Computational Methods HW-9

Aasim Z Jan (aj3008@g.rit.edu) November 23, 2020

https://github.com/AasimZahoor/Comp_methods.git

Question 1.

Given

This problem has 4 different tasks and a bonus task towards at the end. Here we are given a file SN-m-tot-V2.0 which has sunspot numbers observed at different years starting from 1749. From observation it is known that there is a yearly cycle and a cycle of 11 years.

Task-1

This task asks us to elaborate on the AR model I will be using. The model I have chosen has noise, μ (average) dependence, and has terms which account for dependence on previous value, yearly cycle and the 11 year cycle. Mathematically, my model can be written as;

$$X_t = c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + \phi_{132} X_{t-132} + N(0, \sigma_z)$$

So my AR model has a p value of 3. Here, c accounts for μ , the ϕ values account for different dependencies and N accounts for noise.

$$\label{eq:Model} \begin{split} \text{Model} &= c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + \phi_{132} X_{t-132} \\ \text{Noise} &= \textit{N}(0, \sigma_z) \end{split}$$

$$\text{AR model} &= c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + \phi_{132} X_{t-132} + \textit{N}(0, \sigma_z) \end{split}$$

Task-2

For this task I made three functions.

• Inprior(theta):

This function returns prior for the given values of theta. My function favors phi values <=1.

Parameters-

theta: Array of parameters.

Returns: Value of log-prior

• lnlike(theta,data):

This function returns loglikelihood for given parameters of the model. The model is described in this part of the code.

Parameters-

theta: Array of parameters

data: data

Returns-

loglikelihood of the model with the given parameters.

• lnprob(theta, data):

This function gives the probability of the model with given parameters. This function calls the previous two functions

Parameters-

theta: Array of parameters

data: data

Returns-

Probability of the model with the given parameters.

So after defining the functions I used the emcee package to find the parameter values. Using those parameter values I found the fit values(for model and AR model) and noise. The equation I used is:

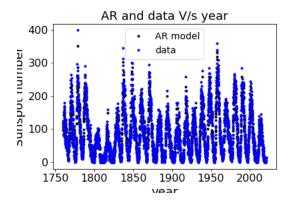
$$Model = c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + \phi_{132} X_{t-132}$$

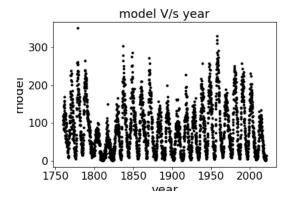
Noise =
$$N(0, \sigma_z)$$

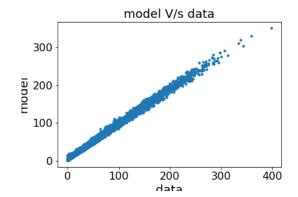
AR model =
$$c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + \phi_{132} X_{t-132} + N(0, \sigma_z)$$

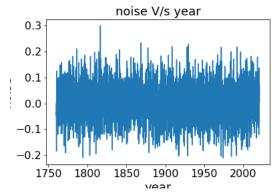
Using the above equations I plotted these graphs and found the following best fit parameters.

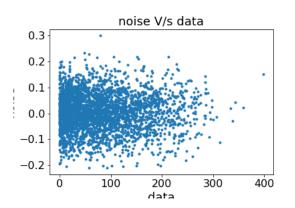
Plots for task 2

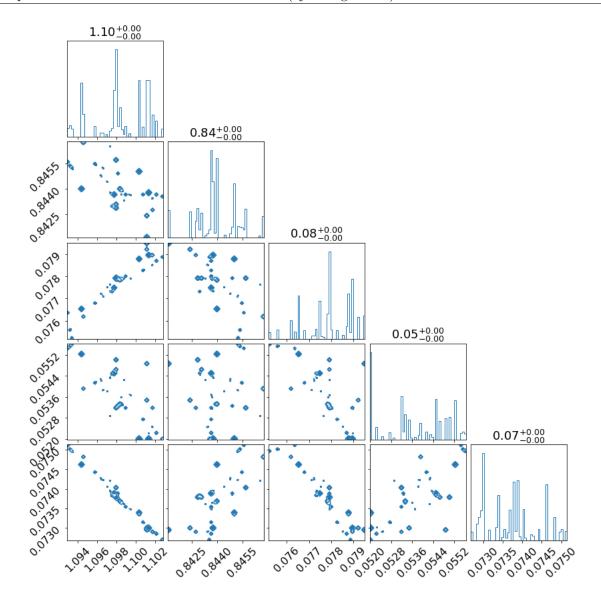












Task-3

Here we are asked to plot the spectrum. I used np.fft.fft to find the fourier transform. Using the fourier transform I calculated the Amplitude. The frequency was calculated using a frequency function described below:

• freq(time):

This finds the frequency for the fourier transform using the time at which data was taken.

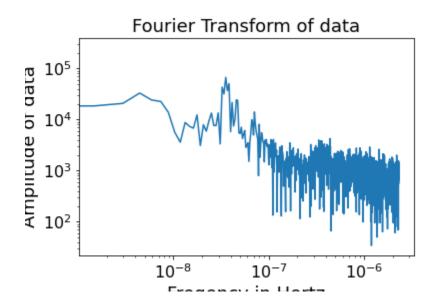
Parameters:

time: time at which each sunspot value was taken(in days).

Returns:

frequency in Hertz.

Results of task-3

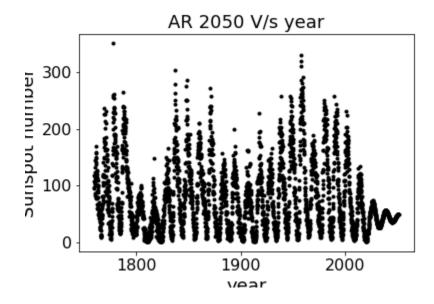


From the plot it we can see there are two peaks. I think the two peak represent the yearly periodicity and 11 year periodicity. I imagine the yearly periodicity to be a wave enveloped by the 11 year periodicity wave.

Task-4

We are asked to plot till year 2050. To do that I first made a new time array which goes from 1749 - 2050. Then using the below equation and parameter values found earlier I found the sunspot values at different values. I fell my model is good for predicting this far in time.

Plot



Bonus

This problem asks us to find AIC for three models, including the model I used for earlier tasks , values using the equation;

$$AIC = 2k - 2\ln(L_{max})$$

Here, I used the following three AR models. Mathematically;

$$Model-1 = c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + \phi_{132} X_{t-132} + N(0, \sigma_z)$$

This model accounts for previous value dependence, yearly cycle and 11 year cycle. k value is 5.

Model-2 =
$$c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \phi_{12} X_{t-12} + N(0, \sigma_z)$$

This model accounts for previous value dependence and yearly cycle. k value is 4.

Model-3 =
$$c + \phi_1 X_{t-1} + N(0, \sigma_z)$$

This model accounts for just previous value dependence. k value is 3.

```
In [21]: runcell(1, '/Users/aj3008/Desktop/MS_3rd_Sem/Comp_methods_in_AST/Comp_methods/
Hw_9/Bonus.py')
100%
                         [00:18<00:00,
                 100/100
100%
                 100/100
                          [00:18<00:00,
                         [00:18<00:00,
                                         5.35it/s]
100% i
                 100/100
              comparison 4.128818819509455
model 1 and
model 1 and 3 comparison 4.5381489151464764
model 2 and 3 comparison 1.099139757284301
In [22]:
```

Comparison was done by taking the ratio of AIC values.

I think it makes sense that model 1 is the best since it accounts for all dependencies and cycles. Model 2 accounts for yearly cycle so it is somewhat better than model 3.