LAB CYCLE - 1

1. Assign variables with various values of different data types, print the value and type of the variable # a. Numeric # i. Int int var = 10print(f"Integer: {int var}, Type: {type(int var)}") Output Integer: 10, Type: <class 'int'> # ii. Float float var = 10.5print(f"Float: {float_var}, Type: {type(float_var)}") Output Float: 10.5, Type: <class 'float'> # iii. Complex complex var = 3 + 5jprint(f"Complex: {complex var}, Type: {type(complex var)}") Output Complex: (3+5j), Type: <class 'complex'> # b. String string_var = "Hello World" # i. Print complete string print(f"Complete String: {string_var}") Output Complete String: Hello World # ii. Print first character of the string print(f"First Character: {string var[0]}") Output First Character: H # iii. Print characters starting from 3rd to 5th print(f"3rd to 5th Characters: {string var[2:5]}")

Output

3rd to 5th Character: llo

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# iv. Print string starting from 3rd character
print(f"String from 3rd Character: {string var[2:]}")
Output
String from 3rd Character: llo World
# v. Print string two times
print(f"String Two Times: {string var * 2}")
Output
String Two Times: Hello WorldHello World
# vi. Print concatenated string
concatenated str = string var + " Python"
print(f"Concatenated String: {concatenated str}")
Output
Concatenated String: Hello World Python
# c. Boolean
bool var = True
print(f"Boolean: {bool_var}, Type: {type(bool_var)}")
Output
Boolean: True, Type: <class 'bool'>
# d. List
list var = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
# i. Print complete list
print(f"Complete List: {list var}")
Output
Complete List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
# ii. Print first element of the list
print(f"First Element: {list var[0]}")
Output
First Element: 1
# iii. Print elements starting from 2nd till 3rd
print(f"2nd to 3rd Elements: {list_var[1:3]}")
Output
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# iv. Print elements starting from 3rd element
print(f"Elements from 3rd Element: {list var[2:]}")
Output
Elements from 3rd: [3, 4, 5]
# v. Print list two times
print(f"List Two Times: {list var * 2}")
Output
List Two Times: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
# vi. Print concatenated lists
concatenated list = list var + [6, 7]
print(f"Concatenated List: {concatenated list}")
Output
Concatenated List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
# vii. Find the number of elements in a list
print(f"Number of Elements in List: {len(list var)}")
Output
Length of List: 5
# e. Tuple
tuple var = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
# i. Print the complete tuple
print(f"Complete Tuple: {tuple var}")
Output
Complete Tuple: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
# ii. Print first element of the tuple
print(f"First Element of Tuple: {tuple_var[0]}")
Output
First Element: 10
# iii. Print elements of the tuple starting from 2nd till 3rd
print(f"2nd to 3rd Elements of Tuple: {tuple var[1:3]}")
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2nd to 3rd Element: [2, 3]

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Output
2nd to 3rd Element: (20, 30)
# iv. Print elements of the tuple starting from 3rd element
print(f"Elements from 3rd Element: {tuple var[2:]}")
Output
Elements from 3rd: (30, 40, 50)
# v. Print the contents of the tuple twice
print(f"Tuple Two Times: {tuple var * 2}")
Output
Tuple Twice: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
# vi. Print concatenated tuples
concatenated tuple = tuple var + (60, 70)
print(f"Concatenated Tuple: {concatenated tuple}")
Output
Concatenated Tuple: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70)
# vii. Find the number of elements in a tuple
print(f"Number of Elements in Tuple: {len(tuple_var)}")
Output
Length of Tuple: 5
# f. Dictionary
dict var = {'name': 'Alice', 'age': 25, 'city': 'New York'}
# i. Print value for a particular key
print(f"Value for 'name': {dict var['name']}")
Output
Value for 'name': Alice
# ii. Print value for 2nd key
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iii. Print complete dictionary

Output

Value for 'age': 25

print(f"Value for 'age': {dict_var['age']}")

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print(f"Complete Dictionary: {dict var}")
Output
Complete Dictionary: {'name': 'Alice', 'age': 25, 'city': 'New York'}
# iv. Print all the keys
print(f"All Keys: {dict var.keys()}")
Output
Keys: dict keys(['name', 'age', 'city'])
# v. Print all the values
print(f"All Values: {dict_var.values()}")
Output
Values: dict_values(['Alice', 25, 'New York'])
#g. Set
set var = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}
# i. Print complete set
print(f"Complete Set: {set var}")
Output
Complete Set: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
# ii. Find the number of elements in a set
print(f"Number of Elements in Set: {len(set var)}")
Output
Length of Set: 5
# iii. Add an item to a set, using the add() method
set var.add(6)
print(f"Set After Adding 6: {set var}")
Output
Set After Adding 6: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
# iv. Add items from another set into the current set, using update() method
set_var.update({7, 8})
print(f"Set After Update: {set var}")
Output
Set After Update: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
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# v. Remove an item in a set, using the remove() method
set var.remove(8)
print(f"Set After Removing 8: {set var}")
Output
Set After Removing 8: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
# vi. Remove an item in a set, using the pop() method
set var.pop()
print(f"Set After Pop: {set var}")
Output
Set After Pop: {2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
# vii. Remove all items in a set using clear() method
set var.clear()
print(f"Set After Clear: {set var}")
Output
Set After Clear: set()
# viii. Delete the set using del() method
del set var
Output
# Trying to print will raise an error as the set no longer exists.
# 2. Perform string operations
# a. Concatenate two strings with space in between
str1 = "Hello"
str2 = "World"
concatenated with space = str1 + " " + str2
print(f"Concatenated with space: {concatenated with space}")
Output
Concatenated with space: Hello World
# b. Create a new string by formatting it using the placeholders and values
name = "Alice"
age = 25
formatted string = f"My name is {name} and I am {age} years old."
print(f"Formatted String: {formatted string}")
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Output

Formatted String: My name is Alice and I am 25 years old.

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# c. Find the length of a string
length_of_string = len(str1)
print(f"Length of string: {length_of_string}")
Output
Length of string: 5
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d. Convert to upper case
upper_case_string = str1.upper()
print(f"Uppercase: {upper case string}")

Output

Uppercase: HELLO

e. Convert to lower case
lower_case_string = str2.lower()
print(f"Lowercase: {lower_case_string}")

Output

Lowercase: world

f. Converts the first character to upper case
capitalized_string = str2.capitalize()
print(f'Capitalized: {capitalized_string}'')

Output

Capitalized: World

g. Access individual characters of a string by indexing print(f''First character of str1: {str1[0]}")

Output

First character of str1: H

h. Splits the string at the specified separator and returns a list
split_string = concatenated_with_space.split(" ")
print(f"Splitted String: {split_string}")

Output

Split String: ['Hello', 'World']

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# i. Replace a string with another string
replaced string = concatenated with space.replace("World", "Python")
print(f"Replaced String: {replaced string}")
Output
Replaced String: Hello Python
# j. Finds the position of a substring within a string
substring position = concatenated with space.find("World")
print(f"Position of 'World': {substring position}")
Output
Position of 'World': 6
# k. Removes leading and trailing spaces
whitespace string = " Hello Python "
trimmed string = whitespace string.strip()
print(f"Trimmed String: '{trimmed string}'")
Output
Trimmed String: 'Hello Python'
#3. Range function
# a. Create a list containing the numbers from 0 up to, but not including, 10
range 0 to 9 = list(range(10))
print(f"Range 0 to 9: {range 0 to 9}")
Output
Range from 0 to 9: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
# b. Create a list containing the numbers from 1 up to, but not including, 10
range 1 to 9 = list(range(1, 10))
print(f"Range 1 to 9: {range 1 to 9}")
Output
Range from 1 to 9: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
# c. Create a list containing a sequence of numbers starting from 1 (inclusive), up to, but not including, 10, with a step
of 2
range\_step\_2 = list(range(1, 10, 2))
print(f"Range from 1 to 9 with step 2: {range step 2}")
Output
Range from 1 to 9 with step 2: [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
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#4. Containers - List operations
list example = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
# a. Append
list example.append(60)
print(f"List after append: {list example}")
Output
List after append: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60]
#b. Pop
popped element = list example.pop()
print(f"Popped element: {popped element}, List after pop: {list example}")
Output
Popped element: 60, List after pop: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
# c. Insert an element at a specific index within a list
list example.insert(2, 25)
print(f"List after inserting 25 at index 2: {list example}")
Output
List after inserting 25 at index 2: [10, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50]
# d. Remove the first occurrence of a specified element from a list
list example.remove(25)
print(f"List after removing 25: {list example}")
Output
List after removing 25: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
# e. Append list to another list
list to append = [70, 80]
list example.append(list to append)
print(f"List after appending another list: {list example}")
Output
List after appending another list: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, [70, 80]]
# f. Remove appended list
list example.remove(list to append)
print(f"List after removing appended list: {list example}")
Output
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# g. Extend the list with another list
list example.extend(list to append)
print(f"List after extending with another list: {list example}")
Output
List after extending with another list: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 70, 80]
# h. Sort a list
list example.sort()
print(f"Sorted List: {list example}")
Output
Sorted List: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 70, 80]
# 5. List Slicing
numbers = list(range(11))
# a. Print values of second and last element
print(f"Second element: {numbers[1]}, Last element: {numbers[-1]}")
Output
Second element: 1, Last element: 10
# b. Slice elements from index 5 (inclusive) to index 11 (exclusive)
sliced list = numbers[5:11]
print(f"Sliced List (5 to 11): {sliced list}")
Output
Sliced List (5 to 11): [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
# c. Slice elements from index 5 (inclusive) to the end of the list
slice1 = numbers[5:]
print(f"Sliced List from index 5: {slice1}")
Output
Sliced List from index 5: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
# d. Slice elements from the beginning to index 7 (exclusive)
slice2 = numbers[:7]
print(f"Sliced List (0 to 7): {slice2}")
Output
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List after removing appended list: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]

Sliced List (0 to 7): [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

e. Slice elements from the second-to-last element to the end

slice3 = numbers[-2:]

print(f"Sliced List from second-to-last element: {slice3}")

Output

Sliced List from second-to-last element: [9, 10]