

# Control Systems

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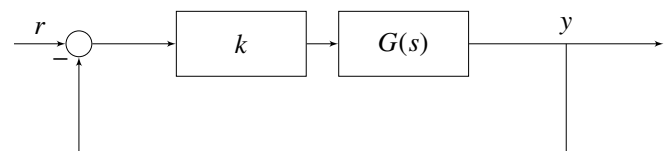


Fig. 3.3.1

**Solution:** The closed loop transfer function is

$$H(s) = \frac{kG(s)}{1 + kG(s)} \quad (3.3.1.2)$$

$$= \frac{k}{s^2 + 2s + k} \quad (3.3.1.3)$$

after substituting from (3.3.1.1).

3.3.2. Find the step response of the system.

**Solution:** From (3.3.1.3), the step response is

$$Y(s) = \frac{k}{s^2 + 2s + k} \frac{1}{s} \quad (3.3.2.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow y(t) = & \left[ 1 + \frac{k}{(2\sqrt{1-k})(-1+\sqrt{1-k})} e^{(-1+\sqrt{1-k})t} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{k}{(2\sqrt{1-k})(1+\sqrt{1-k})} e^{(-1-\sqrt{1-k})t} \right] u(t) \end{aligned} \quad k \neq 1 \quad (3.3.2.2)$$

and

$$y(t) = (1 - e^{-t} - te^{-t})u(t) \quad k = 1 \quad (3.3.2.3)$$

3.3.3. Find the steady state step response of the system using the final value theorem.

**Solution:** From (3.3.2.1),

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sY(s) \quad (3.3.3.1)$$

$$= 1 \quad (3.3.3.2)$$

3.3.4. Find the step response for an overdamped system.

**Solution:** For an overdamped system,  $k < 1$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow y(t) = & \left[ 1 - e^{-t} \left\{ \frac{\sinh(\sqrt{1-k})t}{\sqrt{1-k}} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \cosh(\sqrt{1-k})t \right\} \right] u(t) \end{aligned} \quad (3.3.4.1)$$

3.3.5. Find the step response for an underdamped system.

**Solution:** In this case,  $k > 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow y(t) = & \left[ 1 - e^{-t} \left\{ \frac{\sin(\sqrt{k-1})t}{\sqrt{k-1}} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \cos(\sqrt{k-1})t \right\} \right] u(t) \end{aligned} \quad (3.3.5.1)$$

3.3.6. Find the step response for a critically damped

system.

**Solution:** For  $k = 1$ ,

$$y(t) = (1 - e^{-t} - te^{-t})u(t) \quad (3.3.6.1)$$

3.3.7. The settling time  $t_s$  is defined as the first instant where

$$|y(t_s) - y_{ss}| \leq 0.02 \quad (3.3.7.1)$$

where  $y_{ss}$  is the steady state value of  $y(t)$ . Find  $k$  for which the settling time is minimum.

**Solution:** Considering Critical Damped System, where  $k = 1$ ,

Plot of step response:

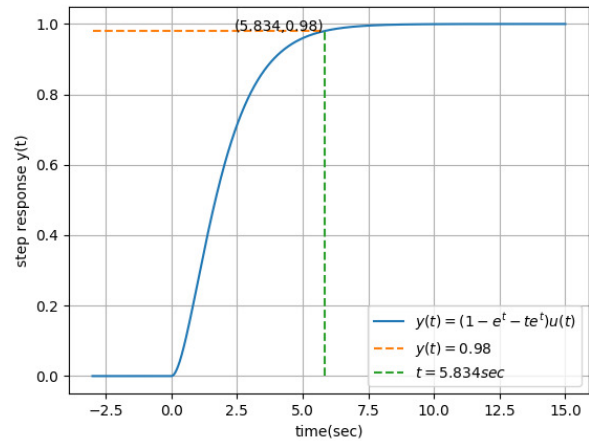


Fig. 3.3.7: Step response of Critical damped system

Python code for above plot is

```
codes/ee18btech11035_1.py
```

Settling time is 5.834sec.

Considering Under Damped System, where  $k > 1$  Plot of step response :

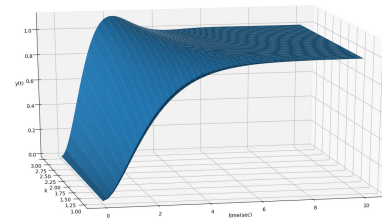


Fig. 3.3.7: Step response of Under damped system

Python code for above plot is

codes/ee18btech11035\_2.py

There is an overshoot for every value of  $k > 1$ .  
 Considering Over Damped System, where  $k < 1$   
 Plot of step response :

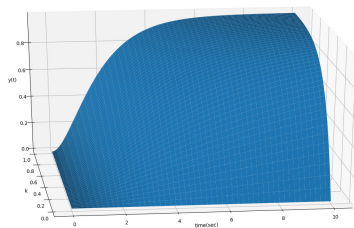


Fig. 3.3.7: Step response of Over damped system

Python code for above plot is

codes/ee18btech11035\_3.py

As the value of  $k$  is increasing the settling time is increasing. The lowest settling time obtained for a Over damped system is greater than obtained for critical damped case.

Therefore, when  $k$  is 1 minimum settling time for step response of the given system (3.3.1.3) is obtained.

## 4 ROUTH HURWITZ CRITERION

### 4.1 Routh Array

### 4.2 Marginal Stability

### 4.3 Stability

### 4.4 Example

## 5 STATE-SPACE MODEL

### 5.1 Controllability and Observability

### 5.2 Second Order System

### 5.3 Example

### 5.4 Example

### 5.5 Example

## 6 NYQUIST PLOT

### 6.1 Introduction

### 6.2 Example

## 7 COMPENSATORS

### 7.1 Phase Lead

### 7.2 Example

## 8 GAIN MARGIN

### 8.1 Introduction

### 8.2 Example

## 9 PHASE MARGIN

## 10 OSCILLATOR

### 10.1 Introduction

### 10.2 Example