menu li:first").css({'margin-left':'10px','padding-left':'10px'})
       $("#menu li").hover(
                                                                            Hover animation for menu links. When we'll
            function() {
                                                                             take the mouse cursor on the link, then the
                linkIndex = $(this).index();
                                                                             "link-bg" span will fade in for 300ms, and if
                                                                            menu link has the children "linkDescr" span
                $(this).children(".link-bg").fadeIn(300);
                                                                            with its description the typeWriter() function
                if ($(this).children(".linkDescr").length>0) {
                                                                            will be executed
                     $(this).children("a").animate({top:"5px"},200);
                     linkDescr = $(this).children(".linkDescr").attr('title');
                     typeWriter({twID:linkIndex,text:linkDescr,id:'linkDescr'+linkIndex,delay:20})
            },
                                                                          And when we take mouse cursor away from link
            function() {
                                                                          its background (span with a link-bg class) will
                $(this).children(".link-bg").fadeOut(150);
                                                                          fade out for 150ms. TypeWriter function will be
                $(this).children("a").animate({top:"30px"},150);
                                                                          stopped and HTML content of the children
                                                                          "linkDescr" span will be removed.
                typeWriter({twID:linkIndex}, "stop");
                $(this).children(".linkDescr").html("");
            }
                                                                     Handling for menu links. When you'll click on it, first of
       $("ul.menu > li").click(function(){
                                                                      all, function will check if this link has an "openFolio" class
                                                                      (Portfolio link). If yes then it will check if the Portfolio
34
            if ($(this).hasClass("openFolio")) {
                                                                     opened or closed, if opened then it will be closed and
                if ($("#portfolio").css('display') == 'block')
                                                                     otherwise
36
                     closePortfolio()
                                                             If it is not a "Portfolio" link then the loadContent() function will be
                else openPortfolio()
                                                             executed to load new page content, and Portfolio will be closed.
            }
            else {
                if ($("#portfolio").css('display') == 'block') closePortfolio()
                menuLink = $(this).children("a");
                loadContent("content/"+menuLink.attr("href").split("content=")[1]+".php")
            }
       1)
46
       $("#menu a").click(function(e){e.preventDefault()})
       /*----Portfolio-----
       $("#portfolio img").hover(
                                                Animation for the Portfolio images. When we'll hover such
                                               image it will fade to opacity 0.3 for 300ms
            function(){
                $(this).fadeTo(300,0.3)
            },
                                                Animation used to slide Folio Slides. When we'll click on the
            function() {
                                                "folio-right" div (arrow), then the all divs with a "folio-slide"
                $(this).fadeTo(300,1)
                                                class will slide left to -940px for 1.5 seconds.
            }
56
       $(".folio-right").click(function(){
            if ($(".folio-slide").css("left")!="-" + ($(".folio-slide").length-1)*940 + "px")
            $ (".folio-slide").animate({left:"-=940px"},1500) When we'll click on the "folio-left" div, then the all divs with a
                                                                    "folio-slide" class will slide left to +940px for 1.5 seconds.
       $(".folio-left").click(function() {
            if ($(".folio-slide").css("left")!="0px") $(".folio-slide").animate({left:"+=940px"},1500)
       })
```

This code means that when the Ajax request is starting, then the oenLoader() function will be executed

```
/*----*/
       $(".ajax-loader").ajaxStart(function(){
                                                                When the Ajax request is completed, then the
            openLoader()
                                                                closeLoader() function will be executed
66
       1)
       $(".ajax-loader").ajaxComplete(function(){
            closeLoader():
            -----Popup Window-----
                                                     When we'll click on the dark layer, the popup window will be closed
       $("#p-layer").click(function(){
            closePopup();
       1);
                                                 Handling for links with a "popup" class. Width and height variables will be
       $("a.popup").click(
                                                 equal to the REL and REV attributes. If link has the "direct" class then the
       function(e){
                                                 URL will be equal to the value of HREF attribute, otherwise it will be equal
                                                 to the value of the "content" variable from HREF attribute of link. And the
            e.preventDefault();
                                                popUp() function will be executed.
            var width=$(this).attr("rel");
            var height=$(this).attr("rev");
            if($(this).hasClass("direct")) var uri = $(this).attr("href");
                var url = "content/"+$(this).attr("href").split("content=")[1]+".php"
            popUp (url, width, height)
84
       1)
                                                  Handling for links with a "ajax" class. . If link has the "direct" class then the
                                                  URL will be equal to the value of HREF attribute, otherwise it will be equal
       /*-----Aiax Content----
                                                  to the value of the "content" variable from HREF attribute of link. And the
       $("a.ajax").click(
                                                   loadContent() function will be executed.
       function(e){
            e.preventDefault();
            if($(this).hasClass("direct")) loadContent($(this).attr("href"));
            else loadContent("content/"+$(this).attr("href").split("content=")[1]+".php");
       1)
  })
```

The next part of code contains functions which could be called from any place of the document. These functions are used to load files with content, for submitting and validation of the contact form, to call a popup window etc:

```
These two functions are used to show and to hide Ajax loader.
     -----Ajax Loader-
function openLoader() { -
    $(".ajax-loader").css({"position":"absolute", "top":$(window).scrollTop()+250}).show()
}
                                  loadContent() function is used to load php files from content/
function closeLoader() {
                                  folder and put their HTML content to site content section.
    $(".ajax-loader").hide()
                                                          Ajax GET request to the specified php file from the
}
                                                          content/ folder
/*----Content Loading Functions---
function loadContent(url) {
                                                       We have to put new content inside of "dummy-content"
    jQuery.get(url, function(newContent){
                                                       div to calculate new content page' height
         $(".dummy-content").html(newContent)
         $(".content-inner").animate({height:$(".dummy-content").height()},{queue:false, duration:
900})
                                                               Then the "content-inner" div will be animated to new
         $(".content-inner").fadeTo(300,0,function(){
                                                               height for 900ms and fade to opacity 0 for 300ms.
              $(".content-inner").html(newContent);
             pageScript();
              $ (".content-inner").fadeTo (300,1, function() {$ (".content,.content-inner").css ("filter",
"")})
                                                          After it is hided then the new content will be placed into
              $(".dummy-content").html("")
                                                          the "content-inner" div, and pageScript() function will be
         })
                                                          executed. After that the "content-inner" div will fade in
     })
                                                          for 300ms and "dummy-content" will be cleared.
```

This function will be executed with every page load.

```
"Blink" effect for elements with a "blink" class, when we'll
                                             hover such link it will fade to opacity 0.5 for 300ms
function pageScript() {
    $(".content .blink").hover(
         function() {$ (this).fadeTo(300,0.5) },
         function() {$ (this) .fadeTo (300, 1, function() {$ (this) .css("filter", "") }) }
                                              Handling for links with a "popup" class. The same
    $(".content a.popup").click( ___
                                              principle like above.
         function(e){
             e.preventDefault();
             var width=$(this).attr("rel");
             var height=$(this).attr("rev");
             if($(this).hasClass("direct")) var uri = $(this).attr("href");
             else {
                  var url = "content/"+$(this).attr("href").split("content=")[1]+".php"
             popUp(url,width,height)
    })
                                              Handling for links with an "ajax" class. The same principle
    $(".content a.ajax").click(
                                              like above.
         function(e){
             e.preventDefault();
             if ($(this).hasClass("direct")) loadContent($(this).attr("href"));
             else loadContent("content/"+$(this).attr("href").split("content=")[1]+".php");
                                               Handling for links with an "openFolio" class. If we'll click on the same
    $(".content a.openFolio").click("
                                               link then the Portfolio section will be opened (openPortfolio() function)
         function(e){
             e.preventDefault();
                                                        Handling for links with a "pop-image" class. It is used for
             openPortfolio()
                                                         special animated popup windows with an image inside.
    1)
                                                        After such link is clicked then the popUpImage() function
    $(".content a.pop-image").click(function(e){
                                                        will be executed.
         e.preventDefault();
         var bigImgUrl = $(this).attr("href");
         var bigImgWidh = $(this).attr("rel");
         popUpImage({url:bigImgUrl,width:bigImgWidh ,smallImg : $(this).children("img") });
                                                                                   These two functions are
}
                                                                                   used to open and to close
       -----Functions to open and to close Portfolio secton--
                                                                                   portfolio section.
function openPortfolio(){
         $(".portfolio-bg").delay(1800).fadeIn(600)
                                                                                           When the openPortfolio()
         $("#portfolio").slideDown(1000).animate( { "margin-top": "-19px" },600)
                                                                                           function is executed then the
                                                                                           "portfolio-bg" div will fade in
         $(".folio-left,.folio-right").delay(1800).fadeIn(300)
                                                                                           for 600ms after the 1800ms
                                                                                           delay. Div with a "portfolio" id
function closePortfolio(){
                                                                                           will slide down for 1000ms.
         $(".portfolio-bg").fadeOut(300)
                                                                                           Arrows will fade in for 300ms
         $("#portfolio").animate({"margin-top":"0px"},600).slideUp(1000)
                                                                                           after the 1800ms delay
         $(".folio-left,.folio-right").fadeOut(300)
}
        -----Popup Windows-----*/
function popUp (url, width, height) \( \int \) Default width value (600px)
                                                                    Default height value ('auto')
                                                                                                 We need to calculate
        var width=width||600;
                                                                                                 window padding to set
                                                            Top position for popup window
                                                                                                 the window correctly
        var height=height||"auto"; -
        var windowTop = $(window).scrollTop() + 100;
         var windowPadding = $(".window").css("padding").split("px")[0]
         if (!windowPadding) windowPadding = $(".window").css("padding-left").split("px")[0]
         jQuery.get(url,function(data){
                                                  Ajax GET request to the specified file. After that new content (from
                                                  file) will be inserted into the div with a "pop-content" class
             $(".pop-content").html(data);
             $(".window").css({"width":width,"height":height});
             $(".window").css({"left":($(window).width()-$(".window").width())/2-windowPadding,
"top":windowTop}).delay(300).fadeIn(300);
                                                                  Then we need to set window's size and position. After
             $('.window .close').delay(600).fadeIn(200);
                                                                  that window will fade in for 300ms after the 300ms delay.
             openLayer();
         })
                                                            "Close" image will fade in for 200ms after the 600ms
                                                            delay
                   And openLayer() function will be executed
```

```
This function is used to show "dark-layer". It will fade to opacity 0.6 for
   function openLayer() {
        $('#p-layer').fadeTo(300,0.6)
                                                        closePopup() function provides an opportunity to close a Popup Window.
                                                        Window will be closed using fade animation for 0.3 seconds
   function closePopup() {
        $('.window .close, #p-layer').fadeOut(300)
        $(".window").fadeOut(300, function(){
            $(".window").css({width: "auto", height: "auto"})
        });
                                                          This function is used to load animated popup window with an
   }
                                                          image inside. First of all it calculates position of small image and
          -----Popup Image Functions-----
                                                          then it place new resized big image to the pop-content container
   function popUpImage(params) {
                                                          with an onload event. When the image will be loaded then the
            openLoader()
                                                          popUpImage2() function will be executed
            var smallLeft = params.smallImg.offset().left
            var smallTop = params.smallImg.offset().top
            $(".pop-content").html('<img src="'+params.url+'" style="width:'+params.smallImg.width()+</pre>
   'px" onload="popUpImage2('+smallLeft+','+smallTop+','+params.width+')" />')
   }
                                                                  This function will animate popup window with image inside to
   function popUpImage2(smallLeft,smallTop,newWidth) {
                                                                  center of the window
190
        closeLoader();
191
       var windowPadding = $(".window").css("padding").split("px")[0]
        if(!windowPadding) windowPadding = $(".window").css("padding-left").split("px")[0]
        $(".window").css({left:smallLeft,top:smallTop,padding:"0px"}).show()
194
        var newLeft = ($(window).width() - newWidth)/2
        $(".window").animate({top:$(window).scrollTop()+100, left:newLeft-windowPadding, padding:
   windowPadding \, 300)
96
        $(".pop-content img").animate({width:newWidth},300,function(){openLayer()})
        $(".window .close").delay(500).fadeIn(300)
198
199
        ------Validation And Send Message Functions-----*/
function validateEmail() {
       var email = $("input#email").attr("value");
        \text{var re} = /^{w+([\cdot,-]?/w+)*0}(((([a-z0-9]\{2,\})|([a-z0-9][-][a-z0-9]+))[\cdot,][a-z0-9])|([a-z0-9]+[-y-2]) 
   ]?))+[a-z0-9]+\.([a-z]{2}|(com|net|org|edu|int|mil|gov|arpa|biz|aero|name|coop|info|pro|museum|
   mobi|travel))$/i;
                                                                                 validateEmail() function is used to
        if(re.test(email)) $("input#email").removeClass("invalid");
                                                                                 validat email field in the contact form.
        else $("input#email").addClass("invalid");
                                                                                 Validation is based on the regular
                                                                                 expressions. If the email address is
   function validateMessage() {
                                                                                 wrong then the "invalid" class will be
                                                                                 added to the email field (input field
       message = $("textarea#message").val();
                                                                                            "email"
                                                                                 with
                                                                                      an
                                                                                                    id
                                                                                                          attribute).
       m_length = ($.trim(message)).length;
                                                                                 Otherwise it will be removed.
        if (m length < 10) $("textarea#message").addClass("invalid");
        else $("textarea#message").removeClass("invalid");
                                                                   validateMessage() function is used for validating message
                                                                   area in the contact form. If the message contains less than 10
                                                                   characters, then the "invalid" class will be added to the contact
                                                                   form textarea with a "message" id attribute. Otherwise the
   function validateText(fieldId,length) {
                                                                   "invalid" class will be removed.
        field = $("input#"+fieldId);
        text = field.val();
                                                                  validateText() function is used to validating text fileds in the
       m length = ($.trim(text)).length;
                                                                  contact form. It is used here to validate Subject and Name. If
```

the field contains less than **length** characters, then the "invalid" class will be added to this field. Otherwise the

"invalid" class will be removed.

if (m length < length) field.addClass("invalid");

else field.removeClass("invalid");

sendMessage() function provides an opportunity to send e-mail message by the Ajax request (without reloading of the site). First of all validate functions will be executed (to validate **Email, Name, Subject** and **Message**). And then if some of the field has the **"invalid"** class, message will not be sent.

```
function sendMessage() {
    validateEmail();
    validateMessage();
    validateText('name', 6);
    validateText('subject', 6);
    if (!$("textarea#message,input#email,input#subject,input#name").hasClass("invalid")) {
        name = $("input#name").attr("value");
        email = $("input#email").attr("value");
        subject = $("input#subject").attr("value");
        message= $("textarea#message").val().replace(/<\/?[^>]+>/gi, '');
        jQuery.post("scripts/send_message.php", {name : name, email : email, subject : subject,
message : message},
             function (status) {
                 $("#contact-form").fadeTo(300,0,function(){
                      $(this).css({"visibility": "hidden"})
                      $(".message status").html(status).fadeIn(300)
                 })
        );
                               If all fields are correct, then the function will send an Ajax
                               request to the php script used for sending e-mail messages
    }
                               with the following variables: name, email, subject and
                               message. Script will return the message with the mailing
                               status, contact form will fade out and mailing status will fade
                               in instead of form.
```

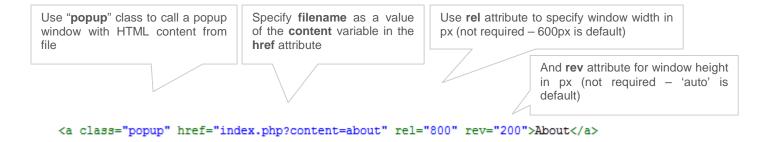
10. Popup Window

Designia template has its own engine to call popup windows. Here is screenshot:



Popup engine allows you to popup HTML content from the file.

Example 1. We need to call a popup window with HTML content from the **content/about.php** file. We can use the following formatting for the links:



JavaScript automatically will include content from the **PHP** file which is located in the **content/** folder with filename specified in **content** variable (in this case is the **about**)

Example 2. We need to call a popup window with HTML content **NOT** from the **content/** folder file. In these cases additional class "direct" is required! For example we need content from the **myfolder/about.php** file. We should use the following formatting for the links:



Example 3. We need to call a popup window with an image inside. We need small image (image_s.jpg) and big image (image_b.jpg). We should use the following formatting for the links:



11. Ajax Contact Form

HTML code of the contact page is in the **content/contacts.php** file:

```
Message status will be posted here
<h2 class="content-heading">Contacts</h2>
<div class="message_status"> </div>
<form id="contact-form" action="javascript:sendMessage()" method="post">
 <strong>You can contact us using the following contact form:</strong>
   <label>Your Name: *<br />
     <input type="text" size="50" name="name" id="name" onkeyup="validateText('name',6)" />
   </label>
 >
   <label>Subject: *<br />
     <input type="text" size="50" name="subject" onkeyup="validateText('subject', 6) " id="subject" />
   </label>
 >
   <label>E-mail: *<br />
     <input type="text" size="50" name="email" onkeyup="validateEmail()" id="email" />
 >
   <label>Message: *<br />
     <textarea id="message" onkeyup="validateMessage()" cols="30" rows="10"></textarea>
   </label>
 Fields marked with an asterisk(*) are required
   <input type="submit" value="Send Message" />
  </form>
```

If the all fields are correct sendMessage() script will send and Ajax request to the php mailing script located in the **includes/send_message.php** file. This script will send a message and will return mailing status message. Let's look at this script more closely:

```
<?php
if (isset($_POST['name'])) $name = $_POST['name'];
                                                                       Checking for existence of
if (isset($_POST['email'])) $email = $_POST['email'];
                                                                       these variables.
if (isset($_POST['subject'])) $subject = $_POST['subject'];
if (isset($ POST['message'])) $message = $ POST['message'];
                                                                              Message will be sent to
                                                                              this e-mail address. So
$mail to = "demo@idangero.us"; //change this email to yours
                                                                              you have to change it to
                                                                              yours
$message = stripslashes($message);
$headers = "From: ".$name." <".$email.">\r\n";
                                                                      Standard headers for the
$headers .= "Reply-To: ".$email."\r\n";
                                                                      e-mail message.
$headers .= "X-Mailer: PHPMailer"."\r\n";
$headers .= "Content-Type: text/plain; charset=\"utf-8\"";
if (mail($mail to, $subject, $message, $headers)) {
<div class="mail-sent">
 <h4><img style="margin-right:10px" align="left" src=
"images/layouts/mail-sent.png" alt="Ok" />Thanks! Your message has been
successfully sent!</h4>
</div>
                                                            If the message was
<?php
                                                            successfully sent, the
                                                            script will return this
    }
                                                            HTML message.
else {
?>
<div class="mail-error">
 <h4><img style="margin-right:10px" align="left" src=
"images/layouts/mail-error.png" alt="Error" />Error Occured. Try again later.
</h4>
</div>
<?php
                                                                 Otherwise script
                                                                                  will
                                                                 return this HTML code
                                                                 with an error message.
```

You can easily edit this status messages using the any HTML formatting.

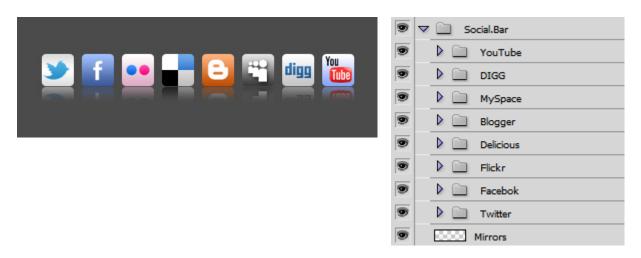
12. PSD Files & Structure

There are the **three** layered **.psd** files comes with the **Designia** template. You can locate them into the **psd/** folder form the downloaded archive. Using these files you can easily redesign template. To edit these files you'll need an Adobe™ Photoshop™ (Recommended is CS4 or CS5 version)

First .psd file is the **designia.psd**. It contains all general layouts for template styling:



Second file is the social-bar.psd. It contains social icons styling:



And the final psd file is the ajax-loader.psd, which will help you to redesign Ajax loader.

All layers in these file are well organized and easy to understand and redesign.

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