

Project 5

1. Determining color in the visible spectrum

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ColorRange {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Prompt the user to enter the wavelength

        System.out.print("Enter a color code: ");

        double wavelength = scanner.nextDouble()

        // Determine the color based on the wavelength

        String color;

        if (wavelength >= 380 && wavelength < 450) {

            color = "Violet";

        } else if (wavelength >= 450 && wavelength < 495) {

            color = "Blue";

        } else if (wavelength >= 495 && wavelength < 570) {

            color = "Green";

        } else if (wavelength >= 570 && wavelength < 590) {

            color = "Yellow";

        } else if (wavelength >= 590 && wavelength < 620) {

            color = "Orange";

        } else if (wavelength >= 620 && wavelength < 750) {

            color = "Red";

        } else {

            color = "The entered wavelength is not a part of the visible spectrum";

        }

        // Output the result

        if (color.equals("The entered wavelength is not a part of the visible spectrum")) {

            System.out.println(color);

        } else {

            System.out.println("The color is " + color);

        }

    }

}
```

```

    }

    scanner.close();

}

}

```

OUTPUT:

```

:] --- exec:3.1.0:exec (default-cli) @ project3 ---
Enter a color code: 574
- The color is Yellow
-----

```

2. Determining the next color for a stop light

Code:

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class TrafficLightChecker {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Prompt the user to enter the current stop light color as a number
        System.out.print("Enter a color code: ");

        int currentColorCode = scanner.nextInt();

        // Determine the next stop light color based on the current color code
        String nextColor;

        if (currentColorCode == 1) {
            nextColor = "green";
        } else if (currentColorCode == 2) {
            nextColor = "yellow";
        } else if (currentColorCode == 3) {
            nextColor = "red";
        } else {
            nextColor = "Invalid color";
        }

        // Output the result
        if (nextColor.equals("Invalid color")) {
            System.out.println(nextColor);
        }
    }
}

```

```

    } else {
        System.out.println("Next Traffic Light is " + nextColor);
    }
    scanner.close();
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

] --- exec:3.1.0:exec (default-cli) @ project3 ---
Enter a color code: 3
- Next Traffic Light is red
-----

```

3. : Determining the next color for a stop light using switch

CODE:

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class TrafficLightSwitch {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Prompt the user to enter the current stop light color as a number
        System.out.print("Enter a color code: ");

        int currentColorCode = scanner.nextInt();

        // Determine the next stop light color based on the current color code using a switch statement
        String nextColor;

        switch (currentColorCode) {
            case 1:
                nextColor = "green";
                break;
            case 2:
                nextColor = "yellow";
                break;
            case 3:
                nextColor = "red";

```

```

        break;
    default:
        nextColor = "Invalid color";
        break;
    }
    // Output the result
    if (nextColor.equals("Invalid color")) {
        System.out.println(nextColor);
    } else {
        System.out.println("Next Traffic Light is " + nextColor);
    }
    scanner.close();
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

└─ --- exec:3.1.0:exec (default-cli) @ project3
└─ Enter a color code: 3
└─ Next Traffic Light is red
-----
EXITED SUCCESS

```