ASSIGNMENT (13.06.2024)

1. Height of Binary Tree After Subtree Removal Queries

```
CODE:
class TreeNode:
  def __init__(self, x):
    self.val = x
    self.left = None
    self.right = None
def tree_height(root):
  if not root:
    return -1
  left_height = tree_height(root.left)
  right_height = tree_height(root.right)
  return 1 + max(left_height, right_height)
def remove_subtree(root, val):
  if not root:
    return None
  if root.val == val:
    return None
  root.left = remove_subtree(root.left, val)
  root.right = remove_subtree(root.right, val)
  return root
def process_queries(root, queries):
  answer = □
  for query in queries:
    original_left = root.left
    original_right = root.right
    root.left = remove_subtree(original_left, query)
    root.right = remove_subtree(original_right, query)
    height_after_removal = tree_height(root)
    answer.append(height_after_removal)
    root.left = original_left
    root.right = original_right
   return answer
root = TreeNode(1)
root.left = TreeNode(2)
root.right = TreeNode(3)
root.left.left = TreeNode(4)
root.left.right = TreeNode(5)
root.right.left = TreeNode(6)
root.right.right = TreeNode(7)
```

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queries = [2, 3]
print(process_queries(root, queries))
OUTPUT:
======= RESTART: /Users/aasritha/
[2, 2]
```

```
2 . Sort Array by Moving Items to Empty Space
CODE:
def min_operations_to_sort(nums):
  n = len(nums)
  zero_index = nums.index(0)
  moves_to_start = zero_index
  additional_moves_start = sum(1 for i in range(1, n) if nums[(zero_index + i) % n] != i)
  moves_to_end = (n - 1) - zero_index
  additional_moves_end = sum(1 for i in range(1, n) if nums[(zero_index - i) % n]!= i)
  total_moves_start = moves_to_start + additional_moves_start
  total_moves_end = moves_to_end + additional_moves_end
  return min(total_moves_start, total_moves_end)
nums = [3, 0, 1, 2]
print(min_operations_to_sort(nums))
OUTPUT:
======= RESTART: /Users/gasritha.
 1
```

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3. Apply Operations to an Array
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```
CODE:
def apply_operations(nums):
  n = len(nums)
  for i in range(n - 1):
    if nums[i] == nums[i + 1]:
      nums[i] *= 2
      nums[i + 1] = 0
  result = [num for num in nums if num != 0] # Collect all non-zero elements
  zero_count = nums.count(0) # Count the number of zeros
  result.extend([0] * zero_count) # Append zeros to the end
  return result
nums = [1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]
print(apply_operations(nums)) # Output: [1, 4, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]
OUTPUT:
======= RESTART: /Users/aasritha/
[1, 4, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

4 . Maximum Sum of Distinct Subarrays With Length K

CODE:

```
def max_subarray_sum_distinct(nums, k):
    n = len(nums)
    if k > n:
        return 0

max_sum = 0
    current_sum = 0
    for i in range(k):
        current_sum += nums[i]
    if len(set(nums[:k])) == k:
        max_sum = current_sum
    for i in range(k, n):
        current_sum += nums[i] - nums[i - k]
        if len(set(nums[i - k + 1:i + 1])) == k:
        max_sum = max(max_sum, current_sum)
```

5 . Total Cost to Hire K Workers

```
CODE:
import heapq
def total_hiring_cost(costs, k, candidates):
  n = len(costs)
  if k > n:
    return 0
  left_heap = []
  right_heap = []
 for i in range(min(candidates, n)):
    heapq.heappush(left_heap, (costs[i], i))
 for i in range(max(n - candidates, candidates), n):
    heapq.heappush(right_heap, (costs[i], i))
  total\_cost = 0
  left_index = candidates
  right_index = n - candidates - 1
  for _ in range(k):
    if left_heap and (not right_heap or left_heap[0] <= right_heap[0]):
       cost, idx = heapq.heappop(left_heap)
       total_cost += cost
       if left_index <= right_index:</pre>
         heapq.heappush(left_heap, (costs[left_index], left_index))
         left index += 1
    else:
       cost, idx = heapq.heappop(right_heap)
       total_cost += cost
```

6. Minimum Total Distance Travelled

```
CODE:
def min_total_distance(robot, factory):
  robot.sort()
  factory.sort()
  total_distance = 0
  factory_index = 0
  robots_assigned = [0] * len(factory)
  for r in robot:
     while factory_index < len(factory) and robots_assigned[factory_index] >=
factory[factory_index][1]:
       factory_index += 1
      if factory_index < len(factory):</pre>
       total_distance += abs(r - factory[factory_index][0])
       robots_assigned[factory_index] += 1
  return total_distance
robot = [1, 3, 5]
factory = [[2, 2], [4, 1]]
print(min_total_distance(robot, factory))
```

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OUTPUT:
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======== RESTART: /Users/aasritha.
```

7. Minimum Subarrays in a Valid Split CODE: from math import gcd from itertools import combinations def min_subarrays(nums): n = len(nums)if n == 0: return -1 dp = [float('inf')] * ndp[0] = 1for i in range(1, n): for j in range(i + 1): if gcd(nums[j], nums[i]) > 1: if j == 0: dp[i] = min(dp[i], 1)else: dp[i] = min(dp[i], dp[j - 1] + 1)return dp[-1] if dp[-1] != float('inf') else -1 nums = [2, 3, 4, 9, 6]print(min_subarrays(nums)) # Output: 2 (split as [2,3,4], [9,6]) **OUTPUT:** ======= RESTART: /Users/aasritha. 1

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8 . Number of Distinct Averages
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```
CODE:
def distinctAverages(nums):
  nums.sort()
  distinct_averages = set()
   left, right = 0, len(nums) - 1
  while left < right:
    min_val = nums[left]
    max_val = nums[right]
    average = (min_val + max_val) / 2
    distinct_averages.add(average)
    left += 1
    right -= 1
    return len(distinct_averages)
nums = [1, 3, 2, 5, 4, 6]
print(distinctAverages(nums))
OUTPUT:
 ======= RESTART: /Users/aasritha
 1
9 . Count Ways To Build Good Strings
CODE: def countGoodStrings(zero, one, low, high):
  MOD = 10**9 + 7
  dp = [0] * (high + 1)
  dp[0] = 1
    for i in range(1, high + 1):
    if i \ge zero:
       dp[i] = (dp[i] + dp[i - zero]) \% MOD
    if i \ge one:
       dp[i] = (dp[i] + dp[i - one]) \% MOD
  result = 0
  for i in range(low, high + 1):
    result = (result + dp[i]) % MOD
return result
zero = 1
one = 1
low = 3
```

10 . Most Profitable Path in a Tree

```
CODE:
from collections import defaultdict, deque
def maxNetIncome(n, edges, amount, bob):
  MOD = 10**9 + 7
  tree = defaultdict(list)
  for a, b in edges:
    tree[a].append(b)
    tree[b].append(a)
  dist_from_root = [-1] * n
  dist_from_root[0] = 0
  queue = deque([0])
  while queue:
    node = queue.popleft()
    for neighbor in tree[node]:
       if dist_from_root[neighbor] == -1:
         dist_from_root[neighbor] = dist_from_root[node] + 1
         queue.append(neighbor)
  def dfs(node, parent):
    max_income = -float('inf')
    is_leaf = True
    for neighbor in tree[node]:
       if neighbor != parent:
         is_leaf = False
         income = dfs(neighbor, node)
         max_income = max(max_income, income)
    alice_income = 0
    bob_income = 0
    if dist_from_root[node] < dist_from_root[bob]:</pre>
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alice_income = amount[node]
    elif dist_from_root[node] > dist_from_root[bob]:
      bob_income = amount[node]
    else:
      alice_income = amount[node] // 2
      bob_income = amount[node] // 2
    if is_leaf:
      return alice_income
    else:
      return alice_income + max_income
  return dfs(0, -1)
n = 7
edges = [[0,1],[0,2],[1,3],[1,4],[2,5],[2,6]]
amount = [0, -2, 3, 4, -3, 2, 1]
bob = 4
print(maxNetIncome(n, edges, amount, bob))
OUTPUT:
======= RESTART: /Users/aasritha/
4
```