

AI1103-Challenging problem

Name : Aayush Patel, Roll No.: CS20BTECH11001

QUESTION

Prove by properties of Q-function the following inequality, we get,

$$1 - e^{-2\pi} \geq \left(1 - 2Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2$$

SOLUTION

Simplifying the above inequality.

$$1 - e^{-2\pi} \geq \left(1 - 2Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 \quad (0.0.1)$$

$$1 - e^{-2\pi} \geq 1 + 4Q^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad (0.0.2)$$

$$-e^{-2\pi} \geq 4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 1\right) \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1 - Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \geq e^{-2\pi} \quad (0.0.4)$$

Using,

$$Q(x) + Q(-x) = 1 \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)Q\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \geq e^{-2\pi} \quad (0.0.6)$$

Let $erfc(x)$ denote the Error function.
Let's define $f(x)$ as,

$$f(x) = \alpha e^{-\beta x^2} \quad (0.0.7)$$

where α and β are parameters

Chernoff lower bound property of Error function :

$$erfc(x) \geq f(x) \quad (0.0.8)$$

$$\text{for, } \beta > 1, 0 < \alpha \leq \frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{\beta-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}\beta}$$

Property of Q-function :

$$2Q(x\sqrt{2}) = erfc(x) \quad (0.0.9)$$

Since $f(x)$ is even,

$$erfc(x) \cdot erfc(-x) \geq f^2(x) \quad (0.0.10)$$

$$4Q(x\sqrt{2}) \cdot Q(-x\sqrt{2}) \geq \alpha^2 e^{-2\beta x^2} \quad (0.0.11)$$

Putting $x = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$, we get,

$$4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot Q\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \geq \alpha^2 \exp\left(\frac{-\beta}{4}\right) \quad (0.0.12)$$

For $\beta = 8\pi$,

$$0 < \alpha \leq \frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{8\pi-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}8\pi} \quad (0.0.13)$$

$$(0.0.14)$$

Clearly, denominator is greater than numerator, therefore, $\alpha < 1$

$$4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot Q\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \geq \alpha^2 \exp(-2\pi) \quad (0.0.15)$$

where $\alpha < 1$

Therefore,

$$4Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot Q\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \geq \exp(-2\pi) \quad (0.0.16)$$

Hence, Proved