

| | |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| Ex. No: | SERVO MOTOR (SWEEP MODE) |
| Date: | |

AIM:

To control the movement of a servo motor using Arduino, by programming it to sweep back and forth between 0 to 180 degree continuously

COMPONENTS REQUIRED:

| COMPONENTS | NOS |
|--------------------|-----|
| ARDUINO UNO | 1 |
| USB CABLE (A to B) | 1 |
| SERVO MOTOR | 1 |

PROCEDURE:

Step1: Connect the Signal wire of the servo (usually yellow, orange, or white) to digital pin 9 on the Arduino.

Step2: Connect the Power pin (usually the Red) of the servo to VCC pin on the Arduino.

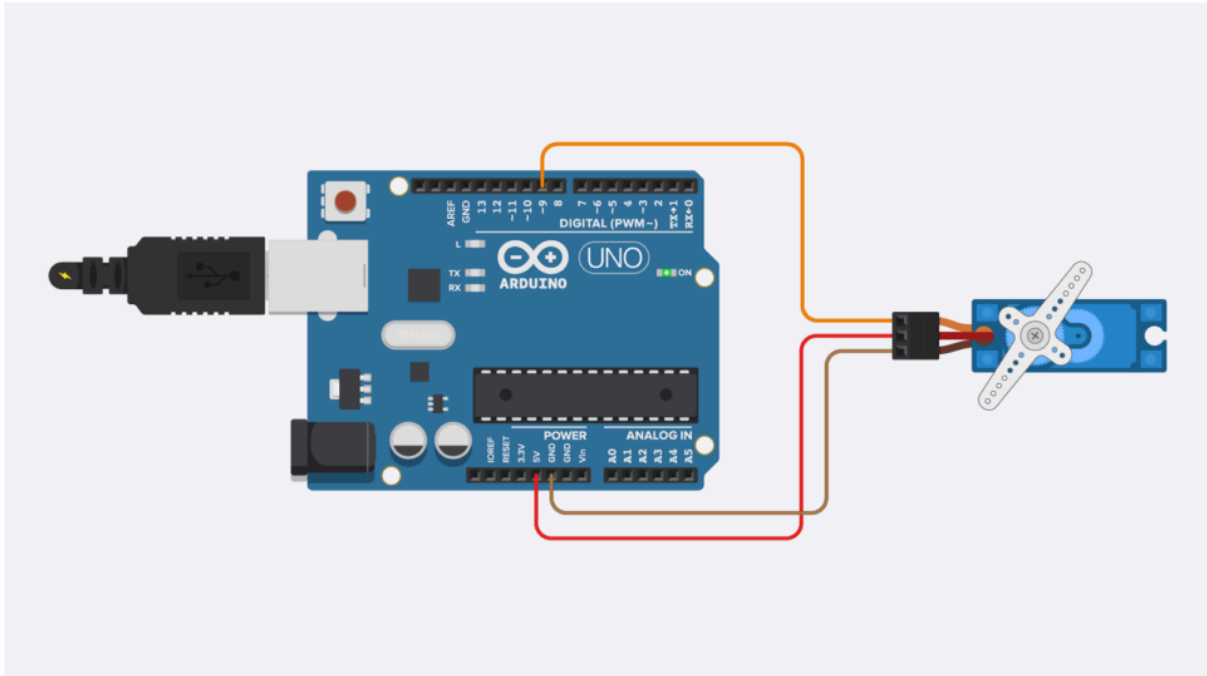
Step3: Connect the ground pin (usually the black or brown wire) of the servo to the GND pin on the Arduino.

Step4: Open the Arduino IDE on the computer. Then write the program.

Step5: Connect the Arduino to the computer via USB cable, select the correct board and port in the tool menu.

Step6: Upload the program to the Arduino board.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM:



PROGRAM:

```
#include <Servo.h>
```

```
Servo myServo; // Create a Servo object
```

```
int pos = 0; // Variable to store the servo position
```

```
void setup() {
```

```
  myServo.attach(9); // Attach the servo to pin 9
```

```
}
```

```
void loop() {
```

```
  // Sweep from 0 to 180 degrees
```

```
  for (pos = 0; pos<= 180; pos++) {
```

```
    myServo.write(pos);
```

```
    delay(map(pos, 0, 180, 30, 5)); // Dynamic delay, starts slower and speeds up
```

```
  }
```

```
  // Sweep from 180 to 0 degrees
```

```
  for (pos = 180; pos>= 0; pos--) {
```

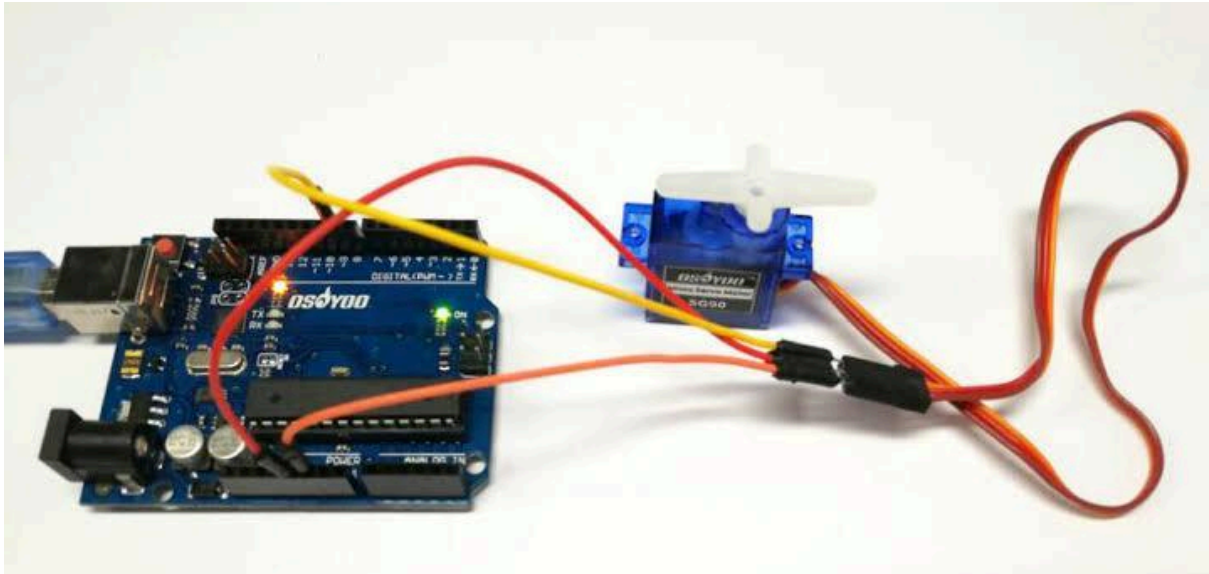
```
    myServo.write(pos);
```

```
    delay(map(pos, 0, 180, 5, 30)); // Dynamic delay, starts faster and slows down
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus, the above program to control the movement of servo motor using Arduino UNO board was executed and the output verified successfully.