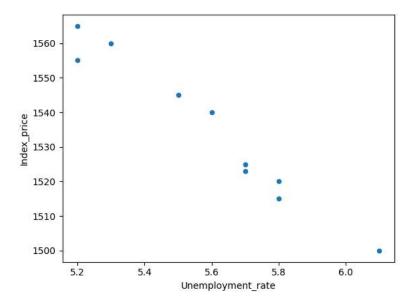
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
'''data = {'unemployment_rate': [6.1, 5.8, 5.7, 5.7, 5.8, 5.6, 5.5, 5.3, 5.2, 5.2],
       'index_price': [1500, 1520, 1525, 1523, 1515, 1540, 1545, 1560, 1555, 1565]
      }
df=pd.read_csv('/content/plotdata.csv')
print(df)
       Year Unemployment_rate Index_price
    0 1930
                           6.1
                                       1500
    1
       1940
                           5.8
                                       1520
       1950
                           5.7
                                       1525
    3
       1960
                           5.7
                                       1523
    4
       1970
                           5.8
                                       1515
      1980
                                       1540
                                       1545
    6 1990
                           5.5
    7
       2000
                           5.3
                                       1560
    8 2010
                           5.2
                                       1555
                                       1565
    9 2020
                           5.2
```

df.plot(x='Unemployment_rate', y='Index_price', kind='scatter')
plt.show()



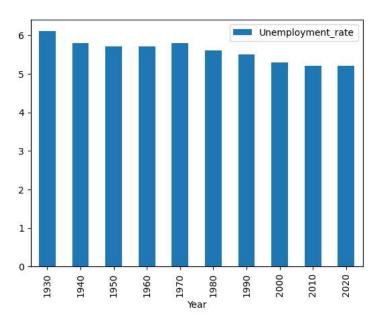
→ Line Chart

```
df.plot(x ='Year', y='Unemployment_rate', kind='line')
plt.show()
```



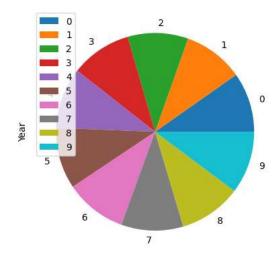
- Bar Chart

df.plot(x='Year', y='Unemployment_rate', kind='bar')
plt.show()



- Pie Chart

df.plot(y='Year', x='Unemployment_rate', kind='pie')
plt.show()



▼ Common Plots using Matplotlib

Template

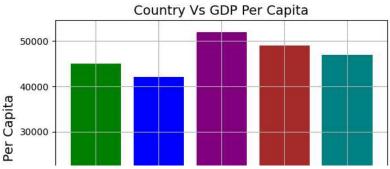
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

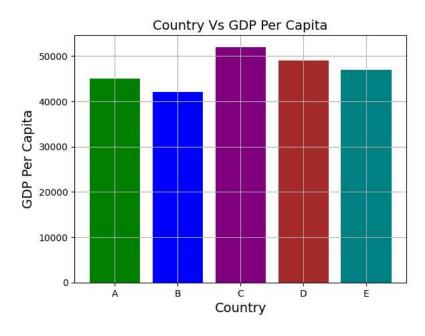
```
x_axis = ['value_1', 'value_2', 'value_3', ...]
y_axis = ['value_1', 'value_2', 'value_3', ...]
plt.bar(x_axis, y_axis)
plt.title('title name')
plt.xlabel('x_axis name')
plt.ylabel('y_axis name')
plt.show()
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
country = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
gdp_per_capita = [45000, 42000, 52000, 49000, 47000]
plt.bar(country, gdp_per_capita)
plt.title('Country Vs GDP Per Capita')
plt.xlabel('Country')
plt.ylabel('GDP Per Capita')
plt.show()
```

Sountry Vs GDP Per Capita 50000 - 40000 - 20000 - 10000 - A B C C Country

```
#You can further style the bar chart using this code:
country = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
gdp_per_capita = [45000, 42000, 52000, 49000, 47000]

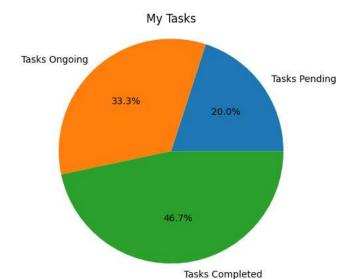
colors = ['green', 'blue', 'purple', 'brown', 'teal']
plt.bar(country, gdp_per_capita, color=colors)
plt.title('Country Vs GDP Per Capita', fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel('Country', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('GDP Per Capita', fontsize=14)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```







my_data = [300, 500, 700]
my_labels = 'Tasks Pending', 'Tasks Ongoing', 'Tasks Completed'
plt.pie(my_data, labels=my_labels, autopct='%1.1f%%')
plt.title('My Tasks')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()



unemployment_rate = [6.1, 5.8, 5.7, 5.7, 5.8, 5.6, 5.5, 5.3, 5.2, 5.2]
index_price = [1500, 1520, 1525, 1523, 1515, 1540, 1545, 1560, 1555, 1565]

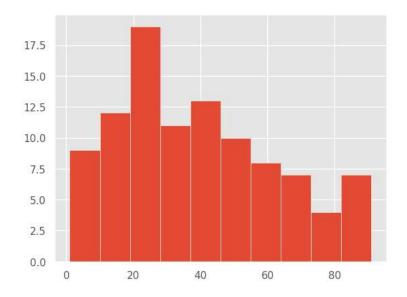
plt.scatter(unemployment_rate, index_price, color='green')
plt.title('Unemployment Rate Vs Index Price', fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel('Unemployment Rate', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Index Price', fontsize=14)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()



- Plot the histogram using matplotlib

Template

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = [value1, value2, value3,....]
plt.hist(x, bins=number of bins)
plt.show()
               x = [1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10,
     10, 11, 11, 13, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 18,
     18, 19, 20, 21, 21, 23, 24, 24, 25, 25,
     25, 25, 26, 26, 26, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
     29, 30, 30, 31, 33, 34, 34, 34, 35, 36,
     36, 37, 37, 38, 38, 39, 40, 41, 41, 42,
     43, 44, 45, 45, 46, 47, 48, 48, 49, 50,
     51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60,
     61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 70, 71, 72, 74,
     75, 77, 81, 83, 84, 87, 89, 90, 90, 91
plt.hist(x, bins=10)
plt.style.use('ggplot')
plt.show()
```

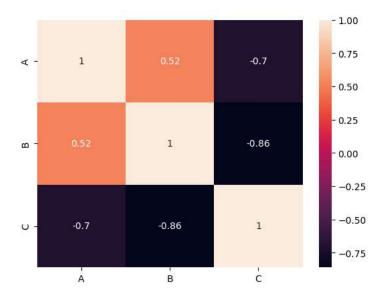


Visual Representation of the Correlation Matrix using Seaborn and Matplotlib

```
data = {'A': [45, 37, 42, 35, 39],
       'B': [38, 31, 26, 28, 33],
       'C': [10, 15, 17, 21, 12]
       }
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
print(df)
corr matrix = df.corr()
print(corr_matrix)
        A B C
    0 45 38 10
    1 37
           31 15
    2 42 26 17
    3 35 28 21
    4 39
          33 12
```

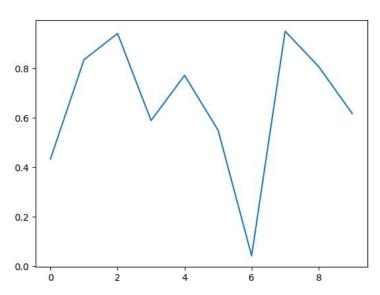
```
A 1.000000 0.518457 -0.701886
B 0.518457 1.000000 -0.860941
C -0.701886 -0.860941 1.000000
```

```
import seaborn as sn
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sn.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True)
plt.show()
```

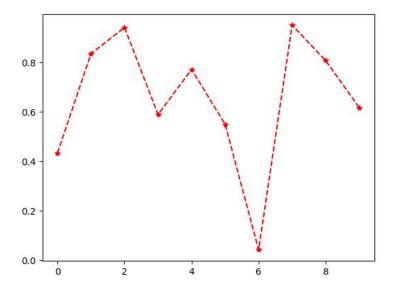


Double-click (or enter) to edit

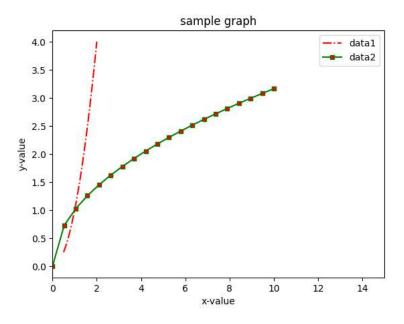
#plot line
plt.plot(x)
plt.show()



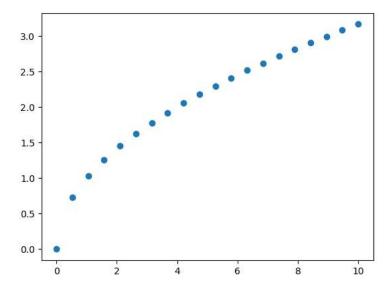
```
#plt.plot(x,'bD')
plt.plot(x,'r*--')
plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np
#y=sqrt(x)----data2
x=np.linspace(0,10,20)
y=np.power(x,0.5)
#z=square(a) ----data1
a=np.linspace(0.5,2,20)
z=np.square(a)
\verb| #plt.plot(a,z,label='datal',color='green',linestyle='dashed',marker='s',markerfacecolor='red',markersize=10|
plt.plot(a,z,label='data1',color='r',linestyle='-.')
#plt.plot(a,z,label='data1','r-.')
plt.plot(x,y,label='data2',color='g',marker='s',markerfacecolor='r',markersize=5)
plt.legend()
plt.title('sample graph')
plt.xlabel('x-value')
plt.ylabel('y-value')
plt.xlim(0,15)
plt.show()
```

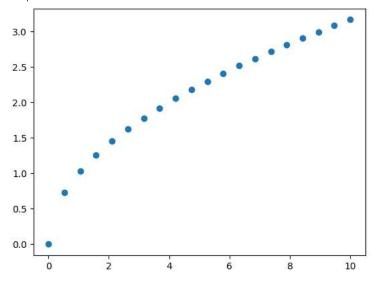


plt.plot(x,y,'o')
plt.show()



plt.scatter(x,y)

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7b306cae0fd0>



#plt.hist(y)
plt.hist(y,bins=3)
plt.hist(y, edgecolor='r')
plt.show()

```
import seaborn as sns
         I
sns.set()
sns.lineplot(x,y)
plt.show()
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-34-d3fcbf03b7aa> in <cell line: 1>()
     ---> 1 sns.lineplot(x,y)
          2 plt.show()
     TypeError: lineplot() takes from 0 to 1 positional arguments but 2 were given
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
!pip install seaborn==0.9.0
     Requirement already satisfied: seaborn==0.9.0 in c:\user\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.14.0 in c:\users\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn==0.9.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.15.2 in c:\users\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn==0.9.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=1.4.3 in c:\user\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn==0.9.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.9.3 in c:\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn==0.9.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2 in c:\users\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.15.2->seaborn==0.9.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2011k in c:\users\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.15.2->seaborn==0.9.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10 in c:\user\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.3->seaborn==0.9.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\user\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.3->seaborn==0.9.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in c:\user\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1
     You are using pip version 9.0.1, however version 19.2.3 is available.
    You should consider upgrading via the 'python -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
import pandas as pd
filename='/content/weather.csv'
df=pd.read csv(filename)
```

df=pd.read_csv(filename)
df.head()

month avg low avg high

	month	avg_low	avg_high	record_high	record_low	avg_preci
0	Jan	58	42	74	22	2.95
1	Feb	61	45	78	26	3.02
2	Mar	65	48	84	25	2.34
3	Apr	67	50	92	28	1.02
4	May	71	53	98	35	0.48

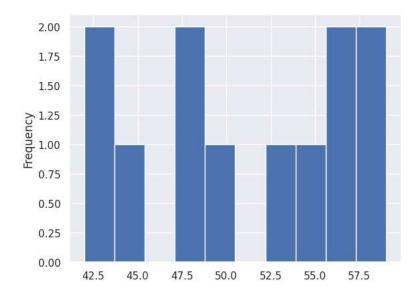
df.columns=df.columns.str.lstrip()

```
%matplotlib inline
df.plot(x='month',y='avg_low',kind='bar',title="bar chart",legend=True)
```



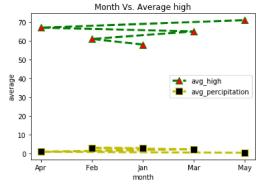


df['avg_high'].plot.hist(bins=10)
plt.style.use('ggplot')



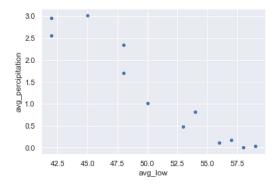
df.columns

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0xb3f12fd0b8>

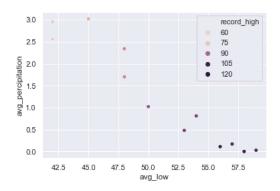


plt.bar()

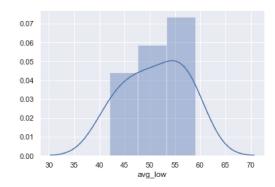
ax=sns.scatterplot(x='avg_low',y='avg_percipitation',data=df)



ax=sns.scatterplot(x='avg_low',y='avg_percipitation',hue='record_high',data=df)



ax=sns.distplot(df['avg_low'])

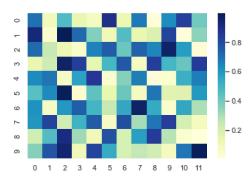


uniform_data=np.random.rand(10,12)
uniform_data

```
array([[ 0.70344773, 0.09812472, 0.47394285, 0.14278102, 0.0788329,
         0.89431206, 0.1272322 ,
                                 0.68077213, 0.01209378, 0.63568675,
         0.83749171, 0.40730232],
       [ 0.93466059, 0.04523419,
                                 0.9979945 , 0.72265328, 0.37257474,
                                 0.14111717, 0.1910405,
         0.11917064, 0.46693486,
                                                          0.82762219,
         0.01586194, 0.35782062],
       [ 0.71932964, 0.2515214 ,
                                 0.12621854, 0.05659261, 0.6571262,
                                 0.73944558, 0.65076721, 0.96486861,
         0.75553751, 0.41714067,
         0.58474553, 0.01971113],
       [ 0.1364273 , 0.23056867,
                                 0.96311641, 0.83965569,
                                                          0.15839363,
         0.49305324, 0.76700227,
                                 0.08072943, 0.84225936,
                                                          0.49407127,
        0.42078366, 0.84942456],
       [ 0.64304758,
                     0.68778838, 0.06169656, 0.57469241, 0.86684031,
         0.04165984, 0.36245255,
                                 0.67403267, 0.02000103,
                                                          0.04253173,
                     0.67121135],
        0.52754396,
       [ 0.45801261,
                     0.64227595,
                                 0.98808018,
                                             0.03482514,
                                                          0.44240673,
         0.14099633,
                     0.41290858,
                                 0.08126955,
                                              0.68909843,
                                                          0.17468816,
                     0.59792319],
        0.17889924,
                     0.06091456, 0.60603438, 0.75136733, 0.49780655,
       [ 0.61974019,
         0.24708835, 0.54810716, 0.96333119, 0.54266217, 0.05046595,
```

```
0.55705436, 0.29461197],
[ 0.60644019, 0.8295255 , 0.22031545, 0.50988299, 0.75389876, 0.0610872 , 0.796234 , 0.31212852, 0.69106179, 0.84482262, 0.20955993, 0.09203925],
[ 0.222307 , 0.46969717, 0.91428803, 0.3247527 , 0.10868443, 0.78816422, 0.20557491, 0.5768842 , 0.84823093, 0.27968698, 0.03874419, 0.0049343 ],
[ 0.36462162, 0.77501611, 0.9471405 , 0.11892888, 0.82977494, 0.5554319 , 0.20357565, 0.26047622, 0.22155178, 0.08392495, 0.68908784, 0.99160178]])
```

ax=sns.heatmap(uniform_data,cmap='YlGnBu')



import pandas as pd

df=pd.read_csv('/content/weather.csv')

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 12 entries, 0 to 11
Data columns (total 6 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	month	12 non-null	object
1	avg_high	12 non-null	int64
2	avg_low	12 non-null	int64
3	record_high	12 non-null	int64
4	record_low	12 non-null	int64
5	<pre>avg_percipitation</pre>	12 non-null	float64
	67 (- 4 (- 4)		

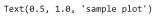
dtypes: float64(1), int64(4), object(1)

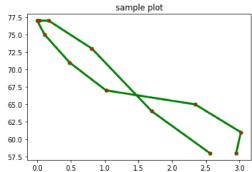
memory usage: 704.0+ bytes

df.columns=df.columns.str.lstrip()

df.columns

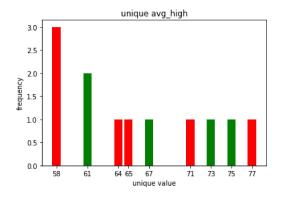
plt.plot(df['avg_percipitation'], df['avg_high'],color='g',linestyle='-',linewidth=3,marker='o',markerfacecolor='r',markersize=5)
plt.title('sample plot')
#plt.xlabel('x')



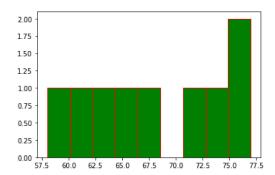


```
u=df['avg_high'].unique()
u
c=df['avg_high'].value_counts()
c

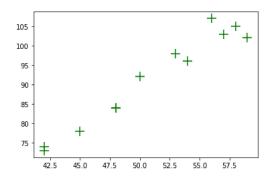
t_lab=u
#plt.bar(u,c,tick_label=t_lab)
plt.bar(u,c,tick_label=t_lab,color=['r','g'])
plt.title('unique avg_high')
plt.xlabel('unique value')
plt.ylabel('frequency')
plt.show()
```



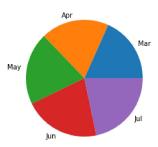
```
range=(min(u),max(u))
bins=9
#plt.hist(u)
plt.hist(u,bins,range,color='g',histtype='bar',edgecolor='r')
plt.show()
```



```
plt.scatter(df['avg_low'],df['record_high'],marker='+',s=200,color='g')
plt.show()
```



```
x=df['month'].iloc[2:7]
y=df['avg_high'].iloc[2:7]
plt.pie(y,labels=x)
plt.show()
```



 $plt.pie(y,labels=x,explode=[0,1,0,0,0],colors=['red','green','blue','yellow','cyan'],startangle=10) \\ \#plt.legend() \\ plt.show()$

