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**Total No. of Pages : 03**

**Total No. of Questions : 18**

**B.Tech. (Electrical Engg./ECE) (2018 & Onwards) (Sem.-2)**

**MATHEMATICS-II**

**Subject Code : BTAM-202-18**

**M.Code : 76255**

**Time : 3 Hrs.**

**Max. Marks : 60**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. SECTION-A is **COMPULSORY** consisting of **TEN** questions carrying **TWO** marks each.
2. SECTION - B & C have **FOUR** questions each.
3. Attempt any **FIVE** questions from SECTION B & C carrying **EIGHT** marks each.
4. Select atleast **TWO** questions from SECTION - B & C.

## SECTION-A

**Answer briefly :**

- 1) Is this differential equation  $x^2 \left( \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \right)^3 + y \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)^4 + y^4 = 0$  linear?
- 2) Is this differential equation  $(e^y + 1) \cos x \, dx + e^y \sin x \, dy = 0$  exact?
- 3) Write the solution of the Clairaut's equation  $y = px + \cos^{-1}(p + 1)$ .
- 4) Find complete solution of  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$ .
- 5) Find particular integral of  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 7 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 12 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{x-y}$ .
- 6) Give geometric interpretation of Newton Raphson method.
- 7) Give the Gauss's forward interpolation formula.
- 8) Write the formula for Simpson's  $\frac{3}{8}$  rule.
- 9) Give the Adam's predictor corrector formula.
- 10) Write the one dimensional heat equation.

## SECTION-B

11) Solve :

a)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2xy \cos x^2 - 2xy + 1}{x^2 - \sin x^2 - 3}.$

b)  $\tan y \frac{dy}{dx} + \tan x = \cos y \cos^2 x.$

12) a) Solve  $(x^2 D^2 - 2xD - 4)y = x^4.$

b) Solve using method of variation of parameters  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 9y = \frac{e^{3x}}{x^2}.$

13) Solve a)  $yzp + zxq = xy.$

b)  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - 6 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \cos(3x + y).$

14) a) Solve the PDE  $(D + D' - 1)(D + 2D' - 3)z = 4 + 3x + 6y.$

b) Using method of separation of variables, solve  $3 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$  with  $u(x, 0) = 4e^{-x}.$

## SECTION-C

15) a) Find a root of  $\cos x = xe^x$  using regula falsi method correct upto three decimal places.

b) Using interpolation, find missing values in the following table :

$x$	45	50	55	60	65
$y$	3.0	-	2.0	-	-2.4

- 16) a) Estimate  $f(38)$ , using Gauss backward difference formula :

$x$	20	25	30	35	40	45
$f(x)$	354	332	291	260	231	204

- b) Estimate  $\int_0^2 e^x dx$ , using Trapezoidal rule by taking 10 intervals.

- 17) a) Use Taylor's series method to find the value of  $y$  at  $x = 0.2$  upto 3 decimals, where  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - 2xy$ .

- b) Use Runge-Kutta method of order 4 to find the value of  $y$  at  $x = 0.1$  upto 3 decimals, where  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ .

- 18) Using Crank-Nicholson method, solve the PDE  $2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$ ;  $0 < t < 1.5$ ,  $0 < x < 4$  subject to conditions  $f(x, 0) = 50(4 - x)$ ,  $f(0, t) = 0$ ,  $f(4, t) = 0$ .

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**